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3	PLANNING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
4	GENERAL HEARING
5	Tuesday, February 7, 2012
6	7:00 p.m.
7	in
8	Central Square Senior Center
9	806 Massachusetts Avenue Cambridge, Massachusetts
10	Hugh Russell, Chair
11	Thomas Anninger, Vice Chair William Tibbs, Member
12	Pamela Winters, Member Steven Winter, Member
13	H. Theodore Cohen, Member Ahmed Nur, Associate Member
14	Community Dovid compant Staff.
15	Community Development Staff: Brian Murphy, Assistant City Manager for
16	Community Development Susan Glazer Liza Paden
17	Stuart Dash
18	Jeffrey Stuart Iram Farooq
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Sitting Members: Hugh Russell, Thomas
3	Anninger, William Tibbs, Pamela Winters,
4	Steven Winter, H. Theodore Cohen.)
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Good evening. This
6	is a meeting of the Cambridge Planning Board,
7	and the first item on our agenda as is always
8	is we review the Zoning Board of Appeal
9	cases.
10	LIZA PADEN: Good evening. There is
11	a case that has been previously heard by the
12	Zoning Appeal that the Planning Board gave a
13	negative recommendation to, and this is the
14	one at 21-23 Sciarappa Street in East
15	Cambridge. I would like to pass around these
16	revisions to the design. The architect, the
17	first one is the original submittal, and the
18	second one is the proposal to address the
19	issues that the Planning Board had about the
20	parking garage being right on the front
21	sidewalk. And the architect has submitted

1	these and asked if the Planning Board had any
2	further comments or if these revisions would
3	be going in the right direction.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: So I've got the old
5	one and you got the new one?
6	LIZA PADEN: Did I staple them
7	incorrectly?
8	WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes. Two of the
9	same.
10	LIZA PADEN: Okay, just tear them
11	apart.
12	PAMELA WINTERS: So this is the
13	LIZA PADEN: One's dated December
14	and one's dated January.
15	PAMELA WINTERS: And this is the new
16	one?
17	LIZA PADEN: Thank you.
18	PAMELA WINTERS: Sorry.
19	LIZA PADEN: I had a 50/50 chance
20	there.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: So it looks like

1	there's a garage that has half a story below
2	the street a couple folds down to get there.
3	(Ahmed Nur Seated.)
4	PAMELA WINTERS: Liza, are there
5	garage doors that come down so that it looks
6	like so the holes disappear or no?
7	LIZA PADEN: No. I believe that the
8	garage entrance at the street level is open
9	until it gets down to where the car is going
10	to be parked.
11	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Bill, what do you
13	thi nk?
14	WILLIAM TIBBS: I wasn't actually
15	here for the first one. It looks better, but
16	I'm not all that it's definitely better
17	than the first one, but I don't know if I
18	like the second one either. So I'll let the
19	folks who congregated on the first, I'll
20	defer to you all.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: I think I agree with

1	you that it's definitely better. I guess the
2	question is if you're going to have
3	off-street parking which is something that's
4	actually required, how do you do it in East
5	Cambridge with small lots close together?
6	You know, would you rather have the building
7	kicked up more with the doors up higher? I
8	don't think so. I mean, if you're going to
9	do it, this may be about as well as it could
10	be done. As Pam pointed out, it would be
11	nicer if the doors were up closer, but
12	there's still a ramp at that point.
13	This is the way that things are for the
14	building next to mine, and it's like from
15	head on it's kind of nasty. For that moment
16	you're walking in front of it it's kind of
17	nasty. But from any kind of an angle further
18	down the street, these holes kind of
19	di sappear. So I thi nk we probably Steve.
20	STEVEN WINTER: I'm fine.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: So, obviously the

1	Zoning Board would like some response from
2	US.
3	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: So I think we should
5	say that it's substantially improved over the
6	earlier proposal.
7	LIZA PADEN: Okay.
8	THOMAS ANNINGER: I guess the only
9	al ternati ve would be to have a dri veway down
10	the side of the road and park in back, but
11	that would eliminate, I suppose, a lot of
12	floor area.
13	PAMELA WINTERS: Yes, it would.
14	LIZA PADEN: Well, it puts the
15	driveway against the abutters, and then it
16	puts the parking in the backyard. Because
17	the complication for this site is that there
18	won't be any turning radius to get into and
19	out of a garage.
20	THOMAS ANNINGER: Hugh's right, from
21	the front there are two gaping holes staring

1	at you unless the doors are closed and nobody
2	can count on that. It's a problem. And in a
3	way I guess Hugh's right, so we're setting
4	somewhat of a tone for what will come.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I think because
6	the street is basically more or less
7	completely developed, this is one in-fill
8	house. It would be kind of nasty if every
9	house was like this. But if we do require
10	parking and given the situation in East
11	Cambridge, this is, you know there is a
12	and there are other models, there's a house,
13	I think it's on Howard Street, it's built 10
14	or 15 years ago, it's just one house in from
15	Western Ave., and there the garage doors are
16	right up on the street, but they don't, you
17	know, they're sort of on equal par with the
18	people doors. Here these they're putting
19	the garage doors behind, and the front door
20	is more prominent, sort of sends a somewhat
21	better message and there's a porch there.

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1	THOMAS ANNINGER: Are you suggesting
2	that the door could be moved further forward?
3	HUGH RUSSELL: The door to the
4	garage?
5	THOMAS ANNINGER: No, the door, the
6	front door.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: The front door? No,
8	because I kind of like the porch.
9	PAMELA WINTERS: I do, too.
10	WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, you know,
12	they're putting a lot of attention on it,
13	that's the right thing to do.
14	WILLIAM TIBBS: There's a house
15	right around the corner from me that actually
16	has the former condition where the garage
17	doors are right there on the street and that
18	is just not very welcoming at all. So I
19	think those holes would be a better solution.
20	PAMELA WINTERS: I think that the
21	fact that the focus is on the front door as

1	to the domesticity of the place and takes
2	your eye away from the garages as much as the
3	first option.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: So is it fair to say
5	that we can't conceive of a good way to do
6	thi s?
7	PAMELA WINTERS: Yes.
8	WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: And of other ways we
10	can conceive, this seems to be about the
11	best.
12	STEVEN WINTER: I agree.
13	WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: That's suffice.
15	LIZA PADEN: Thank you.
16	Moving on to the Board of Zoning Appeal
17	cases for February 16th, I point out that the
18	second case on the agenda for 60 Clifton
19	Street is going to be before the Planning
20	Board for a Special Permit for an in-fill in
21	the Residence B District. So they are also

1	at the Board of Zoning Appeal to construct an
2	addition to the existing non-conforming
3	building that's going to remain at the front
4	of the site, and then they would like to get
5	some dimensional relief as well for the
6	second dwelling.
7	My proposal was to look at the Special
8	Permit application and then make comment
9	about the BZA application at that time.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, so we would ask
11	the BZA to not decide the case until we had
12	to do that.
13	LIZA PADEN: Right.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: That makes sense. We
15	don't want to dig into it tonight.
16	LIZA PADEN: No.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: The 38 Union Street
18	case?
19	LIZA PADEN: 38 Union Street and 369
20	Windsor Street, this is a lot that goes
21	through from one lot from one street to

1	the other street. These are parallel. And
2	at some point in time the two lots came into
3	being in the same ownership. So now that
4	they want to develop on the site, they don't
5	meet the dimensional standards and
6	regulations because it has two front yards;
7	one on Union and one on Windsor. They'd Like
8	to subdivide it back to what the two lots
9	were.
10	The only concern I have is that one of
11	the new buildings would have parking, the
12	off-street parking would be in the front
13	yard.
14	WILLIAM TIBBS: I'm a little
15	confused. It was two separate lots that got
16	merged into one?
17	LIZA PADEN: These two lots share a
18	rear lot line. The same people own both
19	lots.
20	WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes. Were they
21	formally combined?

1	LIZA PADEN: They became merged.
2	Where they became merged for Zoning purposes.
3	WILLIAM TIBBS: Yes.
4	LIZA PADEN: When they came to
5	Inspectional Services to develop the vacant
6	lot to put a house on it, that's when they
7	found out that it was being treated as a
8	single lot. And so what they would like to
9	do is to subdivide it back to the two
10	separate lots, but one of the lots would be
11	al so asking for a Variance for the front yard
12	parking.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: So, from this map it
14	looks like the lots don't quite line up in
15	the back?
16	LIZA PADEN: No, they don't.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: So it's this lot and
18	that lot I guess?
19	LIZA PADEN: I printed out a copy
20	from the Assessor's database as well. It's
21	these two.

1	Here's the parking space and then this
2	is the new house. Then there here's
3	this is what I printed out for you. So this
4	is Union Street. This is situated the same.
5	This will have the new two-story house here.
6	This has the existing building here on
7	Windsor, and this is what I'm concerned
8	about, the front yard parking here. The lot
9	is very, very narrow, though. It's only 38
10	feet wide.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. So we just
12	don't think that fits in with the street.
13	H. THEODORE COHEN: Do the other
14	houses on Union Street have parking on the
15	front yard or it's just the on-street
16	parki ng?
17	LIZA PADEN: No, it's a variety. I
18	don't see any other places where they have
19	front yard parking. The grey areas here are
20	the driveways. So, for example, here at
21	Union Street across the street, this is a

1	driveway, this is a driveway into the parking
2	area and the rear. And this is Union Place
3	where it accesses these two parcels in the
4	back. And on the same side of the street
5	there's a driveway for this property. There
6	is one at this house that does have looks
7	like front yard parking, but that's what
8	these grey areas represent is the parking.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: So we would recommend
10	that they do what's on the other places,
11	which is a driveway on the side.
12	PAMELA WINTERS: Right.
13	THOMAS ANNINGER: Even though it's
14	(i naudi bl e).
15	HUGH RUSSELL: They'll have to
16	change the shape of the house to create the
17	space.
18	PAMELA WINTERS: That's right.
19	STEVEN WINTER: I concur.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Are there any other
21	cases?

1	LIZA PADEN: Does anybody have any
2	other ones they want to look at?
3	(No Response.)
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. We'll go on to
5	the next item on the agenda which is an
6	update from Brian Murphy.
7	BRI AN MURPHY: Okay, thanks.
8	The next hearing of the Board is
9	February 21st which will be a public hearing
10	for Planning Board No. 268, 60 Clifton Street
11	for in-fill. And then we've got 40 Norris
12	Street for discussion and possible decision.
13	An update on the North Point project,
14	Building G design review, and 1067 Mass.
15	Ave., the proposed addition of a pool.
16	No meeting for March 6th because of the
17	Presidential primary.
18	March 20th there will be a public
19	hearing on Planning Board No. 269 for 603
20	Concord Avenue, 160-180 Cambridge Park Drive.
21	And then design update on Smith Residential

1 Planning Board No. 175. 2 And then the other piece just for the 3 Board's interest is Decam opened up the bids for the courthouse, and there were in fact 4 5 seven bidders. So we'll see where things 6 There's an article in the Boston come. 7 Business Journal looking for a couple of 8 proposals, but, you know, a range of clearly 9 real developers if you will, in the sense of 10 HYM, the folks who are doing North Point, 11 Trinity Financial, Boston Properties, 12 They are all fairly respectable Gudi erez. 13 firms and we'll be anxious to see what all 14 the proposals look like and where things go 15 forward with that. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: So, this is the 17 building that was built by the state or the 18 county; right, so without reference to local 19 Zoning Laws. When it becomes sold to 20 somebody, it has a non-conforming status. 21 Its use is probably going to change.

1	BRIAN MURPHY: Yes. I think its use
2	will change unless one wants to compare the
3	temporary housing of the top floor occupants
4	now with a different kind of short-term
5	rental. But, yes, I mean, it's an
6	interesting project because obviously, you
7	know, if it's housing, what's the inner play
8	with 5.8.2, you know, we sort of looked at
9	the maximum number of units you can look at
10	for that would be 259. What do you do with
11	parking? What's the role of the First Street
12	garage? It will be an interesting project
13	going forward.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
15	Liza, have you received meeting
16	transcri pts?
17	LIZA PADEN: No. We're up to date
18	so far.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Great. So then we
20	can go on to the Town Gown reports. And the
21	way we've been working this is the

1	institutions will each have a chance
2	Harvard, MIT, and Lesley will have a chance
3	to talk to us. We've decided not to ask for
4	a presentation from Cambridge College because
5	there basically is no new news from them.
6	They filed a report, which we have in
7	writing.
8	I believe the order of universities
9	changes every year. After all three
10	universities have made their presentation,
11	there will be an opportunity for the public
12	to make comments, and then we'll decide
13	whether we want to discuss it or want to put
14	off discussion to a later date or perhaps
15	take a different procedure.
16	So, Harvard University please start.
17	ALEXANDRA OFFI ONG: Good evening,
18	members of the Board, members of the public,
19	elected officials. I am so pleased to be
20	here tonight. My name is Alexandra Offiong.
21	I'm here from Harvard Planning and Project

1	Management, and we are here to provide an
2	update on Harvard's Cambridge campus in this
3	very special year which Harvard just
4	cel ebrated its 375th anni versary of the
5	founding of Harvard College, which started
6	right here in Cambridge. So just wanted to
7	note that.
8	In tonight's presentation we will focus
9	primarily on current projects. We'll touch
10	on planning priorities, and I will hand it
11	over to my colleague Heather Henriksen who
12	will touch on campus sustainability.
13	So providing an overview of today's
14	the projects that we will focus on this
15	evening, we're looking at 13 of the
16	significant projects on Harvard's Cambridge
17	campus. And just to give you a sense of
18	those projects, only one of them is
19	represents new construction. That's the new
20	Harvard Law School building that's on the
21	corner of Mass. Ave. and Everett Street. One

1	project is a new addition, that's the 32
2	Quincy Street, Harvard Art Museum's project.
3	Seven of the projects constitute
4	renovations of existing buildings, and four
5	of the projects are landscape projects.
6	We will look at three buildings that
7	were recently three projects that were
8	recently completed, four that are currently
9	in construction, and six that are in
10	planning. So just to give you a sense
11	that and just stepping back that the types
12	of projects that Harvard is really focusing
13	on right now are investing in our existing
14	facilities, updating, repurposing, reusing
15	existing facilities.
16	So looking at the projects that we
17	recently completed. As I just mentioned, the
18	new law school building is located here on
19	the corner of Mass. Ave. and Everett Street.
20	This is a project that was approved back in
21	2006 at the Planning Board. I know you've

1	seen it a few times, and it was a project
2	that was intended to provide a much more
3	positive presence on Mass. Ave. after an
4	extensive process with the neighborhood and
5	the city. We added ground floor retail for a
6	more active streetscape. In the rear of the
7	building there is a raised courtyard that is
8	facing the campus. The building has
9	innovative new classrooms. It has it
10	hosts student activity space, law clinic
11	space, and it's really a hub of the new law
12	school campus. It just opened last month,
13	and we invite you to come take a look. We're
14	very pleased with this new building.
15	One of the questions that was asked of
16	all the institutions was any changes to Mass.
17	Ave.? This is Mass. Ave. here. And though
18	most of Harvard University's Mass. Ave.
19	properties are not changing, this stretch of
20	Mass. Ave. has undergone some significant
21	change over the past years driven by the

1	development of this new building. And as
2	you'll remember, this building required the
3	relocation of several historic buildings up
4	to this site north. And this property, which
5	is right next-door, is the one-story retail,
6	1607-1627 Mass. Ave., this is a property that
7	the university's current focus is really on
8	site remediation. It was it formerly had
9	a dry cleaner at that location. So though we
10	recognize that this is a very important site
11	to the city and to the community and to
12	Harvard, we do not have any specific
13	redevelopment plans at this time.
14	The next project is a project of the
15	School of Engineering Applied Sciences. It's
16	the engineering science lab on Oxford Street.
17	And it's a project that was last summer we
18	completed. And it was mostly an interior
19	renovation of lab space that was designed to
20	house the Wyss Institute for biologically
21	inspired engineering as well as other

1	engineering labs. And the building had
2	excuse me, it also had a new accessible
3	wal kway and some new Landscaping
4	improvements.
5	The third project that the university
6	completed last year was the Sherman Fairchild
7	Building. This is another science building
8	on Divinity Ave. This was a comprehensive
9	renovation of a science building that was
10	necessary to accommodate the Department of
11	Stem Cell and Regenerative Biology. And it
12	included a comprehensive upgrade of the
13	building's 30-year-old infrastructure. And
14	you can see here an example of one of the
15	research labs in the building.
16	Now, taking a look at the projects that
17	are currently in construction.
18	The first one is a project west of
19	Harvard Square. Here's Harvard Square. This
20	is 33 Elmwood, which is near the intersection
21	of Fresh Pond Parkway and Mount Auburn

1	Street. Harvard has embarked on a woodland
2	renewal project, you can see here, which
3	calls for the selective removal of an
4	i nvasi ve species; Norway maples, and the
5	thinning of the existing tree canopy that
6	will allow sunlight to penetrate the
7	under-story growth, and we will be
8	introducing a more diverse pallet of native
9	plantings. This is a project that was
10	approved by the Cambridge Historical
11	Commission. This will be phased over 10
12	years so to allow for that growth.
13	Next project is along Radcliffe Yard,
14	Fay House, it's right on Garden Street. This
15	is an historic building that dates back the
16	earliest portions to 1807 and it houses the
17	administrative offices for the Radcliffe
18	Institute for Advanced Study. This is a
19	renovation project that focuses a lot on
20	preservation of the exterior, but also makes
21	some adjustments to the building to improve

1	its functionality and its accessibility.
2	This was also approved by the Cambridge
3	Historical Commission, and we are paying
4	particular attention to some of the
5	restoration of notable interiors, including
6	this meeting room which is the Gardener Room,
7	as well as the building's main stair hall.
8	Gutman Library, this is the building
9	right along Brattle Street. The Harvard
10	Graduate School of Education is currently in
11	the process of repurposing the first floor
12	space to create a campus gathering and dining
13	space for the ed. School which it really
14	doesn't have right now. So this project is
15	slated for completion this spring.
16	Work continues at 32 Quincy Street.
17	Here at the corner of Broadway and Quincy,
18	this is a project which Planning Board has
19	also seen on several occasions. It's a
20	project to renovate and expand the Harvard
21	Art Museum's facilities at 32 Quincy Street.

1	It will bring together the three constituent
2	museums of the Harvard Art Museum: The Fogg,
3	the Busch-Reisinger, and the Arthur M.
4	Sackler Museum into one state-of-the-art
5	facility where we're working with architect
6	Renzo Piano. And the intent of the project
7	is to preserve the original 1927 Fogg Museum,
8	to add a building addition along Prescott
9	Street. And just to orient you, this is
10	Broadway and this is Quincy Street. Harvard
11	Yard is over here.
12	And then also to add a glazed rooftop
13	addition that will allow natural light to
14	flow into the building's courtyard
15	interior courtyard. The building, upon
16	completion, will house not only gallery
17	space, but al so classrooms, a conservation
18	lab for art, and study centers which are
19	places where visitors can view and study
20	works of art that are not on display.
21	This here you can see that the

1	historic building. This is, again, Quincy
2	Street, Broadway over here. The historic
3	building has been wrapped, and right now we
4	are engaged in masonry and window
5	restoration.
6	This is a view from Prescott Street.
7	The construction on this project began in
8	2010 with selective demolition on this side
9	of the building. The excavation along
10	Prescott Street was completed last summer,
11	and in the fall we poured the basement slab
12	and work on the new below-ground spaces
13	began. And we are just now beginning the
14	erection of the above-ground structural
15	steel. So work is progressing and we are
16	very excited that early this summer we
17	anticipate that the rooftop glazing structure
18	will actually begin to take shape. So it's
19	finally moving ahead, yeah.
20	And so I also just wanted to point out
21	that across the street here's the Arthur

1	M. Sackler Museum, and this during the
2	construction process, that building does
3	remain open and it has been reinstalled with
4	representative works from all three museums
5	and we invite the Cambridge community to
6	vi si t.
7	Moving to projects in planning, the
8	this is a project again at Radcliffe Yard.
9	It's a landscape project in which we will
10	the Radcliffe Institute is completing the
11	implementation of its overall master plan for
12	landscape, and the key projects, the
13	components include measures to address site,
14	drainage, and soil compaction in the yard,
15	enhancing the character of some of the
16	transition areas between the perimeter paths
17	and the building entrances. As also creating
18	a new area for changing landscape and public
19	art installations along Brattle Street in
20	this area.
21	So work on this project is expected to

1	begin in the spring once the Fay House
2	renovation is complete. And Fay House is
3	right over here.
4	The Harvard Law School has a few other
5	projects in planning. First one is Pound
6	Hall. You can see it's right next to the new
7	building. This project, which calls for the
8	creation of a major campus exterior gathering
9	space, was actually conceived as part of the
10	design for Wasserstein Hall, and it was
11	shared with the Planning Board and the
12	community back when we received approvals in
13	2006. You may remember that. The project
14	calls for the removal of the east wing of
15	Pound Hall and the creation of this new
16	facade and a new entry door that will
17	overlook the gathering space here. And you
18	can see that a little more clearly in this
19	plan. The red buildings are all law school
20	buildings. This is Mass. Ave. here. Pound
21	Hall right here.

1	Upon completion of the project we will
2	remove that section of Pound Hall, and the
3	heart this will be sort of the new heart
4	of the law school campus. And it really
5	this, the new building, the Wasserstein Hall
6	Caspersen Student Center was really designed
7	with this space in mind.
8	So interior work on the Pound Hall is
9	set to begin this month.
10	Another law school project is just down
11	Mass. Ave., down to the south. This is an
12	1830 Greek revival what has been home to the
13	Harvard Law Review since 1925. We are
14	planning a renovation that really addresses
15	deferred maintenance and will improve
16	building systems and accessibility. And upon
17	completion, this project will again continue
18	to house the Harvard Law Review.
19	Harvard is continuing to coordinate
20	with the City of Cambridge on the planned
21	renovations to the Cambridge Street tunnel,

1	plans for possible improvements to the
2	surface conditions are being studied, and the
3	initial enabling work is expected to begin
4	this spring. In the meantime, Harvard has
5	continued its efforts to enliven the space
6	through the seasonal farmer's market.
7	There's a skating rink there that we invite
8	the Cambridge community to enjoy.
9	And the next project is Old Quincy.
10	This is down along the river in the River
11	House District along this is along
12	Plympton Street. So Quincy House is a
13	five-story brick dormitory that houses
14	undergraduates. After an extensi ve planni ng
15	and programming process, Harvard is now
16	finalizing the design for the renovation of
17	Old Quincy. And this is really a test
18	project to explore design and construction
19	options for future system-wide house renewal.
20	The project seeks to maintain the historic
21	character and culture of the house, but also

1	renew it for 21st century living experience.
2	It most of this space is most of this
3	building is comprised currently of
4	residential spaces, but the project upon
5	completion will introduce some new social and
6	academic spaces and it will dramatically
7	improve the accessibility. This building is
8	currently not accessible. So the
9	construction on this project is expected to
10	begin this June.
11	The final project we'll discuss is
12	right across the street from Old Quincy.
13	It's McKinlock Hall. It's also an
14	undergraduate dormitory building. And
15	Harvard just after we finished the Town
16	Gown report, Harvard announced the initial
17	planning for a second test project for the
18	house renewal. So this and this project
19	will enable us to explore design approaches
20	for not only residential spaces but also a
21	di ni ng hall and a Master's residence. And

together McKinlock and Old Quincy will
provide us valuable experiences that we can
apply to other Neo Georgians residential
buildings in the future house renewal
proj ects.
Moving to other planning priorities.
So just to provide you with an update of
planning and construction activities in
Allston, Harvard is in the process of
building Tata Hall. This is a new executive
education facility designed by William Rawn
Associates and it's located just across the
Charles River. You can see the rendering
here of that new facility.
In September 2011, Harvard shared its
institutional planning and development goals
for Allston for the next ten years in two
distinct but related phases. The first phase
included resuming the planning and
development of a health and life science
center on Western Avenue. And that will be

1	driven by the academic planning under the
2	leadership of the Provost. And an update on
3	the Provost review process will be shared
4	this coming June.
5	We are al so planning for the
6	development of market market rental
7	housing and retail in the Berry's Corner
8	area, and we're doing site assessment and
9	planning for future academic growth at the
10	Charles view site.
11	The second phase will focus on studying
12	the possible development of an enterprise
13	research campus in Allston Landing North, and
14	this will complement the adjacent health and
15	life science center.
16	Transportation demand management.
17	Harvard continues to support a very low
18	single occupancy vehicle grade for our
19	commuting staff and graduate students for our
20	Cambridge campus. This year we're pleased
21	that only 15.9 percent of that population

1	actually drives alone to campus. And this
2	represents more than a 40 percent drop since
3	the adoption of TDM measures in 2003. And
4	this, this very low SOV rate is due in large
5	part to the robust commuter choice program
6	that Harvard offers. And some highlights
7	this year, we sold over 6600 monthly MBTA
8	passes. We have 8500 ZipCar members among
9	our population. We implemented a new carpool
10	organizing program called SimRide. We also
11	supported a departmental bike program with a
12	new online reservation system. And we also
13	continue to collaborate with the City of
14	Cambridge on the regional bike share.
15	So speaking of bikes, bike cycling is
16	an integral part of our transportation
17	network and Harvard has continued to support
18	efforts to strengthen that cycling network.
19	One of as I just mentioned the hubway
20	program. So Harvard is pleased to have four
21	new hubway stations coming to the Cambridge

1	campus, and this will be in addition to the
2	five hubway stations that are currently at
3	our Boston campus. So we're very excited
4	about that.
5	We also have a number of new and
6	improved bike parking facilities. This is
7	the new shel tered parking that was associated
8	with the new law school building. We also
9	have one coming for Fay House in Radcliffe
10	Yard, and we've introduced new bike repair
11	stations on our campus.
12	And finally we continue to implement
13	our bike facility guidelines in all of our
14	pl anni ng and projects, and these of course
15	are built upon the City of Cambridge's
16	guidelines and requirements that we use to
17	consider siting and creating bike facilities.
18	At this time I'm going to hand it over
19	to Heather Henriksen for campus
20	sustai nabi l i ty.
21	HEATHER HENRI KSEN: Good evening.

1	l'm pleased to give you a short
2	sustainability update focussed on the built
3	environment. So just as a quick framework,
4	Harvard's commitment to sustainability is
5	focused on three overall university-wide
6	goals. The one I'll focus on here is our
7	greenhouse or our green building
8	standards. Those were adopted in 2009.
9	They're about to be re-looked at and were
10	initially started in 2007. We not only use
11	these to make our campus more sustai nable,
12	greener, and heal thier, but this is a good
13	example of how we also try to share what
14	we've learned. So our website actually
15	houses case studies in every single green
16	building project we've done on campus,
17	including green products, green products
18	database that have all the materials that
19	have been used in our projects. And we also,
20	in our newer projects, where applicable, we
21	now have energy models there as well.

1	Back to our greenhouse. Our third
2	commitment universe letter, greenhouse
3	reduction goal. So you may remember this was
4	a commitment that was made by President Faust
5	in 2008. It's a very aggressive short-term
6	goal to basically, with growth, reduce our
7	emissions 50 percent in ten years. We have
8	reduced them 10 percent to date, 20 percent
9	if we exclude growth. Three of the key ways
10	we've done this, we've done audits under 15
11	million square feet of real estate, and we
12	have definitely done audits on all the high,
13	large energy intensive buildings. We've also
14	reduced the energy demands for behavorial
15	change as well as energy conservation
16	measures. 900 of which we've implemented to
17	date. We've identified about another 700
18	that we're working hard to implement. This
19	is the breakdown of our most recent data, and
20	it shows you, of course, the two big drivers
21	are heating, air conditioning, ventilation,

1	and lighting.
2	Our utilities are also more efficient.
3	Our steam plant, for instance, is since
4	2006 is 24 percent less greenhouse gas
5	intensive. And our chilled water plants are
6	23 percent less energy intensive. And we're
7	continuing to work on all that.
8	The other thing is we are, and seem to
9	be a leader in green building projects. In
10	August of last year we were the first higher
11	ed. education institution to achieve 50 LEED
12	certified buildings. That's leadership in
13	energy and environment design. And that
14	milestone included six platinum level
15	projects, more than 1.5 million square feet
16	of Labs, dormitories, Libraries, classrooms,
17	and offices. And an additional three million
18	square feet is registered and we're pursuing
19	LEED certi fi cati on.
20	Something I also again, the our
21	green building services team has many case

1	studies up on every one of these projects.
2	And hot off the press, you may remember in
3	2007 that the 46 Blackstone Street property
4	in Cambridge received LEED platinum for new
5	construction. It was a 40,000 square foot
6	gut renovation. It has just received a
7	second platinum certification for LEED for
8	existing buildings, operation, and
9	maintenance program. And if you're not
10	familiar, it's a new program, EBOM as they
11	call it, is a rating system that has the full
12	profile of environmental impacts. So it
13	takes into consideration building operations,
14	occupancy programs, schedul ed maintenance,
15	and mechanical equipment, recycling,
16	composting, sustainable purchasing, and green
17	cleaning and landscaping. It's a very
18	comprehensive program. This double platinum
19	distinction is the first in both New
20	England you can all be proud in
21	Cambridge and ivy league and it's only the

fifth one in the world.

2	So this is an example of one of the
3	projects that have been completed in the last
4	year. Vlassak Laboratory was completed last
5	July. And just two things I'll point out.
6	It has a heat recovery enthalpy wheel, which
7	is an exhaust system that basically transfers
8	the heat or reuses it for the incoming air,
9	and reduces the energy needed to condition
10	the space by up to 75 percent actually in
11	this lab which is a tremendous
12	accomplishment. There is a special lighting
13	system that takes advantage of many
14	innovations in daylight harvesting, off-hour
15	zone control, occupancy censors, and the
16	like. And the result of that is 40 percent
17	reduction in lighting power density. That
18	is, for us, an achievement it's well
19	beyond our minimum requirement in our green
20	building standards of 25 percent. So that's
21	an innovation for us that we'll apply to

other projects.

We also are committed to sustainable
environment extends to this living lab
concept and involving our students. The
weatherization projects we've started a
couple years ago, we've done five locations
in the last two years. And this was really
built, actually this program off of
Cambridge's successful heat program. And
it's been going very well. The results are
there, but again, one day, four hours, 26
percent reduction in energy, about \$2,000
saved in energy. Great project. And the
students really love it and are engaged.
So, al so when you talk about the green
or the built environment, it's also the
things that are incorporated in a building
and around a building that make it green. So
just two highlights to tell you, our
facilities and maintenance group and campus
services just is the first higher ed.

1	institution to receive the Green Seal
2	Certification. It's an industry mark
3	basi cally of green cleaning and sustai nable
4	practices. I will tell you it is extremely
5	difficult to get. It's very intensive on the
6	paperwork. The procedures, you must comply
7	with strict environmental and safety
8	regulations as well as environmental and
9	health of the building occupants. So we'd be
10	happy to share more about that. It was
11	definitely a good learning experience.
12	Our organic Landscaping program
13	continues to expand. We now have 100 acres
14	on campus, including Harvard Yard, which is
15	featured there. And I'd say two things: One
16	is that it saves we found about 30 percent
17	water, and it also saves significantly in
18	maintenance costs because they have to do
19	less to care for it and mow it. So those are
20	two things.
21	And then lastly, we do think building

1	the culture sustainability is important. One
2	of the reasons is because we see that it's an
3	integrally linked to ensuring that the
4	building environment is green and energy
5	efficient. We know through doing
6	commissioning work and retro-commissioning
7	work that often, you know, building energy
8	models are the actual occupation you know,
9	when you go into the building and start using
10	it, that the occupants are using much more
11	than the energy model had suggested. And so
12	one of the ways to make sure to keep those at
13	a minimum is really in creating this culture.
14	So we've created a green office program with
15	checklists, they're on our website, and easy
16	to follow things. 132 offices so far
17	certified 2400 employees, and again really
18	reduced energy, waste water, and other things
19	come out of it. The only other thing I'll
20	touch on there is that we've incorporated
21	into our orientation program, including a

1	uni versi ty-wi de message for new employees,
2	and President Faust herself speaks to the
3	video and sustainability.
4	And lastly we're in our sixth year of
5	providing fresh produce and other foods from
6	Massachusetts' farmers (inaudible) and the
7	Harvard and Cambridge community.
8	And that is some of our lessons learned
9	and some of our best practices in case
10	studies and models. And you can find them as
11	well as many other resources on this page.
12	Thank you.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you very
14	much. Does that conclude the university's
15	presentati on?
16	0kay. Shall we go on?
17	BRI AN MURPHY: Mr. Chair?
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
19	BRIAN MURPHY: I heard earlier and
20	to at least take a moment while although
21	Cambridge College isn't presenting today, we

1	do have President Deborah Jackson with us
2	tonight who just wanted to introduce herself
3	to the Board. Cambridge College is in the
4	middle of doing a strategic plan, which l
5	believe they will look to be completing in
6	the summer. So that they will be presenting
7	to the Board next year. I just wanted to
8	take a moment to introduce President Jackson
9	and welcome her to the community. She's not
10	a stranger to the area, having been involved
11	with the American Red Cross, but is still a
12	relative newby to Cambridge College and she
13	just started in May.
14	PRESIDENT DEBORAH JACKSON: Thank
15	you.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Welcome.
17	Okay, so let's switch over. And next
18	is MIT.
19	I SRAEL RUI Z: Hi, good evening
20	members of the Planning Board, public, city
21	officials, President Jackson. It's our

pleasure to be here presenting with you and
sharing our thoughts about development for
MIT in the current framework of thought which
we're calling MIT 2030 or integrated planning
approach. I'm Israel Ruiz. I'm the
Executive Vice President and Treasurer of the
MIT Corporation, newly elected since the fall
of last year. And by virtue of my job, I'm
also the Chair of the Building Committee,
which is the body at MIT that since 1949 has
been planning and advising the administration
of MIT in everything that has to do with
buildings, land, and use in particular around
the campus.
With me here today we have a bunch of
our colleagues, but in particular I wanted to
introduce Steve Marsh, the managing director
of MITIMCo.; Dick Amster, our director of
facilities; and Marty Schmidt, Professor of
molecular and computer science and associate
provost in particular responsible for

1	academi c pl anni ng.
2	So as I said, it is our pleasure to be
3	here today and show you a little bit of 2030.
4	Last year we talked about 150, and it is a
5	moment that's very proud for me. I arrived
6	to the MIT campus in 1999 as a graduate
7	student in management, and the transformation
8	that has occurred at MIT in the last ten
9	years is nothing short of remarkable. We
10	don't have 375 years of history like Harvard
11	does, but 150 is pretty cool. And the last
12	ten years is the history that actually can
13	relate and tell step by step. And I think
14	it's an amazing transformation that has
15	occurred. We're thinking forward about 2030,
16	we wanted to use that framework to tell you a
17	little bit about the projects that have been
18	completed, the projects going forward, and
19	how we think about all this development at
20	MI T.
21	So you're seeing the image here of our

1	campus taken from the east side of campus.
2	We wanted to share a little bit with you, the
3	framework, and just in kind of a couple of
4	words what this framework is all about.
5	The three objectives that we have about
6	basi cally accomplishing the planning. And
7	then we'll use the four themes of this
8	framework to explain the planning
9	considerations as well as the projects and
10	the programs.
11	The first thing that I wanted to show
12	you is this is our website, it's a public
13	website. It's for every one of you to
14	understand how we think at MIT as well as for
15	anybody in the city to understand how our
16	thinking goes forward. This is an evolving
17	website, but it's all the explanation, all
18	the themes. And in the next couple of months
19	or so we'll be able to feature for each
20	project and development in fact, we've
21	gone back to 2004, and every completed

1	project we will have a snapshot with very
2	significant information about the project.
3	What's doing for the MIT, what the purpose of
4	that building is. And the other example for
5	projects in planning and design, and in
6	particular construction, you can actually
7	look at what the project is all about. This
8	is the 610 Main Street development which
9	you're very familiar with. This is going to
10	be the home for Pfizer, the pharmaceutical
11	company right at the heart of MIT campus.
12	So, let me highlight the three
13	objectives which I think are the threat for
14	most of this presentation. The first one is
15	that MIT has a substantial need for renewal
16	in our physical infrastructure, and we
17	recognize that and we want to make sure that
18	that takes care in the next 20 years we pay
19	particular attention to that.
20	The second one is that as we think
21	about planning and development, not only

1	academic but also around the campus of MIT,
2	we want to continue to create and support an
3	innovation in a system that has always been
4	there, but that we want to make sure we
5	maximize we want to maximize the
6	opportunities at MIT to involve the
7	surrounding community.
8	And the third one is, as I said, as the
9	Chair of this Building Committee and in
10	particularly like with Marty who is Chair of
11	the other committee of planning at MIT. We
12	want this framework to help us guide our
13	decisions. And this is very much of an
14	integrated thinking. And as Steve, Dick, and
15	Marty and myself represent here, we all kind
16	of try to make this framework work as our
17	gui dance for decisi on making.
18	So let me share with you, these are the
19	four themes in which we've organized our
20	framework. Not that they're not many more
21	that we can use, but in particular these

1	resonate with the principles that we use at
2	MIT when we think about planning.
3	Innovation and collaboration right at
4	the center of the MIT mission. Renovation
5	and renewal, sustainability, and the
6	enhancement of living and learning, not only
7	for the campus but for the surrounding
8	community.
9	Let me spend a few moments on each one
10	of those, but in particular, let me start
11	with innovation and collaboration.
12	Innovation and collaboration, we have a
13	bunch of considerations that have evolved
14	over the last 150 years. And as I said, in
15	particular over the last ten years the way
16	science, the way engineering, the way
17	innovation is occurring on the campus of MIT
18	it's significantly changing. And I wanted to
19	use that to concentrate on the uncertainty of
20	our innovation, around invention, and kind of
21	make a reflection with you. Since its

1	founding in 1861, our founder and first
2	president Willard Barton Rogers thought of a
3	polytechnic institute. I was educated in
4	Barcel ona, Spain, in a different polytechnic
5	institute, and I can resonate with that
6	vision from William Barton Rogers. We
7	graduated 72 students in 1965 at MIT. Today
8	MIT has a different logo. We've evolved the
9	mission of MIT, and we have about 10,500
10	students. And on December 19th of Last year
11	MIT produced its newest initiative MIT-X,
12	which is our vision for on-line learning.
13	Our vision for making the education of MIT
14	available to anyone in the world who has the
15	ability to take MIT quality content, science
16	and engi neering. And that vision for the
17	future, the way we've evolved the institute
18	over the next 150 years find it very hard to
19	plan. In fact, it's very hard to plan for
20	any one of us to think about MIT-X and what
21	that means for the planning of the future.

1	So when one thinks just about the mission and
2	then we bring it to the physical landscape,
3	we can talk about the surroundings of MIT.
4	If one of you had gone into the MIT of 1920,
5	you would have seen the upper left corner of
6	this light. That's an electrical laboratory
7	of General Electric testing motors at the
8	time. Today that laboratory has been
9	renovated into what we call the popular
10	design lab. And in the basement of the main
11	building in the 1916 time, one of the most
12	modern facilities we have on campus for
13	el ectri cal and mechani cal engi neeri ng.
14	If you think about the second
15	evolution, everyone should recognize Building
16	20, the Rad Lab House, world renowned for
17	innovation and collaboration in that
18	building. Today substituted by another
19	magnificent building, the Stata Building.
20	We're moving from a laboratory to a building
21	that inspires collaboration not only among

1	the people who are in the laboratory but
2	among the computer scientists, the engineers,
3	the linguists, the philosophers, those are
4	all housed in the Stata Building.
5	The building on the upper right corner,
6	that's easily identified in parlance, that's
7	the home of the original cancer center.
8	That's the original home of Salvador Luria,
9	which in 1974 created molecular biology. And
10	since that point we've created a campus
11	around with the Broad Institute today and any
12	other center today that has been transformed
13	with Koch Institute for integrated cancer
14	research. So we've gone from integrated
15	laboratories and people working in the lab to
16	integrating the departmental labs in the
17	Stata Building to really the convergence of
18	life sciences and engineering in this
19	particular facility. So when we think about
20	now what that means to neighborhoods, we
21	start in the '60's with Technology Square at

the bottom left. Technology Square today is
populated with very different companies, with
very different types of startups, with very
different units of MIT.
In the middle, University Park in the
'70's and '80's, another total transformation
of the neighborhood. In working with
partnership with the city, MIT has been able
to nurture, and not only nurture for itself,
but nurture for everyone who has collaborated
with us in University Park.
And our newest vision for Kendall
Square and the enabling component for the
future of the newest transformation of the
neighborhood when we think about the next
evolution of the mission how science and
engi neeri ng occurs at MIT.
With this kind of preamble about the
uncertainty and innovation, we've seen what's
happened around MIT. What's happened around
MIT is that the innovation ecosystem has been

1	populated by a multitude of small, medium,
2	and big companies that have come attracted by
3	this magnet of what we're defining as the
4	creative property. Being proximate to the
5	MIT campus and being proximate to almost the
6	same laboratory, same building, in the same
7	neighborhood as of our scientists and
8	engineers transforming the world has created
9	for this company the ability to change the
10	kinds of things and dimensions that they are
11	in. Anywhere from Google to Yahoo to
12	Microsoft to Novartis and Pfizer as the
13	newest entrants. What we're most interested
14	in, not just innovation ecosystem of today,
15	but what we're doing and can do for the
16	innovation ecosystem of tomorrow. It's not
17	just for MIT. In fact MIT participates very
18	directly in creating and transforming these
19	ecosystems through buildings and physical
20	infrastructure. You see the 610 Main Street
21	project up in the left corner, but also for

1	others, and how we think together with the
2	City and the Planning Board in particular,
3	how other developers, how other companies
4	come to town and make sure that this town
5	grows around this engine and anchor of
6	innovation. These are just four of the
7	projects that are within a 10 minute radius,
8	wal king radius from the MIT core. And they
9	are fundamental in how we think of MIT's and
10	tomorrow.
11	So if I go back to the challenges for
12	thinking about this world in which we are
13	changing the mission, we're changing the
14	online learning structure, we're changing the
15	way the buildings work, we're changing the
16	way the people work in those buildings and in
17	those neighborhoods, we think all the time
18	about the neighborhood level implications.
19	We also think about implications about that
20	particular design. Our buildings today look
21	quite different from the buildings that got

1	built in the past. We need large scale. We
2	need kind of facilities that require the
3	collaboration, the connectivity that we
4	demand from this. And what we've seen is
5	just a highlight of the projects that are in
6	the report. We want to talk the structure of
7	which projects have been completed and
8	programmed and which projects we have in
9	mi nd.
10	One that we always refer to, to the
11	right of your screen, One Broadway, the
12	Cambridge Innovation Center. This is a
13	center that has been there housed on the MIT
14	property since 1999 with tremendous growth
15	and tremendous innovation around it today
16	with more than 450 startups in that
17	particular center; 50 percent of them tied to
18	MI T.
19	The Koch Institute, and our investment
20	in the Koch Gallery, right at the street
21	level integrating with the neighborhood along

1	Main Street quite opposite to the Broad
2	Institute and the Whitehead Institute. And
3	the left one, which is not included in the
4	report, but we wanted to use it because
5	actually today was a (inaudible) ceremony of
6	the IDC, International Design Center. This
7	is a this is a space that in the building
8	as N51 and N52 right by the museum, the MIT
9	Museum along Massachusetts Avenue, that
10	represents the heart of today's at MIT. We
11	have one of our international partners in
12	Si ngapore, The Si ngapore Uni versi ty of
13	Technol ogy and Design, being the anchor for
14	this facility. And we've put together with
15	this facility the Delap, the (inaudible)
16	center, and the transformation and the
17	strategies for the developing world.
18	This is what we have in terms of
19	innovation and collaboration that we want to
20	highlight. We also think about what's coming
21	next and what kinds of priorities will be

1	changing that type of ecosystem of tomorrow.
2	The realities we're concentrated along the
3	Massachusetts Avenue corridor, we want to
4	make sure that we enliven and transform the
5	Massachusetts Avenue corridor seeing the MIT
6	campus at 77 Mass. Ave. all the way to
7	Lafayette Square and beyond. We want to
8	think about the connectivity through Vassar
9	Street and Albany Street. And of course our
10	emphasis on Kendall Square and the
11	transformation of Kendall Square for which
12	we're intending to re-file our petition for
13	rezoning early in the spring.
14	We have two projects highlighted in the
15	site that I introduced, and the amount of
16	materials and structures and systems and
17	energy in the environment that are quite
18	crucial and right at the heart of MIT's
19	tomorrow.
20	We're working within this kind of
21	shaped area to site those buildings and to

1	think about the technical constraint. One of
2	the things you can agree on my slide, the
3	technical constraint of a satellite for nano
4	materials can interfere in electronic
5	interference and vibrations. It's exciting
6	that particular project a very difficult
7	challenge. So we're now embarking on how can
8	we do that and increase the connectivity not
9	only with the campus, but with the
10	neighborhood and the companies that come to
11	being around MIT.
12	Moving on to the second theme, the
13	second theme of renovation and renewal, MIT's
14	strong commitment to renewing of the campus
15	and to bring in this 21st century research
16	and educational requirements into 20th
17	century infrastructure and buildings
18	represents a challenge. In some cases this
19	challenge is a thing of beauty. Like the
20	in-fill for the physics department and one of
21	the wings of the main group. This is a

1	particular building for which MIT's very
2	proud of, has created a very significant way
3	to drive infrastructure new infrastructure
4	into the wings of the main group, has been
5	added space for physics department, and has
6	allowed the physics department to be
7	concentrated and put in one particular area
8	so that collaboration happens simultaneously
9	across this bridge.
10	Earlier in the past year we've
11	concentrated along the renovation and
12	renewal. You see the kinds of projects that
13	are either finalizing construction or have
14	finalized construction. Let me start on the
15	left.
16	The 640 Memorial Drive, which is the
17	sign of the event is. It's going to be
18	housed on 281 Al bany Street, another
19	renovation for a laboratory. Maseeh Hall,
20	right in the middle of the slide, this is the
21	beautiful new undergraduate residence with a

1	magnificent occupancy of more than 460 beds.
2	It has enabled MIT to, in a couple of years,
3	achieve the goal of returning to 4500
4	undergraduates with that renovation. And if
5	you haven't been inside, which I hope you
6	have been, just make sure that you take a
7	couple of pictures, because it's great, it's
8	a great renovation.
9	E25, and you'll see at 17 and 18 along
10	Ames Street and Main Street, those are in
11	particular key buildings for chemical
12	engineering in 1718. And E25, that's the
13	Whitaker College, and you can see how a new
14	classroom gets renovated and reused for the
15	newest modern use.
16	To the right that will allow me to make
17	the transition into the planning, this is the
18	second building into what we're calling the
19	Sloan Complex. Sloan just finalized in our
20	parlance E62, the building is right at the
21	bottom to the right. E62, it's Arthur D.

1	Little Building, again, another historical
2	building which we're very committed to keep
3	and maintain. And just to think about how
4	that MIT programs those buildings, we have
5	one of the newest, most sustainable
6	energy-efficient buildings, gold rated, the
7	new SI oan Building, and the Dean of SI oan
8	School of Management has decided to move his
9	management offices to the Arthur D. Little
10	Building. So he does not want to be in the
11	new building, he wants to be in the renovated
12	bui I di ng.
13	Moving along, we have many other
14	projects that will require the renovation of
15	those buildings on campus. Starting where I
16	left it on the right side, E52 is the third
17	building of the Sloan Campus, and that's the
18	home of the management school as well as the
19	Department of Economics. And the renovation
20	of E52 is currently in the planning phases.
21	Building 50 is Walker Memorial facing

1	to the river. Again, in planning for another
2	big renovation to be the core for the arts at
3	MI T.
4	Building 2, the home of chemistry and
5	math. We want to take Building 2 and do a
6	top to bottom renovation of the Bosworth
7	Buildings. This is something that's a very
8	expensive proposition. These are great
9	buildings. They are great working buildings
10	for MIT that will take a lot to renovate.
11	And we want to use this one as a showcase
12	piece to see how we can renovate that
13	parti cul ar use.
14	130 Brookline Street and 345 Vassar
15	Street are another two examples of
16	renovations in those two particular parcels
17	that we have in planning and we hope to
18	complete in the next couple of years.
19	On to the third theme on
20	sustainability. We have sustainability
21	integrated all along what l've been

1	describing. In particular you can see the
2	newest buildings, and our commitment to being
3	efficient, and to be at a minimum silver
4	rated, you can see many of the newest
5	buildings being rated as gold as well as many
6	of the other buildings anticipated gold. You
7	can see a couple of buildings that are
8	silver, particularly the older ones in the
9	development of the last decade. But one of
10	the realizations that we've had as a
11	management team is MIT is 12 million square
12	feet. At the rate that we're building new
13	buildings, it's going to take a while to see
14	color on that slide. So what we wanted to
15	make sure was is that we were able to put a
16	program in place and devote significant
17	financial resources to the energy and
18	sustai nability of the additional
19	infrastructure, the grey buildings. And what
20	we have is either completed or in the next
21	three years plan, we're going to touch all of

1	those buildings either in a minor way or in a
2	very major way to renovate them, make them
3	more efficient, make them more sustainable,
4	and at the same time update them to this 21st
5	century use for MIT.
6	The economics of the program are always
7	a driver. It's a very significant commitment
8	on the part of MIT to do this, but it's our
9	commitment to maintaining the historical
10	scale of proportions on the campus that have
11	worked for the innovation of the last 150
12	years and we want to extend that into the
13	future.
14	What we're most proud of it's the kinds
15	of programs, not so much the buildings, but
16	the kinds of programs that we've been
17	focusing on for sustainability. We've gone
18	anywhere from lighting retrofits or what
19	we're calling cash for concourse for fringes.
20	We have bike cages with solar panels. We
21	have charging stations for cars. And we

1	incentivize of course, we have bike
2	stations as well, but what we incentivize at
3	MIT and do it quite well is to incentivize
4	innovation at the student level, at the
5	faculty level. So what we have is teams of
6	students that care about safety and that
7	realize that those bike stations don't have
8	any helmets with them. And so those people
9	are working on devices that will allow you to
10	take helmets from those bike stations. So
11	MIT's investing money in that venture to make
12	sure that we have also a dimensional safety.
13	And I reserved the last one, the energy
14	efficiency forward program. This is the
15	partnership with MIT and NStar, because this
16	one is a very significant. It's a commitment
17	to reduce the quantity of energy by 15
18	percent over three years. We're in year
19	three beginning of year three. We're
20	ahead of the game for the cumulative for the
21	last two years, and this program has been

1	flagged as the most important program within
2	the state's commitment to green initiatives.
3	In fact, it's one of the programs that gets
4	highlighted in making Massachusetts state No.
5	1 above California as a green state. So
6	we're very proud of our partnership with
7	NStar. We're very proud of how it's been
8	working through the kinds of renovations and
9	retrofits at MIT, and we plan on continuing
10	that partnership beyond the three-year
11	timeline.
12	Finally, the last theme of this MIT
13	2030 framework for planning and thinking
14	talks about the enhancement of living and
15	learning. We've talked a lot about our
16	physical infrastructure. We've talked a lot
17	about our mission, but clearly MIT wouldn't
18	be MIT and our buildings wouldn't be our
19	buildings without the right living
20	environment. So one of the things that you
21	can consider imagining as we're envisioning

1	an online learning community of hundreds of
2	millions, and we're moving from 72 to 10,500
3	to millions of students, we want to make sure
4	that we differentiate our education on
5	campus. We want to make sure our experience
6	in research and education is unparalleled and
7	unrivalled by any other form of education.
8	We want to make sure that our infrastructure
9	is not only modern, but it integrates quite
10	well with this mixed use environment with the
11	residential community, with the campus
12	community, with our students, with our
13	facul ty, wi th our staff, wi th our nei ghbors.
14	In particular we pay attention to that
15	gathering space, and we want to make sure
16	that when we think about it, we integrate
17	some of those dimensions and challenges into
18	the planning considerations for the new
19	facilities. One particular thing that the
20	Planning Board's been interested in, and
21	you've been asking us about, housing and our

1	policies on housing and our guidelines on
2	housing. So these are the three dimension
3	that affect housing at MIT.
4	The first one, we house 98 percent of
5	our 4200 undergraduates. Either now or in
6	dormitories or in residences or the 38
7	fraternities, sororities or independent
8	living groups. On the graduate side we've
9	added 1300 new beds in the Last decade. And,
10	again, I can speak for myself, when I arrived
11	to the campus in 1999, I did not have any
12	luck, and the lottery didn't give me any
13	assignment so I had to live off campus at the
14	time. At the time MIT wasn't housing nearly
15	enough graduate students. Today we're
16	housing about 40 to 41 percent of our grad
17	students, and it's been a very serious
18	commitment over the last ten years. Either
19	through the renovation of one facility what
20	we call the warehouse, or the addition of two
21	new facilities Sidney and Pacific and the new

I so Dome House. Adding each one of those
about 600 or more than 600 beds each.
The third program has to do with
faculty. And for the longest time MIT, one
of the principles that is really pervasive at
MIT is what we call a culture of choice. I
can be the Executive Vice President of MIT,
but let me tell you I cannot mandate anything
at MIT. But can incentivize and offer choice
and align those incentives. So MIT has put
together a very interesting suite of mortgage
programs for the faculty to make sure that
they stay and they are retained within MIT.
500 faculty members of the roughly
1,000 faculty members access the program at
MIT, roughly half. And 136 are residents of
the City of Cambridge in that program. In
particular what's more important is the 96 of
our junior faculty population. We have 300
junior faculty tenure track, and we have
about 600 to 700 senior facul ty of those

1	junior faculty. Some 91 of the 136 choose to
2	live in Cambridge. So this is a program that
3	provides a subsidized mortgage as well as an
4	amount of money to make sure that they can
5	live wherever they want and they choose to
6	live in Cambridge.
7	Wrapping up, one of the things that I
8	wanted to make sure is we wonder all the time
9	is about how to enrich not only the campus,
10	but the surroundings of the campus and the
11	community around the campus. So this first
12	four examples have to do with green spaces.
13	The North Court by the Koch Institute, this
14	is on the other side of the Koch Institute
15	for cancer research on the other side of Main
16	Street. It's the North Court. Very much the
17	same size as Killian Court right under the
18	dome of MIT.
19	The student center plaza, this is the
20	renewal of the plaza across 77 Massachusetts

Avenue, the main door to MIT into the student

dormi tori es and resi dences.

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The North Garden by the entrance of the Sloan School from Main Street. And a picture of the community lounge in the main group of MIT, in fact, right underneath my office under the dome of MIT.

And finally what we're most proud about enriching the culture, not only within MIT but also with our neighbors and the residents of Cambridge is that last year as we celebrated the 150 of MIT, we had a terrific successful open house that not only displayed the kinds of things that one always thinks of when you think about MIT, the research and the science and the engineering, but really they put at the center of that 150 cel ebration the festival of arts science and technology which added a completely different dimension from MIT into the mix. And it was a -- just a fabulous thing to see for about 150 days of celebration.

1	Of course, we're committed and we
2	continue to be committed to the Cambridge
3	Science Festival. And this is one of the
4	things which programmatically we feel the
5	most attached in enriching that community
6	from MIT's perspective.
7	So this is our wrap-up. Thank you very
8	much for letting us share our thoughts on how
9	our integrated planning approach and using
10	those themes to really drive the thought
11	process from not only what we've been
12	accomplishing, but also the future of our
13	capi tal projects.
14	Thank you very much. Thank you.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you.
16	While we're having a quick changeover,
17	we have a special guest speaker. I think
18	it's too much to ask you to talk over that
19	confusion unless you want to try.
20	COUNCILOR KENNETH REEVES: Weil,
21	I'll be brief. I just thank you. Thank you.

1	I am, as you know, in this sort of acting
2	capacity as Mayor, so I'm actually chairing
3	the School Committee right now, but I
4	couldn't let this opportunity go by. I
5	wanted to first gift you all with copies of
6	our Central Square study which very much
7	involved the relationship between MIT and
8	Central Square and Harvard Less so. I think
9	in this period, Harvard's designs seem to be
10	across the board. But there a couple major
11	parts about MIT that it's important for the
12	Planning Board to really get, so I wanted to
13	just say this:
14	I want to encourage each of you to
15	really go and walk around the MIT campus of
16	now. I think back in 1995, '96 I was a
17	student at MIT.
18	You need one?
19	WILLIAM TIBBS: We're all set.
20	COUNCI LLOR KENNETH REEVES: Okay.
21	This report represents 16 months of

1	study of Central Square. And in the midst of
2	that study of Central Square we learned some
3	things that I don't think were well known.
4	One thing is that MIT literally owns acres of
5	Central Square. And if you think about it,
6	for a city which the land is owned by MIT,
7	some nearly 30 acres. But when you add all
8	of the acreage, you find out that MIT has an
9	investment in real estate portfolio of \$1.5
10	billion, half of which is in Central Square.
11	And there is this pattern of development
12	where MIT essentially chooses someone else to
13	develop a parcel of land for 100 years other
14	than them. So this land will come back to
15	them, but you've used a pattern, it began
16	sort of with for a city, but now it has
17	gone to Novartis. And the arrangement on the
18	Pfizer building is a little different, but it
19	would reflect this similar pattern. So it's
20	important for the Planning Board and the
21	elected officials to understand that one of

1	our university partners that we love very
2	much has a very different way of developing
3	and changing. And the biggest part of this
4	developing change is that MIT does not really
5	care if an academic building is next to a
6	for-profit endeavor. In fact, that's just
7	fine.
8	Now the other thing that we've
9	discovered is with this \$1.5 billion
10	investment in real estate, that is university
11	endowment like money. So to those who manage
12	it are really looking for that to maximize
13	the dollar value brought back to MIT. And
14	this is whether or not the land was acquired
15	at \$2 a square foot in the '60's or '70's or
16	at some larger amount. Another way to say
17	this is that every inch of MIT's investment
18	portfolio seems to be targeted in making as
19	much money for the institute as it can, which
20	is not illogical, but this is where, from a
21	planning sense, we the rubber meets the

1	road. Because we have a partner who is a
2	major land stakeholder in the city. So major
3	that when MIT bought Tech Square some years
4	ago, MIT owned 10 percent of the commercial
5	real estate in Cambridge which was somewhat
6	shuttering to many of us, including the City
7	Manager. Because if any of that
8	significantly was converted to an academic
9	use, the tax base of the city could be
10	signi fi cantly affected.
11	Now just so you'll understand along
12	with this pattern of development, Tech Square
13	was again sold by MIT but not the Land. The
14	land remained with MIT.
15	So, I want to make it very clear, I
16	love MIT. But the Planning Board really must
17	walk around and take a look at the extent to
18	which the campus has changed. The I was a
19	student there in '95, it's vastly different.
20	This new courtyard behind the Koch Building
21	is something you have to walk through, see,

and feel. I was walking yesterday near the
Osborne Triangle. If you look at the Osborne
Triangle and the Pfizer Building that's going
up now, and you've seen the buildings that
are going to be done by Novartis, you realize
that that campus and the business of science
are very much going to be connected. What
isn't clear along the Main Street corridor,
which some revert to as a transition area,
most of that is al ready dedicated. Very
little left to do housing or something else.
And I just want to implore you to know and
understand that MIT's notion that it can only
devel op everything at the highest dollar
return to it is ill advised in a context
where you own so much and you don't want to
do housing. And I don't think it's a
revelation that MIT is actively not desiring
to do housing because housing is not as
lucrative as office and as laboratory. Well,
in a city which has people and a fabric, you

have to have concerns for what it is you're creating.

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3 I would say one last thing. At Yale 4 the vice president who has the portfolio of 5 real estate also has the portfolio of 6 community. So there is this sense that the 7 two have a connection. That is not the case And because it's not the case here, we 8 here. 9 have to help with this coupling, that there 10 is a community here that is going to be here 11 for hundreds and hundreds and hundreds of 12 more years, too. And if you use University 13 Park as the example of how you can develop 14 acres which benefit MIT, they get the land 15 lease, benefits for a city who was their 16 designator developer. They get all those big 17 The city gets \$12 million in taxes rents. 18 but nobody from the city goes through the 19 pl ace. So we want to have -- and I for one 20 shutter, like in Kendall Square, to hear that 21 there may be six or seven new buildings with

1	there being no examples of our ability to
2	create a place that people want to go to. Of
3	the very brilliant MIT professor who authored
4	this report, Rip Ryan said, you know, when
5	people don't go to a place it's because they
6	don't want to be there. I think that is
7	really true.
8	So I thank your indulgence. I probably
9	could go on, but I shouldn't. I just want
10	you to know that MIT is on the move. Kendall
11	is on the move. Central is on the move. I
12	implore you to study the work we tried to do
13	to show how Kendall and Central have a
14	connection, but much of that connection is
15	with MIT. It's the dominant place in both
16	Kendall Square and in Central Square. And
17	they have a great deal of relationship in how
18	we can build connection, particularly along
19	Main Street and Mass. Ave. is a huge
20	question, but I will say I was lucky enough
21	to have lunch with Mia Lin to talk about her

1	building on Mass. Ave., and I do believe that
2	that building will help us immeasurably. And
3	I do think it will send a shock wave up and
4	down Mass. Ave. that will help us. So, we've
5	got good help. We want to thank MIT for
6	choosing Novartis who obviously knows how to
7	do first floor retail, etcetera, and that
8	they choose an architect who is going to give
9	us a signature building.
10	So that's enough. I would go back to
11	the school committee if I know you have
12	more presentations.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you very much
14	for coming by and as you know, we
15	COUNCILOR KENNETH REEVES: Oh, we
16	have more reports in the corner for those who
17	would like to have them.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay your
19	interest in this part of the city is very
20	longstanding. 20 or 25 years ago when you
21	pointed out to the rest of the city that

1	Kendall Square existed, if we take some
2	responsibility for it.
3	COUNCILOR KENNETH REEVES: But we
4	have the K to C2 committee and Goody Clancy
5	that Mr. Murphy is bringing us so we hope
6	to be able to see some outcomes along with
7	your improvado over everything. But then
8	these are pieces that would not get together
9	unless we put them together, so that's why l
10	came.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you very much.
12	Pl ease proceed.
13	MARY LOU BATT: Thank you very much.
14	I'm Mary Lou Batt, the Vice President for
15	Administration at Lesley University. And
16	with me today are three colleagues: Bill
17	Doncaster, who is the Director of Community
18	and Public Affairs; George Smith, who is the
19	Director of Operations; and Matt Brownell who
20	is the campus planner. And I want to thank
21	them for all of their efforts in pulling this

1	together so I can stand here and talk and the
2	material is all there.
3	What we want to spend a little bit of
4	time talking about today why don't you go
5	on to the next slide, please is something
6	we're actually pretty happy about, having
7	waited a very long time to find two excellent
8	tenants. We are thrilled to have both
9	Bourbon Coffee and High Rise Bakery. And
10	with those two additions, we have all of our
11	retail spaces leased and we have all of our
12	residential non-university spaces rented as
13	well. So we think this is really an
14	important piece. It really is important in
15	terms of how the community have places to
16	gather and really nice, good retail that it's
17	available. So we're very pleased about that.
18	Both of them obviously along Mass. Ave., and
19	something that we made a commitment to
20	several years ago. And it took us a while to
21	get there, but we're very pleased to be there

now.

2	Lesley has about 56,000 (sic) students
3	in Boston and Cambridge. A number of those
4	students are, you know, they're less than
5	2,000 undergraduates and over 3,000 graduate
6	students, and we have approximately 600
7	faculty and staff in Boston and Cambridge.
8	And as people know, we have students in 23
9	other states as well as faculty as well.
10	One of the things we just want to talk
11	about, and this map not only talks about the
12	shuttle service, which you did ask about the
13	transportations pieces, but al so gives you a
14	sense of we have the three campuses in
15	Cambridge, Porter Doble, and Brattle. And at
16	the moment we're within Kenmore Square with
17	the AIB Buildings at this point until we can
18	get them moved over to Porter. And what you
19	see with this is a very long shuttle service
20	running through Cambridge with busses. And
21	obviously it takes a longer time and so we

1	have to have larger busses to get people to
2	and from Boston. Going forward, once ALB is
3	here, the run becomes much shorter and much
4	more succinct, and we can also have much more
5	smaller vehicles making those runs. So we're
6	very pleased about that and that's obviously
7	another byproduct of being able to bring ALB
8	here to Cambridge.
9	We're in the process, and I know that
10	the Planning Board is interested in a
11	ten-year plan, but Lesley plans in three-year
12	segments, and so it's a little hard to do a
13	ten-year plan, and particularly after 2008
14	it's really hard to argue with the President
15	and tell him he has to do a ten-year plan,
16	because things change dramatically and
17	everyone's had to sort of adapt to that. And
18	so we are now engaged in a second, three-year
19	pl anni ng process for strategic pl anni ng and
20	really looking at the quality of programs,
21	being looking at how do we increase the

1	diversity of our student body, how do we make
2	sure that the students are successful and
3	matriculating, and that the programs and the
4	graduation rates are where they need to be
5	and that obviously the students can find
6	j obs.
7	We want to make sure that we have a
8	very engaged faculty. And the two programs
9	that we have always talked about are we want
10	to make sure that we graduate great teachers,
11	and we want to make sure that we have a
12	really dynamic art program that's an
13	integrated art program regardless of how we
14	use it, whether it's through counseling,
15	psych or expressive therapies or in the
16	schools or in the art programs for
17	themselves. Art is a very, very important
18	part of our culture and our history, and we
19	really think as standards have become more
20	important, which they are very important,
21	nevertheless we can't forget about art and

what a role that plays. That really leads us to looking at how

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2 3 do we think about updating our campus plan. 4 Clearly the revised strategic plan will set 5 the target for that. We will look at and 6 need some specialized dance studios. We 7 obviously need online facilities because of 8 the courses we offer at a distance. And we 9 have -- and the art school obviously is a big 10 piece of that. We'll build on our centennial 11 But we are very focussed, as I pl an. 12 certainly heard from the previous two 13 presenters as well, we are really focussed on 14 renovating and a more efficient use of the 15 space that we already have. We have no 16 intention of acquiring -- with the exception 17 of trying to work out something in terms of 18 athletic fields since we don't have any, 19 other than that, we are not looking at any 20 kinds of acquisitions at any point. What we 21 want to do is to really revitalize some of

the properties we have, make some of the pieces more efficient, and also to be able to do a variety of different things in the same space.

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We are an NCAA Division III school now. We have six sports for men and six sports for women. We do have a current partnership with BB&N, but our program, as it keeps expanding, does challenge their program and not surprisingly. They're a little concerned about that. So we are looking at certainly trying to figure out the field aspect of our athletic facilities going forward, and that is one piece that we are looking at.

To just to put provide the context, the context that you all asked for. Certainly the last five years has been an enormous effort at the Brattle campus. We bought portions of the campus over a 22-month period, and while it is an absolutely beautiful campus, there was a fair amount of

1	deferred maintenance, and we have spent a lot
2	of time now putting in new heating systems.
3	And we have now completed all new heating
4	systems which are extremely efficient in all
5	of the buildings on that campus. Going to
6	the future, which we'll see in a few minutes,
7	we have issues with the electrical grid which
8	will be yet another major undertaking. But
9	we're very pleased with the what has
10	happened at the Brattle campus and the work
11	that's going on there. And we'll go into a
12	little bit of detail of that in a minute.
13	Obviously the new dorms, at One and
14	Three Wendell that were completed on the
15	Doble campus was the biggest piece there.
16	And then completing the Graduate School of
17	Education on the second floor of University
18	Hall which now happened at the five-year back
19	time frame that you asked for, and then
20	moving forward with the AIB arts campus which
21	is obviously currently underway.

1	And so what you see is the three
2	campuses, the tri-nodal campus effort. And
3	what we've tried to do is pin a school at
4	each of the campuses. And so the graduate
5	school of education and ALB are at Porter.
6	Lesley College is at the Doble campus, and
7	the gradual school of arts and social
8	sciences is currently at the Brattle campus.
9	When we look at the various projects,
10	again, obviously the new dorm, we've just
11	completed a renovation at 29 Everett Street
12	which is the office of the President. That
13	building turned out to need new heating,
14	lighting, technology. And then once we got
15	into that, it was sprinklers and it was a
16	project that just kept growing.
17	But that has now been completed. It
18	has a new ADA entrance which we'll see in a
19	minute or so. And then the project that
20	on the Doble campus that we're looking at
21	going forward is really renovating the

1	buildings for the Threshold Program to make
2	sure that those programs meet the needs of
3	the students. And I think people remember
4	the Threshold Program is a unique program
5	that really works with young adults who have
6	learning disabilities and other issues, and
7	it helps them to live independently, and so
8	it's really important to have the right kinds
9	of housing and equipment for them.
10	The High Rise Bakery we talked about
11	before, so we can move right along. 29
12	Everett Street, we're obviously still
13	finishing that work. Al though it's hard to
14	tell since we never had snow what season it
15	is. That was taken around Christmas. We're
16	very pleased that that project is now done
17	and working well.
18	Threshold we just talked about.
19	And what we're looking at is the
20	renovation of doing it in two phases. And
21	this first phase will be 78 Oxford and 82

1	front and rear Oxford, and we're not
2	expanding the number of beds, we're
3	increasing the amount of space available to
4	the students and making sure that their
5	eating areas and it's ADA compliant and
6	clearly expanding the green space in the
7	areas out in front. And we're hoping to
8	start that project this summer.
9	And that gives you a sense of the
10	buildings, but that's gone.
11	The Brattle campus as you know, we
12	share with the Episcopal Divinity School.
13	The buildings that are in red are Lesley
14	buildings where we have done major
15	renovations over the last two summers. Keep
16	goi ng.
17	I think as people know, this is an
18	example of the Sherrill Plaza was a totally
19	deteriorating plaza, and to the point where
20	it wasn't even safe. And we spent last
21	summer renovating it and turning it into a

1	very nice outside gathering place for facul ty
2	and students, both for EDS and Lesley to
3	convene and really enjoy. So it's really
4	been a wonderful addition. And I think as
5	people have noticed, we also washed the
6	exterior of Sherrill Library which made a
7	huge difference in terms of its appearance
8	and how it looks.
9	We also restored 101 Brattle Street.
10	For those of you who haven't been inside of
11	it, anybody who wants to come, we'd be happy
12	to give you a tour of it. We really restored
13	it to how it was originally, opening up the
14	stairwells and other pieces. With EDS it had
15	been broken up into six different apartments.
16	So we've brought it back to how it was
17	originally even before Harvard owned it.
18	And we made it accessible, new
19	technology, again, efficient heating systems,
20	upgrading the electrical. We're very excited
21	about it and very pleased with how it's

turned out.

2	Again, Lawrence Hall, we have put
3	one of the things that we're doing and which
4	will show up later on, is we have an
5	aggressive re-lamping of the entire campus
6	underway, and this re-lamping has really been
7	enormously successful in terms of energy
8	efficiency. And we did Lawrence Hall as one
9	of the largest dorms last year. Again, as we
10	got we put in ADA entrances and bathrooms,
11	and as we got into it, discovered there were
12	a variety of structural problems that needed
13	to be attended to and then we dealt with the
14	l andscapi ng.
15	Same thing with Kidder, we upgraded and
16	put ADA compliant entrances and bathrooms and
17	did additional landscaping. And then every
18	building on that campus now has a new heating
19	system which is high-efficiency boilers. So
20	we're very pleased with that.
21	Going forward, we have the issue of

1	Winthrop Hall does need a major renovation.
2	We don't know when we're going to do that
3	because we've got a couple of other projects
4	in front of it and we're just not going to
5	get to it that soon, but it is there. And
6	it's the same thing with the electrical grid
7	upgrade.
8	Porter campus, we spent a lot of time
9	with you over the last couple of years
10	tal king about ALB, and obviously we're moving
11	forward with that. We're very we've done
12	some other minor work and we're doing some
13	renovation for specialty classrooms in the
14	lower level of University Hall as well.
15	Keep goi ng.
16	With AIB, obviously, we have our
17	Special Permit and Certificate of
18	Appropriateness with the city, but both of
19	those have been challenged along with the
20	Zoning and we're awaiting the court decisions
21	on all of those. We successfully the city

successfully sustained the Zoning. It's been
appealed, and this morning those hearings
were heard before the Appellate Court, and
the other two cases are were heard a couple
weeks ago and are pending.
But we hope that we will be able to
start work later this year, assuming that
those decisions come down more quickly than
they have in the past. And part of the issue
is just how backed up the Land Court is
because of all the foreclosures that are out
there. But as the foreclosure numbers have
reduced, the volume has reduced at the Land
Court. We're hopeful that will move forward

16Again, to remind you that all the17public spaces and on the ground floor facing18Massachusetts Avenue, we've designed it with19an active urban plaza and created additional20bike spaces and bus shelter and seating. And21then looking at along Rosel and Street along

more quickly.

1	the parking lot of University Hall, creating
2	a much better edge along that area as well.
3	The small pocket park.
4	Again, we've been working very closely
5	with the Historic Commission on the
6	renovations to the church and what will
7	happen both on the exterior as well as the
8	interior, and we're very pleased with how all
9	of that is moving forward.
10	And, again, in terms of sustainability
11	which you asked us to address, we have been
12	very active obviously as I just discussed, in
13	replacing all of the heating systems. We
14	replaced the heating systems about three
15	years ago on the Doble campus, and there are
16	the four big buildings there sometimes called
17	the east/west buildings. But we have had a
18	50 percent reduction of energy use in those
19	buildings based on the replacement of the
20	heating system. So it's really been amazing.
21	And University Hall where we've done

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1	the re-lamping, we've had a 25 percent
2	reduction of electrical use.
3	And, again, we are now composting on
4	all of our at all of our food service
5	areas as well as all of our rental tenants
6	have agreed to composting as well, and that
7	has really helped to reduce the volumes of
8	food going into the landfills.
9	We obviously do a lot of locally
10	produced foods as everyone el se does. We've
11	been very active in trying to reduce the
12	recycling effort, and we've obviously
13	increased bike racks dramatically, and then
14	we al so provide a free bike sharing system
15	between the three campuses for our students
16	who don't themselves have bikes. Although as
17	l look around, it looks like everyone has a
18	bike. But nevertheless we have those for
19	those students who don't.
20	So I want to thank you and hope that
21	l've answered your questions, or if not l'm

1	available to answer your questions.
2	Thank you.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you very much.
4	So I think we're going to take a five-minute
5	break and then we'll come back for public
6	testimony.
7	(A short recess was taken.)
8	HUGH RUSSELL: We're going to resume
9	the meeting. I have a long list of people
10	who have signed up, but it doesn't appear
11	that very many people actually wish to speak.
12	So I'm going to go down the list and simply
13	ask the people who have said they didn't
14	check the no box, they didn't check the yes
15	box. I'm going to ask them if they wish to
16	speak or not, and then we'll once we go
17	through the list, there are several people
18	who said they do want to speak and I'll ask
19	if other people want to speak.
20	So, Donald Sheehan, are you wanting to
21	speak?

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1	DONALD SHEEHAN: ALL set.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
3	El ai ne Fi sher.
4	ELAINE FISHER: I might have a
5	thought, I don't know. I have to listen to
6	the conversation first.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, this is your
8	chance to take part in it.
9	ELAINE FISHER: It's yes or no;
10	right? All right, no.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: If you raise your
12	hand later l'II recognize you.
13	Andrew Farrar.
14	ANDREW FARRAR: I would like to
15	speak.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: PI ease come forward
17	to the microphone. And our rules are that we
18	ask you to speak for no longer than three
19	minutes.
20	ANDREW FARRAR: I can do that.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Great, thank you.

1 Give your name and address. 2 ANDREW FARRAR: I'm not Ken Reeves. 3 My name is Andy Farrar. I'm a resident of 4 Cambridge for 25 years. I live in Central 5 Square. And my comment is about open space, 6 and while I appreciated the comments of 7 several of the presenters about their 8 commitment to open space, there's not a line 9 entry on any of the reports about open space. 10 And the neighborhoods don't live based on 11 buildings alone, but based on being welcomed 12 into campuses or courtyards or other areas. 13 I'm also president of Cambridge Youth Soccer, 14 and there are two fields of particular 15 interest to me. One is Pacific Street which 16 is now surrounded by MIT dorms and used 17 extensively by MIT students. And that field 18 gets completely used up and is no longer 19 really available to me to conduct soccer 20 programs for the neighborhood kids. So we've 21 moved all of our programs out of Central

1	Square into North Cambridge, West Cambridge
2	and Danahy Park. But that little parcel and
3	how it's used is of really great interest to
4	me.
5	Another little parcel is next to
6	Harvard and Lesley College, and that's
7	Cambridge Commons. And we run programs there
8	also for small kids. And those fields are
9	al so used extensi vely by college students.
10	So I would welcome the ability to run my
11	programs on college campuses, though and l
12	haven't pursued that, but I would like to
13	look at open space. I would like to look at
14	how the students of the colleges use open
15	space that's available to them from the City
16	such as Pacific Street and Cambridge Common
17	as two examples, and to think about ways to
18	improve those spaces, make them more durable,
19	make them better surfaces, and a better place
20	to hang out.
21	And for my kids I run a program for

1	150, four and five-year-olds, and I would
2	love to be able to do that at Pacific Street
3	or on Cambridge Common, but I can't. And so
4	l'm l'm at Gore Street which is in
5	north I guess, where is Gore Street? East
6	Cambridge. Lovely facility. We're committed
7	to having our programs in East Cambridge, but
8	we also need fields in the Central Square
9	area.
10	All right, that's my comment. Open
11	space is important and soccer fields are
12	important.
13	Thank you.
14	THE STENOGRAPHER: Can you spell
15	your last name for me, please?
16	ANDREW FARRAR: Farrar. F as in
17	Frank -a-r-r-a-r.
18	THE STENOGRAPHER: Thank you.
19	ANDREW FARRAR: Farrar Street is
20	named after a great, great relative of mine
21	who was a minister.

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1	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.
2	James Williamson, would you like to
3	speak?
4	JAMES WILLIAMSON: Yes, please.
5	Thank you. James Williamson, 1000 Jackson
6	Place, Cambridge. A couple of points about
7	Harvard's presentation and a couple about
8	MIT's.
9	About Harvard, I'm interested in the
10	issue that was mentioned having to do with
11	the treatment of the area the overpass,
12	the Cambridge Street overpass tunnel next to
13	the science center. Harvard came in with a
14	proposal to the Historical Commission at
15	their meeting in November or was it early
16	no, December, where they were proposing to
17	put 19 large panels across the north fence of
18	Harvard Yard as part of the enlivening of
19	that area. There were some concerns
20	expressed, including by Harvard faculty, and
21	then that was postponed until February. And

1	the latest is that that has been continued
2	indefinitely. I'd be interested and I'd
3	like people here to join in sort of getting
4	better information about what Harvard does
5	have in mind there and what the nature of the
6	easement that the city has over just exactly
7	what the relationship is, and who from the
8	city are involved in helping to shape
9	whatever so-called vision is being promoted
10	there. I think it would be good to know who
11	among us are actually a part of that.
12	On the bicycle issue, there's a
13	horrendous situation involving people riding
14	their bicycles going the wrong direction down
15	Quincy Street on the Fogg Art Museum faculty
16	club side of Harvard Yard. And I'd like to
17	know what, if anything, Harvard are doing
18	largely to police their own students who are
19	riding, you know, down the wrong direction on
20	that street and on the sidewalks there. And
21	that's a notorious case of just wrong

1	bi cycl i ng.
2	And al so the Larz-Anderson Bridge.
3	There was a report recently about a widening,
4	a change in the nature the construction of
5	the Larz-Anderson Bridge and how that does or
6	doesn't have relate to any plans that Harvard
7	has.
8	On MIT I know we all love integrative
9	cancer research, although I'd love to have
10	basic heal th insurance for everybody.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Pam was just
12	commenting to
13	JAMES WILLIAMSON: Too close to the
14	mi c?
15	PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you, thanks
16	James.
17	JAMES WILLIAMSON: You're welcome.
18	So with all due respect to integrative cancer
19	research, I think we should be especially
20	anybody who is a public employee here in the
21	room, a little bit not quite so excited

1	about the Koch brothers who have just
2	announced a hundred million dollar campaign
3	to oust Obama from the White House. You can
4	read about it in various news reports. And
5	they have funded the attack on public
6	employees in the state of Wisconsin. So
7	let's not get totally excited by the Koch
8	brothers.
9	Another item is MIT's I've noticed
10	from MIT publications their student body is
11	projected to be growing over the next years,
12	and I would like you to pay attention to this
13	issue and how the impact that this has on
14	some of the housing issues which have been a
15	problem for many years. You know, the
16	pressure on market housing and available
17	housing for residents of Cambridge and on
18	the one side. And on the other, you know,
19	should MIT be building more housing to house
20	people internally. And this dynamic which
21	goes back and forth but my understanding

1	int he past has there's been a sense that MIT
2	has been sort of been stabilizing their
3	growth, but recent figures I've seen indicate
4	that may not be the case.
5	And the last item which has already
6	been mentioned, and I'II reinforce concerns
7	about the Kendall Square and MLT's investment
8	company being involved in maximizing profit
9	as opposed to being concerned about the needs
10	of the academic and residential dimension of
11	the university and also being respectful of
12	the community and how those plans take shape.
13	And I think we deserve a little more detail
14	about some of how that thinking is going
15	forward.
16	So thank you.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.
18	Laura Kirshner (phonetic).
19	(No Response.)
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, would anyone
21	el se wi sh to speak?

1	Yes, please come forward.
2	GERALD BERGMAN: I'm Gerald Bergman,
3	82 Elm Street. I don't know if l'm speaking
4	out of turn because I did check that I wanted
5	to speak. But anyway, I just wanted to
6	address I think things about MIT, I've lived
7	in Central Square for 35 years and that's
8	the, I think the university that impacts me
9	the most. There's things in the report that
10	are left out. I mean Paul Peravano
11	(phonetic) brings us coffee and doughnuts
12	when we are doing our election work on
13	campus. So thank you, Paul. And I don't
14	think that was in the report. So, you know,
15	there's a lot of nice things that MIT does
16	do.
17	I wanted to mention every couple of
18	years one of us comes from the neighborhood
19	and says what about the vacant property that
20	MIT is Land banking on School and Cherry
21	Street? So, you know, every couple years

1	it's on one of the maps in the report, but
2	it's not on any of the maps that says you
3	have some kind of a plan for it, MIT. So
4	here it is in a residential neighborhood,
5	paved over, chain link fence, weeds to breed.
6	How about sitting down and talking about it
7	as long as you're building new parking
8	garages? So it's in the report, but it
9	doesn't say you're going to do anything about
10	it.
11	I noted that the in lieu of tax
12	payments that MIT is about \$1.7 million
13	dollars a year, Harvard gives 2.7 million.
14	So I would like to address that perhaps MIT
15	could give a little more. And I was thinking
16	of some formula for that. Every September or
17	October the City Council votes from free cash
18	money to go back to lower the tax rate
19	supposedly for struggling middle class people
20	like myself or small businesses. The major
21	beneficiaries of that vote every year is MIT.

1	They average over a million dollars every
2	year in give backs from the city when they go
3	into free cash. I get about \$62 a year as a
4	homeowner in Area 4. It doesn't seem exactly
5	fair. So maybe MIT can consider giving back
6	the money that the City Council so generously
7	votes them every September or October that
8	would equalize the in lieu of tax payments
9	with Harvard.
10	I wanted to just read a couple of lines
11	from the last Area 4 neighborhood coalition
12	on January 12th. This is the only thing
13	the way they address MIT. It says: MIT
14	parking garage project has not been as
15	forthcoming as it should be. Outreach to the
16	community has not been occurring especially
17	in terms of written materials to neighbors
18	who are not immediate abutters. It's not
19	clear whom at MIT makes decisions and who can
20	respond to neighborhood concerns. It seems
21	that the real estate group has the power, but

1	it sees its role as maximizing profit, not in
2	being a good neighbor. And that's basically
3	a quote from the Area 4 neighborhood
4	coalition.
5	I wanted to just mention one last thing
6	about I think influence and power. You know,
7	I was one of the occupiers 35 years ago or 25
8	years ago with Forest City. I was in a tent
9	with my wife, my child, you know, in the old
10	Simplex Land, Forest City. So I don't think
11	the new occupy people have anything on some
12	of us. But I was just saying as a member of
13	the town as opposed to the gown, I don't feel
14	that I have the influence that some of the
15	real estate developers have right now and
16	that really bothers me. I was looking at the
17	money that came into the recent campaigns, as
18	you know some City Councilors raised 40, 50,
19	or 60 thousand dollars for a seat on the City
20	Council. One Councillor, Councillor Decker
21	recei ved rai sed over \$60,000. She

1	recei ved 500 contributions each.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Excuse me, that's a
3	little off point.
4	GERALD BERGMAN: Well, no, it's not
5	actually. I'm talking about Forest City who
6	is a major developer for MIT, and I'm talking
7	but how do we influence how does a
8	neighborhood have some influence over
9	projects? I just said that we felt left out,
10	and I'm raising the fact that it's hard for
11	us to compete with money. Councillor Decker
12	received 500 contributions each from Albert,
13	Brian, Charles, Jim, and Ron Radner of Forest
14	City. \$3,000 just from that one source from
15	Forest City. Makes you wonder well, why is
16	that happening? Does money buy influence? I
17	don't have that kind of money. I'm only one
18	person. So I think it MIT
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Excuse me, your time
20	is up.
21	GERALD BERGMAN: I think it would be

1	great if MIT
2	PAMELA WINTERS: Sir, your time is
3	up.
4	GERALD BERGMAN: I'm wrapping up
5	MIT could encourage their developers,
6	which they're giving legal contributions, not
7	to contribute that kind of cash to City
8	Councillors, especially when they have
9	business before the City Council, it's
10	difficult for the community to understand
11	where we fit in in the influence. I think
12	people do care about that. I think the
13	Planning Board should care about that kind of
14	influence, and it's time to take a look at
15	it.
16	I wrote up a few things and I can add
17	for the record.
18	Thank you.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you very
20	much.
21	Does anyone el se wi sh to speak?

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1	(No Response.)
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, I don't see
3	anyone with their hand raised.
4	ELAINE FISHER: I will say one
5	sentence.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: If you will come up
7	to the microphone and give your name and
8	spell it if it's challenging.
9	ELAINE FISHER: It's Fisher. It's
10	not challenging. No C. Elaine Fisher, 7
11	McTernan Street, Cambridge. I've been here
12	almost 50 years. I'm 72 now. And I think
13	it's fabulous to be in a town that has so
14	many great university institutions.
15	Sometimes they can be a little seedy, but I
16	think it's really fabulous to be in I'm
17	proud to be here for that. We just have to
18	keep our eyes open.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you very much.
20	Does anyone el se wi sh to speak?
21	(No Response.)

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Then it's now
2	twenty after nine, and the question is do we
3	want to make comments on the Board or do we
4	do that verbally and right now? At least one
5	member has suggested he would like to comment
6	in writing at a later time.
7	WILLIAM TIBBS: A couple short
8	things that I'd like to mention.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, so I think I
10	mean ultimately I think we also have an
11	analysis of the Town Gown reports which the
12	department made. I guess ultimately we need
13	to send a report to the Council, that's part
14	of the deal under this. So I would think
15	that report would probably consist of the
16	staff report and anything we wanted to add to
17	that, and that might be something that could
18	be prepared based on our remarks tonight or
19	any written things that people wanted to make
20	and we might review that at a later meeting.
21	So with that preface, Bill.

1	WILLIAM TIBBS: I don't want to
2	spend a lot of time. I did have one comment
3	I wanted to make, too, and that is as much as
4	I love the idea I think that I'm just
5	thinking of the Town Gown reports and how
6	they've changed in the and they've really
7	changed, they've gotten better I think. But
8	one aspect of it I want to draw your
9	attention to, and that is the I think
10	there's a strong emphasis on the projects
11	which is good. The projects you've done, the
12	projects you' ve completed, and the projects
13	you're planning. I think it's important that
14	we kind link the front end part of the report
15	to the back end of the report. We have a lot
16	of statistics on Land use. We have
17	statistics on students both undergraduates
18	and graduates. We have faculty and staff. I
19	think the comment earlier on open space, how
20	it's used, and how it is, how it's changed
21	over time is helpful. And I think for me the

1	very important thing for all these reports is
2	just to notice any trends. And I think that
3	in the future as we start to do those, I'm
4	hoping that the that all the institutions
5	can talk a little bit about trends.
6	I'II give you one that I found
7	interesting, the ratio of graduate students
8	to undergraduate students at MIT has changed
9	significantly since I went there. Now I went
10	there more years than I'd like to care, so of
11	course a lot has changed since then. But l
12	think that actually makes a big difference on
13	how your plan, how you there was a time
14	when we were concerned about housing
15	undergraduate students, and as the ratio of
16	graduate students gets bigger, that has a
17	different impact on the city. So I just
18	wanted to make that comment about the linking
19	of that factual information to the projects
20	and that you actually end up doing and just
21	to linkage of that stuff and to get a better

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1	understanding of the institution of what they
2	see and how they see that happening. That's
3	my only comment at this point.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed, did you want
5	to make a comment?
6	AHMED NUR: No.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: I guess I'll make two
8	comments. It would be interesting to know
9	how many graduate students in each of the
10	three how many applications there are for
11	graduate student housing that don't get
12	fulfilled. It might be a measure of demand.
13	I mean, of course students are exploring
14	options, but it would be an interesting thing
15	to grab and to include in a future report if
16	there's some way that information is tracked.
17	KELLY BROWN: I have an answer for
18	MIT on the question. My name is Kelly Brown
19	if you want to hear it.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.
21	KELLY BROWN: I actually checked

1	with the housing people because I wondered
2	the same thing. And what they say is they
3	fully, they fully match within two weeks
4	there's really no waiting list. There's
5	always an attrition, and it matches up
6	actually pretty well. There may be people
7	who obviously became discouraged or, you
8	know, didn't get the preference, etcetera.
9	But it seems like it matches up pretty well.
10	We don't really have at least in that by
11	that metric, we don't really have a kind of a
12	pent-up demand that's not being met.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you.
14	And I was interested in those two
15	comments on open space, different kinds of
16	open spaces being at the top of the overpass
17	at Harvard or the youth soccer needs and how
18	there could be perhaps some more
19	coordination, cooperation for use of spaces.
20	I kind of the Pacific Street space has
21	that been improved or is that waiting for

1	future development?
2	BRIAN MURPHY: Pacific Street is
3	split. It's sort of you've got the dog park
4	area that surrounds the soccer field. You've
5	got the soccer field that's there, and then,
6	you know, it has been used as a soccer field
7	for some time. Our hope, I think, in the
8	longer term is actually to expand the amount
9	of open space that's there. I believe in
10	this year's upcoming capital budget there
11	will probably be some amount that maybe will
12	be used for some improvements, but that with
13	the goal that is longer term if we can
14	actually try to increase the amount of space
15	that's available there. The current
16	improvements may be more of an interim nature
17	whereas the desire to try to expand the space
18	and do more significant improvements, you
19	know, in one of the outer years.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.
21	So those are my two comments. Anyone

1	else want to comment? I guess Steve's hand
2	was a up fractionally before.
3	STEVEN WINTER: Thank you,
4	Mr. Chair. I did want to bring up a few
5	things and then in fact submit a more
6	detailed comment as we've suggested later on
7	because the input is very important.
8	There are so many good things we're
9	hearing and I don't want to lose track of
10	them. One is the attention to bicycle
11	pedestrian facilities. As we know, bicycle
12	use has increased astonishingly exponentially
13	lately the last three to five years, and so
14	we see these universities stepping up to take
15	care. And I think that's terrific. I think
16	we ought to recognize that.
17	I also like seeing the commitment that
18	we see to re-adaptive reuse and in-fill to
19	existing architecture. I think that's really
20	important and maintaining the character of
21	the town.

1	And as we do the, I think the
2	landscaping, the commitment to landscaping is
3	terrific. It's important. And I, again,
4	want to say that we need to maintain the
5	tradition of pedestrian permeability that the
6	uni versi ti es and ci ti zens have enj oyed for
7	450 years. And I think that's very
8	important. We appreciate the investment in
9	l andscaping and open space and we appreciate
10	the fact that those spaces are pedestrian
11	permeable across the city. And I think also
12	that we, we have to take note of the energy
13	saving and conservation work that's going on
14	which is really amazing. And I will tell you
15	that Heather from the Harvard office has
16	worked with municipalities across the region
17	to model behaviors for them. The
18	universities have resources to be able to be
19	models of good practice and good behavior in
20	the energy savings, and that's a really
21	important thing to make sure that we get that

1	knowledge transferred to municipalities who
2	are broke right now.
3	And the final thing I would like to say
4	is specifically to Harvard which is the
5	retrofitting at the building at 58 Oxford
6	Street, which is a wonderful building
7	designed by the same Japanese gentleman who
8	designed the William James Building in
9	Cambridge. There were when that building
10	was built, there were gold doors affixed to
11	the front of it. It was a part of the
12	building. It was an interlocking it
13	looked like a pie with a lace crust only it
14	was gold. And they just made the building.
15	And I don't know what happened to them or if
16	they deteriorated or if they became
17	inoperable, I just don't know. But all I
18	want to do is keep it on the radar. It would
19	be tremendous to see them come back and tie
20	that building together back the way it really
21	ought to be.

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1	Thank you, Mr. Chair.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Are you ready,
3	Tom?
4	THOMAS ANNINGER: I wanted to talk
5	about what is most important to me which we
6	don't have before us yet, which is the
7	Kendall Square rezoning that MIT is going to
8	submit soon. I think MIT has some difficult
9	decisions to make on how to shape that next
10	round of rezoning requests.
11	The first round was a very large scale
12	rezoning and I understand why it was so
13	large. You were really venturing into
14	something that was a little bit of an
15	unknown. I don't think you had had enough
16	input yet to understand just what you were
17	getting into. And I also had the feeling,
18	al though nobody has ever said this, that you
19	were concerned that somebody was going to
20	trim back what you were proposing and you
21	were in a sense negotiating a little bit,

1	giving us a high bid and expecting us to come
2	back. You now have to decide whether you
3	take that same strategy the next time around.
4	And my hope is that you don't do that again.
5	That you focus this time on a scale that is
6	more convincing, less grandiose, more
7	focussed, and in a way that avoids the
8	difficult back and forth that came out of the
9	first round. I think that will make for not
10	only an easier process, but a better process
11	with greater integrity to it, because I think
12	you will be proposing exactly what you
13	believe and not what you're afraid we might
14	do to it.
15	At the margin those are pretty close
16	calls and you'll have some pretty difficult
17	decisions to make, and I'm very anxious to
18	see what that will look like, but I think
19	that's perhaps the most difficult and
20	important project we have before us over the
21	next couple of years.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Ted.
2	H. THEODORE COHEN: Thank you.
3	What I really wanted to talk about and
4	remind the gown side, is that there are some
5	of us, many of us in the town who had no
6	relationship to the universities and have had
7	no relationships to the universities, and
8	they are these large entities that are there.
9	And I, you know, I ove Cambridge because they
10	are there. But I would really appreciate if
11	the universities were more welcoming to
12	people who have no ties to them.
13	The MIT open house last spring I guess
14	wasjust fabulous. It was my real first
15	opportunity to go there and to just wander
16	around the campus and go in and out of the
17	campus to go into the buildings. And I hope
18	I don't have to wait another 150 years. And
19	I would really hope that, you know, Harvard
20	would do a similar thing. And I appreciate
21	Lesley's comments saying, you know, here

1	we've renovated this building, come and take
2	a look at it. You know, I loved looking at
3	the buildings but mostly I just see them from
4	the outside because no one has said come
5	inside and take a look at them. You know,
6	there are guards there that say show your
7	student ID or good-bye, and, you know, I
8	think what the universities have to remember
9	is that, you know, we're part of a larger
10	community. And that, you know, yes, there
11	are all these land planning issues that we
12	have to face, but I think if you can just be
13	more welcoming to the public at large who,
14	you know, see the gates and don't know that
15	they can go inside, you know, it's great that
16	we can go into the museums and see the
17	museums. And I'll love it when the Fogg
18	comes back. But I think that, you know,
19	maybe it's just an annual day that the
20	universities are open to the citizens to just
21	come and see the buildings and see what you

1	have to offer, because really the MIT
2	experience was a terrific one, and there were
3	lots of people who I met there who had no
4	relationship to the institute who were just
5	having a grand time. Keep it in mind.
6	PAMELA WINTERS: Ted, you stole my
7	thunder because that's exactly what I was
8	going to say.
9	H. THEODORE COHEN: Oh, sorry.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: I brought my is
11	it on? Yes, it's not on. Is it on? Okay, a
12	little closer, okay. I brought my
13	90-year-old dad to see the MIT museum. He's
14	an engineer. And I was so impressed with
15	what MIT created in terms of maps. There
16	were tons of families there. You had food,
17	you had balloons, you had bags. I think l
18	still have one of those little plastic bags.
19	You just made the whole community it was
20	truly a celebration and it was wonderful. So
21	I really wanted to congratulate you on that.

1	Another concern I had was with the Fogg
2	Museum. I believe, and I could be wrong
3	about this, but I believe two years ago when
4	it came before us, you said it was going to
5	take two years to complete, and no? You
6	did not. Okay. Then that's my error.
7	Longer, okay.
8	In any case, I'm getting feedback from
9	fellow residents, you know, that it's a pain
10	to you know, the traffic jam there is,
11	it's difficult. So anyway, I was just
12	wondering how much longer it's going to take.
13	Do you know how much longer it's going to
14	take?
15	ALEXANDRA OFFIONG: Construction is
16	anticipated to be completed in 2013, but
17	we're still reassessing that all the time
18	based on construction logistics and reality.
19	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
20	One more thing is the retail. That
21	little group of buildings adjacent to the

1	lot new law school building, that was a
2	very important piece of property for the
3	residents in the city, they really felt very
4	strongly about that. So I would love to know
5	when you have an idea as to what you're going
6	to be doing with that property.
7	And let's see, and I was also taken by
8	Mr. Farrar's comments about the fields and,
9	you know, if a bunch of little kids go to
10	Cambridge Commons to play soccer and, you
11	know, they can't, how does the time or who
12	signs up for what in terms of the open space
13	the city? I was taken by his comments.
14	And I think that's it. And I'm also
15	concerned about housing of the graduate
16	students in the city and making sure that
17	they do get housed and have housing if they
18	wanted.
19	Thank you.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed.
21	AHMED NUR: Thank you. I'll take it

1	from where Pam left with the soccer. Well, I
2	can't speak for MIT but for Harvard,
3	Cambridge Common I was, until I became on
4	the Planning Board, a coach for U10 and 12's
5	at that time my daughter's age, and I didn't
6	really have any problems with the Cambridge
7	Commons. Usually there's a sign-up list on
8	the web, and there would be adults or
9	students playing in the field when you get
10	there. And just takes a second to tell them,
11	hey, I reserved this, could you guys move
12	over when you're done with this? And it
13	worked out pretty good even though I don't
14	know who owns. Isn't that city property? It
15	is a city property, yes.
16	Also, in Harvard's defense, ljust
17	heard Theodore's comment with them welcoming.
18	I think Harvard just said that building isn't
19	completed and the Cambridge community is
20	welcome to come in and take pictures. I know
21	you're talking about in terms of invitation

as MIT have.

2	I do have one question for MIT
3	graduates, at best I'm hearing the 40 percent
4	of the graduates are housed in-house now.
5	I'm wondering, there are 60 percent, how many
6	of those want to be in-house are rather live
7	on campus, and if not, where do they live?
8	Do they live across the river or do they live
9	in Central Square area or Cambridge anyway?
10	That's one question that I have for MIT.
11	And the same goes again, I probably
12	would like to hear the same thing with
13	Harvard Business School and both the law
14	school students if they're all what are
15	the percentage that they're living on campus?
16	Thanks.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: So have we completed
18	our comments?
19	(ALL members agreed.)
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you very
21	much, particularly to the listeners who have

1	been listening here to have very complicated
2	and dense and yet well represented
3	presentation. And to the universities, we'll
4	see you again next year.
5	(Whereupon, at 9:40 p.m., the
6	Planning Board Meeting Adjourned.)
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13	Catherine L. Zelinski
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