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3	PLANNING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
4	GENERAL HEARING
5	Tuesday, September 7, 2010
6	7: 00 p.m.
7	in
8	Second Floor Meeting Room, 344 Broadway City Hall Annex McCusker Building
9	Cambri dge, Massachusetts
10	Hugh Duscoll Chair
11	Hugh Russell, Chair Thomas Anninger, Vice Chair
12	William Tibbs, Member Pamela Winters, Member
13	H. Theodore Cohen, Member Ahmed Nur, Member Charles Studen Member
14	Charles Studen, Member
15	Susan Glazer, Acting Assistant City Manager for Community Development
16	Community Development Staff: Liza Paden
17	Les Barber
18	Roger Booth Stuart Dash Jeff Roberts
19	Jerr Roberts
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PROCEEDINGS 1 2 HUGH RUSSELL: This is the meeting 3 of the Cambridge Planning Board. And the 4 first item on our agenda is discussion of our 5 recommendations on Zoning Board of Appeal 6 cases. 7 Liza, have you spotted anything that 8 you want to bring to our attention? 9 LIZA PADEN: I didn't, no, but if 10 you have something you want to look at, I've 11 got the cases here. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: I don't see anything. 13 CHARLES STUDEN: Nor, do I. 14 H. THEODORE COHEN: I have one 15 question. Liza, what is case 9985, 1820 16 Cameron Ave. to create a non-conforming 17 parking area? 18 So, this application is LIZA PADEN: 19 a case to establish a common driveway with an 20 easement with an abutting property owner. 21 I'll show you the picture that they've drawn

1	for this. But the reason it's non-conforming
2	is because they'll be accessing the parking
3	space through another property. So they come
4	in off of Cameron Avenue here (indicating),
5	and they come into these parking spaces here
6	(i ndi cati ng).
7	H. THEODORE COHEN: I see. So we're
8	not creating any new parking on the front or
9	on the street?
10	LI ZA PADEN: No.
11	H. THEODORE COHEN: Okay. Thank
12	you.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. If there are
14	no comments, we can proceed on.
15	Susan, do you want to give us an
16	update?
17	SUSAN GLAZER: Sure, good evening.
18	This is our first meeting in September. The
19	Board will meet again on September 21st when
20	there will be a public hearing on a parcel of
21	land in East Cambridge rather, east of the

1 Gilmore Bridge and north of O'Brien Highway. 2 We call it the remnant parcel. It's a parcel 3 of land owned by the state actually as part of the Central Artery work. And there is a 4 5 proposal to rezone that land to perhaps 6 fulfill a better development need. So, the 7 Board will be hearing that on September 21st. 8 And then in October, the meetings will 9 take place on October 5th and October 19th. 10 And right now the agendas for that are still up in the air. 11 12 HUGH RUSSELL: 0kay. Thank you. 13 PAMELA WINTERS: Susan, can I ask 14 you a question? 15 SUSAN GLAZER: Sure. 16 PAMELA WINTERS: As a frequent 17 walker around Fresh Pond, I notice that 18 there's going to be a city-wide meeting about 19 Fresh Pond and I was wondering if you could 20 tell us a little bit about that. 21 My understanding is SUSAN GLAZER:

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that there will be a series of meetings about Fresh Pond. I think the first one is September 14th at the West Cambridge Youth Center. I'm not quite sure of the time. think it's 6:30 or 7:00. But I'm not sure of the time. You can check I'm sure. And this is a series of meetings for the public to discuss topics that have come up in the past regarding Fresh Pond and the use of the area. You know, dog walkers have one idea, and the people who jog have another. So, I think they're trying to get people together to air some of the issues and to try to find some common ground.

PAMELA WINTERS: Are there going to be several meetings?

SUSAN GLAZER: My understanding is that there are going to be a whole series of meetings over the next oh, maybe six to nine months. I'm not quite sure what the schedule is, but I know that our department will be

1	participating in a way because of the Healthy
2	Playgrounds Program that we've had.
3	PAMELA WINTERS: Great. Well, I
4	think it's important because it's such a
5	treasure to the city, you know.
6	Thank you.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: So, I'm wondering if
8	we could actually take the two agenda items
9	out of order and address the KayaKa
10	Restaurant because I believe the Petitioner
11	is here and the architect.
12	SUSAN GLAZER: Li za?
13	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
14	SUSAN GLAZER: Do you know if the
15	KayaKa people are here?
16	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
17	SUSAN GLAZER: I see no reason why
18	we can't.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Maybe members are
20	i nterested.
21	LIZA PADEN: So these are updated

1 traffic numbers that were submitted by the 2 Appl i cant. HUGH RUSSELL: 3 So, is the general 4 nature of this discussion first to determine 5 whether the changes are consistent with the 6 permits we voted? 7 Yes, please. LIZA PADEN: 8 HUGH RUSSELL: So we don't have to 9 start from ground zero. We just have to look 10 at what's changed and decide if there's 11 really a change that would affect the 12 permits, right? 13 Ri ght. LIZA PADEN: 14 HUGH RUSSELL: And accept the plans? 15 LIZA PADEN: Ri ght. 16 THOMAS ANNINGER: And whether it's 17 Minor or not? 18 LIZA PADEN: There are no Minor 19 Amendments for this type of Special Permit. 20 The only Special Permit that has a Minor 21 Amendment is a PUD because it's specifically

1	called out for that.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: So, I guess if we
3	found that it was significant, then we would,
4	you know, rehear the case.
5	LIZA PADEN: If this was found to be
6	a change to the Special Permit, that was of
7	that magnitude, then we would go back and
8	advertise this for a public hearing.
9	Mi chael, can you use the mi crophone?
10	MICHAEL MCKEE: Can you all see the
11	Boards? My name is Michael McKee, and I'm
12	the architect for the project. I'm joined
13	with Mr. Kim the owner, and David
14	Proch-Wilson who will be the operator of the
15	hotel
16	LIZA PADEN: Can you speak into the
17	mi crophone.
18	PAMELA WINTERS: Is the green light
19	on?
20	MICHAEL MCKEE: The green light is
21	on.

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So I'm joined by -- my name is Michael McKee, I'm the architect of the project. I'm joined by Mr. Kim who is the owner of the KayaKa Restaurant and the developer of the hotel. And David Proch-Wilson who is with Collegiate Hospitality, and they will be the operators of the hotel.

What we have here is the image -- the change that we're proposing is an internal It's revising the room count of the change. hotel and revising the size of the restaurant. The original proposal that was approved last year was for a 50-room hotel and a 200-seat restaurant. And on advice by the operator who has been involved with us since then, they were looking to try to make the restaurant smaller and then perhaps increase the size of the -- increase the room So what we've done is we've reworked the plans in a way that doesn't change the exterior of the building at all. We've

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basically -- the rooms are still on the upper four floors of the building. What we've done is we've taken a bunch of suites and we've split them into single rooms. So we haven't increased the floor area that's dedicated to rooms.

And then on the ground floor, we used to have a large 200-seat restaurant, and now what we've done is we've reduced it to a smaller restaurant that's focussed on the front of the building. So it's still -- we still have our setback, we still have our sidewalk seating. We still have the exact same appearance from Mass. Ave. And then we've introduced two small meeting rooms, which will be hotel meeting rooms, for the hotel guests. And so -- and then the kitchen has gotten a little bit smaller. We've added -- the lobby has gotten larger. Some of the restaurant space became a larger lobby. what we've done is just reapportioned our

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same FAR within the building. We've done it in a way that does not change the exterior facade at all, the fenestration, the setbacks, the massing, the heights. All of the treatments around the base of it are exactly what they were before.

We did distribute some numbers. The advantage of this, and there's operations, and David can speak to the operations advantage, but from the neighborhood point of view, what it does is it takes the restaurant, the large 200-seat restaurant which was a -- in our traffic studies, that was determined to be the peak traffic flow was in the evening, during the evening rush, and that was attributed to the restaurant. So by -- what we've done is we've balanced -we've made the restaurant smaller to relieve parking, to empty up some parking spaces in our garage to accommodate the added rooms that we've added upstairs. So we still have

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the below grade garage is identical to the one that was approved last year. It's still What has changed, then, is just 40 spaces. the intensity and the use of it. We still need 40 spaces, we still have 40 spaces, but the traffic, the number of trips generated both coming to and from the site are significantly reduced. The actual, when we calculate the use of the parking as opposed to the Ordinance required amount of parking, it goes down. So we have extra -- we have an extra factor of safety of our parking garage filling up.

And then our loading needs also reduce. Although the loading requirements in the loading docks as we designed them last year stay unchanged, but the number of trucks that we expect to come and the frequency of trucks is significantly reduced because the restaurant is so much smaller. So that's the change.

1 I think in the site plan -- so the site 2 plan is still the same site plan. Li teral I y 3 the same plan as before. We still have the turnaround space. We still have the 4 5 landscaped garden. The ramp is still at the 6 We still have our setback for the back. 7 seating, for the sidewalk seating. And we 8 still have our drop off all of our loading 9 and drop off on to the street and on to the 10 So none of that is changed from what si te. 11 was approved from before. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 13 So are there any questions by members 14 of the Board? 15 WILLIAM TIBBS: I assume that the 16 conference rooms can be used for eating if 17 need be? MICHAEL MCKEE: Well, I'll let David 18 19 do --20 DAVID PROCH-WILSON: You will find a 21 time when some people in the hotel will get

together and they'll want to use the conference room for lunch, and lunch could be served in the conference room, yes.

THOMAS ANNINGER: Just one thing. I remember when you showed this to us the last time when there was a change to the parking garage down below, that you showed us an entrance that seemed tight and somewhat, I don't want to call it congested, but seemed like there was little space to navigate around what would be some waiting spaces up on top. Has any of that, because of this, gotten easier?

MICHAEL MCKEE: Well, what we will have -- I think the most of this discussion when we discussed the valet and all that whole operations during the evening time, most of that discussion, the concern that was raised was during the restaurant peak.

THOMAS ANNINGER: That's right.

MICHAEL MCKEE: When people are

1	either coming and going in mass during that
2	three hour window. So that dissipates. We
3	won't say it's completely gone, but it is
4	significantly reduced. And so the hotel
5	traffic that we've added, which is
6	significantly less than the restaurant
7	traffic that we've deleted is more
8	distributed through the day. So the crunch
9	time of three people looking for valets while
10	someone is trying to get out of the garage
11	and then that which we thought we had that
12	covered anyway, but it's, you know, it
13	becomes almost moot.
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: That's the point.
15	If anything, this is helping out something
16	that wasn't entirely satisfactory in my view
17	the last time you showed it to us.
18	MICHAEL MCKEE: Yeah, it was the
19	best we could do with what we had
20	THOMAS ANNINGER: That's right.
21	MICHAEL MCKEE: in the previous

1 scheme, and it's significantly eased this 2 time around. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Pam. 4 PAMELA WINTERS: Could you describe 5 the back garden area again? That is, is it 6 going to be open to the public? 7 MICHAEL MCKEE: Yes. And we had 8 actually written, there's a commitment -- all 9 of the commitments that we made -- we made a 10 commitment and wrote out which I think is 11 part of our original approval on the fact 12 that it would be open to the public. That it 13 would be controlled by the hotel, maintained 14 by the hotel. And, you know, they -- so 15 that's still the same. 16 PAMELA WINTERS: Okay. 17 And I have to ask because I know -- I 18 live close by here. What happens if you get 19 unruly people kind of hanging out in that 20 park? 21 Well, I think our --MI CHAEL MCKEE:

1	the answer to that is they probably will
2	disturb the hotel guests much more than the
3	resi dents.
4	PAMELA WINTERS: Right.
5	MICHAEL MCKEE: So, the hotel in
6	our rules that we publish, we say we have the
7	right to remove people, to, you know, in
8	order to control the so I think So I
9	think we can cover that.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay. Thank you.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed.
12	AHMED NUR: On Table 1 here we see
13	that the weekly morning peak hours increased
14	10 percent, 15 percent.
15	MI CHAEL MCKEE: That's correct.
16	AHMED NUR: How?
17	MICHAEL MCKEE: Well, that's when
18	you look at the, the various peaks, the
19	morning peak was always the lowest by far.
20	AHMED NUR: Right.
21	MICHAEL MCKEE: Very little

1 restaurant activity. So that one didn't go 2 up, but there is more in the calculation, 3 there is more hotel activity in the morning 4 because we do have more rooms. But it's 5 still not even close to the critical time 6 peri od. 7 AHMED NUR: Okay. 8 MI CHAEL MCKEE: That's 38 cars in an 9 hour total. That's 20 cars coming and going, 10 because the trip is either coming or going. 11 So we've added --12 AHMED NUR: So it's related hotel 13 functions not the restaurant obviously 14 because you guys used that --15 MI CHAEL MCKEE: That's right. 16 ones that went down -- the average is about 17 30, 35 percent down in the overall daily. 18 But in the mornings, since there's very 19 little, since there was no restaurant traffic 20 in the morning. 21 DAVID PROCH-WILSON: Hotel checkout.

1 MI CHAEL MCKEE: So the hotel numbers 2 did go up for the peak. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Any other 4 comments? 5 Would somebody like to make a Motion as 6 to whether we can accept these plans or 7 revised plans under the permit that we've 8 i ssued? 9 H. THEODORE COHEN: I move that 10 inasmuch as there is no change to the 11 exterior of the building or to the site plan, 12 and that there's only change as to the mix of 13 size of restaurant and number of hotel rooms, 14 all of which appear to be beneficial to 15 traffic considerations, that this Board has 16 discussed before, that we conclude that the 17 amended plan should be the one that's 18 referred to in the Special Permit, and that 19 there would be no reason to reopen the

hearing or hold any further hearings on the

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matter.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a second?
2	WILLIAM TIBBS: I second.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Any discussion?
4	On the Motion, all those in favor?
5	(Show of hands.)
6	HUGH RUSSELL: And everyone votes in
7	favor.
8	(Russell, Anninger, Tibbs, Winters,
9	Studen, Cohen, Nur.)
10	PAMELA WINTERS: May I make a
11	comment on the Motion?
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
13	PAMELA WINTERS: I just have to say
14	that I know as one of the few people, I
15	certainly do approve of this difference in
16	change, but I do have to comment that I was
17	the only person on the Board that still feels
18	as though the building is too tall and too
19	dense for the area. So I hope you prove me
20	wrong. Good Luck.
21	MI CHAEL MCKEE: Thank you very much.

1 DAVI D PROCH-WI LSON: Thank you. 2 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. The next item 4 on our agenda is a discussion of the City 5 How are we going to do this? Are Counci I . 6 you going to present to us your latest 7 thi nki ng? 8 SUSAN GLAZER: I think that would be helpful to you. 9 10 Les, are you prepared to walk them 11 through the latest changes? I think that 12 would be most helpful because there have been 13 some changes and I certainly want the public to be able to understand them. 14 15 LES BARBER: As you know, we had a 16 discussion on the initial draft of the 17 Ordinance which the staff had amended in 18 various ways at our meeting in August and had 19 a fairly extensive discussion, which 20 discussions suggested that there ought to be 21 some changes yet again in the amended draft

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that we had before us at that time. And a discussion again revolved principally around the building identification sign section. There being what, four other sections which didn't have a lot of comment either from the public or from board members. So, they in trying to respond to the Planning Board comments and the comments that we heard at the Ordinance Committee we, have suggested a fairly substantial alteration in that section of which I guess we don't have page numbers on the Ordinance here, but it's the -- it begins on the third page. It's part D, special use signs. And then subparagraph 3 there, building identification signs.

So why don't I just briefly go through and highlight the provisions that are being proposed here for the Board's consideration, and we hope for at least a large measure response to your comments the last time.

We've tried to set out a purpose

identifying the fact that we're proposing this to reflect the interest and concerns of large companies and enterprises in the city that are an important part of the city's economic base. And have tried to suggest that these building identification signs are best limited to those areas of the city where there is now or will be in the future a concentration of fairly large corporate kinds of enterprises.

The map we distributed illustrates the districts that we're proposing to the subject where these particular signs will be permitted. And they are in the eastern and western parts of the city. And it excludes all of the lower scale districts in the middle of the city.

The proposal is that these kinds of signs will be allowed in those districts, or portions of those districts, where the

So that

1 maximum height is 50 feet or more. 2 if the height allowed is less than that, 3 which tends to be closer to residential 4 neighborhoods, these signs will not be 5 allowed to vary from the base sign ordinance 6 requirements. 7

So then we've significantly expanded the next section limitations and requirements for these wall signs where it had been as of right, it's now Special Permit. And if it's a Special Permit granted by the Planning Board rather than the Board of Zoning Appeal. These signs would be limited to non-residential buildings, rather than all buildings. And buildings of 50,000 square feet or more. We've added or reestablished the internal illumination provision in the Ordi nance. I think there was some discussion amongst board members that --

> THOMAS ANNI NGER: External.

Did I say LES BARBER: Ex?

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internal?

THOMAS ANNINGER: You said internal.

LES BARBER: Excuse me. External.

That had been in the original proposal. We had deleted it in the first revision, because in attempting to be as restrictive as possible and to lay people's fears about excessively bright signs. But I think it was the staff's feeling that external illumination would be appropriate in many circumstances and that's something the Board can review.

While in all of the previous versions the height was -- of the signs were limited to below the roof of the building, which is a universal provision actually in the Zoning Ordinance. There was some discussion amongst the Board that it might be appropriate to allow these signs to be above the roof when they're on mechanical equipment. And we have -- we've distributed some illustrations of

signs which are very similar to what would be allowed under this set of regulations. And Genzyme and Amgen are both on the mechanical equipment screen above the roof. So their kind of sign was thought by the Planning Board to be appropriate and will be subject to review by the Board.

Again, the signs are to consist of individual letters and graphic symbols. In the revision we proposed last time, we actually suggested a limited range of varied muted colors. And some board members thought that was too restrictive and they might want to have more flexibility on that regard. So we simply eliminated that restriction. So the Board can consider anything that's presented to them in any range of colors.

Lots of discussion about which tenant in the building ought to have a right to have one of these signs. And we've elaborated on that. It's essentially an office tenant in

the building. And as we've written it here, occupying a significant portion of the We've already had comments from bui I di ng. the general public that "significant" is an undefined term. Perhaps the Board doesn't want to have -- I eave that wide open. So we might want to think of a way to at least define what "significant" is in some way. My notion as I thought about it, we can simply say that significant is, for purposes of this regulation, some percentage of the building, maybe 20 percent or something. But allow the opportunity for the Board to consider occupancy at 18 percent. But if someone comes in above 20 or above, then it's automatically assumed to be a significant portion of the building.

Again, the building can't be located on the local conservation or historic district.

And it's important to emphasize again and again that the total area of signs permitted

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on the lot isn't changing. It's still limited by the one square foot provision.

And then we've tried to elaborate on the standards the Board would use in reviewing these signs. There are specific dimensional limitations that can't be waived, but there is flexibility here. So, we've listed the kinds of things the Board would Obviously the quality of the design look at. of the proposed sign that was integrated into the architecture of the building. How it's perceived as viewed from nearby residential districts and historic districts and conservation districts and parks and open space and the Charles River. And then the nature and impact of the proposed lighting both in terms of visibility and glare from perhaps residential neighborhoods, and as it might impact the desire of the city to protect the night sky and not encourage a lot of up lighting into the atmosphere.

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So I think those are the principal changes. There have been, as you can see on subsequent pages, some clarifications of the other sections but I don't think they involve significant changes in policy and regulations.

And we did distribute some illustrations of signs that are fairly, that have received variances in the past, that were the progenitors of the Board's discussion about this topic. And Jeff Roberts has done all the work with regard to photographing these and trying to get some measurements here. And there are, I think, the illustrations that give you the good sense of the intent and meaning and likely results of the set of regulations. Some of the signs are bigger than allowed. Some of them are lighted in ways that wouldn't be permitted now. But I think you get a good sense of what's likely to be presented to the

Board over time.

Another map in addition to illustrating the districts that will be allowing these signs, Jeff has sort of surveyed the existing ID signs. And there are a whole number of them principally in East Cambridge, and some of them are at the top of the building. A number of them are sort of midrange in the building which is a common request from in the past to the BZA for a relaxation of the 20 foot height limit. This isn't a comprehensive identification of all such signs, but I think it's a substantial representation of what's out there.

HUGH RUSSELL: Those are the boards that are there?

LES BARBER: Yes.

HUGH RUSSELL: Jeff, do you want to give us a highlight of those and hold them up so people can see them?

(Demonstrating photographs.)

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PAMELA WINTERS: And again, these are what are currently there now or are these --

4 LES BARBER: These are signs which 5 in the past have received variances because 6 they didn't conform to the current Ordinance. 7 They were the signs that over a number of 8 years the Board has seen and generally found 9 to be acceptable. They went to the Board of 10 Zoning Appeal and they were granted 11 The fact is that the Board is a vari ances. 12 little less receptive now to such variances 13 than it was in the past, so it might not be 14 as easy in the future to get these kinds of 15 signs approved through the Board of Zoning

Appeal as it has been in the past.

PAMELA WINTERS: So I'm looking, for example, at the Amgen sign, and that seems very small to me in relation to the size of the building. So they had to go through a Special Permit from the BZA in order to

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1 get --

2 LES BARBER: Yes.

PAMELA WINTERS: -- because it was supposed to be even smaller than that?

LES BARBER: No, it's too high.

It's only allowed at the first floor. No sign above the first floor is allowed. It's too high. It's in the range of what would be allowed under this Ordinance.

PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.

LES BARBER: And that raises a point. I know people have criticized the fact that this Ordinance increases the size by 50 percent to 90 square feet. Well, 90 square feet on a huge building like that is fairly modest. And, actually, when you put a sign up at the top of the building and it's too small, quite frankly from a design point of view it frequently looks silly. It's out of scale. You don't want a huge sign, but you want a sign that, you know, feels

1 comfortable in its location.

PAMELA WINTERS: Right.

LES BARBER: So the reason for the 90 square feet, when you're up that high, a little larger area might actually be useful from an urban design point of view. I don't think it's having a dramatically different impact on the city's landscape.

PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you.

LES BARBER: All these crazy names hard to pronounce. But from Archemix.

Archemix. Whatever. Is a type of sign which has a background which wouldn't be permitted.

We're saying you have to have individual letters like the Novartis sign, like the Amgen sign. The EF sign. I don't know if the Board can see it down there, is internally illuminated. And it's actually quite large. It's much more than is being proposed as the limit currently and it's internally illuminated. So that would not be

permitted either.

HUGH RUSSELL: One sort of side that I thought of is windows tend to be 30 or 40 square feet an area, and so do most of those buildings. And so, like that's a window that's about 30 square feet for example. So at 60 square foot sign is about the size of two windows. A 90 square foot sign is about the size of three windows. I mean, obviously the buildings can have different size windows and they all do. But if you're trying to imagine what a sign is, it's a couple of windows.

LES BARBER: The Genzyme sign is actually -- we actually have the dimensions of that which I haven't got with me. But if you don't count the stray portions of letters going up and down, just measure the basic shape, that's pretty close to 90 square feet if you include the little curves. And I don't know what you call those on letters.

1	If you include that, then it becomes a bigger
2	si gn.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Descenders. They're
4	called descenders.
5	LES BARBER: Descenders.
6	H. THEODORE COHEN: Les, the
7	externally illuminated includes halo,
8	correct?
9	LES BARBER: And Amgen and Genzyme
10	are both halo lit.
11	H. THEODORE COHEN: They are?
12	LES BARBER: If you go out at night,
13	you can see exactly what that means. That
14	means the light is not going through what we
15	see there at Genzyme. That's fully opaque.
16	The light is shining against the wall to the
17	back. And the dark letters become sort of a
18	silhouette against the lighted background.
19	That under our ordinance is considered
20	external illumination.
21	H. THEODORE COHEN: Now, I know this

1 is a ludicrous question, but would it be 2 external illumination for someone to have a 3 (inaudible) on the street just aimed 4 constantly at their sign 100 feet above 5 ground? 6 Technically, yes. LES BARBER: 7 H. THEODORE COHEN: There's nothing 8 in the current zoning that would prohibit 9 that? 10 Probably not, no. LES BARBER: 11 that certainly, you know, the lighting is 12 within your purview when you want these 13 So it's something you can look up. si gns. 14 CHARLES STUDEN: Les, I had a 15 question about under restrictions limitations 16 and requirements. Specifically No. 7. You 17 had made a comment earlier in reference to 18 signs shall be accessory to a non-retail 19 business or consumer service establishment, 20 office/tenant occupying a significant portion 21 of a building. I do think that significant

1 is a little vague. 2 LES BARBER: It is. 3 CHARLES STUDEN: And actually my 4 reaction to your proposal of 20 percent, I 5 would think even slightly more than that. 6 Maybe like a quarter of the building would be 7 significant. But, obviously we could argue 8 this endlessly so it's kind of difficult. 9 I think it's fair to LES BARBER: 10 say that you don't want to allow a tenant 11 that occupies 600 square feet --12 CHARLES STUDEN: Ri ght. 13 LES BARBER: -- somewhere to rent 14 that space just for the opportunity of having 15 a large sign on the top of a building. 16 mean, there may be a property owner who given 17 enough incentive monetarily would exceed to 18 And I don't think that type of regress. 19 that's what we mean. And I think it's fair 20 to eliminate that possibility. 21 So, I for one would CHARLES STUDEN:

1 like to see that one aspect of it be a little 2 more specific, because I know this has been 3 something that a lot of members of the public 4 have expressed a concern about as well. You 5 know, just exactly who does get to put a sign 6 on the building and under what circumstances? 7 LES BARBER: Ri ght. Yes, if a 8 building, you know, were tenanted by four 9 tenants each having 25 percent, I don't 10 particularly feel it's the public's 11 responsibility to say who among those four 12 get to have a sign up there. But we 13 certainly --14 WILLIAM TIBBS: As a follow up to 15 that, are we saying we could have four signs 16 up there? 17 LES BARBER: No. 18 CHARLES STUDEN: No. 19 LES BARBER: Number of signs is 20 limited per building by the number of streets 21 that the lot fronts which you can never have

1 more than two per building. 2 H. THEODORE COHEN: But following up 3 on that, if we had two tenants that each had 4 50 percent, we could have two different names 5 on the building? 6 LES BARBER: Yes. 7 HUGH RUSSELL: And there's an 8 example of the Archemix, those were two 9 tenants in the same building. 10 LES BARBER: And it's one of the 11 advantages of a Special Permit process. 12 get to review that context. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: I guess there are 14 also four photographs up there that I took 15 because as I was considering all the 16 testimony that we got. There was -- people 17 were saying well, you're going to ruin the 18 city's riverfront. So I decided -- I mean, I 19 knew that a very misleading rendering had 20 been circulated that showed something that 21 was scary. So I wanted to go out and see how

many buildings are out there that could have the signs? And what's the number? Is it 100? Is it 500? And I think the answer is closer to 10.

So this is the segment -- MIT is here (indicating). And these are MIT dormitories (indicating). Here. That's the Hyatt Hotel. I believe that already does have a sign on it, and it's not in the district as permitted as a matter of right.

LES BARBER: It's under a different set of regulations for hotels.

HUGH RUSSELL: Right.

So, I think 60 Memorial Drive is a building that could possibly have a sign.

It's also in the jurisdiction of the Historic Commission. There is, I think, some sign and space on that building. And there are a couple of buildings that might or might not be tall enough. But in any case, the trees along the river block the buildings almost

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entirely. So there might be a potential for three signs way down there (indicating). Then essentially there's nothing.

There are buildings that are set back three or four blocks from the river, but those buildings, that district is almost entirely built out at the height that you could see them over the buildings in front.

When you get passed MIT, you come -and this is -- you get the hotel, it already It's a much larger sign than is has a sign. permitted under these regulations and you can barely see it. You can see it more clearly when you're standing on the ground, not with This building in the district, your camera. the redevelopment district. This regulation doesn't affect that building. There is MIT, MIT dorm. The old Raytheon building which could have a sign on it. And the riverfront office park. One Memorial Drive, two So there are potentially four bui I di ngs.

buildings there that could have signs.

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And there's actually a building there which has a sign which seems to conform. It's the building -- it shows better on this proof here. There's a sign right here (indicating). I believe it's pretty close to There's a power plant. It's not conforming. an office building, so I don't think it can This is River Court, that's get a sign. residential. You could probably replace the statue of Athena with a sign. I thought if this Board would favor that. And there's going to be a building at 100 Binney Street, that's back here (indicating), that would be visible. It could have a sign. It's possible there might be two buildings that might be visible. Again, these signs are so tiny though, so small, you could see a sign, but -- and then, you know, there's the old Lotus building which is this building (indicating), it could have a sign. So, I

1	think there might be 10 buildings that have
2	signs. I believe there are now five signs.
3	And I think the total signage would be less
4	than twice of what's there. And I would
5	submit that the river is not ruined by the
6	signs that are there, and doubling the amount
7	of signage won't make any difference. From
8	all of the rhetoric and my thinking, I
9	thought there could have been many, many more
10	signs. I was very surprised to find there
11	seemed to be only about 10 buildings that
12	could have signs.
13	PAMELA WINTERS: Hugh, thank you for
14	taking the time to do that. It's good to
15	have the vi sual s.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
17	Anyone want to comment on the latest
18	draft?
19	CHARLES STUDEN: I'll make a comment
20	actually. I'll start.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Charles.

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CHARLES STUDEN: I actually like very much what's being proposed in this I think there's been a current revision. real attempt to reflect what both this Board, as well as many members of the public, not all of you, of course, but many members have tried to raise as issues. I think what's important here to remember is that the building identification signs specifically are important to the economic wellbeing of the city and are competitiveness as a place to do busi ness. And I don't think that's something to be scoffed at especially when you hear statistics that I heard earlier today on NBR about what's happening in Massachusetts right now. Companies make decisions about where to locate for a whole bunch of reasons, and I'm not suggesting that signage is all that important to them, but it is one factor. I think a lot of companies feel that that kind of identity is important.

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And so, I guess I'm of a mind that what we have before us here is worth sending on to the City Council. I have this feeling that I'd like to see something very close to this being adopted and why don't we try it and see what happens in the Zoning just like anything else that we revise based on our experience with what we find. And I have comfort in the fact that what is being proposed comes very specifically out of the Community Development Department and their experience over the years in trying to administer the very antiquated Zoning around signage that's currently in place. It really presents a lot of difficulties. In particular, of course, the whole issue of having those signs requiring a variance from the Board of Zoning I think the fact that the signage is Appeal. going to be coming to us as a Board and where there's a very specific criteria, and again, this criteria was put down based on the input

that we got, that we'll look at those criteria when we look evaluate future proposals for the number of buildings that are going to come forward that want this kind of signage. And as Hugh is suggesting, there probably aren't going to be that many of them. So I guess that's my sense and I'd be interested in my colleague's on the Board feelings as well.

HUGH RUSSELL: Go ahead, Tom, do it.

THOMAS ANNINGER: I can't improve on what Charles just said. I think he said it very well and I agree with everything you said. There are two areas that I -- one of which has been talked about tonight, that I wanted to at least hone in on for a moment. And that's this significant presence in the building. I like the idea of putting a percentage, if for no other reason, than significant, if it were just standing out there alone, somebody might say it has to be

more than 50 percent. And I want to make clear that that's not the case in my definition. And I think that would be a mistake to have that high of a threshold. 25 percent, which is what you voted sort of as an idea, would be fine with me. And particularly if we tie that together with what Les Barber said, which is to have some discretion to go below that if we thought that was necessary in a specific case where either for historical reasons or otherwise, the presence of a tenant was so associated with the building that it could go below 25 So I think that would be an percent. improvement to significant.

The other one is to spend a moment on what the Community Development Department added for criteria. I think they're all very helpful. I wouldn't want somebody to say that relationship to this list of things meant that it couldn't be seen from those

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perspectives at all. Relationship is another soft word like significant.

I actually like the way Les said it better when he sort of interpreted what that meant. I think you said how it is viewed from residential districts, historic districts, from the river and so on, so that it really placed an emphasis on what I think you're really saying is that we should really take a look at it from each and every perspective to see what the impact might be. Relationship probably does that. I just would want to throw out a caution that it ought not to mean that it can't be seen from Otherwise I'm with Charles that perspective. and prepared to send it to the Council with a vote of support.

HUGH RUSSELL: Ted.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, I agree that I think we need to do something and that this is a very good attempt at addressing the

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issue.

I agree that significant is not sufficient. That we can deem it a percentage. And I agree that 50 percent is too high. I'm not quite sure what the right percentage is. I think, you know, it's certainly an economic issue. I think it probably is somewhere between 25 and 30 percent, but I'm not exactly sure what the number is.

I have a question about the building of 50,000 square feet. And I'm wondering if, you know, Les, you could give us some idea of the size of some of these buildings. I'm a little concerned that 50,000 might be too small and might, you know, engender too many smallish buildings that, you know, may be only 50 or 60 feet high, and they're all going to -- we're going to see a lot of consumer services of accountants or law firms or things of that nature being on smaller

1 buildings, and what we have been talking 2 about, what we think this is really 3 attempting to address. 4 LES BARBER: 50,000 square feet 5 wasn't particularly my issue. So maybe some 6 of the other staff might want to talk to 7 But these buildings are all 100,000. that. 8 Probably the smallest one is the -- what is 9 it? 301 -- 100 Third Street. That's 10 probably maybe 100,000 square feet. Novartis 11 is 500,000 square feet. Genzyme, I think, is 12 240 or something like that. EFI think is 13 140,000 maybe. Amgen, I would guess, 14 200,000. So these are all big buildings. 15 H. THEODORE COHEN: Ri ght. Which is 16 what I thought we were mostly trying to 17 address. That's why I'm concerned that the 18 50,000 might be too small. 19 LES BARBER: Oh, I see. 20 H. THEODORE COHEN: And I might be 21 more comfortable saying that it can't be

under 100,000 square feet. To get away, you 1 2 know, Hugh's going through and seeing how 3 many buildings there are by the river, looking at big buildings and I'm thinking 4 5 50,000 square foot building. 6 CHARLES STUDEN: I think, Les, isn't 7 50,000 square feet is the trigger for an 8 Article 19 Special Permit as well. 9 It is. It's sort of a LES BARBER: 10 common --11 CHARLES STUDEN: Yes. 12 LES BARBER: -- threshold, a 13 comfortable, round number sort of thing. 14 I think it's well to remember, though, 15 while we're focusing on these signs up at the 16 top of the buildings, there are lots of 17 people who want on a 30,000 square foot 18 building just want their sign on the second 19 floor. We're eliminating some of that 20 al ready. And at 50,000 square feet you're 21 not very high. So you're probably not going

to be seen very far away.

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H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, I actually do have a concern about that, because I think we're then moving away from the concept of branding a building because there's some major economic benefit to it, to the owner or the tenant, and Cambridge the city at large to just opening up a very large can of worms that well, up until now it could only be 20 feet or the first floor, and now suddenly all these buildings can go to 30 feet or 40 feet. That we're going to be arbitrarily or, you know, post-facto just changing the height limitation through an enormous part of the city for an enormous number of buildings. So, that's my concern that I think, you know, the 50,000 -- I don't necessarily want to see all the small buildings being able to be branded. I'm perfectly content with the big bui I di ngs.

LES BARBER: One of the criticisms

we've heard in testimony is that this proposal favors the big international companies, and is it particularly serving the interests of local homegrown companies?

A lot of those local homegrown companies are in some of the smaller buildings. And quite frankly I don't know who's homegrown and who's national in many instances. But, you know, that's another consideration. But, you know --

that and I don't dispute that that's a valid point of view, but I think that that opens up the entire sign ordinance. And maybe at some point in time it ought to be opened up and the whole height issue reconsidered city wide. But if, from my point of view, I've been looking at it as allowing this branding on these big buildings because, you know, it makes some sense to do it for the big building. And I don't necessarily want to

1 see it everywhere unless the city wide 2 decides this is what we want to do and how we 3 should do it. So, I would like to stick to a 4 smaller number of buildings and see how that 5 works first before we expand it. 6 So you're talking PAMELA WINTERS: 7 about a larger building? 8 That would be my H. THEODORE COHEN: 9 suggestion, that it needs to be a larger 10 square footage to qualify for the Special 11 Permit. 12 WILLIAM TIBBS: Les, you said that 13 number came from others on the staff? Can we 14 hear from people as to what they thought the 15 pros and cons of that number or was it just 16 kind of a random number? 17 Well, I think the LES BARBER: 18 50,000 square feet was sort of a comfortable 19 number. But I think others on the staff felt 20 that we ought to have a, you know --21 STUART DASH: We were just thinking

1 of a way to sort of searching for a minimum 2 as we were discussing it, found the 50,000 3 way back when we put the project, that review 4 19 -- whatever the service was, that starts 5 to be a big building. So I think it was sort 6 of that number. 7 THOMAS ANNINGER: Article 19? 8 STUART DASH: Yes, Article 10, 9 that's right. 10 And then beyond that then it sort of 11 was 100, 150. We felt more comfortable 12 saying 50 was a minimum. But less where you 13 want to start. 14 ROGER BOOTH: Well, clearly we did 15 have quite a bit of discussion about it. And 16 actually my point of view was exactly what 17 Ted articulated. I would rather see a larger 18 number. 19 THOMAS ANNINGER: Can you just take 20 it a step further and say where would you put 21 that line?

1 ROGER BOOTH: I think 100,000 would 2 be a good number. But I absolutely agree we 3 don't want to start seeing signs on lower 4 buildings. Part of -- if you look much more 5 broadly, we've done a lot of work on 6 renovations and a lot of these smaller 7 historic buildings people wanted signs up 8 higher and we said no, stick with the 9 Ordinance because we want smaller signs that 10 are pedestrian-oriented. So I think this 11 really should be an exceptional condition in 12 my view. 13 WILLIAM TIBBS: I just -- I tend to 14 agree with both you and Ted on that one. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 16 Ahmed. 17 I also agree with my AHMED NUR: 18 colleagues. One clarification that I would 19 like -- never mind. 20 One clarification would be the Article 21 7.12 the public ability on this general

saying no sign or advertising device of any kind. Now this advertising device is what worries me sometimes, and that's where do you draw the line in terms of what's really sign and what's not a sign and sort of a billboard or directional?

For example, one thing that I'm thinking of is Fresh Pond. There's a good photo of Fresh Pond. And I'm not sure if this is of Fresh Pond, but it looks like this (indicating). With the Dunkin' Donuts and Cheddar Cheese and this and that all over the place. Some of these signs are moving signs, and some of this stuff's not even there. They're just advertisement. So, I guess one clarification that I would like is what is, what is a sign and where do you draw the line?

LES BARBER: Well, a lot of -- you don't have a lot of the Ordinance here. And this section is only in because the headiness

changed. But there is a definition of signs which is very broad and can include lots of things that people use to call attention to their property. And it's sometimes difficult to say what is the sign and what isn't a sign. It's one of the reasons that we're adding this section about corporate brand identification because it's sometimes things that are clearly identified with a corporation can just be considered a background color, for instance, and not included in the sign. So we're trying to make that more explicit.

But there are sections of the Ordinance that try to define what is a sign? What's included in a sign? And it isn't just words, it isn't just obvious symbols. Many sign ordinances include those little plastic triangles that gas stations historically have strung all over the place as a sign.

AHMED NUR: Right.

1	LES BARBER: And regulate them.
2	AHMED NUR: Okay. Thank you.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: I guess I would say
4	that it seems like we're honing in on a
5	recommendation that makes sense to me.
6	Anything more we need to say about
7	thi s?
8	WILLIAM TIBBS: I just want to say
9	the way we were thinking percentage, 30 came
10	to my mind and somewhere 25 or 30.
11	H. THEODORE COHEN: I just have a
12	couple technical questions. In Section
13	3(c)7: "The sign shall be accessory to a
14	non-retail business or a consumer service
15	establishment."
16	Should it then say "or office tenant
17	occupi ed. "?
18	LES BARBER: That's very awkward
19	language which I think we ought to correct.
20	What it means is that it can't be a retail
21	H. THEODORE COHEN: Right.

1	LES BARBER: and it can only be
2	an office/tenant.
3	H. THEODORE COHEN: Right.
4	LES BARBER: So, I will disassemble
5	that sentence.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: When you say an
7	office/tenant, and Novartis isn't really an
8	offi ce/tenant.
9	LES BARBER: Well, they are. Oh,
10	they own the building you mean?
11	HUGH RUSSELL: They own because
12	there's a laboratory.
13	LES BARBER: Yes, that's an office
14	under our Ordinance. And we'll make
15	reference to the specific section of the
16	Ordi nance.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
18	H. THEODORE COHEN: And I assume we
19	were also talking about the owner.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Another thing that's
21	permitted is for an owner to say this is the

1 Empire State Building. 2 LES BARBER: Yes. 3 H. THEODORE COHEN: And then in 4 subsection (e) about the general waiver. 5 said "The limitations and restrictions of Section 7.16.22, but specifically excluding 6 7 any limitation or restriction set forth in 8 paragraphs (d)1-3 above." 9 Do you really need 1-3 or just 3? 10 Because 1 is wall and freestanding signs for 11 theatres and cinema. And 2 is hotels and 12 motels. 13 Well, we're actually LES BARBER: 14 not waiving any of those either. 15 H. THEODORE COHEN: So you want it 16 that way? 17 LES BARBER: Yes. 18 One of the issues was the reason that 19 when the plan was created here, there were 20 suggestions that you couldn't include any of 21 these other sections which allow the ID signs

1	or the hotel signs. That what is the
2	section here? Part 3. In that section, no
3	sign in the approved plan may be higher than
4	20 feet unless otherwise permitted in Article
5	7 or previously approved by a Variance.
6	That's simply saying that as part of
7	the plan, you can include those signs that
8	have been granted a height greater than 20
9	feet under other sections.
10	H. THEODORE COHEN: Right.
11	LES BARBER: But in no way are they
12	being granted any wai vers that are unique to
13	this section.
14	H. THEODORE COHEN: That I
15	understood.
16	LES BARBER: Okay.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Tom.
18	THOMAS ANNINGER: I still am a
19	little bothered by just one section.
20	I find in (d) what I said before, and I
21	was wondering whether anybody wanted to

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discuss it. We're now down to some wordsmithing here. But I find the words "signs relationship to" somewhat metaphorical and a little difficult to grasp, and I'd like to float as an idea something that actually fits in a nice parallel way which starts out how well it is integrated and harmonized with the design and character of the building upon which is placed. And then I would substitute for signs relationship and how the sign is viewed from nearby residential districts, historic or neighborhood conservation district, parks and the Charles River, which would mean we would simply look at it from those perspectives and decide how well that It wouldn't mean it was prohibited worked. to be viewed from any of those, but simply a perspective that we would have to take. me, that's better than relationship which I don't really --

PAMELA WINTERS: It's not very

1	speci fi c.
2	THOMAS ANNINGER: It's a little
3	uncl ear.
4	PAMELA WINTERS: Yes.
5	THOMAS ANNINGER: It sounds like
6	people have relationships, but I am not sure
7	about signs and rivers and so on.
8	So that would be a minor improvement I
9	think to the language.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: And are we all in
11	agreement with Ted's suggestion that we raise
12	it from 50,000 to 100,000? Was that
13	something that we
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Everybody who spoke
15	was in agreement.
16	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
17	THOMAS ANNINGER: Can we just, as
18	far as the 25-30, maybe put that as a with
19	a hyphen and let the Council decide? Or
20	shall we bite it and say 25?
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Let's bite it and say

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1	25.
2	THOMAS ANNINGER: That's what I
3	wanted.
4	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes, let's do that,
5	25.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: Council, will I'm
7	sure
8	THOMAS ANNINGER: They can improve
9	on it.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: do what the
11	Council is supposed to do.
12	THOMAS ANNINGER: That means that we
13	can't raise the level to 30 percent. We
14	don't have discretion to do that. We have
15	discretion to go below 25
16	WILLIAM TIBBS: Below.
17	THOMAS ANNINGER: but not above?
18	Is the way I understand that proposal.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
20	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Okay.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: We can't deny a 25

1 percent tenant solely on that. 2 THOMAS ANNINGER: Exactly. Exactly. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Are we ready for a 4 Motion to forward our recommendations to the 5 City Council? 6 ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: Mr. Chairman, 7 are you going to hear at all from the public 8 for this? 9 HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I wasn't 10 planning to solicit testimony. And I've 11 heard a great deal from the public, both in 12 public hearing and then in the 100 pages or 13 so of communications. 14 What do the rest of the Board want to 15 do about that? 16 CHARLES STUDEN: It's my sense that 17 unless someone has something new to say, 18 which is a possibility, I would not like to 19 have more testimony. But if there's 20 something that has come up that we're not 21 aware of already, then perhaps it would be

okay. I don't know.

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HUGH RUSSELL: I think, you know, my feeling on that I guess is that because we're only making a recommendation to the Council, you know, we've spent a lot of time on this recommendation and we've received a lot of communication and I think we know where we I'm not quite sure what the point of stand. people getting up and saying well, I don't agree with you is. And I'm sure that many people in this room don't agree with this recommendati on. But I think they need to say that to the Council or the decision makers, because I don't think any new issues have been on the table for a while.

ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: Mr. Chairman,
I'd just like to note my objection because I
think these are substantial revisions that we
just got last Wednesday, and I think the
public has the right to make comment on them.
We did make comment to the Council a couple

1	hours ago, and I think that it would be
2	enlightened from the Planning Board as well
3	to hear from the public.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So noted.
5	THOMAS ANNINGER: I've read each and
6	every letter. And it was a lot.
7	CHARLES STUDEN: It was a lot.
8	THOMAS ANNINGER: And I feel that
9	together with the testimony that we had last
10	time under the two minute rule, which I found
11	particularly effective and the letters that
12	we have that speak essentially to the new
13	criteria that was added by the Community
14	Development Department, and that many of the
15	letters found inadequate, I think we have
16	enough.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
18	CAROL O'HARE: May I point out that
19	I
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Could you give your
21	name, pl ease?

1	CAROL O'HARE: My name is Carol
2	0' Hare.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.
4	CAROL O' HARE: At 172 Magazi ne
5	Street.
6	That confirming what Mr. Crane said, I
7	received my copy of these recent revisions
8	from Robert Winters. I believe other people
9	received no copies of these revisions. So
10	many people in this city believe that the
11	last round of revisions, including no lights
12	on these signs on the river is
13	CHARLES STUDEN: You're repeating
14	the substance of the letter you wrote to us.
15	I don't think that's a procedural question,
16	I'm sorry, but
17	CAROL O'HARE: Notice is a
18	procedural question.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Susan.
20	SUSAN GLAZER: We sent the revisions
21	to anyone who came to the last hearing. We

have a mailing list with labels and they all went out at the same time the Board -- the package to the Board went out. We also sent this via e-mail to those who preferred to get it via e-mail, and that's why, you know, some people got it that way.

But we made every effort to send it to those people who had indicated an interest, who had prior to, you know, tonight's meeting and we had it up on our website. So we did our best to get it to as many people who had shown interest to us in the past.

HUGH RUSSELL: And it's my understanding that Council has sometime to act on this?

SUSAN GLAZER: The clock on this runs until I believe October 5th. And the Council indicated tonight at its committee meeting that although they were forwarding the item to the full Council, they were going to keep it in committee and they were going

1	to have another session to discuss it.
2	PAMELA WINTERS: Will the public be
3	allowed to speak during those committee
4	sessi ons?
5	SUSAN GLAZER: It's up to the
6	Council on that.
7	ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: Mr. Chairman,
8	the recommendation to the Council was without
9	recommendation. And the other thing as far
10	as something new tonight, quite frankly, l've
11	got my mail on this Friday. But, you know,
12	you've testified yourself as to certain
13	things about the changes which I'd like to
14	make comment about, but I think the public
15	probably would like to as well as far as
16	those pictures which are new tonight.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: So someone would make
18	a Motion?
19	Ted.
20	H. THEODORE COHEN: Sure.
21	I make a Motion that we recommend to

the City Council revision to the Zoning in the form that was submitted to us and described to us by staff and discussed this evening with the changes that the minimum size of the building would be 100,000 square feet.

That the language relating to non-retail business consumer service and office/tenant will be revised by staff in accordance with what has been discussed this evening.

That the Language relating to the criteria by which the Planning Board will determine whether to grant a Special Permit will be revised in accordance with the Language proposed by Mr. Anninger.

And that there would be a provision that the minimum size for an office/tenant to be eligible for such a Special Permit would be that they occupy 25 percent of the building.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
2	Is there a second?
3	CHARLES STUDEN: Second.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Charles.
5	Any more discussion?
6	On the Motion, all those in favor raise
7	their hands.
8	(Show of hands.)
9	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
10	(Russell, Anninger, Tibbs, Winters,
11	Studen, Cohen, Nur.)
12	HUGH RUSSELL: And I believe there
13	is no more business before us tonight so we
14	are adj ourned.
15	(Whereupon, at 8:20 p.m., the
16	meeti ng adjourned.)
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS BRI STOL, SS.
4	I, Catherine Lawson Zelinski, a
5	Certi fi ed Shorthand Reporter, the undersi gned Notary Public, certi fy that:
6	I am not related to any of the parties
7	in this matter by blood or marriage and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of
8	this matter.
9	I further certify that the testimony hereinbefore set forth is a true and accurate
10	transcription of my stenographic notes to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 16th day of September 2010.
12	my hand this foth day of september 2010.
13	Cathonina I. Zalinaki
14	Catherine L. Zelinski Notary Public
15	Certi fi ed Shorthand Reporter Li cense No. 147703
16	My Commission Expires:
17	Apri I 23, 2015
18	
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20	OF THE SAME BY ANY MEANS UNLESS UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL AND/OR DIRECTION OF THE
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