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2	PLANNING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
3	GENERAL HEARING
4	Tuesday, November 16, 2010
5	7: 00 p. m.
6	in
7	Second Floor Meeting Room, 344 Broadway
8	City Hall Annex McCusker Building Cambridge, Massachusetts
9	Lhuada Duga al L. Chaire
10	Hugh Russell, Chair Thomas Anninger, Vice Chair
11	William Tibbs, Member Pamela Winters, Member
12	Steven Winter, Member H. Theodore Cohen, Member
13	Charles Studen, Associate Member Ahmed Nur, Associate Member
14	Susan Glazer, Acting Assistant City Manager
15	for Community Development
16	Community Development Staff: Liza Paden
17	Roger Booth Les Barber
18	Stuart Dash
19	
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	HUGH RUSSELL: I'll call the meeting
3	to order. We'll start with the Board of
4	Zoni ng Appeal cases.
5	LIZA PADEN: So there are two sets
6	of Zoning Board of Appeal cases. One is
7	November 18th. I didn't have any comments.
8	CHARLES STUDEN: Nor did I.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: I do appreciate these
10	being on (inaudible) paper. It's much
11	easi er.
12	LIZA PADEN: You're welcome.
13	CHARLES STUDEN: I do, too. It is
14	good. It is good.
15	STEVEN WINTER: I have one question
16	on 10019, 66 0xford.
17	LIZA PADEN: I'm sorry, yes. Okay.
18	STEVEN WINTER: And my question is:
19	Is it currently a residential building?
20	LIZA PADEN: It's a multi-family
21	building, and they're creating additional

1	units. Right now they're looking at changing
2	excuse me. What page are we on? I'm
3	sorry, I misspoke. The Petitioner seeks to
4	convert an existing non-conforming
5	residential building into a multi-family
6	dwelling containing five units. They also
7	seek to add five windows and doors to the
8	non-conforming walls.
9	So, in this right now let's see, the
10	number of units it's they're requesting
11	fi ve.
12	STEVEN WINTER: What do they have
13	now?
14	LIZA PADEN: They don't list how
15	many they have now which is confusing.
16	STEVEN WINTER: Okay. It's not
17	enough of a concern for me to follow it down.
18	I also wanted to know where the building was.
19	It's residential now?
20	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
21	STEVEN WINTER: It's increasing the

1	density within the residential building?
2	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
3	STEVEN WINTER: Within the
4	footpri nt?
5	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
6	STEVEN WINTER: Okay, thank you.
7	LIZA PADEN: So if there's no more
8	comments on that one is there?
9	HUGH RUSSELL: No.
10	LIZA PADEN: And the next set of
11	cases are to be heard December 2nd. And
12	since your next meeting won't be until after
13	that, I included them in this package.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: So case 10030 seems
15	like it's the resolution for the parking that
16	we gave the Special Permit. I think we
17	encouraged them to seek parking?
18	LIZA PADEN: Exactly. This is
19	actually the second application. The first
20	one procedurally was incorrect. So this is
21	their second hearing on this. So that's why

1	it's on the agenda again. But it's to see if
2	they can get that tandem Special Variance.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Did we comment on
4	that before?
5	LIZA PADEN: I think what we did was
6	we sent a copy of the Special Permit and said
7	that you had anticipated this request.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
9	LIZA PADEN: Do you want to do that,
10	send it again?
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Let's do that again.
12	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes.
13	LIZA PADEN: All right.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, so the two
15	items of General Business that we could take
16	up between now and our first hearing.
17	The first is a request from KayaKa
18	Hotel to extend the Special Permit for one
19	year.
20	LIZA PADEN: So, the KayaKa Hotel in
21	Porter Square is requesting an extension of

1	their Special Permit. Mr. Kim has taken the
2	belts and suspenders approach towards the
3	automatic extension of two the years. And
4	he's requesting an extension for the hotel.
5	He expects to go into construction in the
6	spri ng.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Does anyone
8	have any questions about that?
9	CHARLES STUDEN: No.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Would someone like to
11	offer a motion?
12	CHARLES STUDEN: So moved.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: That we grant the
14	extensi on.
15	Second.
16	STEVEN WINTER: Second.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: All those in favor.
18	(Show of hands.)
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Six members voting in
20	favor.
21	(Russell, Anninger, Winters, Winter,

1 Cohen, Studen.)

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HUGH RUSSELL: The next case is
Planning Board case 239, 2419 Mass. Avenue,
Rounder Records site.

So, during the LIZA PADEN: Inspectional Service Department's review of the Building Permits, it was determined that in the original application the developer had not included the number of square feet in the bal coni es. The bal coni es were part of the Planning Board Special Permit review. They were discussed, and the Planning Board acknowledged that they were part of the design. And what had happened was the calculation was not included. It's a difference of 1,254 square feet, which has been broken down in this handout I just gave to you on how many square feet are in the first floor balcony, the second floor balcony. I believe actually I mailed it to

1	you, I'm sorry.
2	STEVEN WINTER: Yes.
3	LIZA PADEN: I mailed that to you,
4	yes, the break down. And then what I have
5	handed out to you now is the revised
6	dimensional form. And this reflects what the
7	new numbers would be. It is still below
8	what's allowed in the district, and it
9	doesn't represent any change in the designs
10	that you looked at and approved.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: So we're just
12	allowing them to fix a mistake in
13	cal cul ati on?
14	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: That does not seem to
16	be a difficult thing to do.
17	CHARLES STUDEN: No.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Anybody have anything
19	to say on this item?
20	(No Response.)
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Does anyone want to

1	make a motion?
2	THOMAS ANNINGER: Just give me a
3	moment to formulate a question.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
5	THOMAS ANNINGER: How far along is
6	this project?
7	LIZA PADEN: It's at the Building
8	Department. They' re reviewing the
9	application for the Building Permit. So,
10	that's where they found the mistake.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: And demolition has
12	been done?
13	THOMAS ANNINGER: Demolition is
14	done.
15	LIZA PADEN: Right.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: There's been some
17	construction around the property, a fence.
18	I brought along the plans. I think
19	they're the most recent one if anybody wants
20	to look at them. They show balconies in some
21	pl aces.

1	H. THEODORE COHEN: I was going to
2	make a motion if everyone else is ready for
3	that.
4	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes, pl ease.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.
6	H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, I would
7	move that we allow the proponent to amend the
8	calculation to include the porches and
9	balconies that were an oversight in the
10	original calculation, given that it's not
11	changi ng anythi ng that was al ready approved
12	by the Planning Board and which would be an
13	additional scope of 1245 square feet.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a second?
15	CHARLES STUDEN: Second.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Charles.
17	Di scussi on?
18	All those in favor?
19	(Show of hands.)
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Six members voting in
21	favor.

1 (Russell, Anninger, Winters, Winter, 2 Cohen, Studen.) 3 Thank you. LIZA PADEN: 4 5 HUGH RUSSELL: I brought along my 6 conflict of interest form signed. And I'm 7 wondering if other people have theirs. 8 Oh, good. Thank you. LIZA PADEN: 9 HUGH RUSSELL: There's a conflict of 10 interest law in the Commonwealth. So there's 11 new materials, and I went to a training 12 session a few weeks ago. And there's one --13 a couple of things that seem to impact us. 14 Do you remember what they were, Susan? 15 One was the approval SUSAN GLAZER: 16 of minutes which -- we have a stenographer 17 here so we have a transcript. And what we 18 have worked out with staff is that Liza would 19 read the transcript and report to the Board 20 as to whether it was accurate or not. 21 then the Board could approve the transcript.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.

And there was one other question that I was concerned about, and I can't remember what it was. It's going to require some consultation with somebody.

SUSAN GLAZER: Liza, do you recall?

That was the primary one. I'm just trying to think.

LIZA PADEN: I'm not remembering it.

SUSAN GLAZER: I'm not remembering

it. That was the key thing.

about all meetings are public. That people have a right to attend. And we have to post meetings. Those basic principles are intact in the new law. There is a funny requirement that meeting postings have to be available to the public 24 hours a day. And it was unclear whether the city's website would constitute 24-hour access or whether they're going to have to build a new board outside of

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City Hall that's on the outside of the building in order to accomplish this. was interesting to go through the training just because, you know, it's one of the principles of our way of government that this happened, but the degree at which you have to think about all the possible ins and outs of everythi ng. And then the legislature decided to write a new law that would combine three former conflict -- or open meeting laws which apply to city bodies, state bodies and somebody else, all into one law. And that's how it's gotten the City Solicitor a lot of thinking time I guess. Do you want to make --

SUSAN GLAZER: Just for the public's knowledge, the Community Development

Department posts all of the Planning Board notices of hearings and the transcripts online, and we are expanding that to include some of the decisions as well. So, the

1 public will have the opportunity to look at 2 things in advance. 3 Do you want to tell HUGH RUSSELL: 4 us what's coming up? 5 SUSAN GLAZER: It's been a while 6 since we've met. The next meeting is 7 December 7th, and we will have the Norris 8 Street public hearing. This is the 9 conversion of the former North Cambridge 10 Catholic High School to residential units. 11 That originally was scheduled for tonight, 12 but it's being postponed until December 7th. 13 So if there's anyone here for that item, just 14 pl ease take note. 15 And the next meeting after that is 16 December 21st. And we'll see how the agenda 17 goes and whether we have to carry over items 18 as to whether we have a meeting that night. 19 But it will depend on what happens on the 20 7th. 21 And just for those who are planning

1	ahead, our meetings in January will be
2	January 4th and January 18th.
3	And then on February 1st we will have
4	the annual Town Gown night, and that will be
5	at the Senior Center, Liza?
6	LIZA PADEN: Yes. That will be at
7	the Seni or Center.
8	SUSAN GLAZER: Central Square Senior
9	Center.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. In two minutes
11	we'll go on with our 7:20 hearing.
12	CHARLES STUDEN: Hugh, I just have
13	one questi on.
14	I noticed on the agenda, Susan, it says
15	adoption of meeting transcripts. Do we do
16	that or has it been done?
17	SUSAN GLAZER: Yes, you should.
18	CHARLES STUDEN: So, is that a
19	remaining item of business before we move
20	into the hearings? I'm just curious. Is
21	that something we'll see typically every

meeting that we have from now on?
LIZA PADEN: Yes. The plan is that
I'm going to read the transcripts and then
you can adopt them. I would ask
CHARLES STUDEN: Out Loud while
we're sitting here?
LIZA PADEN: I'm going to read them
to you.
CHARLES STUDEN: PI ease.
LIZA PADEN: With voices.
CHARLES STUDEN: I'm teasing of
course. Go ahead, I'm sorry.
LIZA PADEN: My proposal is that if
you give me a chance at the next meeting
yes, this will be an item on the agenda to
answer your question. And at the next
meeting, I will catch up from when this was
enacted in July to the transcript that we
have, and I will catch up, and then I'll
report back to you and then we'll take a vote
then.

1	Thank you.
2	CHARLES STUDEN: Thanks.
3	LIZA PADEN: Or you'll take a vote.
4	I won't take a vote.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Let's get going on
6	our first hearing which is the Fox, et. al.
7	petition to amend the Zoning map in the area
8	of Cottage Park Avenue. Who is going to
9	present the presentation to us?
10	CHARLES TEAGUE: Does Les speak
11	first?
12	LIZA PADEN: No, you speak first.
13	CHARLES TEAGUE: I was going to have
14	Dick Clarey speak to start with.
15	RICHARD CLAREY: My name is Richard
16	Clarey. I'm a neighbor of this street, in
17	the adjacent street, and I've been asked to
18	read the text of the preamble to the Petition
19	to the City Council because it's a very
20	succinct and clear rationale for this
21	proposal. I don't know whether the Board has

1	this al ready. Oh, you do have it?
2	HUGH RUSSELL: (Showing document).
3	RI CHARD CLAREY: To the Honorable
4	City Council?
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, we do.
6	RI CHARD CLAREY: Okay.
7	Well, I'd like to read it into the
8	record. It says: "The undersigned hereby
9	petition to the City Council to amend the map
10	of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of
11	Cambridge by rezoning an area in North
12	Cambridge from its current designation
13	Business A-2 to a new designation of
14	Residence B. The affected area is
15	principally accessed via Cottage Park Avenue,
16	a small dead end street that is predominantly
17	residential in nature and limited in its
18	ability to safely handle significant
19	automobile traffic.
20	"The westerly side of Cottage Park
21	Avenue is al ready zoned Residence B and there

are residential uses currently in the The density of the current affected area. business A-2 Zoning designation and its wide range of retail office uses is inappropriate for this small area that does not front on Mass. Ave. It's one of the few areas along avenue where the business district extends more than 100 feet from sidewalks along the hi ghway. Housing is the density of the existing neighborhood is developed on the outside of Cottage Park Avenue is more appropriate. City policy has recognized this fact in the recent past. The large area of industrial property at the end of Cottage Park Avenue was recently rezoned to its original industrial designation to a new low density district, special district two, similar in density to the Residence B district with the express intent of encouraging this industrial land to evolve over time to housing compatible with the

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abutting -- compatible with the abutting The present proposal would nei ghborhood. complete the implementation of that change in city policy and reserve this small area for future residential development as well. historic, commercial and industrial zoning designations in this area reflect at a different time and pattern of use that grew up around the railroad. Times have changed and land patterns have evolved limiting future development along Cottage Park Avenue for housing is most appropriate today, and the proposed rezoning would accomplish that." Thank you.

CHARLES TEAGUE: I'm Charles Teague.

I live at 23 Edmunds Street which is just the other side of Cottage Park. And so really, really what we're going to talk about is two companies having a great effect on Cottage

Park. And Les Barber wrote that which is -- which talks about the past and the future and

how it's all changed. And what we're going to talk about is how the street really can't handle very much. Because it was built a long time ago, before there were cars.

And the Historic Commission has in

July, has looked at -- and they're waiting to

land -- the brick building at 22 Cottage Park

under a landmark study. But they wanted -
they said we should wait. And then they, on

the demolition permit they found the Quonset

hut significant which has some Zoning

impacts.

And we have Bill Fox here. His next-door neighbor couldn't make it. But those have been -- they've been working at keeping the street safe since 1972. And the build goes way back to the consternation of World War II. He was a veteran and he was at D-Day.

So we have to thank Les Barber for writing this and supporting us. We have to

thank Bill Fox for supporting this a long time ago.

So, as you know, the Business A-2 district is in generally 100 feet off Mass. And there are a couple of little Ave. And we're going to perhaps anomalies. discuss the smallest one here over on Cottage And here it is, and what -- and the Park. Emerson properties are 18, three-family The large brick building at 22 and house. the Quonset hut at 27 which is next to it with a paved area next to it. Edmunds is (I naudi bl e.) Di ck here. I live here. Clarey lives over there. And you can see this is a very small street. And you can see that you can't see around this bend. And if you have cars on either side, you can only fit one car through.

And then down here is Fawcett Oil which we'll talk about.

So the current zoning, it's -- the

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Emerson properties are up for sale, and BA-2 computes as being worth tearing down the brick building and putting in a lot of units; 36 units, four units across the street and in the Res B that's 40 units. There's 11 units on the street now. 51 units. You go from 11 units to 51 units on a street that's not really safe in the first place.

So in BA-2, there was a buyer who wasn't well qualified and it made, it made a series of assumptions for relief. It didn't understand about Variances. They thought it was all Special Permits. And then they went on to propose about 50 percent, and the minimum parking rather than 42 to 84 spaces, they proposed 25. So here's their depiction. What they just did was put parking in Residence B. This is Residence B over here. They ignored the Residence B setbacks. You know, they just -- they just hired the wrong people and weren't well qualified. So, the

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fact that this is allowed as business, is someone takes out their spreadsheets and thinks they're going to make a lot of money, they don't realize -- they don't realize you actually have to have some experience.

So, in more detail, this just is BA-2. Here's the -- here's the 100-foot line. We're saying just, you know, just, just conform. We're not asking to be special This is all Residence Ball over here. here. These are all these funny dog like streets. We're not ESD-2 which is mainly Fawcett Oil, and, you know, this is just saying this little area is an anomaly and it's an aberration in the BA-2 Zoning. And there was a good reason. It wasn't an accident to my Jack Emerson who is -- the sons are here, is a great and good man. He's an entrepreneur, humani tari an, excuse me, patriot. Lost a son in World War II. a lot for the U.S. Navy. And one of the

1 people in the Historic Commission said well, 2 gees, it's probably a first biotech company. 3 But the most important thing is he was there 4 for 70 years. And he did a lot of good. 5 this was one of the most famous things is the 6 And not that we all remember, but iron lung. 7 these were pandemics of their times. And it was about children. And he was sued by 8 9 Harvard on a patent lawsuit because he had 10 done a cost reduced version. And according 11 to one article, they offered him a price 12 fixing scheme. He declined and he won in 13 Without -- and he never went to court. 14 He took Harvard on and he won. college. 15 And he did it for all the right 16 He did it for the people. reasons. 17 But he passed. The manufacturing 18 ceased, the company sold, the site's vacant. 19 So it will be developed. 20 And what we also see is Fawcett Oil 21 Company, and that site will be developed at

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some point. But right here is Edmunds Street as four two-families, a single. We have a single. These three are on Mass. Ave. This is -- I have a better map of this whole area. We can go back to that later.

The single, the three-family on the Emerson properties, and then these -- there's two families and then a single-family. that's the street, and it's seven houses, 11 The important thing about here is uni ts. when Fawcett goes, if they have -- they own this property. So they have the entire access to Whittemore and Magoun. Brookford Street has been closed by court order. Court restricted the access here to non-commercial vehicles, but Fawcett also has -- owns this property that fronts on Edmunds. And then what you can't see on this map they connect -- the city actually took Tyler Court, took the land for Tyler Court so that Fawcett would have access for the trucks.

So, once again we have the overheads, we have the brick building, the mill building and then we have the Quonset hut, you can see it abutting the condos next-door which is practically just a few feet away. Once again you can see this dog leg here.

This is the dance studio which has a lot of traffic that goes out through here.

And, yeah, it's just not designed for all this.

When Bill Fox moved there in '55, there were two cars. There were only seven houses. It's dangerous. He had two pets killed. It's 24 feet from curb to curb, and there's parking on both sides. And it's supposed to be a dead end, but it's sort of high traffic for that. The important thing on all these streets, Edmunds and -- Edmunds and Brookford as well is they're dog legs.

And so we can see that this was the historic access for the trucks. And this was

always trucking. It was Metropolitan Coal before. And that's what happened was that Bill Fox and Bob Sears got the city to take I and for Tyler Court out to here. So all the truck traffic could go somewhere else and not down their street. And Brookford got closed, and that's the way it was supposed to be. It's been a struggle over the decades to keep that in place.

And this is -- so, that went back to the turn of the century. 1972 they actually got the city to take the land, and they also -- and the city also closed the end of Cottage Park, they put a barrier. And then Fawcett -- the grandfather died and they turned around and they sued the city to open it. And in '89 there was a decision which restricted the traffic on Cottage Park. Faucet went back to the Court and reaffirmed, but they continued using it. So, the important thing to take away is that there's

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people who live on Cottage Park who just hang in there. They don't give up. They just keep working it. And that's -- and here it is 2010 and they're back.

So, this is just going to be the brief architectural thing from the Historic Commission. So it's -- it's a -- it's a real But for us in North Cambridge, it's cl assi c. sort of special because it's -- this is more what we have in North Cambridge, is our neighbors Fawcett. We have Marino, the good and the bad. Then we have the recycle ice We have this new building that is warehouse. somehow extraordinarily built on the lot There's Tyler Court, which is the line. This was described in one hearing as access. building with Gee-Gause I think from one of you guys. But it is the new condos on Cedar and Mass. Ave. So we have a lot of density that's coming to the neighborhood. think it was 42 units. And then we had the

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Just-A-Start. And then we had Trolley Square with high density. And we've got a lot of --we've got a lot of density that's been built in. And not entirely attractive as you can see.

So, as we're looking through here, you were wondering why, why do you want to save this old mill building? And you go like this is, this is the standard of architecture in North Cambridge. And there's Magoun Street which was bought up in the north -- by the planning, by CDD. And then we have all these retail add-ons which are particularly unattractive. And the sad thing about the one on the right was this whole facade was just rebuilt just this passed year. There's more storefronts. And you can see that this was added on up there. This was a historic place that was illegally demoed during the demolition delay ordinance. You know, it was -- sure, I like this, I like what this

building does for the people. I'm a big fan of the architectures. And then our favorite, the Long Funeral Home which was sort of a stretch for North Cambridge, but here's Cottage Park Ave. itself. And you can see the narrowness of the street, and you can see more of the retail storefronts. So it's a mill building, but for North Cambridge it's special.

And I'm going to go to Bill Fox and I thought I'd put up a picture of some folks to jog his memory.

BILL FOX: My name is Bill Fox.

I've lived on Cottage Park since 1955 when I bought the house. We had dirt sidewalks.

There was two cars on the street active.

Mr. Emerson could have owned a car, but he didn't drive to work at the time. I don't know what he did or didn't, but we had a -- we got along with Mr. Emerson and his son.

His boys were raised with my kids. And

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they've been a family. And since he said what he did, I just can't say no more about Mr. Emerson, because I talked with him for many years on the street. And he couldn't be a better gentleman.

But, now that this is finished and we don't have a factory anymore, we don't -- now they've got to do something. And the street and the neighbors feel that down zoning would make it all residential. Make it even, equal to the rest of the neighborhood. We're not asking for -- to give us something special. Just make us the same as everybody else. And that's the very small piece of land. money and the -- I don't think it's going to hurt them any, because they're going to get their money whether it's down zoned or not. That's my opinion. I think they're going to get what they want. Let's put it that way. But, I can't say that for sure.

The only thing with working with the

street, and I did put the petition in to have it down zoned to residential. Because I've had -- we've had trouble on that street ever since I've lived there from one thing to another thing.

Faucet bought the property and leased it out to sand trucks. You know what those 18-wheel sand trucks are like. And they'd come down with no, no -- they didn't care. They just drove in as they pleased. And my daughter walked out on the sidewalk and the little dog went in the street and the truck killed it.

Well, that was when I said that's it.

And me and Bob Sear and his wife on the street we sat down here at the City Council for two years practically every Monday to finally -- they finally listened. There is a problem. And they sent traffic -- people down and studied the traffic pattern. They took everything out. And we went down to

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Mr. Emer -- to Mr. Faucet when he was living, Danny and me and Bob Sear and a couple others, and Mr. Faucet said to us personally, if the city would give him another way in for trucks, they wouldn't use Cottage Park Ave. And that's what the judge said. That's legal, as far as enough people -- it wasn't put in writing and that was the problem. As far as I can see, I don't know for sure. But in the court the judge said that's legal and that's what's preferable is recommended. But that's the way life has been on the street. Mr. Emerson had trucks, there's no question He had to have them. about it. And I wouldn't even have -- if they said to me we can put two and a half tons trucks on the side to stop it. I said no, because he has to have once in a while a big truck to get his equipment in. And I never disagreed with hi m. We worked with him. We tried. in business. I know what you have to do.

We

1 And I used to work with him to help him get 2 the trucks in and out. I moved my car. I 3 get somebody out in the street to move it. 4 That wasn't our objection. Because he was 5 serious -- and they were -- we were actually 6 concerned that a truck may hit someone. 7 talked to them many times. And they did the 8 best they could because they still had to 9 manufacture. And I think we need this down 10 I appreciate it if you seriously look 11 into it. 12 Thank you. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. Is that 14 all? 15 CHARLES TEAGUE: Yeah, I was going 16 to say that's it for our side, the 17 presentation. There might be some people in 18 the audience. Also, I'm going to say that as 19 far as I can tell, every proposal that's come 20 by the community is gonna require a Variance 21 Everybody accepts that. There will anyway.

1	be more there will be more residential on
2	the street. The point is to not to make
3	it super dense. And especially not by
4	tearing down a historic structure. And it's
5	just inevitable to do the density of that
6	building that there will be a Variance. I
7	don't see that. I don't see that this is an
8	impediment of changing the down zoning. It's
9	just going to eliminate a bunch of the
10	filling that's been coming by, and it's going
11	to take the extreme development off the
12	tabl e.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
14	CHARLES TEAGUE: Okay. Thank you.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: I neglected to write
16	down your name. Could you tell me that
17	agai n?
18	CHARLES TEAGUE: Charl es Teague,
19	T-e-a-g-u-e.
20	PAMELA WINTERS: Excuse me, Hugh,
21	may I ask a question?

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.
2	PAMELA WINTERS: Is the dance studio
3	in that little triangle? Because I'm very
4	familiar with the dance studio.
5	CHARLES TEAGUE: No, the dance
6	studio is on the Fawcett property which is
7	Special District Two.
8	PAMELA WINTERS: I'm missing it.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: It's right there.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay. It's right
11	there, right on the edge. I see, thank you.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Are there other
13	questions by other members of the Board? I'm
14	thinking we might hear the public testimony
15	and then get into it a little bit.
16	CHARLES TEAGUE: I'll just put up
17	the map, the overview map. And there's
18	Fawcett and the three dog legs.
19	CHARLES STUDEN: Hugh?
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
21	CHARLES STUDEN: I do have a

1 question. I think what I'm struggling with 2 here -- I'll admit I'm very confused by this 3 presentation, but because I don't understand 4 the context for the request. For example, 5 Special District 2, perhaps someone from 6 staff can tell me what the vision was for the 7 Fawcett Oil Company and how access was anticipated for that parcel, whether Cottage 8 9 Street was intended to do commercial access 10 or not at all. Because this represents --11 what's being asked for represents a very, 12 very substantial down zoning. And it splits 13 parcels, which I find somewhat curious. But 14 in any event, I don't know, maybe when we get 15 some testimony from some other members of the 16 public, this would become a little clearer. 17 But I would have to be honest, I'm having 18 trouble understanding what is being asked and 19 how it fits into the larger pattern of what's 20 going on in this neighborhood. 21

Well, I've got a list HUGH RUSSELL:

of people here. And it's a curious list because there are a number of people listed in support, but nobody's listed as wishing to speak. And that's perfectly fine. It's just unusual. The names are Lisa Oray, Dan Bentko, Robert Casey, Lois Carra, Thomas Gould, Paul Ayers, Young Kim, Richard Clarey, Karen Sedet and Michael Brandon with a question mark. So I'm going to open up the floor and ask people who want to speak? Sure why don't you come.

When you speak, would you come forward and give your name and address for the record and speak into the microphone.

ATTORNEY MATTHEW LYNCH: My name is Matthew Lynch. I'm an attorney with Nixon, Peabody in Boston. We represent the Emersons, the owners of 22 Cottage Park, and 27 and 18. 18 and 22 are within the affected area. I just wanted to -- before I -- George or Will speaks, I just wanted to correct a

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concerns that we have. I mean, obviously we oppose the petition. Not because we disagree with the concerns of the neighbors. they've indicated, the Emersons have been there as they'll tell you how long, and they' ve al ways been very responsible neighbors. And would hope -- well, feel like they still are and that they will continue to be as long as they own the property. did sell the business in 2007. And they had been marketing the property for sale ever since for obvious reasons. The economy hasn't been so good. So, they have had trouble selling it. There was one proposed sale earlier this year, and this is just to clarify, to a company called SiNaPs.

few things and sort of clarify some of the

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indicated. And the property is again on the

market, but not presently under agreement.

for some of the reasons that Mr. Teague

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transaction did not go forward.

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And there's no present proposal before any of the city boards. We would have hoped to have sold it by now, but it hasn't happened. guess the most important point to clarify is that the effect of this down zoning would really render the property almost worthless. It would -- the best use we could put to it would be a two-family residence. ironically the petition before the Historical Commission, which the Commission did not accept but indicated that they might in the future, would mean that we couldn't knock So we'd have to use that down the building. building for a two-family residence. And as you might imagine, that's going to almost render it useless -- valueless. And so to be blunt, that's our biggest problem with this. As has been indicated, the Emersons have been great neighbors for a long time. And it's -they'll speak to it better than I can. don't think it's all that fair to put them in

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that position of leaving their property without much if any value.

Some of the other things that were mentioned, the Historic Commission did reject the designation -- the landmark designation through a citizens petition. The -- but did indicate that they would consider it in the It's not something that the Emersons future. necessarily oppose. It would depend upon the circumstances and also depend on whether they still owned the property at that time. As a matter of fact, the proposal that's Inops was making would not have -- that would not have been a problem, because they were going to reuse the building. And I suspect whatever the Historical Commission had come up with, might have added value, not detracted from the value.

The hut is kind of ironic though outside the affected area. There was a decision by the Zoning Board of Appeal I

think in 1962 which said the hut must come down. The hut never came down obviously.

Now we have a demolition delay which says we can't take the hut down. So, for six months.

So, the ZBA says take it down, the Historical Commission says you can't take it down.

Well, in February that will be a moot point anyway because the six months will expire.

Take it down or not, that's -- I guess that's in the eyes of the beholder, but that's not necessarily relevant to this inquiry because it's not in the affected area.

The Fawcett property -- there was some discussion regarding that. That also is not in the affected area. So I don't know if it's relevant, and I'm really not conversant on the goods or bads of it, but that's not my client. I think that the -- I think that Mr. Teague had indicated, and I think it's true, whatever proposal one might have by the Emersons or by some other successor will

unlikely be before this Board or some other Board. So there will be community input, whether that ends up being office, residential or some -- I mean, those would be the most likely potential uses. I have not -- we have not, and this is not a prediction, but we have not seen any proposals that would contemplate knocking the building down, 22 Cottage Park. I suspect that's probably not going to be a proposal. But, of course, I can't guarantee that.

The hut would be a different story, and I guess our expectation is that it would come down because I think it has to come down. At some point the ZBA is going to require that and I think -- and again, that's an aesthetic thing, and that's, you know, in the eyes of the beholder, but not relevant here.

There was mention that the street is too narrow in this high traffic. I'm not sure the context there, keeping in mind that

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the Emersons have not been operating the property for the last three years. So, if there is too much traffic, I don't think the Emersons are generating it.

And the -- if the concern or the objective of the down zoning is to save the building, ironically I think it may have the opposite effect because the Emersons may not have any choice but to accelerate any plans to utilize the property or otherwise seek a Variance or some other thing to try to maintain some value. But if it does go into place, and then obviously the Historical Commission puts their restrictions in, there really isn't going to be much left for them to do, and it's going to be vacant because they won't be able to use it. And we can't rely upon the fact that the ZBA may or may not grant a Variance. I mean, Variances are unusual and not supposed to be granted on a routine basis. I would think that if you

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just changed the zoning, it's unlikely they're going to give you a Variance, because the condition for a Variance probably won't be satisfied. So it's not the route that we want to go down. But enough from me.

George and Will do you want to speak?

WILL EMERSON: Hi. I'm Will Emerson and my brother is sitting next to me behind. It was our father that bought the building in 1933 having started his business over Woolworth's in Harvard Square in 1928. so we have been there, that company has been there -- our company was there until three From 1933 until 2006 or '07. And years ago. I really believe that through all that time we've done a good job of trying to be a responsible neighbor. And I appreciate Mr. Fox's saying that he felt the same way. That we did what we could to decrease the amount of truck traffic bringing materials to our company. And certainly we're respectful

of all of the residents on the street. again, it's -- time has come to the point where my brother and I sold the company and it's time for us to move on. And we'd like to -- we want to -- we've been trying to sell the building as has been said, but we've had We've had a few a hard time doing that. people come and look at it, but nothing has come through. We have no -- nothing -- no purchase and sale has been signed yet. clearly that Zoning this to a two-family house just doesn't -- it's not -- not only does it seem to make sense to us, but certainly it's going to leave my brother and I with nothing. We've tried to be nice, a nice neighbor to everybody else, and this kind of just kind of kicks us in the ass to say well, you guys can't leave under these circumstances. I really have -- I have gotten along with all of the neighbors, and I clearly don't want to leave on a sour note

and would very much request that the Board strongly consider opposing this petition.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Okay. Is there anyone else wishing to be heard? Sure, would you come forward? I should also comment that the Board normally has a three-minute suggested limit. I haven't enforced that limit because the proponents had the time to make their case, and because the Emersons seem to be very affected, I felt they should have a little more amount of time. We appreciate that other people would try to keep their remarks to three minutes.

JULIA BISHOP: I'll be happy to do that as I don't like public speaking. My name is Julia Bishop. I live at 9 Cottage Park Ave. And I -- you know, I've lived there for 15 years. And in the course of 15 years I've seen that street go through a lot of changes. I will say I do agree that the

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Emersons have -- were great neighbors and did not feel that -- an incredible impact of the traffic from the employees that were in their factory, but there's a couple of different factors going on, I think, and unfortunately I think what happens when you combine residential and business, is when the busi nesses decide to leave, the residents are still there and they have to feel the impact. I'm sure you've heard this before, so I'm speaking to that impact. And the passed -when I first moved on to that street and there's a sign at the front of it that says It felt like a dead end dead end street. I felt like I was living on this street. little tiny dog leg dead end street in North It felt reasonable. The traffic Cambri dge. and flow felt reasonable. And over the past 15 years that's changed tremendously. traffic -- this may or may not be relevant, but the changes in the closing of the gate at

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the Fawcett property line has increased the impact to the street. All of the Deborah Mason traffic comes down our street now. There used to be a yoga studio. And at that point they started leaving the gate open all They used to close it on the the time. weekends and at night so traffic had to go through Tyler Court. We get all of that traffic, and at times there are 30 cars in that parking lot. And it's a really hard to maneuver that dog leg. And if you have not been at Cottage Park, you should drive by there because it's -- it doesn't really show how small and how tight that street on the It's a very difficult street. map is. We're also getting a lot of traffic from the busi nesses on Mass. Ave. and residents that are tenants renting apartments on Mass. Ave. that park on our street. So, in 15 years I've seen an incredible change to the street and the traffic flow and how quickly people

travel up and down the street.

So, I guess my -- those are -- my concern is whatever happens to that property, and I totally understand that it's a business for them and they want to move on and they want to do what they have to, but for the residents there whatever happens to that building is really going to impact our lives. And I think they've really been impacted tremendously over the 15 years that I've been there. It's just very dense. And it's not all -- it's not coming from the seven houses on the street.

I'm not sure what the reference is in terms of the two-family down zoning it to residential, some type of residential, it's going to be a two-family house residential piece. I don't understand that piece. There seems like a lot that could happen and make the neighborhood work. It's a difficult place to live right now, and I think that's

1 some kind of down zoning or compromise has to 2 be thought of. And I would invite you to 3 come to the street and actually witness what 4 we're talking about. 5 Thank you. 6 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 7 Does anyone else wish to speak? 8 RICHARD CLAREY: I'd simply like to 9 try to answer what I thought I heard 10 Mr. Studen ask which I think he asked whether 11 Fawcett would be landlocked. Was that your 12 questi on? 13 CHARLES STUDEN: It was partly that. 14 I'm interested in what the future of that 15 Special District 2 parcel is. What was 16 intended to happen on that parcel and how 17 access would be provided? 18 RICHARD CLAREY: It was intended as 19 the recital says, to start to phase down the 20 industrial area and move it toward a more 21 residential area. And there is considerable

access to the east and the west that Fawcett They have access to the east on Tyler has. Court, and they have a considerable amount of frontage on Whittemore Ave. to the west. they have indicated they're going out of the oil business and going to develop it residentially. But they have plenty of access on both east and west. There's a court order closing the north of -- those two north streets; Brookford Street and Cottage Park. Brookford Street is closed and Cottage Park is highly restricted out of court order. HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Does anyone else wish to speak?

MICHAEL BRANDON: Thank you. I'm

Michael Brandon. I live at 27 Seven Pines

Avenue. I'm the clerk for the North

Cambridge Stabilization Committee which

actually hosted the SiNaPs Corporation when

they were -- had a P&S I guess. An outgrowth

of that was the Cottage Park and Brookford

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and Edmunds Street neighbors organizing themselves to address potential for really horrendous changes on those streets. And so the stabilization committee supports this Zoning petition from the citizens to protect their neighborhood.

Just briefly to address Mr. Studen's questions, and Les Barber can perhaps talk about that more at length, but the Linear Park was once railroad right of way serving these industrial buildings in the Fawcett Over the years the neighborhood -area. well, the track slabbed and the Linear Park was built when the subway was put under. gradually the area became more residential, and the Planning Board and staff had encouraged those changes. The original North Cambridge neighborhood study that was done, comprehensive study and plan, one of the major Zoning recommendations was that the -what is now basically the S-2 District was an

industrial zone, and it was recommended that that be down zoned. It wasn't for many years until there were proposals for very dense development on Harvey Street.

I don't know if you can pull up some photos of the overall area. It might be easier to follow. But, what ultimately happened was there was a petition to rezone that area, and the Faucets were involved in negotiations at the City Council.

These are the Fawcett properties which are now SV-2, and there's Cottage Park Ave. and Mass. Ave. And so what happened was --well, in the SV-2 District, and Les could probably explain it best, but it was basically the idea was to convert the area to roughly the equivalent of Res B in terms of density and dimensional requirements, and there were incentives to convert existing industrial buildings to residential also. And I think there were some other uses that

were allowed and negotiated in; artist studios and other not intense commercial uses. And maybe even some -- I don't think industrial use. There was some land use -- I mean, agricultural uses that were preserved as greenhouses that are down about here which have now been acquired. The former Norberg site on the greenhouses that have been there for probably more than a century. The Faucets did acquire that. So they now have access via Whittemore Ave. which leads out to Alewife Brook Parkway and Route 2.

And then down at this end off the photo which is Tyler Court which is Charlie Teague explained was actually purchased by the city to create better access. Brookford, which is another even more residential street than Cottage Park in terms of smaller houses, was blocked off. And Cottage Park was supposed to be very limited, but over the years has somehow been open. A lot of the traffic that

was questioned -- I think Mr. Studen asked about that, is generated by the dance studio. It's, you know, parents coming zipping in, and zipping out. And it's really become particularly treacherous here at the dog leg as one of the photos you can see, it's just a blind end. And Mr. Fox had I think two pets hit, and his daughter almost hit. I don't see the gentleman here tonight, but it's been described recent near misses with vehicles coming in each direction. But that's just to answer you.

And a few points that I wanted to make, that this petition is actually very narrow in scope and it's basically trying to fix an anomaly that has existed since 1986 when Mass. Ave. was comprehensively rezoned from the Common out to Clarendon Street I believe.

Or Whittemore -- not quite the --

HUGH RUSSELL: If you can kind of -- MICHAEL BRANDON: I'm sorry.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: -- finish up your2 comments.

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MI CHAEL BRANDON: Okay.

Generally what that rezoning did, following comprehensive land use study, developed property owners all along the avenue was create a strip 100 yards back from Mass. Ave. along each side. There it is. That was BA-2. And there were a few spots that were put into the BA-2 District, including probably because of the respect that people had for the Emersons, that it was jutted rather than continuing. And that's why -- answers the question of why this proposal cuts through some properties. idea was to make it uniform with what was done almost entirely along the avenue in 1986. So, the suggestion that this is somehow draconian in its impact on the Emerson property is really three decades later than it should have happened given

1	what's going on in the adjacent neighborhood.
2	And so this seems an appropriate time to do
3	it.
4	PAMELA WINTERS: Could you finish up
5	your comments, please?
6	MI CHAEL BRANDON: Yes.
7	PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you.
8	MICHAEL BRANDON: Retail uses are
9	currently allowed, and commercial uses on
10	this street which is a terrible idea. And in
11	fact because of the way that zoning exists
12	now, it actually encourages demolition of
13	three-family houses, and including one that
14	the Emersons own. This is not just the
15	Emerson property. There's a suggestion in
16	their letter that spot zoning is clearly
17	mi sgui ded.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Thank you very
19	much.
20	MI CHAEL BRANDON: Thank you very
21	much. Sorry to exceed my limit.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Does anyone el se wi sh
2	to speak?
3	(No response).
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, I see no one.
5	Shall we close the hearing to oral
6	testimony leaving it open to written
7	testi mony?
8	And on that, all those in favor?
9	(Show of hands.)
10	(Russell, Anninger, Winter, Winters,
11	Ti bbs, Cohen, Studen, Nur.)
12	HUGH RUSSELL: I've been reading the
13	Special District 2 regulations, and it's the
14	intent to encourage the establishment of
15	residential uses in the district in a form
16	density compatible with the adjacent
17	residential neighborhood. However, given the
18	significant presence of non-residential uses
19	in the district, provision is made for the
20	conversion of those existing non-residential
21	uses to other non-residential uses more
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compatible with the residential neighbors with the intent that all non-residential uses will over time be replaced with permitted residential use. And in the Special District 2 the permitted non-residential uses are some of the office and laboratory uses, including medical professional, non-medical professional, agency office, and general office, and the retail business and consumer service establishments, arts and crafts studio, and the open air and drive-in retail service, sale of flowers, garden supplies and commercial greenhouses.

And as I think Mr. Brandon said that was to allow the continuation of a greenhouse use because the Special District 2 includes the greenhouses.

So my question is: If you're going to change the Zoning of this triangle, why is the Special District 2 the right designation that allows the -- I believe it meets -- the

general intent is met of what we want to do in this property. I don't think we're saying that we want this building to be torn down and replaced by two or three, two-family houses.

Now, the other point I would make is that the Petitioner didn't address Section 5.28 of the Ordinance. And I believe -- is that applicable in Residence B district, Les? That's conversion of existing non-residential buildings residential use by Special Permit, which actually has a relatively few criteria.

LES BARBER: The city has always interpreted 5.28 as being applicable in Residence B District and applicable to this site. At your next hearing when we hear the Norris School, Norris Street School conversion, which is in a Residence B District, you will hear some people assert that they don't believe that the 5.28 applies under Residence B District. So, in the end

1 you may ask the Law Department for a review 2 of that issue. But we have consulted with 3 the Law Department that made the 4 determination that we believe it is 5 applicable in a Residence B District. 6 would apply to this property which would 7 allow conversion to residential and, you 8 know, 25 or 30 units of technically whether 9 that -- it can accommodate that or not. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: It's a building. LES BARBER: Yes, right. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: 12 So should this pass, 13 that Special Permit is available. And so 14 it's not quite as bleak a picture if you were 15 to change it to Special District 2, that 16 Special Permit still applies but there are 17 also the option to have these office uses, 18 arts and crafts studio or greenhouse use 19 which would be a larger package. So I guess 20 I'm curious to know why that wasn't 21 suggested.

1 CHARLES TEAGUE: Do you want an 2 answer from me? 3 If you have an HUGH RUSSELL: 4 answer, I'd be happy to hear from you. 5 CHARLES TEAGUE: I think what 6 happened was the neighbors met after a very 7 poor experience with the previous buyers, the 8 Si NaPs Energy, who had taken the right of 9 office use to go and their misunderstanding 10 of the Cambridge Zoning Ordinance was really 11 sort of parallels the Emersons' attorney into 12 thinking that just a series of Special 13 Permits would allow a massive reduction in 14 parking and sort of a willy-nilly approach to 15 redevel opment. So, the neighbors as a 16 consensus was what they were interested in 17 was low density residential. So it's that 18 one use, the office use, that's not going to 19 go into greenhouses and arts and crafts and 20 studios are not going to support it either. 21 So in Cambridge you're going to have two

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thi ngs: Conceivably you're going to have low grade office space, but the proponents for there came out and finally admitted that they were going to use less than 30 percent of the building, but committed that they were all going to ride their bicycle or some such thing, they would only need less than half the number of parking spaces. So, it was unrealistic. They didn't understand the Zoning Ordinance. They didn't hire the people that understood the Zoning Ordinance who checked in parking in Residence B which As I said before, however was a Variance. this falls out, whether you leave it, whether you leave it BA-2 or not leave it BA-2, there will be a Variance and that's my contention. And you guys know the Ordi nance.

HUGH RUSSELL: Tom.

THOMAS ANNINGER: I must admit I didn't understand the answer very well.

Maybe, Hugh, you can interpret that for me.

HUGH RUSSELL: They're coming up with an experience where they were concerned that an office use might, you know, not be very difficult to live with. Is that a good paraphrase?

CHARLES TEAGUE: Well, it's even more than that. It's -- we have their -- we have one of their parking plans. The other parking plan was even sillier.

THOMAS ANNINGER: Wait, let me stop you there. You're focusing on what was -- I guess by all accounts a poor proposal. I think more apt would be to focus on whether the district, the Special District 2 would work or not. And if not, why not?

CHARLES TEAGUE: Special District 2 still allows office space. The consensus was office space was a bad idea in terms of parking and safety, and that was it. There was no question. It was a consensus. It was like 20 people. They live there. They

understand their street. And Bill Fox has --1 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, okay. 3 CHARLES TEAGUE: -- has experi enced 4 this personally for 50 years. 5 BILL FOX: Can I say one other 6 thi ng? 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Sure. BILL FOX: Whenever they proposed 8 9 office space, the company wanted to buy the 10 place. I heard rumors, but I heard they 11 couldn't use the whole building for office, 12 it's too big. So they'd only use part of it, 13 and maybe one third for their office and they 14 talked about putting a bakery in for 15 transient traffic taking bakery in and out. 16 And the neighbors said no way, we have enough 17 traffic as it is. And the transient traffic 18 coming in and out to the office. So that's 19 -- that was one of the big concerns. 20 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 21 Now, go back over THOMAS ANNI NGER:

1 something that I think was kind of critical 2 and I guess not fully understood when we 3 heard the testimony. What is that provision 4 that would allow an override of a residential 5 district in the case of a conversion that 6 might lead to 25 units regardless of whether 7 we change this to a Residence B or not? 8 HUGH RUSSELL: It's the provision 9 that allows the conversion of a 10 non-residential building to a residential use 11 upon the issuing of the Special Permit then 12 is standard Special Permit, you remember 13 because we've done this a number of times. 14 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Ri ght. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: Are relatively --16 THOMAS ANNINGER: I mean, this is 17 sort of a leading question to educate everybody I think because there's a missing 18 19 pi ece here. That's the missing piece. 20 I'm not sure that that's any more desirable 21 than an office.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: I think it probably 2 depends rather on exactly what sort of office 3 it is. 4 THOMAS ANNI NGER: That's right. 5 HUGH RUSSELL: And the other point is that if it's a Business A-2 use and there 6 7 are non-office uses that are permitted by 8 right, business -- retail business uses, that 9 would be much more difficult really. 10 Now, I'm going to ask Les, do you have 11 any recollection as to whether this question 12 came up on the SD-2 District was created? 13 Which question, Hugh? LES BARBER: 14 Whether the Emerson HUGH RUSSELL: 15 property should be in the Special District 2 16 or stay in Business A? 17 LES BARBER: I don't believe it did. 18 And we're just in both these instances using 19 historic district lines. And actually I 20 don't think the Business A-2 District was 21 changed in '86. I think this line goes back

1	for a long, long time in the Zoning
2	Ordinance. But in any case, when the Special
3	District 2 is created, the demarcation
4	between the two district lines existed at the
5	current location, and we were simply changing
6	the industrial district to a new district
7	within the same defined area.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: It appears that in
9	1977 this little triangle was zoned Business
10	B along with the rest of Mass. Avenue. Let's
11	go back to '74, same. Okay, 1943.
12	LES BARBER: You can hear the age of
13	those papers.
14	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Hugh was on the
15	Board al ready then.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: I know, I was
17	one-year-ol d.
18	BILL FOX: You guys are still young.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: It's a little hard
20	for me to interpret this map, but it's pretty
21	clear that it wasn't zoned residentially.

Let me

1 Whether it was zoned Business B, I think it 2 was Business B at that time in 1943. 3 go back now to 1924. Trolley Square was a 4 LES BARBER: 5 Business B District until we made the changes 6 So this was -- you know, the in '86. 7 railroad went through here as an active railroad at one time, and this was thought to 8 9 be the equivalent of Harvard Square or Porter 10 It didn't turn out to be that way. Square. 11 And clearly through a series of rezonings 12 we've eliminated that Business B District 13 entirely. But the business district lines I 14 think have been pretty steady over the length 15 of the Ordinance. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, in 1924 which is 17 when Zoning was adopted in the city, this was 18 in a Business 2 Zone or B-2 Zone. And that's 19 kind of similar to a Business B or an 20 Industry A Zone. And so.... 21 There wouldn't have LES BARBER:

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been much reason to worry about that line because the Fawcett Oil site was an industrial site and there were industrial uses all around. They were just grading between industrial use and business use, and that line hasn't changed much.

CHARLES STUDEN: Hugh, I think all the board members received a letter from Ni xon, Peabody regarding this proposed Zoning Amendment. And on page four I read their point that the Petition doesn't satisfy the criteria for zoning map amendment and constitutes reverse spot zoning, which is something that I wondered about when I first heard about this. And what I was wondering, and I don't know the answer to this, and, Les, maybe you can help us with it, because I think your point earlier, Hugh, about this particular area, you know, would it have made better sense to include it in the Special District 2 zoning. If that were the case,

would that then remove this concern about reverse spot zoning? I mean, and I'm assuming -- I mean, I don't know, maybe we need the city attorney's take on whether this does. This is Nixon, Peabody's contention that it's reverse spot zoning, and I don't know whether it is or it isn't. I think your suggestion was an interesting one. Special District 2 would seem to make better sense.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Can I jump in here?

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

H. THEODORE COHEN: I would be inclined to agree with the Emersons' attorney's point of view that it is reverse spot zoning. As they indicate, spot zoning is when you single out one property to give it preferable treatment. But reverse spot zoning is when you single out one property to give it less preferable treatment. And while there have been references to it be

1 draconian, I think it is correct. 2 what I've heard is the primary concerns of 3 the residents, and I'm very sympathetic to 4 their point of view, is that the problems 5 really arise from the Fawcett property and 6 from the dance property and the -- what 7 they're trying to remedy it somehow is by limiting the use of the Emerson property. 8 9 Now, it's neither spot zoning nor reverse 10 spot zoning if you attach something on to an 11 existing adjacent zone. So you can say well, 12 there's one attachment to an existing B Zone. 13 But I am concerned about that it's not 14 logical to take this old building that's 15 there and put it on to the B Zone where if 16 they're correct that what that would mean is 17 you would have to tear down the building and 18 most you could use it for would be two, 19 single-family homes or two, two-family homes. 20 I think there is, as Hugh has indicated, 21 there is certainly a logic to putting it into

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the SD-2 Zone. It seems to be that more appropriately fits there and allows the building to continue to be used for a rationale purpose whether it's commercial or whether it's a multi-family residential use. I do think that makes more sense. And the last comment I have is, you know, my concern is that we have, as a Board, been generally opposed to some petitions that are focussed very narrowly on what has been a small piece of property rather than looking at the larger And, you know, certainly there are area. lots of properties along the near part and along the old railway that perhaps it is time to look at everything there again and see, you know, is there some more rationale Zoning desi gnati on.

You know, when I saw this property -and I mean I've lived in North Cambridge for
35 years, and I have to confess I was never
on Cottage Park Avenue until recently when

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this came up. But when I saw the building, I thought gee, this would be great for multi-family housing like other properties that have been done further north -- well, closer to Porter Square say on Raymond Street and some of the other abutting streets where some of these old warehouses that have been along the railroad track were turned into housing. So, you know, I think maybe there's a whole area that could be looked at. know, whether we or the Department wants to do that now, I don't know. But, you know, I do have concerns that it is reverse spot zoning, and that it's attempting to resolve an off-site problem by changing something el se.

HUGH RUSSELL: Bill.

WILLIAM TIBBS: Just for clarification. We just said, though, that if this were a Res B, the Law Department has interpreted that this could be changed to

And I

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housing at this point.

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This is a perfect example for creating that section of the

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Ordi nance.

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6 kinds of looked at it from -- I was kind of

WILLIAM TIBBS:

LES BARBER:

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looking at it from if you appended this to

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one of the adjacent -- I mean, one is B and

That section.

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the other is SD-2, and I think it kind of

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wraps around -- but it does wrap around this

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particular building. It's a building that's

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been there for a long time. It has an

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industrial use, which is one of the reasons

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why we've had a very broad zoning concept in

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terms of how we want to treat these things in

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vari ous di stri cts. We want to convert them

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to residences. So I just kind of looked and

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I just did a little grid and said well, we

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have three options: We can leave it as it

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We can make it Res B. And I'm Looking İS.

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at it not from what the Petitioners are

1 asking for but what can happen. Or we can do SD-2. 2 3 PAMELA WINTERS: Right. 4 WILLIAM TIBBS: And I think the 5 concerns they have would apply. If it were 6 Res B and it was converted to a more higher 7 density residential, they'd still have some of the issues they have. The SD-2 allows 8 9 other uses which may or may not make that 10 better. And obviously keeping it in Business 11 A-2 still allows those things to happen, too. 12 THOMAS ANNINGER: That's right.

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WILLIAM TIBBS: So I guess I don't see the benefit. The only possible benefit the Res B could have is really to, in some kind of way, try to force it to be just a two-family thing, and I just don't think that's appropriate. We just have a history of a building that's worked in the nei ghborhood. Granted it's based on the natural owners that were there and that could

1 change in the future. But in my mind I don't 2 think it justifies making a Zoning change. 3 Certainly the only LES BARBER: 4 choices are one or the other. You can 5 include the industrial building and the SD-2 6 and the rest of the site and the Residence B. 7 WILLIAM TIBBS: Correct. Carve it 8 up in a different way. 9 LES BARBER: Carve it up any logical 10 way. 11 THOMAS ANNI NGER: That's right. 12 LES BARBER: I think the site 13 probably -- I think if you make the case that 14 the site deep off of Mass. Ave. is not 15 appropriate as a high density residential or 16 commercial district --17 WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes. 18 LES BARBER: -- and you're led to 19 looking at what the other districts are in 20 the vicinity, that would be logical to extend 21 to this location to have a better outcome.

1 And you've identified the two districts that 2 you could selectively alter as you think fit. 3 WILLIAM TIBBS: And I think you make 4 a good point there. Because even as I was 5 looking at their triangle, if that property 6 were drawn differently so that building was 7 in the SD-2 District with the others and the access to that building was through that 8 9 area, which you can't do at this point because they're not -- the properties aren't 10 11 -- they're separate properties. But if they 12 were one property, that would kind of solve 13 the neighborhood's concerns. Because 14 obviously you would restrict traffic coming 15 down Cottage. But that's not the case. So 16 either way I think to solve the problem 17 requires a different kind of solution I think 18 than this petition puts forth. 19 PAMELA WINTERS: I agree. 20 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, Pam. 21 Well, I certainly PAMELA WINTERS:

1 sympathize with the neighbors and I've gone 2 down that street for three years to the dance 3 studio which I enjoy tremendously. But it is 4 very tricky and, you know, you 5 encounter parents desperately trying to get 6 their kids to the dance studio, you know, 7 rushing down the street so, I do sympathize with you. 8 9 I guess I have a question for the 10 What would you like to see done resi dents. 11 with that building? I'm just curious as to 12 what you envision the building becoming. 13 BILL FOX: I talked to the neighbors 14 and they'd like to see residential. 15 PAMELA WINTERS: But just two units 16 in that building? 17 BILL FOX: No, no. They can do 18 anything. We'd like to see it stay and have 19 residents apartments built in it which 20 they've done all over the city. Old 21 warehouses, they've built condos all in them.

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But this is an awful big building. You look at the front of it, there's another building behind it as big as the front. So you have to look at the whole thing. It's a big piece of property, building.

Now, the street, if you're going to say put business in there which is transient traffic, the city has to do something with the street to bring new traffic in and out. You can't just build a -- you can't build an island without a road to it. That's the problem we have in here now. The street's not big enough to handle even with the residential traffic. The residential don't They go to Arlington. move that often. They come down Mass. Ave. Look how big that project is. And you watch the cars. rarely see how many cars are turning. And that would be three times the size of this. So, if you have residents and you're going to have less traffic. If you're going to have

1 more, but less than industrial was before 2 Zoni ng. 3 PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 5 Steve. 6 CHARLES TEAGUE: I was just going to 7 say it was always anticipated that 5.28 would be applied. If you do the 5.28 calculations, 8 9 you just -- it's the A-2 is 600 square feet 10 dwelling unit, SD -- you know, 5.28 is 900. 11 You can't build that many units there because 12 you're going to be parking limited. 13 Everything is going to be parking limited 14 And it's the trouble -- the trouble is here. 15 with the office space use is -- it requires 16 even more parking because they put it in the 17 table, and it's been there for a good reason. 18 And there just isn't enough parking. So it's 19 never anticipated that this would be a 20 two-family house. It's just a fabrication. 21 And it's always -- if you do the numbers, you

1 just count out the number of spaces. 2 have to look and you have to realize that you 3 cannot put the parking across the street. 4 And it's in Section 6. And it's due to a lot 5 of things. So, the parking going to have to 6 be in the basement. Once you put the parking 7 in the basement, you're going to end up with a yield of 18 to 20 units there. 8 You' re 9 going to end up with a yield across the 10 street of about four. That's what's 11 anti ci pated. This is total -- this is total 12 silliness talking about a -- the world's 13 largest two-family house. That's nonsense. 14 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 15 Steve. 16 Ted, when you were STEVEN WINTER: 17 talking about illogical, irrational, I wanted 18 to make sure that we all know where Ted's 19 going with that is not defensible. 20 whatever we come up has to be defensible.

And we would be very irresponsible to put

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something through that's not defensible. So I respect that.

I wonder, Roger, if I could put you on the spot and have you talk about -- I really respect the way you have identified and created pieces of what I call urban fabric around the city, and I wonder if you could just talk about this little triangle as maybe a vision for the things we would think about as we did in-fill development, as we did redevelopment, as we did adaptive reuse.

ROGER BOOTH: Steve, are you asking from an urban design point of view what an appropriate vision might be for this?

STEVEN WINTER: Yes.

ROGER BOOTH: Well, as somebody said
I had the same feeling. I went and looked at
this building, I think it was one of the
proponents, that it looks perfect for putting
in loft-type units or condos. So, I think
it's fairly straight forward that that would

be the best outcome. I think tearing it down would be quite a shame. And we actually toured the site with Charlie Sullivan two weeks ago. And obviously the Historical Commission really would like that building to stay. So I think it's not much more complicated than that. The parking does get to be complicated. We've seen things like that in the Blessed Sacrament. It's not always easy to get to the parking. And I haven't seen how easy it would be to put the parking under the building, but I would assume there's some way to do that.

STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Fox had an interesting point about an island. What are the kind of urban design principals that we think about when we connect something that's a little deeper into the neighborhood when we try to connect that to the avenue or to other arterials?

ROGER BOOTH: Well, I think I agree

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it would be problematic to have something that would generate a lot of traffic if that's what you're getting at. residential -- it's very true. Sometimes we think these large buildings are going to have And many of them, a lot of traffic. surprising how little there is, because they just don't operate at peak times. The Pfizer building over there on Finney Street is a huge building that has 180 units in it. It's amazing how quiet it is for most of the time. But I do think if you put residential in there, it won't have much of a traffic problem.

STEVEN WINTER: And thank you.

And there's one other question that I had as someone who grew up on military installations all over the world, I have a deep fondness and an affection for Quonset huts. However, what is it, the Quonset hut that we're talking about, is that part of

1	thi s?
2	HUGH RUSSELL: It's owned by the
3	Emersons.
4	STEVEN WINTER: It's owned by the
5	Emersons. Okay, okay.
6	H. THEODORE COHEN: But it's outside
7	this area.
8	LES BARBER: No. It's across the
9	street.
10	ROGER BOOTH: It says right there on
11	the plan maybe.
12	CHARLES TEAGUE: It is in Res B.
13	LES BARBER: It's already zoned
14	resi denti al .
15	MICHAEL BRANDON: It's right there.
16	ROGER BOOTH: Okay, thank you.
17	STEVEN WINTER: Thank you.
18	WILLIAM TIBBS: Hugh, I just want to
19	again, in trying to sort of I think
20	I've heard more clearly what their concern
21	is, which is that they would like it to be a

high density but not as high as it could be in its current zone. And, again, if that is indeed the meaning, because if you just look at the unit, the size of the allowable units, it could be less if it were Res B and they wanted to convert it to Res B, this existing structure than it would be. But I still wonder if this is the best mechanism to get at those ends.

HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, it seems like we're pretty much coming down at the same place, that we all would feel using this building for residential purposes made sense. That right now it can be used for a variety of uses, many of which would be inappropriate. So, it makes sense whether to be some sort of change. I think we're concerned about the point that Ted brought up, that going to Res B which would have the effect of only allowing the building to be used under 5.28, it might not pass muster on

1	the terms of reverse spot zoning. But on the
2	other hand going to Special District 2
3	because of its construction might mean that
4	the building might not end up as an office
5	building. So that's the dilemma.
6	THOMAS ANNINGER: Or even worse,
7	some drive-in retail.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, the only
9	drive-in retail permitted is related to the
10	nursery use.
11	THOMAS ANNINGER: Sale of flowers?
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
13	So, now is there more that we want to
14	think and discuss? Are there more ideas that
15	we might have? Or is this essentially
16	constitute a report what we want to tell the
17	City Council as kind of a hard choice to make
18	here. There's no ideal choice.
19	Ahmed, you rai sed your hand. You
20	haven't spoken yet.
21	AHMED NUR: Thank you, Hugh. I do

agree with what you're saying, but I have a little variance. I wondered if the property is for sale now, correct? Therefore, if -- let it go for 90 days or so and then come back and revisit this. I mean, to me it would make sense. They've owned the property for this long, and part the residents, been very respectful to the residents from what I could hear. And if it is causing them as denoted to basically nothing, but then I just wondered if, you know, there's some sort of a timing frame would make sense and come and revisit this.

HUGH RUSSELL: Susan, you have a comment?

SUSAN GLAZER: I was going to comment if the Board wants a little more time to think, you do have it. I mean, the petition expires on February 21st. So if you wanted to take the time to do another site visit or think some more about it, you do

have the time.

WILLIAM TIBBS: I guess I have a question for Ahmed. I guess I wasn't sure what that would do, allowing more time.

AHMED NUR: I was thinking along the lines of they could sell their property and not feel that our position have caused for the value of the property to go down. Just one thing that I was thinking of straight forward.

HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I think that until you know how the City Council is going to dispose of this petition, the only potential kind of a use you could look at would be a residential conversion. And if I were on the other side of the table, I think well, they're going to be a lot more desperate after the Council passes the ground zoning. I'm not going to make a deal now.

H. THEODORE ANNINGER: And similarly given the state of the economy, expecting

that a deal is going to happen in 90 days or 180 days is, you know, probably wishful thinking on everybody's behalf.

Hugh, can I add one gloss to what you've said?

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

H. THEODORE COHEN: In general I've agreed with what you said, and from what I've seen at the moment it seems to me that it's appropriate to be residential property, but I don't know at this point in time I would foreclose that there wasn't some appropriate office or some other commercial use that would make sense and would not create more traffic if it stayed a residential use and would be fitting with the rest of the neighborhood, especially since it's next to the Fawcett property and SD-2.

CHARLES STUDEN: I really agree with you, Ted. We can't control everything. And I'd like to see that flexibility. And to be

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able to see -- to evaluate these proposals on the face of their merit. Whether it's residential or some other use that allows the owners to get the value that they have on the property, I think it's terribly important. And at the same time recognize and respect what the neighbors are saying, because obviously they are raising some legitimate concerns about the safety and so on of the traffic on the street. That's why I think going back to the Special District 2 seems -it seems to do that. But I don't know. think Susan is suggesting that we have some time, and if we need to think a little further about it, I don't know whether that would be beneficial or not. Perhaps a site vi si t.

HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, I would be inclined to end our discussions now, take it up again in a month or six weeks and see if anything has changed. In that time we can

1 visit the site for those of us who haven't 2 already done it. And I don't think it's 3 pressing. And again, because there isn't 4 really a perfect solution here so maybe we 5 shouldn't rush to say whether --6 THOMAS ANNINGER: Can I just ask Ted 7 one question about reverse spot zoning? 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 9 THOMAS ANNI NGER: SD-2 would 10 represent a down zoning as well as a 11 Residential B but less so. And, therefore, 12 perhaps it is not quite as intense a concern? 13 H. THEODORE COHEN: That's my 14 initial thought. And we can certainly ask 15 the Law Department here for their -- because 16 they would be the ones who would interpret it 17 But it seems where part of the or defend it. 18 Emerson property is already in the SD-2 Zone, 19 that simply extending it, and I'm not sure 20 that I would do it as this triangle, but 21 perhaps just do it as the red and, you know,

1	maybe the purple, as acknowledging the
2	historic use of the property and that it fits
3	more into an SD Zone than into a residential
4	zone, you know, I think it would be more
5	difficult for someone to successfully argue
6	that that was reverse spot zoning rather than
7	a an appropriate extension of the existing
8	zone.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So would you
10	like us to request the Law Department to look
11	at this particular question? Does that make
12	sense?
13	WILLIAM TIBBS: I think it would
14	help us. I think it probably help the
15	Council, too.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So, let's take
17	a ten minute break, reconvene at nine o'clock
18	for our 8:20 time hearing.
19	(A short recess was taken.)
20	HUGH RUSSELL: We are ready to
21	reconvene.

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(H. Theodore Cohen not in attendance for this hearing.)

HUGH RUSSELL: And we're going to be di scussi ng Planni ng Board case 251, 61-69 Bolton Street. We've received a lot of paper in the last few days. Some of it just hitting our desk right now. We have some revised plans from the Applicant. We have reports from several city agencies. We have statements from a number of individuals. So I think what we should do is ask the Petitioner is quickly put on to the table and on the record the revised proposal. do it as quickly as possible so then we can go and listen to reaction of people here to that proposal.

ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Thank you. Good evening, Mr. Chairman, members of the board. For the record, James Rafferty on behalf of the Applicant. This is Douglas Mr. Beaudet you might recall was Beaudet.

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ill the last time we were here, so we proceeded in his absence.

Just a few quick items to report before we take to the changes. One of the issues that we were asked to address was to have a meeting with the neighbors. And I want to express my appreciation to the neighbors for -- particularly Ms. Maute. I hope I've got her pronunciation correct. In helping to coordinate that meeting, Cadbury Farm had graciously provided us with a room that was very proximate to the neighborhood. And we had a meeting a week ago Monday night. it was very well attended I would say, about 25 people. And I know Ms. Maute even provided some notes to the Board on that.

So it was an important and helpful exchange. It was at that meeting that the Applicant and our architects were able to walk the neighbors through the modifications. And there are four really key elements to

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And I know the Board has had an them. opportunity to review the package. summary, the most significant change to the plans since it was last here, was the reduction of the removal of the fourth floor of the building. It was originally proposed to be a four-story building. Compliant with the 45-foot building height, but nonetheless I think one of the clear messages from the Board, particularly when evaluating the criteria of the Special Permit around multi-family housing, including the concept that the thing should not avoid existing -overwhelm -- we should avoid overwhelming existing buildings. That change was straight forward, and it had a number of implications for the project. It obviously reduced the height by approximately ten feet or nine feet. It reduced the GFA in the project by approximately 5,000 square feet. resulted in the reduction in number of

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dwelling units from 25 to 20. And there's a corresponding reduction in the number of parking spaces.

We did look at a couple of other issues that we were asked to, and I just wanted to familiarize the Board with them. The location of the driveway. It's fairly -it's in the area close to where it is today, the curb cut. But one of the things we had looked at was the possibility of relocating that. We even went so far to consider whether a Sherman Street access would work. We received some feedback from the Traffic Department. I think there's a memo to the effect where they did not favor that They actually thought that the approach. driveway in that location is acceptable or on the Bolton Street side. We actually then looked at flipping the driveway to the other side of the building. That would run us afoul of the requirement that curb cuts

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shouldn't be within 25 feet of intersections. The driveway in that location is 20 feet It does provide a buffer between the wi de. abutting house. The parcel to the immediate right off this side here is a parcel that contains four structures. There's an original structure right in the front which admittedly is very close. And then there are three additional structures. It's a seven unit lot with three additional structures, one of which -- the two front structures really don't have much of a setback at all. But one of the things we heard from the neighborhood and looked strongly at was what about the operational issues which again are criterion of Special Permit. So in this revision trash and recycling can now all be accommodated inside the garage.

The other design feature that emerged with the smaller building, you might recall that the parking was extending into the rear

setback underneath the building, and it was screened on the Sherman Street side but it's still along the track had that unpleasant relationship where the building feels like it's on stilts and the hoods of the cars are sticking out. This design now allows the wall of the garage to come to the ground. So it's a fully enclosed garage. So, the impact admittedly is along the rail edge of the property, but it can be seen as you approach the site from Rindge Ave. down Sherman Street. So now you'll see a complete wall there.

The project, I think, meets a number of the criteria around the way the building should be oriented in its open space. It should be -- the criteria of the guidelines say it should benefit passersby and others.

And we probably got one of the more significant elements of open space along Sherman Street which does improve that

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pedestrian section. And then these front yards along Bolton Street. You'll recall that the design here is townhouse and spa at that level with gated front yards and doors on the street.

I think it's fair to say that despite the changes, we continue to hear some concern around density and the number of units. What we did in this case was reduce the effect of all these changes is a 20 percent reduction in the project size. The five units, the 5,000 square feet, the reduction of parking One way to envision the project is spaces. the base number of units there are 16 units. This is a 16-unit project. And then the application of 11.200 of the inclusionary housing results in two affordable units and two bonus units. So that gets us to 20. this building as it's designed is an example of the application of that. Interestingly with the reduction of the square footage,

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we're really taking advantage of very little portion of the bonus GFA. You'll recall that formula also allows for 30 percent bonus in GFA. And Mr. Carlson will give you that number, but we're taking advantage of less than five or ten percent of that. He'll give you the hard number.

We continue to try to look at the building in ways that can be responsive to concerns about the street. There was a strong concern expressed about the capacity of Bolton Street of the sewer and water The project engineers had two system. meetings recently, one last week and one as recently as today with Mr. 0' Reardon. And his memo today reflects both of those And the short answer is that there meeti ngs. is in place, and I know that the Board is aware of this, there is in place a method whereby the project can actually result in a net improvement to the storm water system,

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particularly with the requirement of retention systems. The water can be held on the site and discharged into the system at a controlled rate such that the additional sewerage doesn't have any added burden to the It's a very important issue, no system. doubt, and it's one that will continue, will require continued attention. But I think if you look closely at what Mr. O'Reardon is saying, he's suggesting that it does exist a path to allow us to achieve that outcome. And certainly any approval of the project would require a signoff by Mr. 0' Reardon. So we'll continue to work on that.

And I think finally the last thing that Mr. Carlson was going to walk through in response to what Mr. Tibbs had requested, and we just passed it out tonight, was a little bit of a context study of surrounding building heights and densities. Because again, the criteria under Special Permit

10. 47. 4 talks about the relationship of these buildings and whether or not they're getting overwhelmed. We did a little bit of lot area per dwelling unit analysis, and we're pretty consistent here with the average -- we committed about 1200 square feet per dwelling unit before you to the application. If you apply the affordable units, it's about 900 per square foot.

So, we continue to want to listen and to work with the board and the neighbors to achieve an acceptable outcome here. You'll recall that the Special Permit that we're here for, the Board is the multi-family Special Permit. In this district it's required for a project containing 11 or more base units. The project at 15 -- the application of -- I'm trying to say this -- a non-Special Permit project if you will, that didn't seek the multi-family Special Permit, would result in 15 units in this project when

1	you apply the density bonus and the
2	affordable housing requirements. This
3	project is a 20, and I think that might give
4	some perspective as to, you know, where the
5	range is here. We're five units down. I
6	think the reduction and height of the
7	building really is a modification here that
8	in our view really allows for a whole
9	different impact of this building on the
10	streetscape and we're eager to get your
11	reaction, and of course hear from neighbors
12	as they continue to explore the project.
13	Thank you.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Thank you.
15	JAFI KHALSA: Can I move the mic
16	over here, is that okay?
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.
18	JAFI KHALSA: I'm Jafi Khalsa,
19	Khal sa Design, the architect for the project.
20	I just wanted to run through I'll
21	try not to repeat too much of what Jim was
	1

saying. But if we go here to the next slide.

open space is located. That we've located

In this slide you can see where our

the trash and the recycling within the boundary of the building in the garage. The garage is fully enclosed now. There's two parking spaces outside. With the relocation of the trash and recycling to the interior of the garage, we're able to create an area at the end of the driveway there where we can pile up snow in the winter. We've got about a nine to ten foot area there for snow

Regarding the bicycle room, I know you had a memo regarding the bike room and the accessibility to it. From the exterior of the building we have to remove a couple of bushes and get a walkway over to that door, which we intend to do. From the interior of the building I think how we can accomplish the access a little better is if we cut the

storage at the end.

1	corner where it says sprinkler. If we cut
2	that corner at a 45-degree angle and locate
3	the door there
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Can you point that
5	out with your pointer?
6	JAFI KHALSA: Does anybody have a
7	laser pointer?
8	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
9	JAFI KHALSA: Thank you.
10	This is your bicycle area here. This
11	is the trash here, and here that's been
12	located inside. This is your snow storage
13	area at the end of the driveway. The
14	there was a concern from the people who
15	reviewed the bicycles about access. We show
16	a large a paved area out here for common
17	recreation. We want to extend the pavement
18	over and get a walkway over to this door for
19	exterior access, removing some of the
20	planting bed at this edge. And the thought
21	is that if we cut this at a 45-degree angle

here, we can get the door in at the corner, not impinge on the parking bicycle parking spots at all and have a better clear access to that location. So, I think we can pretty readily resolve that concern regarding the bicycles.

Additionally, we have some excess area in terms of width of backup spaces along this line of the garage here where we can locate additional parking spaces. And it also should be noted that these couple of parking spaces which are outside here, are covered. They are protected. It's not fully enclosed, but it does have a roof over it as the spaces out here are exposed to the weather as well.

As Jim said we've reduced the building down from 31,000 -- approximately 31,800 square feet to 26,666. That's an FAR of 1.36 where previously the proposal was an FAR of 1.625. So, it was a substantial reduction. And the unit density calculation reduction,

the number was a little bit higher, it was 978 square feet per unit not 900. If you go with the 16 units and it's 1222 square feet per unit. I'm sorry, if you base it on the 20 units, it's 978. If you base it on 16 units, it's -- I got that mixed up.

Okay, the 16 units is the 978.

HUGH RUSSELL: We don't care about the 16 units. We just care about what's in the building.

JAFI KHALSA: The 23 units is 978.

And I did -- we did spend sometime reviewing the densities in the neighborhood. And as Jim represented to you, the density is somewhat similar on this lot. You can see we are proposing a three-story building. It is of somewhat similar character to what we had before, but we did have an addition of a number of bays and detail strips to further break down the facade. We did put porch entrance types of treatments over the doors

into the units, located those centrally in the bays. We did add additional porches to the sides and the interior courts of the building and around the sides on the buildings as well. And it was pointed out earlier, the garage is fully enclosed now at the track level and you don't see the cars hanging out beyond the face of the building.

This is a perspective views of the reduced building. Again, you can see the addition of the different elements versus to bring the scale down closer to the street.

The additional trim details, the additional bays. More accent at the street level on the entrances and the harness treatments over the individual entrance doors at the street.

This was the study that was put together showing -- one of two studies that was put together showing how the mass of the building fits into the neighborhood. This being the proposed building which is 36 feet,

fits pretty well into the texture of the neighborhood now. You've got -- the apartments are condominium complexes next-door which we'll see what the height is on the next slide, but it's pretty close to that height. You've got the apartment building on the corner which is a hair under -- just about at 39 feet. You have an apartment building down on Blair which is 40 feet tall. So we're shorter than both of those buildings. And pretty well fit into the context of the height and texture of the neighborhood.

This slide here actually will -actually indicates what the height of the
different buildings are. Ours being 36.
Directly across the street is 39.9 feet.
This building over here is right at -- a hair over 40 feet. Building down here 39 feet,
seven inches. The ones next-door here are 32 to 33 feet at their peaks. And these being,

you know, in some areas two and a half story buildings, and in some areas three and a half story buildings. So we are fitting much better into the texture of the heights into the neighborhood.

And then we did do a shadow study which shows that our primary shadows are being cast out towards the railroad tracks. At the end of the day we're casting on the neighbor as you head towards late afternoon in subset.

But the building is somewhat nicely positioned in terms of the orientation so that you're generally casting out either on to the street or onto the railroad.

I do have photographs of the neighborhood if that's of interest to run through the neighborhood. But if you want to save time, I don't need to present those. Your discretion.

HUGH RUSSELL: We'll skip that right now.

JAFI KHALSA: Okay.

I do want to address one last thing and that was I did spend some time speaking with the civil engineer on the job. The civil engineer has run preliminary calcs after his meeting with the DPW, and he calculated that the water storage tank would give out about 500 gallons. And that an additional -- if you wanted a 5,000 gallon sewerage storage tank which would be provided on-site. And that would be dosed out into the system. This would take the site from essentially what's designed right now as a two-year flood management to a 25-year flood management.

Okay, thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you.

Questions at this time from members of the Board?

AHMED NUR: I have one question about the 500 gallons. The civil engineer, can you just run that by slow?

JAFI KHALSA: Yeah, the a storm
water management is buffered by a 500 gallon
underground tank. And the sewerage is
buffered by a 5,000 gallon underground tank
is what the initial calculations from the
civil engineer was.
AHMED NUR: You're going to install
those in the basement, is that what you're
sayi ng?
JAFI KHALSA: We don't have a
basement. It will be installed on the site.
AHMED NUR: On-site?
JAFI KHALSA: Correct.
AHMED NUR: Thank you.
HUGH RUSSELL: Pam, why don't you
start and then Charles.
PAMELA WINTERS: Just a quick
question. I was wondering
ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Jafi,
there's a question. Pay attention to the
questi on.

1	JAFI KHALSA: I'm sorry.
2	PAMELA WINTERS: Hi. I just was
3	reading (inaudible) memo. And did you allow
4	for space bicycle spaces inside the garage
5	for the tenants?
6	JAFI KHALSA: The current drawing
7	indicates eight spaces in the garage.
8	PAMELA WINTERS: Great.
9	JAFI KHALSA: Okay? And two spaces
10	in the front.
11	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
12	JAFI KHALSA: We do ifitis
13	required to add another two spaces, we do
14	have room next to the recycling areas to add
15	another two more spaces.
16	PAMELA WINTERS: I'm glad there's
17	indoor spaces. That was my concern.
18	Thank you.
19	JAFI KHALSA: Sure.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Charles.
21	CHARLES STUDEN: I'm trying to

1 understand the trash system in the building. 2 You've moved everything indoors. Does that 3 mean that the truck or trucks that come to 4 take away recycling and trash enter the 5 garage and everything is dumped into the 6 truck while it's in the garage or does 7 everything have to be moved out to the 8 street? 9 JAFI KHALSA: They're in the big 10 roller bins. 11 CHARLES STUDEN: Okay. And where 12 does that --13 JAFI KHALSA: It gets rolled out 14 into the driveway and loaded into the truck 15 in the driveway. I live in a development 16 personally has 11 units. It has a ramp going 17 to the basement, and that's the exact same 18 system. 19 CHARLES STUDEN: So a management 20 company will move the containers out into the 21 driveway where in the area where the snow

1 gets piled up in the winter? 2 No. Actually, the JAFI KHALSA: 3 operator of the trash removal company themselves will have a code for the garage. 4 5 They open the door, they go in and they take 6 the trash out. And they, they handle the 7 whole operation while they're there. 8 CHARLES STUDEN: So it's not 9 municipal trash? 10 No, it's not. JAFI KHALSA: 11 CHARLES STUDEN: And recycling? 12 JAFI KHALSA: It's trash and 13 recycling, and the same company can handle 14 both. 15 CHARLES STUDEN: Thank you. 16 WILLIAM TIBBS: I want to go back to 17 Ahmed's question. You said the tanks would 18 be on the site, but what's your thoughts 19 about how you're -- because when I read that 20 letter, that was my first question is how 21 were you going to accommodate the retention

tanks within this site?
JAFI KHALSA: Yeah, the retention
tanks will be between the building and
Sherman Street underground in that Location.
WILLIAM TIBBS: It's going to be
underground?
JAFI KHALSA: Oh, yeah, oh, yeah.
It's underground.
AHMED NUR: I'm sorry, one more
question. The snow pile up corner. It shows
a handi capped parking for a van. What do you
intend to do with that? Is that where you're
going to put the snow?
JAFI KHALSA: Well, there's two
handi capped parki ng spots. They' re provi ded.
Only one is needed. We provided two. And
there's the access way between. The snow is
going to be put behind that area, not in that
area.
AHMED NUR: Okay, thank you.
HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Is that it for

questions? Then we'll go on to the public testimony.

And so I have a list of a number of people who wanted to speak. I'll call your names out. When you come forward, please give your name and your address. And we ask you to limit your remarks to three minutes. Pam will signal you when that time period is over. If you come forward, you can say, this is true, I agree with what my neighbors have said, and you don't have to take the full three minutes.

First person on the list is Laura Runkel. Second person is Joe Power.

Runkel. I live at 56 Bellis Circle. That's just kitty-corner across from this lot that's under consideration for development. I continue to have concerns about the size of the development for the neighborhood and for the lot. I think they did a good job of

1 presenting it looking much smaller and even 2 looking appropriate in the neighborhood, but 3 I would actually like to see the pictures of 4 the neighborhood because I think it would 5 help us to put that in better perspective. 6 But overall, my general concern is this is a 7 large building and a one and a half, perhaps 8 one block long dead end street that's already 9 overburdened with parking and traffic. 10 that will spill over into the other side of Bellis Circle, which is -- has the exact same 11 12 structure. It's narrow. It has trouble with 13 traffic. I don't think that developing this 14 to the slightly smaller scale that they've 15 proposed is going to alleviate any of the 16 concerns that we had about the infrastructure 17 of the neighborhood. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. 19 Joe Powers. And after that Mark 20 Sutherl and. 21 JOSEPH POWERS: My name is Joe

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I'm district representative for Power. Carpenter's Local 40. Our offices are at 10 Holworthy Street in Cambridge. I'm here representing the carpenters because we've been assured by the developer Doug Beaudet that this job would be a non-union job. Ιt would not pay area standard wages and benefits which means my members would not be -- will be on the sidelines and will not be participants in this project. I've spent the better part of my life proving to people that a union job is a better job in terms of quality, in terms of construction, in terms of safety, in terms of trying to fit in with the wishes of the community. In spite of that, this developer here says that he is going to thwart the wishes of the community and bring in outside people, pay them less than area standard wages and benefits. means unlike union building trades people, they will be unable to live their lives in a

And

1 dignified way with health benefits, pension 2 benefits and safe working conditions. 3 why we oppose the project and we're siding 4 with the neighbors who oppose the project. 5 Thank you. 6 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 7 Next speaker's Mark Sutherland. the next speaker after that is Jack 8 9 Cicherelli. 10 Yes, my name is MARK SUTHERLAND: 11 Mark Sutherland. I live at 132 Pearl Street. 12 I am opposed to this project pretty much for 13 the same reasons that Joe spoke. I'm with 14 the Carpenter's Union as well. There's a lot 15 of sad stories out there. You need only look 16 at the Globe today to see all the 17 foreclosures of people and their families, how much they're hurting. We need good jobs 18

21 I didn't hear him say anything about

for people who live in the City the of

Cambridge. That's why I oppose this project.

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1 committing to any local help or anything like 2 that so I'm opposed to the project. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 4 Jack Cicherelli. And then next 5 somebody Mahew. 6 JACK CI CHERELLI: Good evening. My 7 name is Jack Cicherelli. I live at 37 8 Plymouth Street in Cambridge. I've been a 9 carpenter my whole life, and I'm a Local 40 10 member and I support the neighborhood in this 11 project and I oppose this because they're 12 going to be low substandard performance of 13 this job and wages also. 14 Thank you. 15 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 16 After Mr. Mahew, David Vice. 17 Good evening, Board. SAM MAHEW: My18 name is Sam Mahew. I live at 29 Glenwood 19 Ave, Cambridge, Mass. I'm here to oppose the 20 project for the same reasons as my brothers. 21 I just want to add on to the fact that I'm

1 also a basketball coach at the high school, 2 and our young men in this town also need 3 Everyone doesn't go to school. 4 Everybody can't afford college. And every 5 one of these jobs that comes into this town, 6 they have the opportunity to work for Local 7 40 as a carpenter and earn pay and stay in this town, okay? A lot of these gentlemen 8 9 that come here bring help from all over the 10 states, from other countries. People who 11 aren't paid correctly and so on. And it 12 doesn't do a thing for this community. All 13 it does is deplete the original people who 14 grew up here and live here and want to stay 15 here. 16 Thank you very much. 17 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. 18 Next speaker is David Vice. Next after 19 that is Andrea. 20 DAVID VICE: Hi, my name is David 21 I live at 19 Bellis Circle. Vi ce.

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just wanted to comment on the density of this I think this is picture is a pretty project. good view of what the project will look like. I think about ten years plus ago the city changed the Zoning on the tracks to reflect a change from industry to intense residents We live in, I think it's a B-1 development. But nonetheless, I'm not sure Zone or so. exactly what the Zoning is, but it's 0.5 FAR. So you're looking at a 0.5 FAR community up against an -- up against a what is it, 1.3 on this project I think? And this project is --I don't know when the Zoning was changed, but it reflected I think a time when, you know, when the densities weren't nearly as high as My building here on Bellis the neighborhood. Circle has been surrounded by Zoning Vari ances. Up above FAR I myself am concerned about the spillover elements of this project. And particularly also the 35-foot high height limit in the front is a

1 It's got a little indent there. wall. 2 really doesn't have much of an affect when 3 you step back from the building a little bit. 4 And -- let's see what else I had. 5 project -- this project is actually quite far 6 away from the T as well. So, I think you'll 7 see most people -- most people on Bellis 8 Circle drive. And most high density projects 9 now are generally having supported next to T 10 stations or public transportation, I think 11 that's very much what Cambridge is about now 12 a days. And I guess that's it. 13 Thank you. 14 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 15 Andrea and then after that Janelly 16 Rodri guez. 17 My name is Andrea ANDREA WILDER: 18 Wilder. I live at 12 Arlington Street in 19 Cambridge, and I'm currently studying the two 20 watersheds; the Mystic River watershed and 21 the Charles River watershed. So I wrote that

with this study in mind.

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The flooding last spring affected western and northwestern areas of Cambridge. This area of Cambridge is part of the old geologic Avalonian Sea. And anyone who has tried to dig in Cambridge clay understands why this material was used for bricks. Bolton Street is part of this area. And while it is only a couple of blocks away from one of the FEMA flood lines, the crease of the railroad tracks, it is subject to the same problems that hit part of Route 2 last spring because it also is flat and low. Consequentially, anyone wanting to build in this area should take account of possible flooding and sewerage backup, find ways to mitigate against this in both the planning and permitting processes. The City of Cambridge is now in the process of determining a range of hydrological consequences from climate change. Hence, is

1 not yet in a position to put out a master 2 plan for city protection when the Mystic 3 River watershed reaches its maximum ability 4 to absorb rain and floods surrounding areas. 5 Thank you. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 7 ANDREA WILDER: I'll submit that for 8 the record. 9 HUGH RUSSELL: Janelly Rodriguez. 10 And after that Kathy Hickey. 11 JANELLY RODRIGUEZ: I'm Janelly 12 Rodriguez from 75-B Bolton Street and I just 13 want to say a couple of concerns that I have 14 as long as everything else that my neighbors 15 have said. 16 You know, the neighborhood is not 17 getting anything from this project except any 18 -- Lots of inconveniences and increased 19 traffic and density which has already been 20 You know, at the community rei terated. 21 meeting that we had last week, the developer

was nice enough to bring some handouts of things that he's done before. And a lot of them seemed to be just renovations on existing properties that were already there, and it didn't seem that he had ever done a project of this magnitude. So this is probably the biggest project that he's ever done.

After the meeting last week we're also concerned about the relationship that this developer is going to have with the neighbors and the neighborhood because he didn't give us a very good first impression. I'm concerned as well if and when the project starts, where all of the equipment will be placed. You know, I don't think it's fair if we get -- if the equipment gets placed on the side street. You know, where the only parking is on one side of the street. You know, I don't want that to be taken away from us. Just again, you know, everything that

1 has been stated from all of our other 2 neighbors. You know, it doesn't --3 everything we talked about doesn't alleviate 4 any of our concerns. And, you know, we're 5 going to be living on a pretty overpopulated 6 street. 7 Thank you. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 9 Kathy Hickey. And after her, Sylvia 10 Weston. 11 KATHY HICKEY: Hi. I'm Kathy 12 Hickey. I live at 78 Bolton Street. I have 13 quite a few concerns. In this picture 14 everything looks so spaced out. It's not. 15 My house is actually the back to where the 16 driveway is. My biggest concern is the air 17 My son is asthmatic and that is his quality. 18 bedroom. 19 I'm also concerned -- we live in the 20 condos next-door and when we did our plowing

we put it in the back. And what happened was

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our fence fell over in the middle of the winter. Because it was in the middle of the winter, we couldn't get it back up. It was a safety concern. If they put their snow back there and they keep on pushing it back, eventually that fence will fall.

I'm concerned because we had backup sewerage this summer on -- in the people's washing machines on my -- in the condos started filling up with sewerage because this street couldn't handle it. Also, they need to put more cars there because there's not permanent parking. Anybody can park there. We get everybody from Malden Square and everywhere else parking on that street. It's just too small an area for that building. They have to make it smaller. I mean, they have to build something, but it has to be smaller. Because also where it says 39.9, that building their driveway comes out on to Bolton Street, too. That's more cars that

1 come out on to Bolton, too. 2 Plus, with all the people living there 3 there's tons of cars. There is no parking at 4 nighttime. But it's not -- it's not a permit 5 so anybody can park there. And people even 6 switch their cabs up there on that street and 7 will leave their cabs and take their cars and just park back and forth. So I don't know 8 9 where these people come from, but it's not 10 residential parking and so anybody can park 11 So, you got to consider that this is there. 12 really a dense neighborhood. It's not as 13 spread out as this picture looks. 14 Okay, thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 15 KATHY HI CKEY: Thank you. 16 Syl vi a Weston. HUGH RUSSELL: 17 SYLVIA WESTON: I'm Sylvia Weston 18 and I'm giving my time to my neighbor 19 Lorenzo. 20 Okay. HUGH RUSSELL: Lorenzo 21 Parive, you're next on the list. And after

that Bruce Cartwright.

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three minutes to Lorenzo.

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5 I can. I thank you all for hearing our

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comments today. My name is Lorenzo Parive

BRUCE CARTWRIGHT: I wish to give my

LORENZO PARIVE: I'll be as brief as

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(phonetic). I've been a resident of Bolton

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Street since 1994 with my partner

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respectively since 1996. I've been a proud

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resident of Cambridge since 1986.

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today. And as bold as it might seem to many

We understand what is before the Board

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of you, we're asking you, we're imploring

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you, okay, to not only reject the Special

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Permit but to -- as bold as it might seem, to

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ask this developer to work closer with us.

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To reject the proposal in its entirety. And

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 $\mbox{\sc I'm}$ going to explain to you why we believe

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this. I'm speaking as an individual, but I'm

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also speaking as a representative of the

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people on this street who have tried to build

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a community, a neighborhood, a neighborhood despite many, many developments. sewerage in our basements, flooded basements every time it rains. Those are real issues, And this Board, this Board for two previous developments on Bolton Street, you all have restricted the size of those developments to six and seven respectively. Maybe it was other members of this Board that did that, but this Board said to developers previously, Bolton Street is tight, folks. These Lots that were developed previously, are not that much smaller than the lot that's in question here. We're talking 20 to 25 units versus six and seven respectively in two other lots. We're asking you to use the same criteria that you used in those previous approval s.

You've heard it already. This is a mammoth development, folks. This goes against the very fabric and grain of our

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It does not fit the current nei ghborhood. make up of the area. It's going to stand out like a tumor. As beautiful as that tumor looks, it's got nice window dressings, aesthetics shouldn't drive the decision making in this process. It's a tumor. lt's a tumor with nice window dressings. Most of the housing stock in the area, as much as the folks that tried to paint this as a nice fit, it's really tumored in. Most of the housing stock except for two apartment buildings, they're less than 10 units each. Every one of those other buildings on Bolton Street are one-family and two-family units. They might be very different in size and scope and history, but they share a small sized approach to residential neighborhoods. is not Richdale Ave. This is not Pemberton Street, where those streets have been able to accommodate these kinds of mega condominium Our street can't afford and easily centers.

integrate 20 to 25 high-priced condo units when most of our units are one and two-family units, except for those two apartment buildings, we're working class and middle class folks. These are -- this is not the kind of area where you just drop 20 to 25 high-priced condos and just say live with it. That's not what this community can endure, folks. I'm sorry.

There are a number of other reasons why this should be rejected.

PAMELA WINTERS: Sir, if you could wind down your thoughts, that would be great. Thank you.

LORENZO PARIVE: There are a lot of concerns about congestion that folks have already raised. It's a nightmare on Sherman Street each day for residents to lead and get to their properties. You've heard about flooding, drainage and sewage issues. This addition is only going to put greater burden

on our fragile and taxed systems throughout this street. The sewage backups you've heard about -- you've heard about the difficulties with respect to how many parking spaces are being provided here. No family, no family has just one vehicle. This street cannot accommodate 15 new vehicles. This street -- how are we going to accommodate 75 new people if at least three people live in each one of these units? We've got to think about these things.

And last but not least -- I know I've gone probably longer than I have but I thought by my neighbors deferring to me as a representative of them, you would let me speak. At least they do that in the United States Senate. I would hope we could do that here in Cambridge.

The last thing I would like to say is I ook, we need to recognize that global warming is a reality. Okay? We have had the

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worst storms in Massachusetts, in New England in the last 15 years. We need to plan around And you can't just drop 20 to 25 uni ts. Even without a basement, you all know that whenever you create a foundation, you're interfering with the flow of capillary water. You're also increasing hydrostatic pressure, increasing the water table and creating propensities for greater sewerage and flooding problems. No matter how many systems folks tell us they're going to put in place to fix it and make sure it doesn't happen, the two developments, they came to you and said we're going to have storage We're going to make sure that nothing tanks. gets into the sewerage system. Nothing gets into people's basement. We still have basement floodings. We still have sewerage backups.

So I appreciate the developer says they're going to put these systems in. We've

1	heard that before. Those systems have not
2	worked.
3	I have prepared testimony here, at
4	least five copies and some pictures of our
5	street that I'd like to share with you. I
6	wish I had more time, but I hope
7	PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you.
8	LORENZO PARIVE: I'm given thank
9	you.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So, I would go
11	back to Ms. Weston or Mr. Cartwright. If you
12	want to add anything?
13	BRUCE CARTWRIGHT: Lorenzo is my
14	partner. If you want to let him speak some
15	more, we put a package together.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: No. We have our
17	rules. We don't follow the Senate rules.
18	BRUCE CARTWRIGHT: You don't follow
19	the Senate rules?
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Which is just as well
21	I think.

1 Ms. Weston, would you like to come 2 forward? 3 One of my greatest SYLVI A WESTON: 4 concerns is the sewerage and the flooding 5 that happens every time it rains, and it 6 doesn't even have to be a flood. Thi s 7 constant sewerage backup and constant 8 flooding every time we have a rain on Bolton 9 Street and there's a huge -- in front of my 10 building, my property is a huge ditch where 11 when it rains, the water just sits there and 12 that is one of my great concerns. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. 14 I'm going to continue down the list. 15 Next name is Michael Sigell. And after him 16 is Thomas O'Connell. Does Mr. O'Connell wish 17 to speak? No. So then Ellen Loring? So 18 then Paul a Maute. 19 MI CHAEL SI GELL: Hel I o. Mi chael 20 Sigell from 33 Bellis Circle. I want to 21 agree with most of the points that my

neighbors have made. I want to also reinforce the beauty of these pictures and the disconnect from the reality of walking around the neighborhood. This seems to be clearly a single block unit which just does overpower in scale and proportion every other dwelling in the area. The drawings don't show that, and the space really seems to give a different feeling. But it just thwarts as one single mass, the experience as a wall incongruent with the neighborhood in terms of its massing.

On Bellis Circle as I mentioned last time, we are very small single side parking, parking facilities. And we already are absolutely fighting with people who are from Malden Square from Malden, from Sherman Street, we don't have enough parking on our own street as it is now. It's like car wars every single night. There's just no way that we can envision that the amount of units

that's being envisioned here can be accommodated by the structure as it is.

Regardless of what Zoning allows, the facts on the ground of the actual experience of the people in the neighborhood runs counter to what seems -- what the technical Zoning allows. So there's a disconnect there that's hard to communicate unless you actually live the experience in the neighborhood.

In short, I just want to concur with all of the concerns about infrastructure failure. I know Owen, he's a great guy. He's very conscientious. I don't doubt anything that he has to say. All I can say in response to what has been presented here is that most houses on Bellis Circle have sump pumps, Bolton as well. And they're always burning out. Regardless of what has been put into place, it seems like there's -- the infrastructure in Sherman that leads into Rindge, that goes into Alewife, just can't

1	handle what's coming into it. So, I just
2	l'm not a technical man. I just know what l
3	experience. I've lived there for 40 years.
4	And it is a constant and perennial problem
5	that doesn't seem to be getting better. And
6	I just can't imagine that this is going to
7	have no effect. It just doesn't make sense.
8	So we're opposed to it. We think it
9	should be scaled down dramatically. And I
10	just wanted to add that the only person that
11	I can imagine in the neighborhood who is in
12	favor of this is Jose's because he'll get a
13	lot more business if the population goes up.
14	But I don't know a single person who feels
15	this is a good idea.
16	PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: I buried the list
18	here. Okay, Paul a.
19	PAULA MAUTE: Was there someone
20	before me?
21	HUGH RUSSELL: No, they didn't wish

to speak.

live directly across the street from the proposed development, and I spoke last time.

I couldn't agree more with what everybody's

PAULA MAUTE: I'm Paul a Maute.

6 talking -- reinforcing about the traffic and

flooding, the sewerage, parking, but let me

just see my notes here.

I want to mention that this summer when it -- when my basement flooded water and sewerage -- I'm a single mother with a ten-year-old daughter. It's the second time I've had to run down cellar and deal with raw sewerage coming in the cellar, which is actually a furnished room, TV and, you know, it's heated and everything. So it's like I have not -- until I figure out how to plug the drain pipe, I have not been able to use that room. And I am so afraid -- no matter what the builders say about putting in a storm water retention, that that's going to

1 fix things up, my condominium which is across 2 the street has a huge storm water retention 3 thingy and it doesn't work. I mean -- and I 4 wanted to just say one more thing. I know my 5 three minutes are up, but is this the pointer 6 thi ngy? 7 PAMELA WINTERS: You have two 8 mi nutes. 9 Don't ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: 10 point that in anybody's eye. 11 PAULA MAUTE: Can you show me how 12 that works? There's a red button here? Wow. 13 I wanted to talk about the traffic on Bolton 14 Street. Can I use this? Well, maybe you 15 can. I live right across there. There's a 16 driveway where I live there's six 17 condomi ni ums. 18 JAFI KHALSA: To the right or left? 19 PAULA MAUTE: To the right. 20 right there is my driveway. Six cars come 21 out everything morning. Across the street

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where my other neighbors have spoken, yeah. There are seven cars coming out of there. Down Blair Street. Do you know where Blair Street is? They're all empty now. So in the morning, also in that apartment complex on the corner, that has 12 cars. So imagine, you know, in the mornings 12 cars, 6 cars, Blair Terrace or Blair Street, and it's a dead end street. You know where it's cut off It's a dead end. We're all trying to there. get out. And add 20 cars plus, you know, another 15 I estimate, it's going to be a And I know, I know the builders have Z00. their rights to build, I'm guessing I think it's 11 they have a right to. And then with all the whatever add-ons, that appears they have a right to build 15. But even 15 is going to cause a whole lot of congestion, and then parking too. Where are those extra 15 cars going to park?

Oh, yeah, one last thing. When it

1 flooded this summer and I had to go down 2 cellar and deal with all the sewerage in my 3 cellar, I called the DPW. And I said what can you do? You know, what can you do to fix 4 5 our street? And he said well, you know, 6 there's something about an incline on your 7 street where the sewers are. And he goes and to fix that it's going to take three years 8 9 because we need special funding, you know, 10 federal, state, wherever their funds come 11 So he basically said sit back and from. 12 don't expect nothing to happen very soon. 13 And I realize the builders were saying we're 14 going to fix this. But, you know, reality 15 and what -- you know, what's promised and 16 what's reality are two different things. 17 Just please, we're just asking keep anyway. 18 it to 10 or less if possible. 19 PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you. 20 Thank you. PAULA MAUTE: 21 HUGH RUSSELL: Mi chael . Three

minutes, sharp.

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Thank you, I'm MI CHAEL BRANDON: Mi chael Brandon.

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I think the neighbors have eloquently stated why this project does not deserve a Special Permit in its current form. I think if you apply the criteria in the Special Permit regarding traffic and impact on abutting properties and so forth, there's simply no way to make the necessary findings

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to justify this Special Permit.

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I'd also point out that ironically my group, the stabilization committee, was involved when most of these neighbors' projects were being built. And similar concerns were raised by the existing neighbors back then when there were, you know, perhaps 20 or more fewer units on the I also point out, you don't see it on this drawing, but down to the other half of Bolton Street is very undeveloped.

There's a large vacant lot that's owned by the Cambridge Housing Authority that potentially might be built on. And then there's also the industrial building that I believe is now vacant and could be redeveloped or used. So all of those problems that you've been hearing about, about traffic and parking are going to be multiplied backups at the railroad crossing and so forth.

Just the other point, and I agree about the prettifying of these drawings with large trees shown, which I'm sure are not there now except for one in the center of the lot that will be torn down, that will be knocked down. Not necessarily on this particular slide, but on some of the others. But the existing tree is an amenity that will be lost.

The flooding issue I think is really important. This area is traditionally flooded. The city has done flooding projects

1 on Sherman Street to try to alleviate the 2 problems on Bellis Circle, longstanding 3 problems because of the clay. I also wonder 4 about, and I don't know if there's been a 5 21-E study that's been shared with the 6 neighbors, to show what kind of contamination 7 might be next to this site or on this site next to the railroad tracks. But I guess 8 9 just designed to a 25 year flood is clearly 10 not adequate given at least 50 year floods. 11 We've seen over the past 10 and 15 years, and 12 even as recently as the summer that little 13 cloud bursts which all over the city created 14 problems. 15 So thank you very much for your time. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 17 Okay, that's the end of the list. 18 there anyone who wants to speak who didn't? 19 Charles. 20 CHARLES MARQUARDT: Charlie 21 Marquardt, 10 Rogers Street. A couple of

quick things.

First, I think this is pointing out an issue again which we're having in the city.

It's more CDD that we're acting with developers rather than dealing with the Zoning. This horse has left the carriage house whatever you want to call it. The 15 units is the base. So the question is between 15 and 20 it's not between 15 and four or something. So I think we're put in a position where no one's going to be happy. I think the city needs to work on that piece.

Having brought up the issue with snow,
I'm sort of glad to hear that they're working
on it. I'm somewhat though, and I don't want
to use a bad word, but I'm frankly offended
that the one place for the handicapped
parking spaces, only two spaces that aren't
covered and that's where they're going to put
the snow. So I'm picturing a handicapped
person when it's snowing out, can you go

please move your car so we can put the snow behind your spaces? That really doesn't work for me. I'd like to see some better way to do that.

Visitor parking. Sort of silent on that. And, therefore, are they going to try to park on Blair Street where there's a private way? Didn't mention anything to it. I know a lot of other places put some visitor parking. Maybe I couldn't see it in the pictures.

And finally we talk about 20 year floods, and again this is a city thing. I think we've had four of them this spring. So let's do a little bit more. We have some great in mid-Cambridge, enormous tanks that Harvard put in. They fill up too. And all that happens is the water just keeps going up and up and there's nowhere for it to go but in people's basements.

And the last thing I'll put in and I'll

be under three minutes, Pam. Is I saw covered balconies, and just based upon this earlier discussion today, I just want to make sure that they're included in the GFA calculation for the entire project. So they're not back in a couple of months asking for a redo.

Thanks.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Sir.

JAMES SAUL: My name is James Saul.

I live at 203 Pemberton Street which is right across the railroad tracks from the proposed building. I'd just like to briefly say that the traffic and parking horror stories that my neighbors have mentioned at this meeting and the previous meeting are 100 percent accurate without going into further details.

I'd like to point out that Mr. Khalsa's contention that the revised building fits within the scale of the neighborhood does not

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seem accurate even from these drawings. In a similar size area across the railroad tracks there are a total of nine residential units. In this proposed building there are 20. The total height numbers are similar on both sides, but on the other side of the railroad track we're talking about the measurement to a peak and a steeply pitched roof. And in this building we're talking about 36 going This is a much across the whole building. more massive building than in the surrounding area.

I realize those are two features that are a factor in the Special Permit. And I don't know if this one is, but I would hope that there's a way for the Board to consider the fact that we have here a developer coming in from outside of the city and imposing these costs on the neighbors and the city.

And I think the fact that we've heard from people from the union expressing concern

about this project, I think it demonstrates a further lack of concern by the developer for the neighbors and the City of Cambridge.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Does anyone else wish to speak?

(No Response.)

HUGH RUSSELL: I don't see any hands so I would propose that we close the hearing for public testimony and we'll leave it open for written testimony in the event we don't make the decision tonight.

So this is an interesting proposal as was alluded to in the previous hearing. A reason this site is zoned the way it is was to encourage housing in a place of industrial or other kinds of uses that would seem to be less. And the time it was put in place which is maybe 15 years ago, 20 years ago, quite a while ago, anyway. It was thought that we needed to get a border ratio of a certain

the city went and decided that we needed to have more affordable housing in the city, and so we passed another law that said in exchange for admitting affordable housing units, buildings could be bigger. So you have a lot that allows a lot of development. And we have a proposal before us which is using something like 80 percent of what's permitted at this point in time. So that's curious.

Now, what's being sought is basically a site plan review of multi-family dwellings.

And there are some standards that we're supposed to evaluate. And none of the standards really relate very directly to what we've been hearing tonight, people's problems they have with this project. We're not supposed to decide how big a project is supposed to be. That's not one of the standards. And we're not supposed to be

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addressing city drainage issues. And under parking, what the language says: Is parking areas, internal roadways and access/egress points should be safe and convenient. Ιt doesn't actually ask us to address is there enough parking? What is the situation of existing on-street parking in the area?

So if we go by the letter of what we're supposed to decide, I would imagine there would be a bunch of unhappy people sitting there saying you didn't listen to us. that's a dilemma that we face here. to work within the laws, and the laws tell us to look at certain things and not to look at everything. So my own personal viewpoint is that the building is, you know, bigger than many of the buildings that are nearby. not much taller than many of the buildings nearby, but it's bigger. It's bulkier. is a scale of the residential area around it is mostly pretty small structures. And it's

clear to me that the framers of this provision that this is being built under were perfectly well aware of this, the predominant kind of zoning in North Cambridge is Residence B, one or two-family zone, there are many one or two-family and in North Cambridge. And we knew, and I say we because I was on the Planning Board when this happened, we knew that if you had a floor area ratio of this, you were going to get the kinds of projects that you can see on Harvey Street, that you can see on Richdale Avenue. And that they are different.

So, I look at this and say well, is this project as good as it can be? You know, are they taking advantage of every possible opportunity to address the scale issue? And I have to come down and say well, they're doing a lot on scale, and there have been significant changes between the earlier proposal, but it's going to be different. I

mean, fortunately it's different than the building that's directly across the street which is a product of an earlier aging building in the city on the corner of Bolton and Sherman Street which came before me when I as on the Zoning Board 35 years ago I think for some reason I think because they wanted to put some more units in the basement, but my memory's not that great.

You know, I don't think personally that the parking is going to work out. I believe there will probably be some overflow parking from this building because it's a long way to a T station because there aren't, you know good bus routes close by. That there's apt to be more than one car per dwelling unit there. And I think you've heard a lot of testimony that there's a lot of competition for the parking spaces already. So I don't, I don't like that. I don't see anything in the criteria that we're supposed to enforce.

So I guess that's sort of my intro.

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I'm not concluding anything. I'm also very concerned about the issue of the flooding and the sewer problems. I think what the city engineer is saying to us is the two things the city -- there's one thing the city can do and that's address the overall drainage in the area. Right now it's a combined sewer system, and the city's in the process of separating the sewer system and trying to alleviate the problems. And that hasn't been done here yet. And when that's done, there may be some changes. I'm reading between the lines on that last statement because it's a difficult -- at least you're not -- when storms -- if the sewers and the storm are not connected, and when you get flooding in your basement, it's going to be perhaps not as much sewerage. Perhaps none at all. It may take quite a while to get the cross connections done. We know that the general

drainage in quite a large area up here is difficult. There's lots of frequent flooding, and it's related to the fact that ultimately the water's got to get to the Mystic River. It's about four, five miles away. And it's about something like ten feet lower in elevation. So you don't have a lot of head to push that water down. And I don't know what the city's going to do to try to alleviate the problems.

What they can say is they're going to make this developer put in retention tanks.

And I'm suspicious that 500 gallons may not -- that number doesn't seem very significant to me. Maybe you didn't hear that correctly or something.

JAFI KHALSA: It could be that I didn't hear it correctly from the engineer.

HUGH RUSSELL: Right. But we do know the city engineering department is going to come up with an engineering judgment and

they're going to require that to happen. And the basic principle is that the flows off the site will be reduced from what they are today.

WILLIAM TIBBS: Reduced.

HUGH RUSSELL: So, I don't think anybody who is living nearby is going to see any improvement as a result of that. But the idea is this project will not make things worse. And then eventually the city will try to make things better.

So I'm wondering do we wait for more discussions from the city engineer? As on other projects do we simply say he's got his authority to do, you know, that represents the city's interest and engineering and we don't have to second guess him?

CHARLES STUDEN: I tend to think the latter just as I defer to the transportation

Traffic and Parking Department to advise us on transportation and traffic matters. I

think that the city staff, based on their experience and their background and training, have obviously a lot to share with us and we have to rely on that. I think we're being asked to look at it from the perspective of the Zoning and whether this project meets those requirements. I think it's -- what we have before us tonight is a very big improvement over what we saw the last time. I think the reduction in the number of units, and in particular the height have improved the building significantly. I think there are probably more things that can be done, but I don't know how much control we have over that. I'm still pretty much bothered by the rear of the building. And while I understand what was intended by enclosing the parking inside the building, and building that wall, I think that maybe that wall could be treated a little bit differently. coming down Sherman Street -- and again, as

you go around the corner of the building, building to me has two faces. It has an elevation on Sherman Street, and it has one on Bolton Street. And the Sherman Street, first floor, if you look at the elevation is not terribly attractive, especially from the center of the building to the left, it's nothing but a blank. I don't know if it's a concrete or masonry wall, there's no articulation whatsoever. I wish that something could be done with that -- those You know, even some kind of lower walls. fenestration, because the garage is going to be terribly dark that that might help. again perhaps this is a detail that we're not supposed to get involved in. But again, it might help the building to look a little less -- well, bring down the scale of it I guess is what I'm struggling with because I do understand what the neighbors are saying. But all the other technical aspects, the

traffic and again the sewerage and so on,
while I'm sympathetic to those, I think we
have to defer to -- I would suggest we defer
to the city departments on those.

HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed.

AHMED NUR: Well, two of the issues that I addressed at our last meeting was one of them was the shadow study and all the seasons, and you've shown me that.

Second on that was the roof drains on -- it looks like A4 on your plan you're showing four roof drains, and I'm not sure if the tension system, water retention system underground has anything to do with collecting and recovering this water and using it as a grey water. One thing in my case and again, I have absolutely no control over it I can only make a suggestion, one thing that will help to capture that water, grey water and use it for your grass and also for your flushing your bathrooms, you know,

1 would slow down the rate of runoff. Because 2 you've got huge (inaudible) in this area. 3 And I agree with Hugh that 500 gallons isn't 4 going to do it. 5 JAFI KHALSA: I think I misstated 6 that. 7 AHMED NUR: Yes. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Steve. 9 I agree with STEVEN WINTER: 10 Charles, this project looks a lot better. 11 continues to look a lot better. And we've 12 got a memo from Traffic and Parking proposing 13 no problem, no particular or serious 14 problems. Although we do know there are 15 parking problems and we do know there are 16 traffic problems. They're not outside of any 17 ordinanced guideline that we seem to have in 18 the City of Cambridge. 19 I want to ask Susan, are the storm and 20 sewer separated in this part of town or is it 21 one?

CHARLES STUDEN: They're combined.

STEVEN WINTER:

They're combined?

They're not separated? Okay. Well, and I

flooding of my house on Crescent Street

flooded three times over ten years waist high

can tell you that I'm very sympathetic to the

in the basement which was also living space.

And it's, it's a disaster of astounding --

it's like having a fire. You lose

everything. So I get it.

But I also don't feel that the storm water mitigation or storm sewer separation is within the purview of this board to be making judgments on. I don't, I just don't believe we have that authority. You know, we went from 20 -- was it 20 percent reduction in the size of this building? There's, I think the developer made some concessions. But I think it's -- I think we have to really understand that what we're hearing is that traffic, flooding, sewerage and parking over and over

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and over and over again. We really are hearing these over again. And I have to say I come, I -- when I step back and look at a defensible decision that this board can make, I think we've asked for everything we could ask for. There may be a little bit more that we can put out there. Maybe a little more thoughtful things that could There may be more storm water happen. There may be more low impact mi ti gati on. development techniques that this developer could do. I don't know. There could be more that we could bring out, but I think we're almost there.

THOMAS ANNINGER: I guess it's my turn. I think the last or second to last speaker was correct when she said that if this were 15 units instead of 20, we would probably hear the identical comments that we hear for the 20. I don't think it would make any difference. And I guess everybody

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understands that 15 is as of right. That there would be nothing for us to say if they came back with a proposal of 15 units. They wouldn't have to come to us. We wouldn't even be here tonight. So I think that has to be acknowledged.

I'm also hearing while traffic, sewer, parking, flooding have all been mentioned, as I understand it, I think the key objection is It is the length of the -- the the bulk. length and width of this -- I don't want to call it a tumor, but a block of buildings that is out of scale with the rest. while I think Hugh said it absolutely correctly when he said that that was understood when this townhouse ordinance was passed, that it would be something larger than this. I guess if we wanted to go to the point of trying to make this fit in a little bit better, I think there's room for yet one more round of change. I don't know what it

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would take and I don't know whether that's within the range of what would be feasible economically and what the developer's willing to do, but it would seem to me that you might be able to take more off the table, if not completely, this bulk doesn't fit in concept that we keep hearing is if you broke this down into four buildings with some space in between each one and maybe had, I don't know whether you could do it, but five units in Maybe it would take two fours each corner. and two fives. Maybe 18 units would do it. But I think you need to give some space in between things to make the blocks look more like what is in this neighborhood. Right now it doesn't quite fit. And I think it could have worked with this, but the objections are so strong and the feelings are so raw about this, that I think this is going to be a festering problem that I'm not comfortable joining in on in its present form. I don't

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think it would take much. And that is a major suggestion, a major change. But I think something needs to be done to break it, the scale down so that it looks more like the scale of the neighborhood. And that might take shrinkage. I know we're now down to a range between 15 and 20, so there isn't a lot of play here. I'm going to guess that two, maybe three less units might give you the air that's needed to make it fit a little bit better. And my guess is if we had another public hearing and you came back with what I'm suggesting, we might hear the identical That's very possible. words. There may be no room for satisfaction here. They may not be able to get satisfaction, but I think I'd give it one more try, if not for them, for I think it would make it a little bit US. easi er on us. This is a difficult one as it now stands.

HUGH RUSSELL: Pam.

PAMELA WINTERS: Yes. So I was

going to make just two comments, and one Tom just very eloquently expressed was the massing of the building. And I thought that was a very good idea, Tom, in terms of breaking it up into townhouses or into buildings that fit more in scale with the rest of the neighborhood. So that was my one comment.

The other comment was there's 20 parking spaces for 20 units. You have no visitor parking, no visitor parking spaces.

ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Right.

PAMELA WINTERS: You know that -- I can't believe that somebody isn't going to come in there with two cars and where are the visitors going to park? So that's my other concern, too. So those were my two concerns. And I would love to see, you know, just a few more parking spots for visitors and for people to have more than one car.

Thank you.

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HUGH RUSSELL: Bill.

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WILLIAM TIBBS: As Tom so eloquently said this is a dilemma. But I don't feel the remedy needs to be quite so strong I guess. I look at this from the perspective of what can you do as of right? I mentioned that last time. And what was the differential between what the Special Permit is doing and what you could do as of right? I think there was a very large differential in my mind between what I saw last time and this time. And there's more of a differential. just don't know from a number of units, if taking off another two or three units really gains you but so much.

I do think that just in the detailing and of the architecture that there might be things you could do to give it a better sense of scale. But I don't think we need to -- I don't feel you need to break it up into

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I think one of the -- one of the uni ts. speakers at the public hearing said it all, that this neighborhood is sixes and sevens and eights. And a 15 is significantly different is going to feel different, and we're kind of seeing what that means. And a 20 and a 25, over 20 I guess in this case is just not -- it's doing what unfortunately for most of the folks in the audience is doing, what the Ordinance wants to do, which is more dense buildings. And I just think that -- I just think that with so much you can do. I think there has been -- as Hugh said, within 80 percent of what the capacity of what the Zoning says they could do. that's a substantial reduction already. I just don't think reducing it anymore gains us too much from my perspective. But the other board members have said it, the storm water issue is actually interesting because if you do what the city engineering

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department wants you to do, there actually will be less storm water from this project going into the system than currently goes on right now. So that even though it doesn't make the problem you have there is just a problem, and once city buys new sewers, it will make that problem better. But they are protecting you in that sense by saying this project could not add to that problem at all.

And, again, I agree that the numbers that you mentioned seems very off to me. that's the strategy. It's just to try to make it better. So I'm kind of feeling where Hugh was in the very beginning which is we look at the Zoning and we look at what he Zoning was trying to do, and I hear the problems that we have. I was really looking to hear from Traffic and Parking as to what their senses are. Because I came out of the first public hearing feeling really concerned about just how much that was. And basically

as you said, they didn't say this was great, but they didn't say it was so terrible that they didn't even suggest too much mitigation for the things we thought, that maybe moving the entrance to Sherman they said it was a bad idea. It turns out the 20-foot wide so to speak actually gives them a lot of maneuverability in ways which makes it not quite as bad.

And I think another person said right, too, I mean, there are other sites here that can be developed. And so this issue as of right, which means what can you do on the property without coming to us or doing anything, they can just go and start building, and get a building permit and go. Because I'm inclined to -- I would be interested to see if there is something that we can do to make the massing feel better. But I'm inclined to feel that this is a big improvement. And whereas at the first

1 meeting I was looking at the criteria and 2 thinking this is going to be hard to see how 3 that can work, quite frankly I think they've 4 made enough changes that I can see that 5 criteria working now. And that wasn't the 6 case last time. And based on what we see, 7 this is a substantial change. I mean, when 8 projects come before us we always see change. 9 But this is substantial. And I did go to the site and I did walk around. And so I do have 10 11 a sense of the reality of that, of that 12 diagram. And you're right, it's not as open 13 as -- I do have pictures on my little thingy 14 here that I kept referring to as we were 15 But if I look at what the Zoning tal ki ng. 16 says they can do, and it's hard for me to say 17 that they can't at this point. 18 0kay. HUGH RUSSELL: Shall we? 19 PAMELA WINTERS: May I make one more 20 comment? 21 HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

1 PAMELA WINTERS: Sorry. I'm just 2 wondering on your comment, Bill, I'm 3 wondering if there's a way for them to keep 4 the 20 units and just redesign things a 5 little bit so there's more space in, between 6 you know, just sort of make it feel less 7 blob-like to the neighbors, you know. Well, I think they 8 WILLIAM TIBBS: 9 made a pass of that from the last time to 10 this time because it does have a little more 11 articulation than it had before. And I agree 12 with Tom that another pass at that might make 13 it better. 14 PAMELA WINTERS: Ri ght. 15 WILLIAM TIBBS: It's just that I 16 didn't agree that the dropping of the unit 17 count would make a big factor into that. 18 Hugh, I've been ROGER BOOTH: 19 listening and taking notes. It seems there 20 are quite a few considerable design review 21 considerations here, the Board should want to

move this forward.

And the bike storage suggestion

Mr. Sing tried to suggest a solution, didn't sound to me like it went all the way. I know Karen Simon (phonetic) said that was an issue that wasn't working.

There are some issues in the plans that I think need some more looking at. Some of the living rooms actually are looking into each other's windows. Particularly on the side by the tracks there where there's several bikes taken out. There's really not much of a view from those living rooms.

And one of the things that's happened from the previous scheme to this scheme, that there's no longer an elevator in this building. So, I think that actually means it's probably easier to do some of the moving around in the massing. Because, you know, a lot of times the elevators -- it's like a critical thing that you have to work on. And

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the sort of the basic unit has a very odd situation where there's a little study. don't know if you noticed that. And the bathrooms are very hard to get to from the second bedroom. There's always a master bath associated with the master bedroom. But the other one you have to walk through the living room and around to get into the bathroom, which usually we don't get that much involved in the interiors, but I think it does play out on the exteriors. In fact, there's again on that notch over by the railroad there's a window that's showing right where there's a wall coming done (inaudible).

And I certainly agree with, I believe it was Charles was talking about that Sherman Street elevation, the previous scheme had some openings into the garage along there and now that's a blank wall. Windows in the garage aren't necessarily that helpful. But I do agree they could maybe go higher up or

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something, but it helps break up the blindness.

CHARLES STUDEN: Exactly.

ROGER BOOTH: And I'm concerned about certainly the storm water has to be dealt with. And I'm sure we'll want to see what Owen's read is on what they're doing. But just saying it's going to be over there on Sherman Street and green space, then what happens to the green space? Are we not going to have adequate landscaping? Because I think one of the things that people have said they found appealing was that they were looking at these big, mature trees. And if we've got huge masses of storm water retention, I don't know how much green we can really have there.

And I also feel like those handicapped spaces with the snow removal, that doesn't seem very well resolved either. So there's just a fairly good list of things that I

19 20 21

1	would ask the Board to give us leeway to deal
2	with. If you want to delegate it and have
3	them do it between now and the next
4	meeting
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, it would be my
6	preference to ask them to continue working
7	and come back to us once more.
8	ROGER BOOTH: I think they're
9	significant enough that that would be a good
10	i dea.
11	PAMELA WINTERS: Roger, thank you
12	for your input, too. Thanks.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Any last comments?
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: Well, I've said my
15	piece and I think I'll just have two. I
16	would have trouble supporting the project as
17	it now stands.
18	PAMELA WINTERS: I would, too.
19	THOMAS ANNINGER: I think I need to
20	say that at least to give you a measure of
21	what we're looking at. And I would base it

1 on what I think is the key provision here in 2 the Ordinance, you know, what we'll call the 3 overwhelming clause. I think in there is a 4 fair amount of judgment, and I think there's 5 still some room to help on that issue. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: 0kay. So --7 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: May 1? 8 Mr. Rafferty. HUGH RUSSELL: 9 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Coul d T 10 make a briefinguiry just to --11 HUGH RUSSELL: Sure. 12 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Thank you. 13 We will of course try to address this, but I 14 do want to say that part of the challenge 15 here has been the issue around bulk and mass 16 and unit count. So one can envision a 17 building very similar in its current 18 configuration with fewer units, but that 19 certainly wouldn't address the concern about 20 the developing mass. Or building with less 21 bulk and mass but with a similar unit count

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And because I do think at that exists today. the end of the day, the one or two difference in units probably isn't going to change the impact of the building. And obviously (inaudible) those vehicle trips are problematic and all that. I think one would have a hard time discerning the difference in impact between an 18-unit building and a 20-unit building. I just introduce one real aspect of the difference between 18 and 20 because we really have crunched these In an 18-unit building delivers at numbers. least two affordable units. In a 20-unit building delivers two affordable units. if you think a little bit about the economics of housing here, taking two units out, which looks better on paper and maybe is seen as responsive to legitimate concerns, those two units I think overall aren't going to have a discernable impact on the street, but have a real significant impact on the financial

1 viability of the project. So I think what I 2 would conclude from the discussion is that we 3 should continue to look at design 4 modifications, including the issues 5 identified by Mr. Booth that would address 6 the mass and size of the building. And I 7 think we, we're eager to address that and I 8 think we can probably come back if your 9 schedule permitted at the next hearing with 10 But I hope that if we take that that. 11 approach, it is not seen as being indifferent 12 to the other issue around the unit count. 13 But I think it's more likely that we can 14 achieve further modification on bulk and mass 15 than perhaps unit count. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: I would only modify 17 that slightly to say that it's the appearance 18 of bulk and mass that we want you to work on. 19 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Thank you. 20 HUGH RUSSELL: And if you end up 21 with exactly the same flurry but it looks

less massive, then that will have met our criteria.

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WILLIAM TIBBS: And I just want to say that all you have to do is go down Mass. Ave. in North Cambridge and see that we can stuff that's very much as of right and be very bulky and very (inaudible). So I think the fact that you're requesting more units gives us the opportunity to just try to just balance that a little bit better. I think on this side you can have an as of right building equally as bulky and equally as -and not articulated at all. It could be a big box, and it would not please anybody in the neighborhood at all. So I think that the whole reason for having these things and having these things come before us is to try to get the best that we can. So I agree, we should try to do that.

ROGER BOOTH: And I think in doing this design work, it would be really helpful

1 to have some eye level perspectives. Because 2 when we look at this bird's eye perspective, 3 it's really distorted and we want to look at 4 what it's feeling like when one walks on 5 Bolton or Sherman. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: There are several in 7 our package that were very helpful. THOMAS ANNINGER: 8 Putting this up is 9 not helpful. Well, in a way. 10 WILLIAM TIBBS: Actually I did find 11 it helpful but only for the information. 12 that it was -- it did give me a sense of --13 having walked the neighborhood, it gave me a 14 sense of height and stuff. So I found that 15 was helpful for my intention. But I think 16 you can't take it by itself. You have to 17 have --18 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Thank you. 19 No, I agree. I think it was an attempt to be 20 responsive in the context. Yes, I yield the 21 balance of my time to you all.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I believe we
2	are adj ourned.
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4	(Whereupon, at 10:40 p.m., the
5	meeti ng adjourned.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS BRI STOL, SS.
4	I, Catherine Lawson Zelinski, a
5	Certified Shorthand Reporter, the undersigned Notary Public, certify that:
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7	in this matter by blood or marriage and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of
8	this matter.
9	I further certify that the testimony hereinbefore set forth is a true and accurate
10	transcription of my stenographic notes to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of December 2010.
12	my hand this oth day of becomed 2010.
13	
14	Catherine L. Zelinski Notary Public
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