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3	PLANNING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
4	GENERAL HEARING
5	Tuesday, February 21, 2012
6	7: 00 p. m.
7	in
8	Second Floor Meeting Room, 344 Broadway
9	City Hall Annex McCusker Building Cambridge, Massachusetts
10	Hugh Russell, Chair
11	Thomas Anninger, Vice Chair Pamela Winters, Member
12	Steven Winter, Member H. Theodore Cohen, Member
13	Ahmed Nur, Associate Member
14	Community Doval coment Staff
15	Community Development Staff: Brian Murphy, Assistant City Manager
16	Susan Glazer Liza Paden
17	Roger Boothe Stuart Dash
18	Jeff Roberts
19	
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2	INDEX
3	GENERAL BUSI NESS PAGE
4	1. Board of Zoning Appeal Cases 3
5	2 Undata Brian Murahy
6	2. Update, Bri an Murphy, Assi stant Ci ty Manager for Communi ty Devel opment 17
7	
8	3. Adoption of the Meeting Transcript(s) 21
9	DUDLIC HEADING
10	PUBLIC HEARING DD#240 by Keylin France and Famon Fac. at
11	PB#268, by Kevin Emery and Eamon Fee at 60 Clifton Street 22
12	GENERAL BUSI NESS
13	1. PB#252A, 40 Norris Street, deliberation and possible decision 53
14	2. Julia Bishop, et. al. Petition 158
15	3. PB#141, Building G, Design review 159
16	
17	4. PB#179, North Point update 192
18	
19	
20	
21	

Thi s

1 PROCEEDINGS 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Good evening. 3 is the meeting of the Cambridge Planning The first item on our agenda is the 4 Board. 5 review of the Zoning Appeal cases. 6 LIZA PADEN: I didn't see anything 7 in particular here, but I can answer 8 questions possibly if you do see a case that 9 you want to look at more. 10 H. THEODORE COHEN: What is No. 11 10222, 1678 Mass. Ave. What is it currently? 12 Does it a Variance because it's a fast food 13 establishment? 14 The Variance is to LIZA PADEN: 15 convert the existing store to the -- it's 16 down in the area between -- the single story 17 -- the store's down by Jor Daviv (phonetic), 18 and I'm trying to remember what the cross 19 street is.

> Somewhere near HUGH RUSSELL: Shepard Street?

20

21

1	LIZA PADEN: It's towards Porter
2	Square, but it's outside of Mass. Ave.
3	AHMED NUR: Across from the white
4	church?
5	LIZA PADEN: Not that far.
6	BRIAN MURPHY: Near the gas station?
7	LIZA PADEN: It's a vacant spot, and
8	I can't remember what was there before. It's
9	further towards Porter Square than say the
10	gui tar store.
11	BRI AN MURPHY: Mass. Avenue.
12	LIZA PADEN: Right. I don't know
13	what was there before. I looked it up
14	online, it's such an old picture, it was
15	vacant then as well.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: This will fall in the
17	category as something we're trying to
18	encourage; right?
19	LIZA PADEN: Yes. To fill in
20	another use, yes.
21	PAMELA WINTERS: Should we make that

1	comment?
2	HUGH RUSSELL: It is a great use for
3	this stretch of Mass. Avenue without, you
4	know, we haven't studied the case and there
5	might be special circumstances, but in
6	general we think it's a good use.
7	THOMAS ANNINGER: It sounds like a
8	major addition to Brattle Street. Two-story
9	garage? Not always easy to do that on
10	Brattle Street.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: 50, is that that
12	must be in the Historic District?
13	LIZA PADEN: Oh, yes.
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: A-1 Zone.
15	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: So, that's a real
17	Historic District.
18	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: They look at the
20	doorknobs.
21	LIZA PADEN: It's this building.

1	THOMAS ANNINGER: Oh, isn't that the
2	hi stori cal
3	HUGH RUSSELL: That's on the river
4	side of the street; right?
5	LIZA PADEN: Right. This is not the
6	Longfellow House.
7	THOMAS ANNINGER: No, I didn't mean
8	that.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: It's not very far
10	from the Longfellow House.
11	LIZA PADEN: No.
12	PAMELA WINTERS: But the Historical
13	Commission will be taking a look at it I'm
14	sure, so
15	LIZA PADEN: Oh, yes. They have
16	this scheduled for a Certificate of
17	Appropri ateness.
18	THOMAS ANNINGER: Can I I guess I
19	would be interested to see
20	LIZA PADEN: You want to see it?
21	THOMAS ANNINGER: the layout.

1	LIZA PADEN: That's the parcel map,
2	and then that's the plans.
3	THOMAS ANNINGER: This is on the
4	south side?
5	LIZA PADEN: Yes, this is on the
6	south side of Brattle Street. Right. That's
7	Brattle Street. This is the house. Okay?
8	And then this is the garage that they want to
9	add towards the second story.
10	THOMAS ANNINGER: It's existing?
11	LIZA PADEN: That garage is let
12	me see how this goes. So what they want to
13	do is add
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: Very close to
15	Longfellow? No, I guess it's further. It's
16	on the other side of Sparks Street? It's
17	west of Sparks Street.
18	LIZA PADEN: I think so. I think
19	SO.
20	So if you look at the site plan, this
21	is the proposed two-family. Right now this

1	is the existing one. So this building is
2	there. This is the existing site plan.
3	THOMAS ANNINGER: I got you.
4	LIZA PADEN: This is the proposed
5	that they want to build in the back of the
6	lot.
7	THOMAS ANNINGER: And still keep
8	thi s?
9	LIZA PADEN: I believe so.
10	No, it's going to be removed actually.
11	Line of the existing garage to be removed.
12	So what will happen is the driveway will
13	continue on the side of the lot line and then
14	come to this space here.
15	THOMAS ANNINGER: It might be an
16	i mprovement.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: An improvement from
18	the street point of view.
19	THOMAS ANNINGER: Yes.
20	LIZA PADEN: I think it actually
21	gets them a I mean, this garage footprint

1	looks very small.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
3	THOMAS ANNINGER: It does chew up
4	some backyard, but the
5	PAMELA WINTERS: As long as the
6	Historical Commission says it's okay.
7	THOMAS ANNINGER: This will be a
8	driveway. Yes, I see what they're getting
9	at. What's hard to know is what's going on
10	here and here, but it makes some sense to me
11	now that I've seen it.
12	Thank you.
13	H. THEODORE COHEN: (I naudi bl e).
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: Well, there's
15	probably the yards are very big and
16	there's plenty of vegetation in between it.
17	LIZA PADEN: If you look at the
18	photographs, you'll see that there's a lot of
19	landscaping in this area where they're
20	proposing to put that garage.
21	THOMAS ANNINGER: Yes, it's

1	magni fi cent back there.
2	PAMELA WINTERS: (I naudi bl e).
3	THOMAS ANNINGER: That might
4	actually look nice. And it might actually
5	this is probably attractive. It will open
6	this up a little. All right.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I don't know
8	where it is, because that's 115 right there.
9	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Where's Sparks?
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Sparks is there.
11	THOMAS ANNINGER: Yes, so it is
12	west, yes. I see where it is.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: That's not it.
14	That's 115.
15	LIZA PADEN: That's north. Yes,
16	this is
17	HUGH RUSSELL: It could be that.
18	LIZA PADEN: It's in the section
19	here somewhere. It's one of these.
20	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Oh.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: I wonder if it's

1	that?
2	LIZA PADEN: No, that's A-2. It's
3	in the A-1 District.
4	THOMAS ANNINGER: Oh, I see. So
5	it's in this stretch here. I think I see the
6	house.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Well, anyway,
8	I'm sure the Historical Commission can be
9	relied upon to
10	LIZA PADEN: Take care of it?
11	PAMELA WINTERS: Yes.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: protect the public
13	interest on what that street looks like.
14	LI ZA PADEN: Okay.
15	PAMELA WINTERS: Yes.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: And they're probably
17	not terribly interested in our opinion even
18	if we agree with it.
19	LI ZA PADEN: Okay.
20	THOMAS ANNINGER: Unless we want to
21	say we defer to the Historical Commission,

1	but that's probably obvious.
2	PAMELA WINTERS: It's obvious.
3	THOMAS ANNINGER: It's not
4	necessary.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, I mean we can
6	say, you know, that we're choosing not to
7	comment because it's under the Historical
8	Commission review.
9	PAMELA WINTERS: That's good.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: All right. Is that
11	the only sheet we have?
12	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
13	AHMED NUR: Liza, the last case.
14	LI ZA PADEN: Pardon?
15	AHMED NUR: The fast food cafe for
16	Mass. Avenue.
17	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
18	AHMED NUR: Do you know what kind of
19	fast food it is?
20	LIZA PADEN: I think it's Dunkin'
21	Donuts.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: I think we do have an
2	interest in having big franchises like that
3	not look like their company stores.
4	STEVEN WINTER: We have an interest
5	in the signage facade that they choose to put
6	up.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: So
8	PAMELA WINTERS: That's a good
9	poi nt.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Essentially it's not
11	really different than anybody else. It's
12	like we want it to look like a mom and pop
13	cafe and donut shop.
14	AHMED NUR: Like and the Nelly's
15	Cafe?
16	HUGH RUSSELL: That's an extreme
17	example.
18	LIZA PADEN: The Mass. Ave. facade
19	is going to be 22 feet wide. This is a very
20	narrow storefront.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Do we have any

1	drawings of it?
2	LIZA PADEN: Of what it will look
3	like?
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
5	LIZA PADEN: Well, we have a
6	photograph. I mean, this is the floor plan
7	of the restaurant itself. And then that's
8	this is the West Side Lounge, and this is the
9	supermarket, Evergood.
10	STEVEN WINTER: Oh, that was the Law
11	School Coop.
12	LIZA PADEN: That's what it was.
13	And that was the temporary location.
14	STEVEN WINTER: Yes, temporary
15	I ocati on.
16	LIZA PADEN: Okay. I couldn't
17	remember that.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: So maybe we want to
19	comment to the condition saying that we'd
20	like the Zoning Board to carefully look at
21	the signage and make sure that it's

1	consistent with the
2	STEVEN WINTER: The character.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: the character
4	of
5	LIZA PADEN: Well, at 22 square feet
6	they're going to have that's the maximum
7	amount of signage they can have on that
8	bui I di ng.
9	STEVEN WINTER: Are they limited, is
10	it up here that they're limited?
11	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
12	AHMED NUR: It's half the width of
13	the storefront.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Right, and
15	LIZA PADEN: No, 22 square feet is
16	the width. It's 22 feet wide and they get
17	one square foot for every linear foot. So
18	it's 22 square feet.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Right, and then there
20	are things that probably that don't conform
21	the Ordi nance.

1	LIZA PADEN: Yes. I'm not doing
2	enforcement these days, though.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
4	H. THEODORE COHEN: And that's on
5	the interior.
6	LIZA PADEN: Well, yes, because
7	that's on the sign, and they don't have a
8	ground floor presence.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: So it does count as a
10	si gn.
11	LIZA PADEN: It counts as a sign,
12	it's on the second floor, it's behind the
13	wi ndow.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. There are
15	signs that they could put up there that would
16	be okay.
17	LIZA PADEN: So you want to change
18	the original comments that encourage the use
19	to
20	STEVEN WINTER: I think we still say
21	we encourage the use, but we are concerned

about the signage detracting from the character and flavor of what is a very viable, vital, urban shopping scene.

LIZA PADEN: Okay.

HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. Okay.

The next item on our agenda is the update from Brian Murphy.

BRIAN MURPHY: The update is, let's see, on -- again, no meeting March 4th because the presidential primary. The next meeting is March 20th where there's a public hearing on 603 Concord Avenue and also on 160-180 Cambridge Park Drive. For general business we'll have a design update on Smith residential, Planning Board No. 175. As well as an update on Article 22, just sort of have a discussion about how it's been working, where things are going, where we think -- I think staff might like to look at that going forward.

STEVEN WINTER: That's all on the

1 20th? 2 What's Article 22? THOMAS ANNI NGER: 3 BRIAN MURPHY: Article 22, is a 4 green building. 5 And then for April 3rd for now we've 6 got Kendal I Square, Central Square update to 7 try to provide you with a little bit of an 8 update about what's been going on and sort of 9 a discussion of some of the issues around 10 height that we've been chatting about within 11 the committee, as well as a proposal on bike 12 parking zoning to try to update that. 13 bike parking zoning from automobile parking 14 since they seem to be moving in different 15 di recti ons. 16 Brian, what's at PAMELA WINTERS: 17 603 Concord Avenue? What's going up on that? 18 I'm just curious. 19 BRI AN MURPHY: That's residential? 20 ROGER BOOTHE: Yes. 21 61 units are BRI AN MURPHY:

1	residential and I think we
2	ROGER BOOTHE: Ground floor retail.
3	BRIAN MURPHY: Right.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Where is 603?
5	ROGER BOOTH: Just beyond the rotary
6	there, on the corner of Wheeler and Concord.
7	BRIAN MURPHY: Former gas station
8	si te.
9	ROGER BOOTHE: Right next to the
10	dri ve-i n bank.
11	THOMAS ANNINGER: The former Sunoco
12	stati on?
13	ROGER BOOTHE: Yes.
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: They can get in
15	that lot 63 units?
16	LIZA PADEN: It includes a parking
17	lot behind it.
18	ROGER BOOTHE: Yes. Similar scale
19	to the other housing that's right next to it
20	on Wheeler.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.

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So we can't get biotech people to go into the quadrangle but gradually we're going to eventually infiltrate it with housing.

Well, it's

BRI AN MURPHY:

interesting in terms of the biotech piece. Right now there's still an incredible premium for Kendall Square in proximity thereto, and then the question I think will be as Kendall gets more and more filled, how many choose to look at North Point? How many choose to look at the quadrangle versus to how many choose to look at the fan pier in Boston. that's some of the tension what's going on And the other issue with the Kendall now. study, I guess to preview coming attractions, is where does sort of your next stage growth company go? Of the Cambridge Innovation Center is very successful, bursting at the seams in fact. They need more space. does a company go when it's not quite ready to be Biogen yet but still hopes to be some

1	day?
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Right, and they used
3	to be in those buildings in Alexandria.
4	BRIAN MURPHY: Right.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Nextitem on
6	our agenda is adoption of meeting
7	transcri pts.
8	LIZA PADEN: So, since last time we
9	met we have gotten the transcript for January
10	3rd.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. And you
12	recommend that we
13	LIZA PADEN: Yes, I recommend that
14	you accept it as the record of the meeting.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
16	STEVEN WINTER: So moved.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
18	AHMED NUR: Seconded.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. All those in
20	favor.
21	(Show of Hands, all members voting in

favor). 1 2 HUGH RUSSELL: We accepted them. 3 Thank you. 4 Next item is a public hearing, Planning 5 Board case 268 for 60 Clifton Street. 6 Welcome back. 7 KEVIN EMERY: I'm back. Good 8 Chairman, members of the Board, for eveni ng. 9 the record, my name is Kevin Emery. I own 10 the property at 60 Clifton Street with my 11 business partner Eamon Fee sitting right 12 here. 13 We purchased the property approximately 14 about seven to eight months ago with the 15 intention of demoing the building. Following 16 the current zoning which is RB district in 17 building one continuous structure with two 18 units similar to the ones we built in this 19 area recently, mostly on Harvey Street. 20 Right around the corner from this site. 21 We went in front of the Historical

Commission to get permission to demothe building. They instituted a six-month delay. And after six months we went back to the Historical Commission to get permission to raise the building. At that time the Historical Commission voted to landmark the building. And most notably because it was built in 1855, and it was the first Irish cottage built in a neighborhood. Originally it was on Rindge Ave. and then it was eventually moved to the location where it is now, which is 60 Clifton Street.

After this we worked together with the Historical Department, most notably Charlie Sullivan and Sarah Burks, and we come up with a plan that's before you tonight that both parties are excited about and both parties want to move forward with.

The first step was to go in front of the Historical Commission after we worked with the Historical Department, and at that

approved. And the next step was we went in front of the Zoning Board of Appeals on February 16th in which we needed two Variances at that time to build a product the way that both parties agreed upon. And on February 16th the Zoning Board of Appeals was gracious enough to give us permission on the Variances.

So tonight we're in front of you asking for a Special Permit that's necessary to build the project.

This plan includes saving the main building. Here's a picture of the building. I think you all have this paper. Saving the main building and knocking down parts of the building that were added on during -- at the 18th which would be the side building, side structure here. And a porch section here. And then the rear of the building.

So the main part of the building which

is approximately 22-by-16 is going to be saved. And then we're going to put an addition on that building, and then we're going to have open space for 15 feet, and then we're going to propose to construct a single-family condo behind the 15 feet which is shown with green space and so forth here.

So you have the existing building which will be approximately this line here. The dotted line is the what's existing now. And what's proposed is outside the dotted line.

And then you've got the single-family structure sitting by itself behind it which is approximately 15 feet from the existing house.

And also here are the plot plan, you have a copy of the certified plot plan showing --

JAMES WILLIAMSON: Is there a way for the public to follow along for us who don't have copies?

1 KEVIN EMERY: You want to show it to 2 hi m? 3 The property abuts Russell Park which 4 is an open, large area and the way the 5 property abuts to that. And the neighborhood 6 consists of single families, two families. 7 There's a couple of -- it's an 11-unit 8 structure and a 12-unit structure. So it's a 9 mixed use neighborhood. 10 Okay. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: So the relief is 12 being asked for under Section 5.53, and 13 that's the one we looked at last time or the 14 last one for Brookfield. 15 KEVIN EMERY: Brookford Street. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Brookford Street in 17 which there is a paragraph if we can make a 18 finding of the first paragraph then we can 19 grant the permit. The finding is almost in 20 my mind, but it's actually right here. 21 (Reading) That the development in the form

1 of two or more structures on the lot will not 2 significantly increase, or may reduce the 3 impact of new construction, should it occur 4 in single structure. 5 And/or we can go through part B which 6 has six different things which maybe that's 7 the way we need to go on this one. I don't 8 But in any case, that's sort of the know. 9 regulatory framework. 10 STEVEN WINTER: Do we want to dig 11 into that at some point maybe after the 12 public has testified? 13 HUGH RUSSELL: I think, yes, that 14 would be the time to do it. 15 Are there any questions that the board 16 members want to ask before we hear from the 17 public? 18 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Just that you call 19 it a condo, so I assume that these two, 20 although detached from each other, would be a 21 condominium? Each of them are condominiums

1 of an association of two units. 2 Two units because it KEVIN EMERY: 3 consists on one lot. So we're not going to 4 subdivide a lot so we make it common units. 5 Single-family detached common units. 6 Okay. Does that HUGH RUSSELL: 7 complete your presentation or do you have 8 more to say? 9 No, one more thing. KEVIN EMERY: 10 **HUGH RUSSELL:** Yes. 11 This project is KEVIN EMERY: 12 consistent for the required finding from 13 Section 5.53 paragraph 2A. That the new 14 construction proposal for this application 15 will have less impact on the immediate 16 abutters in the neighborhood as of whole than 17 as-of-right project which is a long, 18 continuous building. And I think I've got 19 paperwork. And that's what shows what we 20 could build there as of right if 21 Historical -- if we weren't working together

with Historical.

Such an alternative scheme was presented to the Historical Board and was turned down. By establishing two separate buildings for airport green space and private yards surrounding each of the two units, the development will be more consistent with the character of the neighborhood. It will not present a long, uninterrupted wall adjacent to abutting neighbors, and we will provide open space amenities to future residents of the project, as well as to residents of abutting lots.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So, we'll go on to the public testimony portion of the hearing. So, the only person who's signed the sheet is James. He's put a question mark. So I'm going to ask who would like to speak on this project? And James, you can start. You know the rules of three minutes,

so please begin. Others may not.

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JAMES WILLIAMSON: Well, James

3

Williamson, 1000 Jackson Place.

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I've followed this back and forth both

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here and at the Historical Commission with

6

some interest.

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I really -- there isn't enough

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information from what's -- I haven't been

9

able to, you know, from what's been presented

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tonight, I don't understand what has been

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proposed and how it's been changed. So, it's

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really hard for me to comment, although I'd

13

like to -- if I had a better understanding,

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there might be something I would like to say.

15

But absent understanding what it is that's

16

being proposed and not having a chance to

17

really see what they were showing you, my

18

only thought is that the immediate abutters,

19

some of whom are family members of people

20

I've come to know in the years I've been

21

living in North Cambridge, if abutters are

1 satisfied, that would be important to me. 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. 3 Does anyone else wish to speak? 4 (No Response.) 5 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, James. You didn't use your full three minutes. 6 7 JAMES WILLIAMSON: Yes. In Looking 8 at the plans I did see vinyl siding and vinyl 9 rail, rails. And I wonder, I guess is 10 that -- does that indicate what I think it 11 does, which is that there's a plan to use 12 vinyl in the new construction? And 13 personally I'm not a big fan of vinyl and 14 it's impossible to get rid of when you --15 there's huge problems with incineration from 16 polyvinyl chlorides. 17 KEVIN EMERY: The original plan --18 excuse me, the original plans had a typo on 19 the plans which have since been changed with 20 the Historical. So we will be using 21 cl apboard.

1 And as far as the neighbors goes, the 2 neighbor -- one of the direct abutters is the 3 one who suggested going to two buildings. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. 5 So, I see no one else wishing to speak 6 in this case so I guess we would close the 7 hearing for oral testimony. 8 Have you had your --9 THOMAS ANNINGER: Yes, we have. 10 we can close it, but I regret that there is 11 no abutter speaking tonight and it's possible 12 that after talking about it we may come to 13 the conclusion that we want to keep it open 14 for yet another meeting to hear the abutter. 15 So I'm inclined to suggest that in this case 16 we keep it open. 17 HUGH RUSSELL: Is there any 18 objection to that? 19 STEVEN WINTER: I object to delaying 20 a deci si on. 21 HUGH RUSSELL: I think that's a

1 different question. 2 STEVEN WINTER: Okay. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: I myself feel 4 comfortable about this because of the 5 Historical Commission review and basically 6 straight forward nature of what's being 7 asked. 8 STEVEN WINTER: I concur. I believe 9 the proponent has worked also to make those 10 changes. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: And, you know, I 12 think it's strange to not have abutters 13 appear, but I don't, you know, that's just 14 the way it is. This is a neighborhood that 15 is, you know, thoughtful, well-organized. If 16 there were a small brush fire let alone a 17 firestorm, we'd hear more. 18 STEVEN WINTER: I believe so. 19 AHMED NUR: Mr. Chairman, I could 20 have confused myself, but when I went to that 21 site, there was a hearing notice that was on

1	the door that was expired. That last meeting
2	that we had was not a public hearing; was
3	that right? Because I asked why was not the
4	abutters notified that there was going to be
5	a public hearing, and I think there was no
6	public hearing but now there is a public
7	hearing on this? And well then in that case
8	if there's no public hearing that's why the
9	abutters are not here.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: No. This was
11	advertised as a public hearing; right, Liza?
12	LIZA PADEN: This was advertised.
13	It was posted. I sent notices to all the
14	abutters. In fact, I went beyond the area.
15	It's been in the Cambridge Chronicle. It's
16	been on the Cambridge web page.
17	AHMED NUR: Okay.
18	LIZA PADEN: And it's been posted on
19	the city website.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: And (i naudi bl e)
21	personally went and delivered cookies.

1 LIZA PADEN: I don't know what else 2 to say. 3 Well, with that I feel I AHMED NUR: 4 join you and Steve that there's no reason to 5 delay if the abutters were notified. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, Pam. 7 PAMELA WINTERS: I also feel 8 comfortable because of the memo that we 9 received from the Historical Commission, and 10 it was a very thoughtful letter from Charlie Sullivan and, you know, it seems as though --11 12 I like what they did with the house. 13 glad they changed it to wood clapboard, and I 14 think that, again, the fact that none of the 15 abutters showed up tonight is a message that 16 if we approve of this, we can vote on it toni ght. 17 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. I mean, I 19 actually think the architectural character --20 I like the they've been able to add on to the 21 old structure and still maintain the

1	character of the new building is not exactly
2	not the same but not incompatible. You
3	know, sort of using similar vernacular and so
4	it's, you know, a real maybe a little hard
5	to tell whether it's a 21st century building
6	or a 20th century building, but, you know,
7	it's just fine.
8	PAMELA WINTERS: I live in a similar
9	building, you know, back and front, and our
10	house was built in 1846 so that was kept
11	intact and the newer part was built in the
12	back and, you know, it's fine.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: I guess I live in a
14	similar thing, too.
15	PAMELA WINTERS: That's right.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: But my house the
17	back house was built in 1874. The front
18	house was built not much earlier than that.
19	So, do other people want to weigh in on
20	thi s?
21	H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, weighing

1	in on closing the public hearing I have no
2	problem with, and I have no problem if we
3	want to immediately deliberate either.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I could kind of
5	I guess when Tom made that request, it's
6	sort of our custom if somebody makes that
7	request, and nobody objects to that, we can
8	go with that.
9	H. THEODORE COHEN: Right, but I
10	mean unless we
11	THOMAS ANNINGER: Eventually we'll
12	close it.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. If we make a
14	deci si on.
15	THOMAS ANNINGER: If we're on the
16	verge of voting, then we can close it.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: All right.
18	THOMAS ANNINGER: All right. Let's
19	leave it at that.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: And I think if we
21	vote, we have effectively closed the hearing.

1	THOMAS ANNINGER: That's one way to
2	look at it.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: I can't imagine
4	somebody coming and saying, wait a minute,
5	you didn't close the hearing before you
6	voted.
7	THOMAS ANNINGER: I have a feeling
8	that Ted would say we ought to close it first
9	and then vote.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
11	H. THEODORE COHEN: I believe that's
12	the procedurally correct thing to do.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Let's do it that way
14	then.
15	THOMAS ANNINGER: But let's talk
16	about it first maybe.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
18	So I guess one question is do we is
19	option A under 5.53 or option B the one that
20	we should be looking at for this project?
21	THOMAS ANNINGER: Can we sort of

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talk about, before we even get to that Ordinance our views on it. I did drive by. I think, this will be fine as a solution to the historical issues and to the neighborhood. It just so happens that next-door there are two houses as well so that it fits actually more in line with the character of next-door than we had comparing it to Brookford. And I guess there's another aspect to it which makes it somewhat easier On the one hand the lot itself is to accept. not large in back if you -- and I'm using this side by side with Brookford. Brookford had a much larger lot, and there was much more open space left after the two buildings Here this will take up a fair went up. amount of the backyard space.

On the other hand, in the back putting aside that there's a fence, there's all of Russell Field, so it's very open space. It is not closed in space and, therefore, I

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think this will do no harm and it is certainly better than one long building.

I will say that this trend, if one can call it that, because we've had Brookford and now this back-to-back, is not one that I hope will be coming to us in a very frequent basis, because I do think that there is a loss of backyard space that historically I think goes back quite a ways, and as best as I can tell is well used in these nei ghborhoods. So that while I'm not certainly against some increased density, I wouldn't like to see these neighborhoods substantially changed by a lot of increased buildings filling up backyard space. think in this case I see no harm in actually some improvement to the preservation of the historical building, and in comparison to a long building, but I don't think that this is a terrific solution to every lot in the nei ghborhood.

STEVEN WINTER: Tom, I concur with your thoughts on filling in the back yards. It's a slippery slope, and I think we need to be careful about it. Although, I'd also like to recognize it, it's happened quite a bit, and maybe that's something for us to look into also. You know, are there, the controls enough to keep it where we want to keep it?

But I concur with you. I have that also.

that the Brookford case and this case, both of them by building farther into the lot it allows you to preserve an existing historic structure that is, you know, history in terms of the development, not that it's associated with fine craftsmanship or people or places, but it is still part of the story of the neighborhood and that it has a very, attractive scale. And that's the tradeoff here. In a way that's why I think sometimes we should go with paragraph B of 5.53 because

this plan allows, accomplishes certain things that couldn't be accomplished otherwise, one of which is the historic. The other is, you know, sort of disbursing cars throughout in different places, providing open space next to each unit.

But what happened in my neighborhood is Mid-Cambridge which has a different Zoning District, which is predominantly Resident C-1, people started building three or four unit townhouses in their backyards, and that got to be as of great concern. And so the neighborhood introduced a neighborhood conservation district which now has a board and they can turn down a proposal or modify it based on a finding of excess in-fill which is not highly defined in the neighborhood ordinance. You have to have common sense.

Now, that might also be a broach to

North Cambridge who might wish to think about

which is to establish a neighborhood

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conservation district that can apply greater scrutiny and controls. And I think we've -- I think we all see this in terms of the, you know, the plan as an isolated lot as a reasonable way to handle this lot with the structure on it.

Ted.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Yes. I think it is an isolated instance. I spent a lot of time on Clifton Street Looking at it, and Looking at a lot of the other additions on the block. And there are some very unusual additions. I think it's a small lot. I don't think it's that enormous. And I think the second house on the one side that's abutting it is not the most felicitous situation. Although clearly that must have been done to preserve the cottage in the front, too.

Were it not for I think the Historical Commission considering this very significant

to their point of view, I personally think I would have preferred one larger structure that would have been up on the street line and would have left a significant backyard. I do appreciate that it abuts the fields behind it, and I can understand that being the rationale, not putting words in the ZBA mouths, but I could see that being the rationale for their being okay with the Variance for the backyard.

You know, Brookfield seemed to make a lot more sense to me to have a second structure in the back, although the design of this seems to be fairly appropriate, and that the front structure will pretty much mask the back structure. And given the significance to the Historical Commission, I'm willing to go along with that.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Ahmed is nodding his head.

AHMED NUR: Yes, I was nodding my

1 head to Ted's comment. I second that 2 I was wondering why it wasn't defi ni tel y. 3 one big structure up on front along the road 4 as opposed to two different structures. 5 After reading the historical letter, it makes 6 So I'm okay. sense. 7 So, are we ready to HUGH RUSSELL: proceed to granting the Special Permit? 8 9 Have you come to a THOMAS ANNI NGER: 10 preference between -- and this is getting 11 technical now, between A and B? 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I think A says 13 -- is about two structures on the lot 14 reducing the impact of construction, and B is 15 about particular identifiable benefits that 16 come from having two structures. I think in 17 this case, it's the identifiable benefit of 18 the preservation of the historically 19 significant structure, the reducing the 20 impact of the parking because of the way it's 21 going to be handled.

1 STEVEN WINTER: Is that No. 5? 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Fi ve. 3 Six, the opportunities to reduce the 4 height and bulk which is really, you know, 5 that's connected to the historic preservation. It allows the small bulk in 6 7 front to work. And --8 STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, I also 9 think that No. 3 is appropriate here. To the 10 extent to which that two or more structures 11 provides an enhanced living environment for 12 the residents on the open lot. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: It gives them open 14 space, it's not huge open space, but it's 15 open space. 16 And in this -- and one really is not --17 we're supposed to consider these things. 18 One, I think we consider the large, 19 continuous open space in the rear of the lot 20 is really not relevant here because of the 21 size of the continuous open space and the

public domain behind it. And then in this area, Clifton Street, we're not trying to get the backyards together. And two is not a benefit of this particular plan, but we do think it is, that pattern has precedence in other abutting properties so that it's not inconsistent with the development pattern in the rest of the neighborhood. So if we made those findings, then all we need to do is make a motion.

THOMAS ANNINGER: Well, I think you've been brave to tackle B. Whenever I read it, I never get to the bottom because I find it's so difficult to understand and interpret, but I think you did a great job. And I think you're right, that B is better suited than A. I found A well adapted to -- is it Brookford or Brookfield? I always get it wrong.

LIZA PADEN: Brookford.

THOMAS ANNINGER: I actually thought

1 Brookford was an improvement. Here this is, 2 this is a more of a balancing question and, 3 therefore, I do think that B is better suited 4 if you can make your way through this tangle 5 here, but you did. So I'm okay with it 6 myself and I'm prepared to go along with what 7 you suggested. HUGH RUSSELL: Would you put 8 Okay. 9 that in a form of a motion? 10 H. THEODORE COHEN: I move that we 11 grant a Special Permit pursuant to Section 12 5.53 to be of the Ordinance to allow for two 13 structures on the lot at 60 Clifton Street. 14 That we have considered all of the 15 criteria in Section 2B and particularly 16 Sections 2; that the two buildings are 17 compatible with the development pattern of 18 the neighborhood. 19 That three, it provides two structures 20 providing enhanced living environment for 21

residents in the lot.

1 Five, that it reduces the visual impact 2 from parking. 3 Six, that it increases opportunities to 4 reduce height and bulk. But especially four, 5 that having two structures results in the 6 preservation of the historic worker's cottage 7 in the front of the lot which we find --8 which the Cambridge Historical Commission has 9 found preferably preserved and they were 10 actually moving on a landmark designation, 11 and that this Special Permit would preserve 12 that structure. 13 Okay, is there a HUGH RUSSELL: 14 second to that motion? 15 PAMELA WINTERS: Second. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Pam. 17 Di scussi on? 18 And in compliance with AHMED NUR: 19 the Historical Society Letter, I just wanted 20 to add that. 21 HUGH RUSSELL: So that in terms of

1 the -- you want to --2 STEVEN WINTER: We could mention 3 Historical Commission's support. 4 AHMED NUR: One structure to comply 5 with the --6 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, yes, that would 7 be part of the decision. 8 THOMAS ANNINGER: I think it would 9 be worth just mentioning in testimony we've heard that the materials would be wood and 10 11 not vinyl. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 13 I don't think we have to put a 14 condition that they're subject to the 15 Historical Commission because they are subject to the Historical Commission, but if 16 17 staff finds that is incorrect, then they 18 should bind them to the Historical Commission 19 in our decision because we're relying on it. 20 AHMED NUR: Ri ght. 21 Okay, on the motion, HUGH RUSSELL:

1	all those voting in favor, raise their hand.
2	(Show of hands.)
3	HUGH RUSSELL: And we have six votes
4	in favor. The Permit is granted.
5	KEVIN EMERY: Thank you very much.
6	(All members voting in a firm active).
7	STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, before we
8	move on to the next piece, is there any
9	value, Tom, in talking about this issue of
10	in-fill into backyards? Is there any
11	discussion that the Planning Board might want
12	to request to be teed up by staff or with
13	some information? Where could we go with
14	that?
15	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Yes, that's a good
16	one and you're right, it's in the air. I
17	don't know what to do with that.
18	PAMELA WINTERS: Tom, may I make a
19	comment?
20	So in 1995 there was a huge amount of
21	development in backyards, particularly in Res
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1 B neighborhoods, Holworthy Street, my 2 There was a little area off of nei ghborhood. 3 Huron Avenue. And one particular developer 4 was, you know, sort of gobbling up those lots 5 and building in backyards. And so a petition 6 was filed. And so in terms of townhouses 7 anyway, there were restrictions placed on 8 that to reduce the lot sizes and the height 9 and FAR and so forth. So --10 HUGH RUSSELL: And I think probably 11 this language came out of that, too? 12 PAMELA WINTERS: Yes. So that was 13 referring to just townhouses, though. 14 So maybe we should HUGH RUSSELL: 15 ask the department to consider whether this 16 is something they think based on their 17 neighborhood studies and other things, 18 warrants another look at this or not and 19 report back to us. 20 STEVEN WINTER: I'm happy to go 21 along with that.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: I'm not talking about 2 a half a million dollar study but maybe more 3 a meeting. 4 We may be somewhat THOMAS ANNINGER: 5 over zoned right now in this situation. 6 this may, 5.53 may not be quite on the mark 7 anymore. 8 BRIAN MURPHY: I'll take a look. 9 HUGH RUSSELL: All right. So then 10 shall we move on to the next item on the 11 agenda which is Norris Street? 12 What I'm passing out LIZA PADEN: 13 now, there is a correction to the roof plan 14 that came with your materials. So the window 15 openings are now in the correct location, and 16 there is a memo from the Historical 17 Commission. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: So last time I seemed 19 to recollect we felt that we didn't have time 20 to fully consider it, it was either late or 21 we were tired or both, and since then there's

been some more meetings in the neighborhood; a letter that has lots of people signing it that was sent out with seven points.

We have Mr. Hope's response to that letter. We may have considerations of our own that are in addition to those seven points, and I think what we need to do to -- I would propose that we wouldn't dismiss any of these seven points at hand. They all seem to be matters of reasonable substance. Some of them reasonably answered, but we should put everything out on the table; the things that we want to talk about tonight, the things that are going to be -- we have to go through before we reach a decision on this case.

So do people want to put things out on the table as things are there, still wanting more discussion on?

STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair?

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure, Steve.

STEVEN WINTER: Thank you,

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Mr. Chair. I still feel that the light

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pollution issue is there, but I think we need

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to clarify that it's correct now. I'm not

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sure about it.

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I would like to know the proponent

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response to the plans for the location of the

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dumpster to some concerns expressed.

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I believe that the attic space was --

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that we addressed that in the last

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discussion, but I just want to confirm with

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my colleagues that we did in fact, and

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perhaps with the discussion with the

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proponent, but I feel that we did address it.

I am a little fuzzy on what exactly the

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I want to make certain.

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issue is with the gate that's mentioned

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between the parking lot and Drummond Place.

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And I think to the Attachment A, that the

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community concerns, I felt that three or four

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of them were legitimate, but I also felt that

1 there was enough questions that I had that 2 maybe we would want to go down that list and 3 make sure that we're okay with that. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 5 Oh, and I also STEVEN WINTER: 6 wanted to ask if the staff had reviewed the 7 document on the February 13, 2012, re: 8 Parking Lot Lights for the amended Special 9 Permits application. And if the staff has 10 reviewed it, if they have any comments that 11 they would care to provide? 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I have 13 comments of my own on that subject. 14 0kay. STEVEN WINTER: Those are 15 mi ne. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed. 17 AHMED NUR: I think that everything 18 was met to my satisfaction at the last 19 meeting and I was ready to deliberate. 20 However, looking at this roof HVAC plan, 21 there might be a variation. I thought we

talked about having a chimney -- existing chimney, and all the HVAC piping would go right through that. But there might have been some changes made according to this, and I would just like the proponent to walk us through if possible.

HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, I think -- I think there's a -- we can take a look at that. I think the thing, the chimneys are huge. But so, it looks like the roof is actually a chimney on the plan.

Tom, are you raising your hand?

THOMAS ANNINGER: Well, just to put it in the hopper some of the issues that we've been raising and dealing with. I thought the reason we postponed our decision was to look closer and to give, among other things, the neighbors and the community a chance to look closer at plans that were just barely off the press. And I'm glad we did, because I thought the letters that we got

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were good ones and it gave, I think, all the issues have been well briefed now and I think we understand them better. And I'll mention a few of them. I think the central one that actually did not come up much in this latest round of letters, is this whole question of number of units. It really only came up in two letters out of what were there, maybe 10? And my sense is that we've done as much as we can on the number of units. I think the reduction has been substantial from where it started out. We went through the process of or the Council did and we did of a Zoning change to what is it, 5.28?

HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.

THOMAS ANNINGER: And we have even reduced back from that a couple of units. I looked through the plans carefully again over the last couple of days, and the number of units on each floor. Just about every unit, every apartment is very large. And there's

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no fooling ourselves, this is a very substantial building in a tightly-knit neighborhood. There's not much we can do about it if that's what we want to preserve. And I think there's consensus on that issue, not just historical, but I think everybody happens to like the building and thinks it adds character to the street. Somehow that building has to be either filled or we leave a lot of empty space. I think it is now well designed and well filled. There are a couple of small units, but only a couple, and I think that's unavoidable, too, given the configuration and the geometry of it. So I think 25 units is a reasonable outcome. therefore, I think I would urge us to stop I don't think cutting it back any there. more would make any difference at all in terms of density or congestion. It would just move square footage around, it wouldn't change anything.

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The other issues -- and, therefore, I think it almost is an outgrowth of that The skylights are an outgrowth of comment. the use of that building in an intelligent And if the Historical Commission has no way. problem with the skylights, I don't either. And so I think here we are fortunate to have people who care deeply about such issues at the Historical Commission, and I'm happy that they are in agreement with how I feel about it even independently. I don't think the skylights deserve to be treated as a detriment to the design of the building. think it is an outgrowth of readaptation to a different use.

I look to others for the outdoor
lighting. I hope you will speak to that,
Hugh. I think you will.

Mr. Young did something very interesting, and I think you're going to pick up on that. And I think you'll understand it

much better than I do.

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Dumpster, style of fence, a lot of those things, again, the Historical Commission is looking at so I see no reason for me to add to that mix.

I think the issue around the emergency access gate that goes to -- what's the name of that?

STEVEN WINTER: Drummond Place.

HUGH RUSSELL: Drummond.

THOMAS ANNINGER: Drummond Street.

I think there's less there than meets the eye. I can understand why they want to have access to that as an emergency. I don't think it should turn on whether the fire department insists on it being there or not. I don't think that's the test. I think it's very reasonable to have some possibility of going down that path instead of down the other side of the building, but to keep it locked except when needed. So I think the

letter that addressed that in greatest detail was not convincing in the need to close that off.

Noise, I think maybe you will address that, too, Hugh, and that's important. But I guess that is something that we ought to perhaps mention as a condition.

And I think the privacy and the window treatment has been dealt with and probably ought to be added as a condition to the permit, but I think that, too, has been addressed. So I think the list of issues which I thought all came out clearly in the letters, have been to a large extent addressed, and I'm prepared after some further detail on some of these things, to go forward with an approval of a Special Permit.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.

PAMELA WINTERS: I concur with everything that my colleagues have stated, and particularly what Tom has just stated.

So I'm not going to take up time. 1 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, well, then we 3 should go down the list of 11 things. 4 STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, before we 5 start that, could I ask a procedural 6 questi on? 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 8 STEVEN WINTER: Would it be -- is it 9 appropriate for us to, in looking at the 10 eight items from the Cambridge Historical 11 Commission that they consider to be still 12 under discussion, is it appropriate for us 13 to, if we so decide, to put into the Special 14 Permit that these issues must be resolved to 15 the Historical Commission's -- I mean, 16 this -- I don't know. This is why I'm 17 aski ng. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: My understanding is 19 the Historic Commission does have legal 20 jurisdiction over this building and, 21 therefore, we don't have to --

1 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Say that. 2 HUGH RUSSELL: -- we don't have to, 3 through our decision, grant -- I think we 4 should recognize that, but in the case where 5 we might weigh in on some of these subjects, 6 we may need to exercise some discretion. 7 STEVEN WINTER: I concur. 8 The legal jurisdiction makes understand. 9 I understand that now. sense to me. 10 So I'm going to --HUGH RUSSELL: 11 I'm looking at Attachment A from the 12 concerned neighbors of 40 Norris Street, a 13 list of 11 items on a single page. 14 So the first condition was upgrading 15 the sewer and water main to meet the city's 16 standards. That would be a condition of our 17 decision because we understand that's what 18 the city is putting on the project. 19 And the response is fully aware of the 20 scope and cost and will satisfy all of the 21 Cambridge and Water Department's

1	requirements. So I think that's
2	STEVEN WINTER: May 1?
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
4	STEVEN WINTER: May I clarify the
5	do we ask all petitioners to provide adequate
6	performance and/or payment bond to the City
7	of Cambridge for this kind of work?
8	HUGH RUSSELL: No, we do not.
9	STEVEN WINTER: So I don't see why
10	we need to do it here if we don't do it
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. Because the
12	condition of our permit they can't get an
13	occupancy permit for the building if work is
14	not done, and that is usually sufficient
15	incentive. I mean, it's only if you felt
16	that the deal was so shaky that they might
17	get partway through and everything would fall
18	apart and that you'd have to go in and take
19	it forward.
20	STEVEN WINTER: And clean it up,
21	yes.

HUGH RUSSELL: Clean-up the mess.
STEVEN WINTER: Yes.
HUGH RUSSELL: And, you know, and
performance payment bond allows you to do
that more rapidly than the other things. We
don't usually try to make that determination.
STEVEN WINTER: So it should not be
part of our deci si on?
HUGH RUSSELL: So I would say it's
not part of our decision, but that the actual
work is part of our decision.
STEVEN WINTER: Yes.
HUGH RUSSELL: And two, window
treatments and coverings. The answer is yes,
they would do that; right?
And we would so we would incorporate
the language in the response I think of our
deci si on.
Three, this is the lighting issue.
Now, we got an elaborate and thoughtful
presentation on the lighting.

1	THOMAS ANNI NGER: There's one in
2	col or.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, there is one in
4	color. I know it has to be here because I
5	just had it. Here it is.
6	No, this is the earlier one. This is
7	just my own color on it. So it must be up
8	under here.
9	So I guess my first question is the
10	first sheet that's provided is on a
11	photometric plan, PH1, on a cost of design
12	sheet.
13	JAI SINGH KHALSA: I haven't seen
14	thi s.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: So here's the why
16	don't you just take this whole package. But
17	my first question, is that actually
18	information that you
19	JAI SINGH KHALSA: This is our
20	sheet.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. What's curious

1 about it, is it doesn't look like any other 2 photometric plan that I've ever seen because 3 the light level under the light fixture is 4 actually lower than the light fixture level 5 removed from the picture, and I've never seen 6 a light fixture that does that. 7 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Well, I think if 8 you look at Mr. Young's diagram, you'll 9 notice the same thing happens on that diagram 10 as well. 11 In Mr. Young's HUGH RUSSELL: No. 12 diagram there's like four-foot candles; 13 right? Four, six-foot candles right in here. 14 JAI SINGH KHALSA: You've got four 15 here, you've got 6.3, you've got 3.8 --16 HUGH RUSSELL: Right, right. But on 17 yours -- if this is yours, it's all 0.5 18 uniformly all over the whole lot as if the 19 light fixtures are hung by a balloon by 100 20 That's the only way you can do it. 21 I don't believe this.

All I know 1 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Okay. 2 is that this is what my engineer provided me. 3 I'm relying on what the engineer provided. 4 didn't prepare it. 5 THOMAS ANNINGER: Our engineer is 6 Mr. Young. 7 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Okay. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Mr. Young's gone to 9 the manufacturer. I just don't believe what 10 your engineer provided you. It doesn't make 11 sense to me particularly if this is for the 12 500-watt fixture, because that produced very 13 intense light close to the fixture and it 14 doesn't show that. So, it's very strange. 15 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Well, we're 16 certainly happy to work with the RAP fixture 17 and adopt the photometric plan that I've 18 al ready provi ded. 19 HUGH RUSSELL: Right. I think this 20 photometric result for Attachment B is 21 reasonably satisfactory. It shows one to

1 half a foot candle in most of the middle of 2 the lot. It doesn't show much of the entry, 3 but I bet you have some lights at the entry. 4 JAI SINGH KHALSA: We have some 5 recessed lights up there. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Right. So that they 7 don't show up in the photometric plans. 8 that area would be well lit. And there's 9 very little spill onto adjacent properties. 10 And the ratio between the highest and the 11 lowest is not totally out of whack. It's a 12 reasonable plan. So --13 JAI SING KHALSA: We'd be happy to 14 work with RAP Lighting to do this adopt this 15 approach to the photometrics. I think they 16 might actually might be able to do a little 17 better with it when the cutoffs are put in to 18 not have the spill off the side lot lines as 19 well. 20 HUGH RUSSELL: Right. But it's only 21 It's not very a tenth of a foot candle.

1	si gni fi cant.
2	JAI SINGH KHALSA: Now we know where
3	to go for our photometrics next time.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
5	So we could, I think, say that this is
6	the sort of photometric we want to have
7	furnished. And then staff would simply have
8	to compare the two drawings and find that
9	they were similar.
10	JAI SINGH KHALSA: Can I keep this?
11	LIZA PADEN: I have a copy for you.
12	JAI SINGH KHALSA: You have a copy?
13	HUGH RUSSELL: I've got two copies.
14	So why don't you keep that one.
15	THOMAS ANNINGER: Talk to Mr. Young
16	about it.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Right.
18	UNIDENTIFIED MALE: It's Mr. Kim.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Mr. Kim.
20	THOMAS ANNINGER: Young Kim. Excuse
21	me. Mr. Kim, I'm sorry.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Appropri ate 2 noise remediation for --3 H. THEODORE COHEN: Wai t. Can we 4 stick with the lighting for a minute? 5 HUGH RUSSELL: Sure. 6 H. THEODORE COHEN: Which I will 7 confess I know very little about. But as I 8 understood the comments, there was a 9 difference of opinion as to the value of the 10 different types of lighting. And are we 11 going to get into that or is that something 12 we're leaving up to the developer when we 13 otherwise approve the project? 14 JAI SINGH KHALSA: May I address you 15 for a second? The Historic Commission has 16 weighed in on this and they have told -- and 17 are weighing in on what they want for light 18 quality as well as what they want for a 19 fi xture. I know the fixtures that are 20 indicated here they will accept, and they 21 have not given us a ruling yet in terms of

1 what they want for the color or quality of 2 the light itself. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: All right. And I 4 think that's probably best in their hands. 5 H. THEODORE COHEN: Fi ne. 6 AHMED NUR: Absolutely. 7 HUGH RUSSELL: I think the concerns 8 are were that people couldn't understand how 9 a 500-watt light somehow produced less glare 10 than a 150-watt light. And the Kim proposal 11 effectively reduces the light to even less. 12 It's an LED proposal, so you're dealing with 13 a fixture that's more, it puts out more 14 lumens per watt, and I don't remember exactly 15 what that ratio is, and I'm not sure it's a 16 fixed ratio in the world today. 17 JAI SINGH KHALSA: It varies. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: It varies because the 19 LED's vary somewhat. But it's a factor of 20 two or three over the high intensity 21 discharged lamps, so that we're going back

1	down into the things that are inherently less
2	bright, but they're very nicely engineered to
3	get the light where you want it.
4	JAI SINGH KHALSA: And the RIB makes
5	a very nice lighting fixture. And we already
6	have broached with the client as well, but we
7	recommended using a LED fixture in this area.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: We're going to see
9	the LED lighting. Whatever happened to the
10	city's LED lighting experiment?
11	BRIAN MURPHY: It's actually gone
12	reasonably well, and my hope is that we're
13	going to be looking for a significant
14	expansion of LED streetlights in the next
15	fi scal year.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.
17	THOMAS ANNINGER: Mr. Kim has his
18	hand up. Had his hand up. I don't know if
19	there's any reason not to
20	HUGH RUSSELL: So Mr. Anni nger asks
21	that Mr. Kim be recognized.

1 So did you want to speak, Mr. Kim? 2 YOUNG KIM: Yes, may 1? 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes briefly. 4 YOUNG KIM: Yes, very briefly. 5 would like to mention thank you for giving me 6 the opportunity on the light. Just imagine 7 yourself being the abutter on the Rice 8 You're having a picnic in the Street. 9 summertime and you are looking right at the 10 Do you want to look at the shoebox lights. 11 lighting which is like a rest area light? Or 12 I found several, at least couple of 13 manufacturers who will cooperate with the 14 developer to come up which a much more 15 traditional looking lights. So all I ask is 16 to let them investigate that and follow 17 I only found two. There may be through. 18 dozen of others. 19 Thank you. 20 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. 21 think we're going to leave that issue to the

1 Historic Commission. It's one of the ironies 2 of modern life is that traditional lights 3 have very bad photometrics, they tend to 4 throw light everywhere, and they have a lot 5 of glare. And the shoebox light is one of 6 the most controllable source because it only 7 -- it's a box that has light only coming out of the bottom. And so -- and right. 8 You do 9 If you want sort of have a choice. 10 something -- there are fixtures like, say, on 11 the Cambridge Common that look sort of 12 traditional but are actually sort of stealth 13 shoebox lights. The light only points down 14 and not sideways. But it's difficult. And I 15 feel, again, the Historical Commission is 16 going to look at this properly. 17 So are we okay with that? 18 Noise remediation for air conditioning, condenser, and cooling tower. 19 20 Mr. Chair, if I STEVEN WINTER: 21 could, I believe it is correct and, Brian,

1 2 noise is controlled by Ordinance. 3 4 5 6 7 8 BRI AN MURPHY: 9 HUGH RUSSELL: 10 11 12 and the results have been good. 13 STUART DASH: 14 with Mr. Khalsa about this unit. 15 16 17 18 19 JAI SINGH KHALSA: 20 21

you can help me out if I am not, that this And there are specific Ordinance that say when installed, this is the maximum level of So, this would in fact be an enforcement issue once the air conditioning and condenser cooler tower were working.

That's right.

And we have

Mr. Khal sa's advice that he's done this same kind of installation with similar equipment

We checked early on adjustable so you can adjust the fan speed according to the need. So when it doesn't need to be high at the top noise producing, it doesn't have to be. It won't be there.

If I may, it's also rated at full speed, full tilt at 57 decibels which is speaking volume. So it's

1 going to be quieter than the air conditioner 2 put in somebody's window, you know, in the 3 nei ghborhood. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: It's limited to 50 5 decibels at the property line; right? 6 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Yeah, it's 57 at 7 the source. Right. And you've 8 HUGH RUSSELL: 9 got shielding around it and it's dropped in 10 the well. 11 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Ri ght. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: So I think maybe this 13 is the time, then, to go to the question of 14 the stuff on the top of the chimney, the roof 15 of the chimney. You've got a new roof plan 16 that Liza gave us and there's some rectangles 17 with lots of notes for them, pointing to 18 them. Those are actually the chimneys. 19 AHMED NUR: Right. I was under the 20 impression that there was some sort of a 21 masonry chimney existing.

HUGH RUSSELL: There is.

AHMED NUR: And then all of a sudden on this drawing it shows some sort of a -- what was that thing you read, Brian? This circle.

BRIAN MURPHY: Side exhaust.

AHMED NUR: Is there anything new other than -- because we talked about putting everything, all the pipes through that chimney?

JAI SINGH KHALSA: Yeah, I'll just clarify. First of all, let me just say that what the revised plan, quote, unquote, is that the underlay that the engineer had that he was working off of, wasn't the latest scheme in terms of the skylight presentation. So now the location of the windows in his drawing are consistent with the architectural drawings that the Historic Commission already reviewed, and that you have in your packet. So I just want to clarify that.

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We said before we're going to bring all the mechanicals up and out the chimney.

There are actually four chimneys. There's two smaller ones at the back edge of the building and then there's two huge chimneys.

Historic Commission wanted additional information from us exactly how that's going to penetrate and go through. So what we've done is, the only penetration through the top of the chimney is that little dome thing that you see which is collecting all of the heating units, flews, and bringing them up to one location on each chimney. So you've got a little 12-inch cap coming up through the top of the chimney, existing masonry chimney and the chimney cap that does that. All of the bathroom vents, the plumbing vents, the kitchen exhaust, those all go through louvers that will be put in the side of the chimney that are facing in towards the building. the roof comes down, the chimneys go up, and

1	the best places to hide them are on the side
2	of those chimneys facing in towards the roof
3	rather than having a whole slew of pipes
4	coming up and out the top. We felt was a
5	much more elegant treatment. And the
6	HUGH RUSSELL: Those are signified
7	by the arrows, the engineering arrows.
8	AHMED NUR: Right.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: They tell you what's
10	there.
11	JAI SINGH KHALSA: And the louvers
12	will painted out the brick color so they fade
13	in if you do happen to catch some angle where
14	you can see them.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: And the fans are
16	located where for those?
17	JAI SINGH KHALSA: In the attic.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: In the attic. So
19	they're remote?
20	JAI SINGH KHALSA: Yeah, they're an
21	accelerated in-line fan, accelerated remote

1	in the attic. And we do have an attic space
2	that we can fit them in; right.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: From an acoustic
4	point of view, that fan is now removed from
5	the grill.
6	JAI SINGH KHALSA: Yep.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Which helps even
8	more.
9	AHMED NUR: So this is a 12-inch, as
10	you mentioned, is in the chimney. It
11	indicates I confused myself when I saw the
12	lines. I figured it was outside of the brick
13	facade.
14	JAI SINGH KHALSA: No, it's all
15	i nsi de the facade.
16	AHMED NUR: It's inside, okay. I
17	know. That's it.
18	JAI SINGH KHALSA: Okay.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Five, snow avalanche
20	system. I think the response says is
21	there a response?

1 STEVEN WINTER: Six is snow and 2 waste management, but I don't know if that's 3 snow slides. 4 AHMED NUR: Off the roof the snow 5 stides. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Right. We heard 7 testimony before that they're going to have 8 snow guards. 9 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Again, if I might 10 spend a minute to address it. We actually 11 looked through a lot of manufacturer's data 12 and we met with Charlie Sullivan and Sarah 13 Burke to go over this. And what we're 14 prosing to do is two layers of snow rails, 15 and then above that the cleats that go in 16 with the slates. And that's the best 17 protection that could be done and it's to the 18 manufacturing and industry standards to do 19 that. 20 STEVEN WINTER: That's this one 21 here?

1	JAI SINGH KHALSA: That's yeah,
2	that one there.
3	STEVEN WINTER: Yes.
4	JAI SINGH KHALSA: Now, the fences
5	are the long, you know, pipes that go on
6	brackets, and the Historic Commission staff
7	picked the style that they'd like to see in
8	it. Right now there's very limited areas of
9	the roof that have it, and this will protect
10	all of the perimeter.
11	AHMED NUR: And you said this was a
12	no heat trace?
13	JAI SINGH KHALSA: No, there's no
14	intention to heat trace it.
15	AHMED NUR: Okay.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Snow falls, it's a
17	slate roof and fairly steep pitch and snow
18	will certain conditions likes to avalanche
19	off.
20	JAI SINGH KHALSA: I live in a
21	building with a very steep slate roof that

1 has flat roofs on the sides. And, you know, 2 at night all of a sudden you hear it rumble 3 and it comes crashes down and hit where we 4 don't have the fences, and I think the fences 5 are an essential addition to this building. 6 STEVEN WINTER: It's a safety issue? 7 JAI SINGH KHALSA: It is. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 9 So six, parking -- petitioner shall 10 comply with the Zoning Ordinance parking 11 requirements once commercial occupants are 12 finally determined. 13 And I was a little -- I didn't 14 understand -- and the response is yes, we'll 15 do that. But does that mean that when a 16 commercial tenant comes in, there might be a 17 requirement for additional parking? 18 Mr. Hope. 19 ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: So we 20 specifically -- the use was general office, 21 and the actual square footage is --

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there?

AHMED NUR: Can you turn on the mic

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ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Okay. Yes, the use that we selected, that was allowed by 5. 28 was general office, and the square footage was below 2,000 square feet. And so when we looked at the parking, we actually allotted this space for one reasonable space that we could rent but also below the parking threshold. So my comments in the letter is also that if there was a -- there is a myriad of uses that we're allowed, but we're obviously proposing general office. But if we went and if market forces suggested a different use that was allowed in the 5.28, we would then have to go satisfy those. as the plan presented, we have general office and we have the parking, and it's below the parking threshold. So we are below what is required for additional parking, but -- and we (inaudible) visitor parking and visitor

1 parking spaces. I only wanted to suggest 2 that if we change the use, that would require 3 that we would meet that threshold as required 4 by ISD. But as stated for general office, we 5 don't have an additional mandated parking 6 requirement. 7 STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Hope. 8 So that might be --HUGH RUSSELL: 9 since I don't believe there's a place to put 10 another car on this site, that might then 11 backwards limit what you've --12 ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Exactly. 13 Right. 14 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 15 ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: So we plan to 16 do that, but obviously we'd have to get 17 Zoning relief or some other type of relief if 18 we wanted to change the use and we're 19 required to meet that parking requirement. 20 HUGH RUSSELL: Ri ght. Because there 21 are provisions in the Ordinance for off-site

1	parking within three or four hundred feet.
2	So there could be other arrangements.
3	Okay, thank you. I understand that.
4	STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Hope, Sue
5	Clippinger's memo, January 31st, her No. 2
6	recommendation is that we recommend that in
7	order to make sure cars are not parked on the
8	street, the parking lot should act as a field
9	of parking for residents, commercial units,
10	and all building visitors, and individual
11	spaces should not be dedicated to individual
12	users for their sole use 24/7.
13	What is your response to that?
14	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: I think that
15	stands for itself. So that the way we have
16	it set up there we're not mandating parking
17	spaces.
18	STEVEN WINTER: Okay, I just wanted
19	to clarify that.
20	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Yes.
21	STEVEN WINTER: So you are indeed

1 following this recommendation? 2 ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: 3 STEVEN WINTER: That's what I needed 4 to hear. 5 So we'll get back to HUGH RUSSELL: 6 parking when we hit 10. We might as well 7 keep going in order. 8 Adequate plan for trash pick up, 9 recycling and vermin control. 10 And part of that is, part of that 11 construction process for which there's a plan 12 that gets presented; right, as part of the 13 Building Permit process that addresses those. 14 And part of it is a permanent, long-term 15 And we've seen that there are 16 provisions for trash and recycling, and 17 vermin control is just one of the things you 18 get into when you own a multi-family 19 property. You have to take responsibility 20 for that. And if you don't, then people will 21 complain to the Board of Health and bring the

1 wrath of the city down on you and maybe get 2 some action. 3 STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair? 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 5 STEVEN WINTER: If I could refer to 6 a letter from a Rice Street resident who was 7 unclear about the plan that the dumpster 8 would be marked -- would be masked by the two 9 garages that meet, and she's indicating that 10 that doesn't in fact occur. And I wonder if 11 you could, Mr. Khalsa, help us understand 12 that? 13 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Sure. On the 14 edges of where the trash -- the dumpster is 15 going to be and the trash enclosure is going 16 to be, there are two garages. Garages don't 17 touch each other. There's some gap between 18 them and that's going to be filled in with 19 fencing, wood fencing. 20 Thank you. STEVEN WINTER: 21 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Okay.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: There's actually, it 2 says, as I look at your plan, there's 3 actually a planting strip also in between the 4 dumpster and the fence or -- there are two 5 fences; right? There's a fence around the 6 dumpster and there's a fence on the back 7 line, and there's some planting in there and 8 so that, so the gap has two fences and some 9 shrubs in it. 10 JAI SINGH KHALSA: Yeah. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: And if there were --12 I assume you're going to stay in contact with 13 the abutters, and if they have particular 14 notions of what should precisely happen in 15 that corner, you will --16 JAI SINGH KHALSA: We'll be happy to 17 accommodate. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Ri ght. 19 Snow removal plan. And we don't 20 usually require or sort of like a written 21 snow removal procedure. I think that what

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we've heard from the proponent is that they understand that there's not much space for snow storage on the site. They've tried to select plants so that they could perhaps have a limited amount of small snow storage in small events, but they're going to have to remove the snow. And I would agree that if it were my next-door neighbor -- well, when the city runs their plow through my backyard to plow behind the school at three o'clock in the morning, I know it and I'm not happy with it. It's pretty quick, but mining snow out of a parking lot. The other issue about snow removal from a multi-family project is that it almost always happens during the daytime because the tenants' cars are gone.

PAMELA WINTERS: That's right.

HUGH RUSSELL: You know, they come in and they will plow something else, people can get out. And then when they're gone, they will do a better job to get rid of the

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rest of the snow. It's the only feasible way to do it. Doing it at night is really not feasible because all of the tenants will be parking there. You can't control the snow and indeed we haven't seen much this year.

Yes.

STEVEN WINTER: It's a snow removal question unless you had another thing to add.

> HUGH RUSSELL: Go ahead.

STEVEN WINTER: The proponent has indicated several times that the snow removal will be handled internally by utilizing the owner's full-time construction staff and snow removal equipment. And I guess my question to the Board is that strong enough language for us or do we want to say that the owner must contract to remove snow? Must -- you know, I don't know what that means. owner's full-time construction staff. I just don't know what that means. So is there any specific language that we use in general to

1 indicate that the proponent or the owner is 2 responsible, period, that's it? 3 HUGH RUSSELL: And I see Stuart saying to me visually that, yes, we do not 4 5 typically put this fact into our decisions. 6 STEVEN WINTER: Okay. 7 H. THEODORE COHEN: I would either 8 also comment that the market of the people 9 who park in the back there are going to 10 ensure that the management company or the 11 association is clearing up the snow. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Right. I mean, I 13 guess we would ask the staff if there's any 14 language that should -- enforcement should 15 the snow removal be lax, I mean, ultimately 16 they're in violation of the Zoning --STEVEN WINTER: 17 Okay. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: -- of the decision 19 because they don't have the parking. That's 20 not a very fast process. Is there anything 21 we can put in the decision that would help in

1 considering the new penalties that were for 2 administrative review? 3 STUART DASH: I wouldn't think, 4 unless you saw there was some obvious place, 5 you know, that everyone knew it would be a 6 problem area. 7 STEVEN WINTER: Stuart, I understand 8 And my only intent is to ensure good that. 9 fai th. 10 I think the people who STUART DASH: 11 live there are going to be much faster in 12 their response time. And if you saw 13 something like this, the obvious place they 14 might put snow is some bad place in the 15 public domain or something like that, we'd 16 look at that. But it doesn't look like that. 17 HUGH RUSSELL: Open the gate to 18 Drummond Place and ship it all there. 19 UNI DENTI FI ED MALE: That's not at 20 all funny. 21 HUGH RUSSELL: I want to make sure

that somebody doesn't think that's a great idea at the moment.

Okay, and we're on Drummond Place.

Now, there's a -- I found the letter we received and the dialogue with the fire department to be quite interesting, because it was a clear intent of that and from Ranjit also saying the city's not requiring that access.

STEVEN WINTER: Right.

HUGH RUSSELL: Now, because it's a private way, the actual property line goes out to the middle of Drummond Place. So it's, you know, there's a right of passage for everybody out there. And it's also my understanding that nobody wants regular traffic to be there. And also that there's a -- if you put a gate in, then what's to prevent the sign going up on that gate saying keep this area clear? And I understand for many years people have been parking along

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that fence as part of the way they solve parking on Drummond Place. And I believe that if we're trying to reduce the impacts of this project on the neighborhood, we should not -- we should not change that situation.

STEVEN WINTER: I concur.

HUGH RUSSELL: And if for convenience they want a gate that's the size of a man in someplace that seems reasonable, I wouldn't object to that. But I don't see, you know, they have full rights to get on Drummond Place to maintain the building because of their ownership and their rights to Drummond Place. So I don't believe -- I don't see why that opening is there. It doesn't make sense. And I think it's better not to change something that's been working and it's better that the Drummond Place cars be not competing for the very few available spaces on the street.

Mr. Hope.

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brief. As you know, this is a conversion from a school to 25 residences. So although there hasn't been an access to Drummond Place, there's been a fence. This is a

ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: And I'll be

Place, there's been a tence. This is a

totally different use, and it's a

residential. Our impetus in my conversation

with the fire department, this is not

something that's required by the city, so

this is not a threshold that we need to meet.

But this is really about a safety and about a

desire to have this access. And as you saw

in my letter, there were restrictions about

parking having the gate locked for emergency

purposes, and we are willing to do that.

This is an opportunity to convert this

building. This is a residential building,

and we also do have feeding rights to that

private way. Now, if we were going to use it

as an access or an entrance, we would have

had to have applied for that as part of the

permit. Also in terms of protection, having a locked gate is not going to add any parking, any cars parked to Drummond Place. Nor is the owner intentionally or trying to satisfy any parking requirements on the site to that access to Drummond Place. What we do here tonight is in perpetuity. The owner doesn't sell his properties, he maintains his properties. That's why this is a rental By providing this gate that is locked, this adds another level of safety that wouldn't otherwise be provided. And when I actually talked to Captain Grogan, and I told him about, you know, our desire to do this and would it be a benefit, you're right, in the letter the second permit is not a But it's also the actual properties in Drummond Place. If you look down Drummond Place and Rice Street, they're essentially landlocked. There is a safety for the building, and I believe the owner

forecast worst case scenario where there may be a need for that. But I also think it does provide a benefit for access to those other places.

Again, this is not a requirement, but I think this is an opportunity. And if you want to safeguard Drummond Place, it can easily be done with some sort of lock or some sort of condition. But if we don't put the gate there, there's no opportunity -- and in an emergency, we may look back and say you know what, the fire department didn't require it but we didn't have it. So we would just request -- it's a desire. I think it's going to be a benefit to the property, and I think there are other ways to address parking on Drummond Place.

THOMAS ANNINGER: I assume that you'd be willing to agree not to put a sign up saying keep this opening clear so that it would be an emergency access, but if you

needed it, you would have to somehow find the owner of whatever car was blocking it and you would negotiate around that.

ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: That's right.

THOMAS ANNINGER: But we could put in a condition that that cannot be used as a reason to eliminate a space on Drummond Place.

actually I think the plans have been revised, actually have the gate, well, not just a stockade chain link fence, but also to have it swing in inward. So there's an idea if there was an emergency, you wouldn't necessarily have to require, and obviously if there's a car parked there you would have to make some accommodations. But to your question, yes.

STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, unless this is an ordinanced gate, I really don't want to put -- I don't want to make that an

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opening. I think the owners of the buildings can change. I think that the conditions can change, and I really think that's a step in the wrong direction to put a gate there.

H. THEODORE COHEN: I actually disagree with that. I feel very uncomfortable prohibiting a gate to be used for emergency vehicles only. I mean, the only access now is from the one side of the building. And in the event of some emergency or some catastrophe or a snowstorm that blocks that side and a fire engine has to go down into the back of the building, perhaps even to put out a fire on an abutting property on Rice Street, I am uncomfortable with the concept that we would prohibit something that could be a safety feature. I'm perfectly content with the concept of it being a locked gate only for use in an emergency and for putting up a sign that indicates the parking is allowed in front of

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it so that an emergency, if necessary, the fire department can tow a car. But to prohibit something that could be helpful in an emergency is something that I would not want to do.

HUGH RUSSELL: I think, you know, this question of access to apartment buildings comes up all the time, and most particularly suburban fire departments want you to build a road all the way around every bui I di ng. The actual fire prevention code of the Commonweal th requires access to one side of every multi-family structure. This is a building that has full sprinklers, has fire alarm system, has access to it on three sides, and indeed, if the fire department wanted to drive down Drummond Place, they tend not to like to get real close to burning buildings, which Drummond Place would qualify as real close. So they don't want to take their half million dollar fire truck and get

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too close to a fire. They have to protect their personnel and their equipment. think this is like a fantasy that it's got safety value. And it's not been here for many, many years. And I think, yes, you know, you could require them to tear down all the houses within a 50-foot thing and that would make it more safe. But that's, you know, I think you -- there's no, you know --I think you've got to look at this in terms of what the law requires, which they weigh all the provisions of the law, and what the history of it has been. And I think that there's a danger that this feature will be misused in the future and it's just better not to do it.

The other thing is what's the nature of this fence right now?

ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: So it's a stockade fence. I think initially we had a chain link fence with year-round ivy. And

the Historical Commission didn't like the year-round ivy. So, it's a stockade fence with the idea of any light spillage onto Drummond Place has been addressed and to the neighbors.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Because it's not difficult for the fire department to take down a stockade fence. They can probably do it in a minute. They come equipped. If they really had to take that fence down, it would not be hard for them to do that.

ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: I would just

like to briefly add also, we have two

commercial spaces, and although the Cambridge

Fire Code for residences only requires a

certain amount of access, we also have two

commercial spaces. But more importantly --

HUGH RUSSELL: Right, and the state fire code requires no access -- does not require access to a commercial building. I happen to know this because I'm working on a

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building in Lowell which is in a mill yard which is surrounded by other buildings, and I've gone into great detail over this particular provision of the fire code.

ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: I think most importantly if the fence is seen as -- or not having the fence is seen is to protect the parking on Drummond Place, I think that's probably not the best use of that. the parking on Drummond Place, the owner of 40 Norris Street, as well as the other Drummond Place owners have free rights to the center line of the street. Whether that gate is there or not does not preserve parking. think the conditions can satisfy that. think we're talking about future eventuality where we don't something is going to get a And frankly, you know, as safety concern. the owner in terms of liability we're more comfortable saying well, we have a gate for emergency and we'll satisfy those conditions

1	whether and those will run with the land.
2	So if another owner buys the property, those
3	will run with the land. But to say today
4	that now you add 25, 20 residential users
5	that you can foresee no circumstance where
6	this would be a benefit, I don't think it
7	outweighs the balance of potentially
8	protecting parking spaces on Drummond Place.
9	Those are a risk or those are protected
10	regardless of the fence.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, that's why I
12	suggested a human size gate, because I think
13	the condition of driving you can't drive a
14	fire truck through that onto a 12-foot wide
15	thing. It's just not
16	STEVEN WINTER: You can't.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: If you look at the
18	turning radiuses of fire trucks, you can do
19	it with a Smart Car.
20	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Reasonable
21	access to, you know, a private way that all

of the abutters have doesn't necessitate the opportunity for a gate. Now it could be 18 feet wide, we predicted that, because if a fire truck needed to back up. But if you wanted to limit the size of the gate to 12 feet for a car, but I think the lock on that already satisfies the idea this won't be used by pedestrians. And I do think if you had a man-sized gate, that will probably keep people from wanting to walk in and out. The gate would swing inwards as we had suggested and I just think --

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. I'm not convinced.

STEVEN WINTER: I remain completely unconvinced. And I do want to say, Ted, with all due respect I do value your common sense and I do value your positions, but I think we're anticipating problems that the Code or the fire department does not require us to anticipate here. And that's all that I'm

saying. If there was a Code, I'm willing to go there, but I don't want to second guess the public safety by saying well, the Code's not there but I think we should go this extra mile.

H. THEODORE COHEN: But rather than second guessing it, you're prohibiting something and I don't understand that point of view. I mean, if there are sufficient conditions and there are conditions for any number of other things in this project, and if they're significant conditions that prevent it from being used, except in an emergency, I don't see the point of prohibiting it simply because the Code doesn't require it.

STEVEN WINTER: We differ on that.

THOMAS ANNINGER: And I think people have decided on this question and I'm not sure any more words are going to make a difference. I'm with Ted, as I said at the

1	outset. I would allow this access. Ted
2	would allow it. I don't know where Ahmed and
3	Pam are, but
4	AHMED NUR: I would allow it.
5	THOMAS ANNINGER: We have to vote
6	and move on.
7	AHMED NUR: I would allow it. I
8	would allow it because there is a wall and
9	there's a gate. Gate is always better
10	access. It's residential. Whether it's
11	furniture moving in and out, it's not being
12	used right now, why not use it?
13	THOMAS ANNINGER: I love it. Pam,
14	what are you going to do now?
15	PAMELA WINTERS: I feel like I'm on
16	The Voice, the TV show. Who am I going to
17	pick? I think I'm going to go with my
18	initial gut and say that I would allow the
19	fence.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Allow the gate you
21	mean?

1 PAMELA WINTERS: Allow the gate. 2 That's just my initial gut. And so --3 STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, do you 4 see any option other than to go with the 5 wisdom of the group which I am prepared to 6 do? 7 HUGH RUSSELL: And I'm prepared to 8 And I think that I'm very nervous do that. 9 about the arguments that have been made, but 10 if they're willing to -- if we put the gate 11 and we have a condition that you cannot put a 12 sign on the gate that prohibits parking in 13 front of the gate, then I think that will 14 accomplish what needs to be accomplished 15 here. 16 Are you a Drummond Place resident. 17 LI LLA JOHNSON: I am not. Thisis 18 Drummond Place. You can't get anything 19 bigger than an SUV down it. There is no 20 turni ng radi us. 21 HUGH RUSSELL: We know that.

1	LILLA JOHNSON: I've never been over
2	that side.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, Ma'am.
4	LISA ORAY: Lisa. I live on Norris
5	Street. I just want to point out.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: Can you give your
7	name, please?
8	LISA ORAY: Lisa Oray, 31 Norris
9	Street.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: And excuse me, before
11	you start, can you tell us your name, too,
12	pl ease?
13	LILLA JOHNSON: Lilla Johnson, 23
14	Rice Street.
15	LISA ORAY: I'm at 31 Norris. I
16	just want to say it's not a publicly plowed
17	street. So I kind of feel like you can't
18	have it both ways. If you're gonna to start
19	something new, I hope you provide more
20	services to that street.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

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DAN BERTCO: Dan Bertco, 13 Norris.

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the car gate is important. The Drummond is

so narrow, you can't turn an emergency

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5 vehicle on to the property. However,

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LaCourte has purchased 57 Cedar Street which

I'm not sure -- I don't quite understand why

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has a very long backyard. Drummond Place is

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in the way to connect it with the school.

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-- this is conjecture, but I think there's --

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I think there is a subplot here about a

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future purchase of -- they want to establish

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access for a double gate there because there

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may be some future plan to connect the

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properties. I don't think this is just an

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Can we write

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emergency access issue.

17 in the condition state whose definition of an 18 emergency it is? So in other words, if the 19 police or the fire department say there's an emergency, the gate has to open then that's

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the standard. Okay? Well, I think we've --

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1	we have a majority that feels one way and a
2	minority that is willing to go along with the
3	judgment of the majority. So I think we've
4	gotten passed this one.
5	Separately charging tenants and
6	occupants for parking.
7	STEVEN WINTER: Is that addressed in
8	Mr. Hope's memo? Because Mr. Hope has
9	al ready indicated that he concurs with
10	Traffic and Parking's recommendation.
11	THOMAS ANNI NGER: That's right.
12	STEVEN WINTER: Am I in the right
13	pl ace here?
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. I think this is
15	actually
16	STEVEN WINTER: This is not about
17	assigning, this is about charging? Yes.
18	THOMAS ANNINGER: I think this is
19	not consistent with what the Traffic
20	Department is recommending to us
21	STEVEN WINTER: That's correct.

1	THOMAS ANNINGER: and then,
2	therefore, I think we would, as I understand
3	it, we are not accepting this condition.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: I don't think that
5	it's inconsistent. I think they're getting
6	it different management strategies. If the
7	condition on charging were if you get the
8	right parking, the parking lot as part of
9	your rent, one car
10	STEVEN WINTER: Right.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: that's consistent
12	with what the Traffic and Parking wants which
13	is not assigned spaces, but the right to park
14	there.
15	STEVEN WINTER: And can we
16	THOMAS ANNINGER: No, no.
17	STEVEN WINTER: Okay.
18	THOMAS ANNINGER: That's not how I
19	read it.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, I believe, if
21	you someone who's got a significant budget

issue looks at a bill of \$100 a month for parking, says well, I can't afford that, I'm going to park on the street because my rent is already so high. That's what we're trying to -- that would be very unfortunate if that happened. And if the lot was empty and people were trying to park on the street because they didn't want to pay for parking.

STEVEN WINTER: I do believe that

Tom is -- my colleague is correct, that Sue

Clippinger's memo does not address that

specific issue. She does say that it should

be open parking. She does not say -- she

does not make a recommendation about how that

parking is paid for.

HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, I --

THOMAS ANNINGER: Sorry she's not here because my guess is that -- I would be interested to know if the staff could help us clarify what Sue Clippinger's intent is on this issue.

ROGER BOOTHE: I mean, this is again 1 2 an issue I don't think the Board is usually 3 going to have in its decisions, and normally 4 that would be part of the rent. I'm not sure 5 it's something that we can regulate. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Well, in the Planning 7 Board case 169 0' Bri en Highway, the Board did 8 see fit to make this a condition. 9 Weren't those THOMAS ANNI NGER: 10 condomi ni ums? 11 ROGER BOOTHE: Those were 12 condominiums, were they not? 13 They were rental HUGH RUSSELL: No. 14 apartments with a building with insufficient 15 parki ng. 16 Yes, Mr. Hope. 17 ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Yes, and you 18 all have the letter in front of you. One of 19 the key points to the letter was about 20 flexibility. And I think prohibiting 21 charging separately for rent ongoing as a

1 condition to the Special Permit, locks us 2 into one position. So at this moment there's 3 probably some good rationale by the neighbors 4 for wanting to do this. But if conditions 5 were to change, we're not allowed the 6 flexibility to be able to manage that. 7 Obviously as a marketing building, we want to 8 provide parking to all the tenants and also 9 have that work. But I think -- I don't 10 And when we met understand the rational e. 11 with Traffic and Parking, I'm not going to speak on their behalf. But I do think if the 12 13 letter is read into the file, they do 14 emphasize the flexibility to be able to 15 charge and attach it or not, and I do think 16 this provision limits that so I just ask that 17 be consistent with the letter in the memo. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: I am told that the 19 letter does not address the issue of payment. 20 And I think this is very important. 21 STEVEN WINTER: I do, too.

1	PAMELA WINTERS: I do, too. I
2	agree.
3	STEVEN WINTER: I think it's a very
4	important neighborhood issue that we need to
5	do the best we can with.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. And so I
7	think we should put it in a provision in
8	there that basically it says when you rent an
9	apartment, you don't have to pay separately
10	for a single parking space.
11	STEVEN WINTER: Can we refer to our
12	169 0' Bri en Hi ghway decision? This has to be
13	a defensi bl e
14	HUGH RUSSELL: No, I think
15	STEVEN WINTER: We have to have a
16	defensi bl e poi nt.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, the defensible
18	point is we're trying to control spillover
19	parking for this building. You know, if they
20	said the parking was going to be more than,
21	you know, \$25 a months, I wouldn't put that

condition here. But I have no reason to think that the parking will not be rented for a substantial amount. And that might cause people to, you know, to -- which we don't want them to do because there isn't capacity on the street for spillover parking for this building.

STEVEN WINTER: And in fact that's our defensible point. What we're doing here -- in bringing this much density into one building on a residential street, we're making a provision that the parking will be used by the people who live in the building and not in fact opt out of that parking because it's an expense and have them park on the street, have an additional 20, 30, 40 cars on the street. I think I can hang my hat on that.

THOMAS ANNINGER: I think what Sue Clippinger would say is that this eliminates a disincentive for somebody to have a car.

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That if it's paid for already and it's included, why not have one? I think this is the kind of thing just like we defer to the Historical Commission for so many things, our practice is on something, to a certain extent this is complex. As complex as this ought to be -- we ought to, at a minimum, get advice from the Traffic Department on this. preference would be to defer to them whatever And I don't know how we can build they say. that into this decision, but I'm not in agreement with how the conversation is going by requiring this without further advice from Sue Clippinger.

PAMELA WINTERS: Tom, may I say something? The odds are that everybody is going to have or probably will have a car in those units. And so I mean that's the reality. We would like them not to, but the reality is that they will probably have a car. And if they park in the street, it's

1	going to make it more difficult for the
2	neighbors, you know, to find parking and so
3	forth.
4	THOMAS ANNINGER: I don't think the
5	data bears that out. I think on the
6	contrary.
7	PAMELA WINTERS: Oh, oh, contraire.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: There are very few
9	parking spaces on the street at nine o'clock
10	at night.
11	PAMELA WINTERS: Right.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: I mean, I don't
13	remember the exact counts, but they were, I
14	think, there were times when there were none,
15	and there were times when there were few and
16	now we're adding 25 families, and we want
17	them in that lot. And I think we need in the
18	decision whatever tools that it takes to get
19	them in that lot and not in the street.
20	Stuart.
21	STUART DASH: I think we should

1	consider it cuts both ways. And I was
2	talking with Jeff about it and we've been in
3	di scussi ons over the years, because you can
4	get families with some with two cars and some
5	with no cars. And in fact, there are people
6	in Cambridge with no cars. If they're
7	walkable, (inaudible), and it sort of forces
8	them to then say there can be an open space
9	for a car. So it does cut both ways, that
10	requi rement.
11	STEVEN WINTER: I'm not sure what
12	that means, Stuart.
13	STUART DASH: If you require
14	everyone
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Jeff wants to
16	expl ai n.
17	STUART DASH: Yes, go ahead, Jeff.
18	JEFF ROBERTS: So just to try to
19	give a brief thing without going for too
20	long. The way the we generally have a one
21	space per unit requirement which isn't the

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same as assuming that every household has one Generally the way it balances out is car. you get about half households that have one car, about a quarter that have no cars, and about a quarter that have two cars. think the concern trying to try to channel Sue a little bit, and I hope I'm doing a good job of this, the part of the concern with requiring that each unit have one space reserved for and included in the rent is that what you might end up with is, you know, half of the households that have one car are using The cars -- the households their spaces. that have no cars are basically sitting on empty parking spaces. And then those households that have two cars, their second cars are being pushed out into the street. So often what Sue brings up in terms of flexibility is really making sure that there is the accommodation within the parking lot to accommodate all the cars that are

1 collectively owned by residents of the 2 building and to not, not to do something that 3 will unnecessarily force cars out on to the 4 street. 5 Does that make sense? 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 7 PAMELA WINTERS: Well, 8 mathematically it sounds like it will come up 9 perfectly. 10 So maybe we need to HUGH RUSSELL: 11 institute a process in which we have a rule. 12 I'm not quite sure what that rule is, but we 13 have rule A, require annual monitoring of 14 what's happening in terms of utilization of 15 the parking lot and on-street parking, and 16 have the ability to change -- to have the 17 rule changed until we get the desired result. 18 If somebody is THOMAS ANNI NGER: 19 willing to administer that rule, I think it 20 would be great but it's asking a lot. 21 I don't think it's HUGH RUSSELL:

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going to be very hard for a Traffic and Parking Department to -- I mean, it's like a letter that says, you know, maybe they go once a month and they check. And at the end of the year they say, January was fine and February and March and here's what we found and they sit down and try to work it out. But, you know, I think this is one of the problems when you've got a large, new building on a small street that doesn't have parking resources and it doesn't -- and it's not like you can just well, go to the end of the block and there would be this big huge field of parking. There's no huge field of parking anywhere near this. So, I mean, yes, you could -- people are going to find places for their cars. We don't want somebody who is living in, you know, at 19 Norris Street to have to walk three blocks just because the house was built without a garage because, you know, somebody -- because the rents structure

1	and the parking rents structure is such
2	that
3	STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, what's
4	your starting point? I like where we're
5	going, but I'm not sure where you're
6	starting. Are you starting with each unit?
7	HUGH RUSSELL: I think in that sense
8	I could start with by saying, Sue, you tell
9	us where to start.
10	THOMAS ANNINGER: That's where I'm
11	goi ng.
12	H. THEODORE COHEN: Okay.
13	STEVEN WINTER: Okay, I can do that.
14	H. THEODORE COHEN: If I could just
15	jump in. I'm more comfortable with that. I
16	mean, whether it's explicitly stated or not,
17	I read Sue's comments as I inferred that she
18	did not expect there to be a charge for
19	parking. I'm sorry, I did not read that as
20	her expecting that we would require that
21	parking be included at no charge. And I also

think that if we were to mandate that parking be included, that that was going to end up in the rents that are charged and that people who don't have cars probably would not rent here because why would they have to pay this hidden charge when they could go someplace else and get an equivalent unit for a lesser rate? So I think it cuts in all directions. And I would be more comfortable if a starting point was let Parking and Traffic tell us what they think ought to be the situation and monitor it and then --

HUGH RUSSELL: So there's another way that my clients have addressed this issue, and it sounds like it's a workaround, but they say okay, parking's in the rent, but if you don't have a car, we'll give you a discount at 50 bucks a month. Now, it's -- and the discount isn't, like, the full market value of a parking space, but again there's incentive there. That's a management

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strategy that tries to achieve the goals.

I'm not -- I think, I like the idea that we

Iet Sue come back and try to negotiate a

starting point with the property owner and
then we have a reporting process of the

ability to work it out.

I've been trying to BRI AN MURPHY: get Sue by e-mail and for whatever reason the e-mail's not working right now. And I was just talking with Roger and Stuart about thi s. And I think in general Sue has been quite reluctant to get into this kind of monitoring situation. I think it came up last time, if I remember correctly, when the Board was Looking at the Hampshire Street proposal, and the particularly low desired parking ratio there, and whether there were alternatives for parking. And Stuart was remembering that the last time anything comparable to this came up was really on the much larger scope, with the Porter Square

shopping center. And so there's the issues I 1 2 think that would, you know, like Jeff, I'm 3 trying to channel my inner Sue. The issues that I think would come up would be one, just 4 5 to administerial task of what's involved with 6 actual monitoring. And then the second would 7 be the enforcement provisions that one would 8 find out what the data showed. So, you know, 9 in terms of I think there's a certain 10 reluctant to get that deep into it in terms 11 of an oversight role of what Traffic and 12 Parking is traditionally trying to do. 13 THOMAS ANNINGER: But you see this 14 -- put this in a form of question, do you see 15 a problem with us in our decision going as 16 finding some way to have Sue give us guidance 17 on how to handle this issue? 18 **BRI AN MURPHY**: No. Rather than for us 19 THOMAS ANNI NGER: 20 to try to figure it out? 21 **BRI AN MURPHY:** Yes

THOMAS ANNINGER: All right. I'll go with that.

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STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, what do you think about that?

HUGH RUSSELL: As long as the Department is aware of the peculiar circumstances of this project which is really unlike -- it's not at all typical because of the situation and -- I mean, they also are probably aware of a number of projects where there are similar issues. But I think, you know, we have to tailor the solution to the case in front of us. And if that requires her to get into doing some monitoring or some review or some discussion, well, you know, that's what it takes to get the result we We know what the result is. We just want. don't know what it's going to take to get there. And I am kind of nervous because there's sort of a hardball attitude from the proponent at certain points.

STEVEN WINTER: Indeed, yes.

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HUGH RUSSELL: Like, well, we're

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just going to take care of this our way.

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Give us the permit. And I don't -- that

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doesn't give me a feeling that our goal here

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will necessarily be met. Somebody says well,

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you know, I'm going to try 150 bucks a place

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and that's the way it is. And I don't care

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if the lot's empty.

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STEVEN WINTER: Or where the cars

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are.

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HUGH RUSSELL: Or where the cars

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are. I mean, sure at some point if people

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can't -- you know, if they're forced back

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into paying the parking fee because they have

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to go three blocks to park their car, that's

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the wrong thing. And it's about price

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really. You need to set the price at such a

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level that the lot is used for the people,

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and I don't have the confidence that that's

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going to happen in this case.

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AHMED NUR: Mr. Chairman, if I may jump in here. I'm willing to go along with Sue's advice on this particular property. That sounds like what we're leaning towards, and I think we kind of -- it's a very important subject. And it goes a lot deeper We have seen landlords that are than that. taking spaces away from tenants who are actually paying the \$75 or \$125 and selling that to a \$300 to a car share or any other abutter who is willing to out, you know, pay them. So the subject is definitely into careful examination, and with staff and with Sue and something has to come up and it has to get off her hands.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.

All right. So I think we've reached our agreement that we're going to -- that something has to be worked out. And to know exactly what it is, we have to have a recommendation from Sue.

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BRIAN MURPHY: Right. And we're ing to figure out what that might

just trying to figure out what that might be. And I don't know whether there's a monitoring, you know, to check with Sue, to see if there's a fair monitoring condition that would work from her standpoint. And I don't know if the Board wants to have a default, if not, then to use the tool to saying that it's included within the rent and which recognizing that there are issues with that, that sort of leads to a, you know, the potential problem that lead up to the two car households and whether or not there's any informal relationship or how things get worked out. I don't know, but maybe it's in that kind of sort of alternative. And, again, I apologize, for whatever reason the internet's not working and I was trying to

HUGH RUSSELL: And I think a piece of this is that Sue might have some ideas,

track Sue down.

but I think the property owner will want to discuss this, to having those people in the discussion about how to achieve the result.

ROGER BOOTHE: Would you like there to be a requirement that we would report back to you on the results of that conversation, because that might be helpful to the Board?

HUGH RUSSELL: Yes, I think that would be helpful to us. I mean, obviously we'll see it in the decision. I will see it in the decision once it's drafted, and we could decide that we all wanted to see it before I sign the decision and vote it.

ROGER BOOTHE: I mean, I would just caution, as the Board knows this issue, there are some issues that have come up before and there really isn't a magic answer. So it's just trying to make sure that best efforts are made and there's good faith and that it's being looked over and I think we can do that.

STEVEN WINTER: Your point is right

1 on target. And in fact I think that kind of 2 dialogue is something that we do really well 3 on this Board. I'm not sure that we always 4 are working with a proponent who has the same 5 good intentions and good spirit. So that's 6 when our ability to have this dialogue might 7 not be enough. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Ri ght. And the 9 building's going to be there for a long time. 10 We can't predict who's going to own the 11 building 5, 10, 15 or 20 years from now. 12 Buildings get sold. People's circumstance 13 So we need something that isn't tied change. 14 to a particular person. 15 All right. I think we've done 10. 16 I would also throw in 11 into the same pot, 17 which is the ZipCar. 18 Did Sue have a specific recommendation 19 on the ZipCar? 20 STEVEN WINTER: No. I believe the 21 proponent indicated that they are open to the

1	ZipCar use. And I guess my I would ask
2	maybe that is something that Sue could
3	monitor, is a dialogue between the proponent
4	and Zi pCar. Zi pCar makes busi ness deci si ons.
5	They'll even want a ZipCar there or not. If
6	Zi pCar wants a car there, I think then they
7	will have a car there.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. And I mean,
9	that's my sense. And it also provides
10	each ZipCar gets rid of something like 18
11	cars.
12	DAN BERTCO: Not really.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: That's interesting.
14	There have been some interesting reports we
15	saw about a year ago that seem to indicate
16	that the car's shared by far more people than
17	18, but that if there was data, maybe it was
18	10, maybe it was 20, maybe it was 30 cars
19	that, you know, were no longer used.
20	STUART DASH: And just remember
21	ZipCar is not a legal use in that Res B at

1	this point.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: It doesn't meet the
3	Zoning requirements. So if they went and did
4	it, they would have to get relief to do it.
5	So we cannot require it.
6	STUART DASH: That was the
7	discussion that we had about a year and a
8	half ago.
9	THOMAS ANNINGER: What is it that
10	prevents them?
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Commercial use in a
12	Residence B District.
13	STUART DASH: Yes.
14	THOMAS ANNINGER: In a Residence B
15	Di stri ct.
16	H. THEODORE COHEN: So where did we
17	allowit?
18	STUART DASH: We did that Zoning
19	the guy was going to discuss it at a later
20	time.
21	ROGER BOOTHE: I think the question

1	is we have lots of ZipCar requirements and
2	commercial permits, so there are a lot of
3	PTDM requirements, but not for this kind of
4	no low density residential area.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: So I don't think we
6	because it's not permitted, we can't
7	require it. But we can certainly indicate
8	that we think this might be part of a good
9	sol uti on.
10	STEVEN WINTER: And the proponent
11	has indicated the willingness to enter the
12	conversati on.
13	LIZA PADEN: It's a use variance.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: It would be a use
15	variance, that's right. And you can vary
16	anything in the Ordinance with a Variance.
17	THOMAS ANNINGER: Do we have the
18	authority to do that?
19	HUGH RUSSELL: We do not.
20	DAN BERTCO: The ZipCar deals with
21	uni versi ti es.

1	THOMAS ANNINGER: Colleges, is that
2	an illegal use by the city? Could LaCourte
3	have its own ZipCar for building residents
4	and that would not be involved, it would be
5	like a campus, like a campus use.
6	STUART DASH: Yes, I don't think so.
7	DAN BERTCO: Why not?
8	STUART DASH: We'll talk later.
9	STEVEN WINTER: Excuse me, there are
10	Zi pCars in pri vate dri veways.
11	SUSAN GLAZER: It's illegal.
12	ROGER BOOTHE: A Lot of those are
13	illegal.
14	AHMED NUR: I just want to qualify,
15	there are companies there's a term that's
16	called car share. There are companies.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: All right. We've
18	gone down the list. We discussed the
19	chimney, the gate, the noise, and somebody
20	said attic. They wanted some more thought
21	about the attic.

1 Was that you, Steve? 2 STEVEN WINTER: It was me that said 3 that I believe that we talked about the attic 4 space prior to this, and the proponent 5 addressed these issues and that this is no 6 longer an issue. And I just wanted to 7 That's my understanding. confirm that. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: I'm satisfied, yes. 9 STEVEN WINTER: Okay. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: All right. So now 11 we've gone through Attachment A. We have no 12 other issues on the table. We have a 13 proposal to address everything. 14 Yes, Stuart. 15 STUART DASH: Just the Article 22, 16 we had further discussions that we want to 17 have make sure part of the permit conditions 18 on the LEED system being proposed, there's 19 discussions back and forth. So that -- I 20 don't consider that our staff considered they 21 want to have further discussions like

1	assuming design review as part of that.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: So that would be a
3	condition that they continue to discuss the
4	Article 22 issues with the staff?
5	STUART DASH: Right, that's correct.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: And satisfy you that
7	they've done what needs to be done?
8	STUART DASH: Right.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: Now somewhere in all
10	this paper there's a sheet that says what
11	you're really asking for. And I think all
12	you're asking for is a 5.28 permit; is that
13	correct, or is there more relief?
14	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Yes.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: I would propose that
16	the motion be prepared that we grant the
17	necessary relief to do this project in
18	accordance with our discussion and with the
19	plans presented and the conditions that have
20	been di scussed.
21	H. THEODORE COHEN: Are there any

1	individual findings that we have to make?
2	HUGH RUSSELL: That's where I'm
3	goi ng.
4	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Yes, so the
5	question is 5.28 Special Permit, but also
6	relief under 6.44.1A and B, and that's
7	parking within 10 feet of habitable windows.
8	We have parking spaces that are abutting
9	habi table windows.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: The six spaces that
11	are three feet away instead of whatever it is
12	they're supposed to be there. And you're
13	putting glass block in those windows so that
14	they are not operable windows anymore. They
15	are ways of getting light in the building.
16	And we can even argue they're not windows
17	anymore. But the windows above
18	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: That's right.
19	THOMAS ANNI NGER: You sure that
20	covers it?
21	ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Yes. So it was

1 -- there was the relief, and then initially 2 we had applied for 8.221, the -- we applied 3 for 8.221 non-conforming. We were concerned 4 that we had to do any alterations to the 5 windows that were within the setback for 6 building purposes. We had to alter the sides 7 of those for access and egress. But actually we're not looking for setback on either of 8 9 those sides. It's a corner lot so we have 10 two front, but that was part of the requested 11 relief. I can give the Chair the cover 12 sheet. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: Great, thank you. 14 Is that a copy I can keep? 15 ATTORNEY SEAN HOPE: Yes. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: So okay, under 5.28 17 Planning Board may permit uses not otherwise 18 allowed on a base zoning district subject to 19 the following conditions and limitations: 20 Institutional uses -- well, there's a 21 list of the potential commercial uses.

1 think we need to find that we have, that it 2 meets those requirements, the uses that are 3 The additional uses are consistent proposed. 4 with what the Ordinance requires. The --5 what they're proposing to use general office 6 which is one of those uses. 7 STEVEN WINTER: Correct. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: So it's like 9 paragraph 3 is the option they're using there 10 which describes a series of different kinds 11 of offices. 12 They are underground. They're in the 13 basement of the building. It would determine 14 that non-residential uses are generally 15 compatible with the residential uses in the 16 area, including the dwelling units located 17 within the same building. 18 STEVEN WINTER: Correct. 19 HUGH RUSSELL: And we agree that's 20 the case? 21 H. THEODORE COHEN: We're there and

1 the proposal is both to have work, 2 work-related tenants. 3 Ri ght. HUGH RUSSELL: But it's not 4 limited to that. 5 H. THEODORE COHEN: No, it's not 6 limited to that. 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Correct. 8 And we can determine that by permitting 9 this, there will be a compensating reduction 10 in the number of dwelling units that would 11 otherwise be permitted. And the answer is 12 that the use is occupy this space of what 13 would be two dwelling units. So that we can 14 make that finding. 15 And the reason I'm reading through this 16 is the first time we've granted under this 17 new language, and so the terminations are 18 there. There are a lot of rules in here 19 which we don't usually cite in chapter, verse 20 how they meet every provision of the 21 Ordi nance.

So I'm looking for other things in here that say we have to make a special determination or a finding.

Criteria for approval of Special Permit shall consider the standards of criteria

Point 1, in 1043, 1047, and 1047.1 of the

Ordinance. 1043 of the general Special

Permit criteria. I think 1047.1, is that

multi-family dwelling criteria? So the 1043

requirements are our old friends that the

requirements of the Ordinance can be met with

the Special Permit.

That the traffic generated will not cause congestion, hazard or substantial change in the established neighborhood character. And we would say that's because, in fact, when it was used as a school, there was -- it was significant traffic coming through this building.

And continued development of adjacent uses would not be adversely affected by the

1 And I think we find that a proposed use. 2 residential use does meet that standard. 3 The nui sance or hazard would be 4 created -- the language here is funny. So I 5 have to -- so it's all put in the positive, 6 but it's really a negative so I'm trying to 7 translate as I go along. 8 The knots up in the first overall 9 paragraph anyway. 10 Impairing the integrity of the district 11 and adjoining district, and derogating from 12 the intent and purpose of the Ordinance. 13 It's a residential district. It's a 14 residential use. The Ordinance has recently 15 been rethought for precisely of what's going 16 on here. 17 STEVEN WINTER: Correct. 18 It's right within the HUGH RUSSELL: 19 intent. 20 And then there is no new building 21 construction, therefore, we do not need to

1	consi der the urban desi gn objecti ves.
2	STEVEN WINTER: Right.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Because the urban
4	design is what we've got.
5	Then under 1047, criteria for
6	multi-family dwellings, first criteria is the
7	key features of the natural Landscape should
8	be preserved.
9	Are there any trees along that fence or
10	are there no
11	BLAIR HINES: There are some.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: There are some. And
13	you' re mai ntai ni ng them?
14	BLAIR HINES: And we're maintaining
15	them.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Those are important.
17	This is not a new building, so two doesn't
18	appl y.
19	And the Landscaping provides some
20	benefits to abutters and passersby. Probably
21	more significant to the passersby, but there
	1

1	is a planting strip in the front and around
2	the back. And there's also a fence that will
3	block the view of it.
4	Parking areas, landscaping shall
5	minimize intrusion of on-site parking so it
6	does not substantially detract from use and
7	enjoyment of either proposed development or
8	neighboring properties. And I think that's
9	why you landscape it. And they've done what
10	they can.
11	STEVEN WINTER: I think so.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
13	And service facilities such as trash
14	collection apparatus shall be located so that
15	they' re conveni ent and unobtrusi ve. And
16	they' ve done that.
17	And that is the end of the list.
18	Going back to 5.28 to see if there are
19	more lists.
20	Okay, then criteria of overall
21	proj ects.

1 Provision of parking. It says we shall 2 evaluate the impact and increase number of 3 dwelling units beyond those in the base 4 zoning regulations which is like eight or small -- it's a small number. 5 6 And we have to -- we have evaluated the 7 impact of the numbers of dwelling units on 8 parking, the Traffic and Parking Department 9 has analyzed this, and there's been a parking 10 analysis submitted, and we find that the 11 provision of parking is adequate for the 12 property. 13 Privacy. And there we consider the 14 location and size of the windows, screening 15 elements, decks, entries, security and other 16 lighting, distribution of functions to the 17 bui I di ng. 18 So, there have been, for example, the 19 putting --20 The lighting. AHMED NUR: 21 The side lighting is HUGH RUSSELL:

one thing that's been considered. Minimizing the number of skylights and their location to the provision of bedrooms on the side wings facing other people's bedrooms rather than living room spaces. There may be other things that come up.

So we believe that there is a reasonable level of privacy for the abutters generated by this proposal.

And they're not reducing the on-site private open space beyond what exists. In fact, they're increasing it. So we don't have to make a finding.

And we also note that there are -there's a community room within the building
which is available to compensate for the -there's a small quantity of outdoor space.
And there's also park across the street which
leads to a bigger park.

And we would find reasonable efforts have been made to address concerns raised by

the abutters. And they've had meetings and they've addressed them in writing.

STEVEN WINTER: I believe we can say that, yes.

HUGH RUSSELL: Right.

Okay, then additional criteria applicable to larger projects. Now these are more than 10,000 square feet or 10 dwelling units. So, we have to give evaluated proposal in light of the demand for parking and the report and the city's staff on these issues.

We've looked at the layout of the floor space in the building, and the range of unit sizes and the types and find that it's fairly large units that are typical for the housing in the neighborhood, and potential mitigating affects of the proposed occupancy of the dwelling units. Oh, I see. If there were elderly residents or liveable spaces occupying more options, I guess we would say

1 that the commercial space does provide an 2 option for liveable space. 3 STEVEN WINTER: Should be used, yes. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: It's one thing that 5 the larger project should do and this project 6 has made an effort in that regard. 7 And that's the end of it. 8 Okay, so given all of those findings 9 which I've summarized, is there a motion to 10 grant the relief? Is there a special finding 11 for 6.44.1, the parking closer to it -- I 12 mean, the point that we're doing is that 13 we're saying that the windows that are 14 directly next to the parking are being 15 converted to glass box and they're not 16 operable. 17 STEVEN WINTER: Yes. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: And so it's going to 19 have a negligible impact. 20 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Those windows do 21 not lead to the apartments, do they?

1 HUGH RUSSELL: No. They I ead to the 2 commercial space. 3 Were you're going to AHMED NUR: 4 attach the -- taking that chain link and 5 putting the gate in for that Drummond Place. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: So the proposal right 7 now calls for locked gates. And the only 8 condition that we're adding is that saying 9 that this shall be no sign limitation placed 10 on parking on the Drummond Place side of the 11 gate. 12 AHMED NUR: Okay. And not to go 13 back on to that, but there is nothing in the 14 Cambridge Ordinance that would say -- or 15 probably by the city saying do not park in 16 front of gates. If you see a gate, stay away 17 from it? And all of a sudden a tow truck 18 comes and takes these residents' cars away? 19 HUGH RUSSELL: Well, this is a 20 pri vate property. 21 Oh, okay. AHMED NUR:

1 THOMAS ANNI NGER: This isn't like a 2 curb cut. 3 Just making sure. AHMED NUR: 4 HUGH RUSSELL: This is actually the 5 proponent's property that we're talking 6 about, because they own the land to the 7 middle of the place and they share the rights 8 for the space with the other abutters. 9 AHMED NUR: Okay. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 11 Moti on? 12 Could I have H. THEODORE COHEN: 13 just the one sheet? 14 I would move that we grant a Special 15 Permit in accordance with the provisions of 16 5.28.2 to allow the conversion of the 17 property at 40 Norris Street into residential 18 and commercial unit; commercial building with 19 25 residential units in accordance with the 20 findings we've made under the provisions of 21 5.28.2 and in accordance with the discussion

1	we've had this evening and with all the
2	conditions that we have discussed and
3	directed to staff.
4	And that we also grant the Special
5	Permit under provisions of 6.44.1A and B to
6	allow for parking within 10 feet of habitable
7	space.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a second?
9	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Second.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Tom.
11	Discussion on the motion?
12	(No Response.)
13	HUGH RUSSELL: All those voting in
14	favor?
15	(Show of hands.)
16	HUGH RUSSELL: All members voting in
17	favor and the permit is granted.
18	Thank you, all. There was so much
19	effort to try to make this as good as it can
20	be.
21	We're going to take a short break.

1 (A short recess was taken.) 2 3 HUGH RUSSELL: All right. 4 believe we're not going to discuss Bishop 5 tonight; is that correct? Unless we want to 6 reaffirm our full decision. 7 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Yes. We can briefly give 8 BRI AN MURPHY: 9 you an update which is it's likely to be 10 voted on by the Council a week from 11 yesterday. And I'm not sure if there's 12 anything more. And in some ways the Council 13 was looking at possibly going below Bishop, 14 which we believe would require a filing of another petition, but our expectations in 15 16 some form or another it's likely to come up 17 for a vote next Monday. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, great. 19 So is there any point in our 20 reaffirming our decision? 21 **BRI AN MURPHY:** No.

1	STEVEN WINTER: Just for that
2	record. That decision was we didn't support
3	the
4	HUGH RUSSELL: We didn't support the
5	specific Language.
6	STEVEN WINTER: Correct. That is
7	correct.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So then are we
9	going onto the next item, Building G or North
10	Point next?
11	ROGER BOOTHE: Building G.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Building G.
13	SAL ZINNO: Good evening. I'm Sal
14	Zi nno.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Could you spell your
16	name, please.
17	SAL ZINNO: Sure. Z-i-n-n-o from
18	Bi omed. So as everyone knows we're here to
19	present our preliminary design on parcel G.
20	I know Liza mentioned that you guys requested
21	a little bit of history regarding the site

and the surrounding buildings.

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Parcel G is a smaller building in Kendall Square. It's 53,000 square feet, FAR square feet. In our eyes it represents a culmination of a long history in Kendall Square, a multitude of buildings. Bi omed alone has quite a bit of ownership in the area, but in Kendall Square, Building A, which is the Vertex building, Building B, which is the glass building on either side of the rink in Kendall Square, and also D, which is the Genzyme building, and also to the north of parcel G. It's overall about one million square feet in Kendall Square that represents about 12 million square feet nationally. And I think to keep the intro brief, but, you know, we're pretty excited here to be presenting what represents sort of the crown jewel in our portfolio in Kendall It's an amazing location. Square. great to be on the canal in South Plaza which

was completed about a year and a half ago, and we're really excited to be here tonight.

With that said, I'm going to turn this over to go back to a little bit of history on this site, planning and, thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Are you wearing a new hat or are you here in your historical role?

DAN WINNY: I'm Dan Winny. I'm an architect and planning consultant. I was involved in the original master planning of this project, and I'm currently an associate architect with Arrow Street for the design of Building G, and I'm happy to be so.

Sal implied this project received its
PUD permit in 1999. It's nice that there's
still representation on this Board from those
who were around in 1999. This is the site
plan of the project, and I'll figure out if I
can push the right button. Yes.

This project was originally called Cambridge Research Park and it comprised of

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seven buildings. This is the Broad Canal, this is the Kendall Square T stop, Broadway coming through standing at the main street, and Longfellow Bridge.

So that the building we're going to look at tonight which the Board has actually seen three times before, I hope you're not too we weary of it. We're very pleased that it's so close to getting built now. right here. It's the smallest of the seven buildings on the site, but it's really a Because it fronts on the Broad Canal iewel. and across a landscaped open space called the South Plaza, which is part of the open space system that was originally permitted which includes the North Plaza which there are concerts in the summer and skating in the winter, and a strip of open space down in front of the Genzyme Center and the South Plaza with the canoe rental and canal access.

Parking is across the street from the

parking head house which is known as the Cat in the Hat and you may see why later. And these are -- this is the fifth building -- well, I guess it's going to be a race between Watermark II which is going to be here and Building G. And we're liable to be the fifth or sixth building out of the seven.

That's the general context of the project.

As you can see, the building backs up to the Genzyme Center whose primary facades here on the west and facing on to the north plaza. And this facade of the Genzyme Center was always planned to have a building in front of it in the form of Building G. And another contextual issue is that the Kendall generating station is here where there are large fuel tanks and the electricity generating station which generates a certain amount of noise and steam and so forth.

I'll recap the reasons why this is the

third time that the building has come before the Board for design review under the provisions of the Special Permit. The building still complies entirely with the design guidelines of the Special Permit and all of the Zoning, and with the Conservation Commission requirements and the Chapter 91 requirements which all relate to setbacks from the canal on the step section of height going away from the canal.

The first design was a residential building, as was originally planned in the master plan. It came before the Board I think in about 2005, but didn't go ahead at that time. It came back before the Board as a differently configured residential building put forward by Twining Properties perhaps a year ago I think, a little more. It's form was slightly different. It was a boxed-shaped building rather than a stepped-shaped building. Subsequently

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Twining Properties and Biomed came before the Board for an amendment to the PUD Special Permit in order to make some small changes to the uses around the site. One of which was that Building G would become an office and life science building still with the retail first floor, but the upper floors became lab and office. That was felt to be appropriate given the location of the generating station next-door and given the success of other much larger retail uses such as the two Watermark buildings, the square and so on and so forth. And the Board at that time saw fit to approve that change of use.

So this -- and at the time of that permit amendment for the change of use, some preliminary drawings of the lab office building was shown which were done by Arrow Street. So we're here today, although it's technically the only first stage of design review because the second stage is at

construction documents, this is actually the second time you've seen that configuration of the building.

So some general context. This is a view looking towards the generating station with the Genzyme center on the left and the Cat in the Hat on the right. You can also see portions of the South Plaza Landscaping which was all completed after approval by the Board in the context of the construction of the Watermark building. So that the parcel of Land you see generally between the two buildings is where Building G goes. And most of the Landscaping around it is actually already been completed, so there's limited amounts of Landscaping still to be done.

And here you see the proposed new building placed on the site. Again, with a Cat in the Hat on the right, the Genzyme center on the left, the main entrance facing down Kendall Street towards Third Street. So

that as you turn into the site on Kendall Street from Third, this will be the primary entrance view on the two primary elevations of the building.

You'll also see the architecture which

Jim Batchelor from Arrow Street is going to

talk about later, combines both of the

angular elements of the Cat in the Hat and

the high tech elements and some themes played

on the colors of the Genzyme Center.

This is the existing view from the other main visible elevation. You can see the canal just a little to the right, and the landscaping of the South Plaza in the foreground and then directly in front of the Genzyme building will be Building G which steps out and makes a transition in height and scale down from the Genzyme building to the canal. We're kind of happy about this because the earlier configuration of the building which was more box-like and did not

1 2 3 4 5 attractive one we think. 6 7 of the site. 8 9 10 requesti ng. 11 12 approval s. 13 14 the Landscaping? 15 JIM BATCHELOR: And I'm Jim 16 17 18 19 that we have been working on. 20 21

have the stepped section was more of a sudden scale transition down from the Genzyme building. And this stepping down effect with the roof terraces that it creates is a pretty

So this shows the general configuration There's a dashed line here that indicates the scope of this project and the design review approval which we're Everything else that's beyond that line is already in place under previous

Jim, would you like to talk more about

Batchelor. And I'm with Arrow Street.

So I'm pleased to be here and pleased to talk a little further about the project Dan has introduced it. I'll pick up with a little more discussion of the Landscaping.

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As you can see in this overall plan, our building is sitting right here, and most all of the built surfaces right up to the edge of our building are currently actually in a quasi-finished form. We're making some minor modifications. There is a dot-dash line here and here which shows the limit of what we're actually doing any work. We're keeping much of the philosophy and the pallet of materials that is on-site. We're making some minor adjustments to it, which I'll highlight. Along the south edge overlooking South Plaza we're only doing what's necessary to bring the paving that's here up to the entries to the retail. The ground floor space all along here will be retail as well as, the entrances along here.

Same thing really along this edge. We are bringing the pavement, which is pretty much in place here, right up to the edge. We have suggested some improvements, we think,

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to the treatment of the landscape along here, but they are in the spirit of what has been There is a planter here, a started. rectangular planter. We have modified the geometry of it a little bit. We have incorporated into the design of a relatively simple curb definition in keeping with the relatively simple concrete and related materials on-site. We are using these slightly rectangular shapes here and here. There are, again, pieces of this relatively large granite seawall which are available on We will be picking up a few of the site. those pieces and arranging them in a way that we hope will be pleasant to sit if one is outside the cafeteria kind of occupying this green square.

Again, you'll see slightly angular shapes here. I think people visualize the larger context of this, just to jump back.

We have Broad Canal coming in, it takes a

slight and gentle shift here and in the geometry, and a slight and gentle shift is something that we have picked up in the architecture of the building. It's a fairly rectangular mass stepping back as it approaches towards Genzyme, but we have included some slight inflections which are a little bit like the inflection of the Broad Canal which has integrated this into the site and giving a little bit more visual interest to the massing.

DAN WINNY: And we might point out there, too, that the general flow of pedestrian traffic on that part of the site is north and south, both connecting the two primary open spaces of the site together and also because from the south comes the main flow of pedestrian traffic making its way from the busses and T at Kendal I Square up into the site.

JIM BATCHELOR: Thanks.

Yeah, we've tried to make it easy for people, pedestrians to flow up and back. And I think everybody's pretty oriented.

Obviously Kendall Square proper and the T station is over here in this corner.

There is an area between Building G and Genzyme which is an extension of Kendall Street. Its purpose is primarily that of access to our building. And in this enlarged view you can see this paving which is extended over the streets. And, again, we are primarily just filling it in around the edge of the building. Most of the pallet is really established and already exists out here.

DAN WINNY: And that's a pattern of asphalt pavers which has been used since the beginning all through the site.

HUGH RUSSELL: I guess you're going into far too much detail on the details of every brick on the site. And I think we'd

really like to get more -- there's very
little information on what the building is
made out of. And other things like that.
And I think we're more interested in that.

JIM BATCHELOR: Happy to oblige.

Okay. So we have included in your handout the floor plans, and we have most of them up on the stream here. This is the ground floor. Again, entry from this corner. Kendall Street, this is the primary approach. This is the retail tenancy which has access to this side both to the west and to the southwest South Plaza. Along the back side we have our loading dock and mechanical spaces. There is a little bit of access on the east side which is up along the power plant. In the lower right-hand corner in an existing vent shaft which remains.

This is the second floor. It's representative as well of the third floor. You can see the core is drawn in. We are

anticipating a mix of lab and office uses on this floor and throughout the building.

As you go up a little bit higher, on the fourth floor, there is a little bit of a terrace, as Dan mentioned, the building steps back as you are on the upper floors.

At this point it's stepped back further. This is the fifth floor. This is also the approximate setback of the penthouse which is approximately the same footprint, again, picking up with the slight offset in the facades. This is the penthouse mechanical level.

This is a section which shows key heights. There is below grade parking. Here is the canal, and this is Genzyme. The setup with Chapter 91 is a setback line which you can see comes up at the edge of parcel G, the south side of the open space. And then it goes back to the two to one slope and then has defined the cornus lines of G and also of

Genzyme.

There is a penthouse that is on the top floor that is above the setback line.

This is a more detailed section through the building. So again the penthouse is up in here, and the two to one setback line is going through those points there and coming down here.

There are two levels where there's open space on the roof terrace overlooking. This is the fourth level, and this is the fifth level.

It's an elevation, a -- we'll look back at the rendering. It's a little easier to visualize, but the essential exterior materials here are metal panel and glass curtain wall. You can see here an area of glass curtain wall, and you can see here an area of glass curtain wall. We're looking at the west elevation which is as you would approach from Third Street down Kendall

Street. The curtain wall extends primarily around to the south side.

So we're here looking at the south side, we've come around from this side, and there is essentially glass curtain wall here. It is designed with, I think, a reasonable amount of clear glass for vision and spandrel glass below so that from an energy point of view, we're expecting this to be a high performing building. It is designed for LEED certification. We have built in with mullions, the ability to set up lab benches if desired along these walls. But also if it's office use, to allow some amount of glass to reach down to the floor.

I think you can visualize it a little bit by looking at this edge. But at this level there begins the setbacks. About the fourth floor it's eight to ten foot setback, and I think another 30 or 40 foot setback at this level here.

This is the north side elevation, less window on this side. And this is the east side elevation that overlooks the power plant. Again, less window here.

This is metal panel with punched windows. You can see some of the curtain wall that's predominantly on the south side coming around this corner of the east elevation. So, again, looking at it in perspective, curtain wall glazing and important corners, otherwise a metal panel system coming around, and from the south again, metal panel and curtain wall. I think you can read the separation between the vision and glass and the spandrel glass which we think is good from the point of view of day lighting and energy efficiency.

HUGH RUSSELL: Again, are the different colors represent the intention to have different colors on the building or is that a rendering mistake?

1 JIM BATCHELOR: No, it's an 2 intention to have a range of colors that are 3 in the family of a light green. So that is 4 intentional. 5 SAL ZI NNO: It's interesting you 6 wanted to mention how we arrived at the 7 color. I mean, you kind of look at it since 8 it's so much smaller than the other buildings 9 in Kendall Square and the Genzyme building 10 and 650 and the Genzyme building we wanted to 11 do something different. So less glass and 12 steel and more of a vertical continuation of 13 South Plaza. So it comes out of South Plaza, 14 it comes up as a, you know, smaller green 15 building, organic building, organic form and 16 then goes back to the Genzyme building which 17 is obviously much larger. Three times the 18 si ze.

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THOMAS ANNINGER: By South Plaza you mean?

> The grass area between SAL ZI NNO:

the canal.

THOMAS ANNI NGER: The grass.

SAL ZINNO: And some of the mosaic effect is similar to the panelling with -- on 675 where it's different than the ceramic.

talking about using some shades that are similar in hue. And, again, trying to give it a little bit of a light motif, a little bit more visual interest rather than a simple box. I think it's a building that we hope to in part a strong identity, and felt that this color and the subtle faceting of it would be a good amount of identity for a building in this location.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay.

Well, I really don't like it. Let's start out make that clear. And I think the massing is more or less okay. I think the subtlety of the ins and outs will probably be lost on anybody. The differing change, you

know, shades of the green that I hated in my dorm room in the fifties really don't go for me. Although I don't think it should be a light colored building. You know, this is a campus that has two extraordinary buildings on it. The Vertex building, one of the most sophisticated, gorgeous buildings in the city, and the Genzyme building which is again a wonderful building. This building is not in that same league. And I think it needs to be in that league.

I don't understand the penthouse at all. The windows up there that are way too small, they're not really windows in that space. How you treat that huge mass, those different colors. You know, it just looks like a mistake. And also the variation, you don't know what you're -- you haven't made up your mind what you want this building to be. They're just ideas thrown together.

The one part that I think is quite

successful is actually the entry view. That I think is strong. It's got a real point of It's really -- that, that I think has really substantial character. And in that rendering the panels also are much, the differences are very subtle. They could be just shadows from the clouds and maybe they ought to be just shadows from the clouds. This is a big building even though it's smaller than the ones. At 50,000 feet it's bigger than most buildings in the City of So, I think it's really -- needs Cambri dge. substantial rethinking as to what the outside should be, because it's got a three different ideas and they sort of collide with each other. So I'm, I'm disappointed. I think of the three versions of this building this is not the best.

Ahmed.

AHMED NUR: I do agree that that is one of the best elevations that shows the

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And I understand why you're having bui I di ng. smaller windows on the back and have possibly on the west elevation or south elevation. The one thing that would probably help me personally is to see if you could give us a color elevation to view. So that way we know where the curtain wall, you know, starts and Where the concrete is or metal panel stops. or whatever it is, and exactly what color it is that it's showing just so we can see because most of these are in black and white and we can't obviously see the highlighted borderlines with just the little punched windows and it's not looking that good when you look at it. It's too much. That's all I have to say.

HUGH RUSSELL: Tom.

THOMAS ANNINGER: You know, it's rare for Hugh to give us views that are that strong and that feel the way he does about this building. So I'm surprised by that, but

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I will say this: I was prepared to give the building the benefit of the doubt. I happen to like green and I think that I like color. And so I didn't have any problem with the color. What I thought was curious about the package you gave us is that we never had a chance really to step back and see how it related to Genzyme. So that I really don't have a good measure of this building. You've given us two angles, but to me critical is how it relates to the other buildings and I don't have a grasp of that. So that I can't say that I have a negative or a positive reaction. I'm -- I have a puzzled one. I just don't know what to think because I can't see how it relates to the rest of the contour, the context. And I would have thought you would have had a walk around the building so to speak, close up and further back, and I think that's still needed I'm afraid to say, for me, to get a good grip on

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it.

2 HUGH RUSSELL: Pam.

PAMELA WINTERS: Tom, you took my words. I also would like to get more detail from the pedestrian's point of view. have to say just aesthetically I do agree with Hugh. I love the entryway, but this view here, I don't get the little windows in the top and, you know, the little different colored green and how that green compares with -- the Genzyme building is green also and how it compares. Just aesthetically I think -- you know, I'm not an architect, but I think it's not hitting me. So, you know, I have to say that I would like more detail. And, again, more how it relates to the surrounding buildings and particularly the Genzyme building. So, thank you.

H. THEODORE COHEN: I don't have too much to add. I mean, the building sort of left me cold other than the entranceway which

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1	I do like. And while I don't mind green, I
2	was hoping that these shades were sort of a
3	poor rendition that came out of the copying
4	rather than what you really proposed. And I
5	particularly agree with Hugh about the
6	penthouse on the view from the southwest, it
7	just seems so large and the windows seems so
8	small and, you know, brutalist is one thing
9	but then the bottom doesn't seem to go with
10	the top.
11	PAMELA WINTERS: Right.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: Steve.
13	STEVEN WINTER: I concur with my
14	colleagues. I really have nothing new to add
15	to that.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Roger, do you want to
17	comment about this? How much have you had to
18	how far is this in discussions with the
19	ci ty?
20	ROGER BOOTHE: We really haven't had
21	any di scussi on, but l've certai nly been

taking notes. And I -- my sense is that the renderings have hurt the impression of the building. Certainly I know the architects here, and I know they're capable of doing very good work. So I think they need to maybe take into account what the Board has said, and I'd be happy to work with them and maybe come back and have a sharper understanding of what they're looking at.

I mean, I think there's a playfulness about this, and it could be quite fun. And one positive thing you said, Hugh, was sort of the massing. I do think having the stepping down and the roof terraces is actually a friendlier sort of approach than the buildings we've looked at before, which were, I actually thought they were fine, but they were kind of four square. And you could either take a four square approach to the canal or do this sort of stepping. I think either one could work, but I do appreciate

1 that I think those terraces would be used. 2 You know, the canal is a huge success 3 especially in summer, you've got the boats 4 and activity and the sense of this is a 5 really great place. I think people would be 6 all over it outside of that building. 7 certainly the success of the ground floor 8 retail throughout this PUD has just been 9 terrific. And so if that continues on here 10 and really enhances the canal, there's a lot 11 of -- a lot to like about the approach here. 12 But I think it's really the facade treatment 13 that clearly is -- needs some work, and 14 understanding what might be done better to 15 deal with that penthouse clearly needs some 16 attenti on. 17 HUGH RUSSELL: 0kay. So I think 18 we'd like to see this again, you know, fairly 19 I think maybe -- are there any 20 questions you want to ask us?

DAN WINNY:

Well, we'll -- thanks

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for your feedback and we'll be happy to work with Roger and again with you. Just to help us in going forward -- well, I guess no color is everybody's favorite color, but what I'm understanding here is that it may not be any one individual characteristic that's bothersome but perhaps the combination.

HUGH RUSSELL: I think in my view it's either too many things going on and so you kind of, you know, the complication of the south facade interferes with telling the big story which is the stepping and the terraces. And then there's this other stuff is sort of like camouflage, it camouflages that story. I mean, it doesn't have to be, you know, the simple story -- you know, the stories can be rich stories, but still I think it's now kind of confused as to what that story is.

ROGER BOOTHE: Thinking about that,

I mean I do think that this is a tricky

little site because the sides are all so different; the Genzyme side, the power plant side, the canal side.

HUGH RUSSELL: Right.

ROGER BOOTHE: So I appreciate that they've tried to do something different on each of the sides. I don't know if the Board would agree with that as sort of an approach. I think it's a question of whether it's all working together, the gestalt is not there. I mean, it's not hanging together. But you wouldn't object to having different kinds of responses to the different conditions I assume?

HUGH RUSSELL: No. And but, you know, maybe it's just more discipline. I kind of -- I sort of -- here you've got Genzyme with a largely glass facade and they're going to look out at that facade at a wall that is fairly blank. That's a north elevation more or less. It's the one place

where you could -- you know, maybe -- are those windows as generous as they could be on that facade? What is it like when you're in Genzyme to look at it? And so the idea that there would be punched openings there doesn't -- I think that's a perfectly reasonable response. It's not a mirror. It's its own building. Clearly the power plant having punched opening seems to make sense so that you don't get the whole ghastly view, you get little vignettes that you hope you like. The hard one is the south.

PAMELA WINTERS: Right.

HUGH RUSSELL: Where that -- I keep framing it in terms of message. What are you trying -- what's the story you're trying to tell about this side of the building?

JIM BATCHELOR: If I can interject.

I do think that one thing that we would like it to do is to have an active south facade that's related to the sense of an active

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park, the South Plaza. And I think that's the reason why we felt some additional level of visual interest and variation was appropriate overlooking that landscape.

STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, I have a comment, please.

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

STEVEN WINTER: The view in 1.3 from your presentation, to me -- this one is the That's the part of the strongest view. building that says bang. And I really, really like what's happening with the windows going around. There's no posts. I really like the things that are happening, the That really speaks to me. And then doorway. it's kind of oddly when I look at the shape of the building, which I think is going in the right way, I like the fact that the shape is responding to different things in the environment, that's great. And I like the balconies on the view from the southwest.

And I think that all -- but for some reason, 1 2 even though I like those two things, I don't 3 see that in the rendering. So I think there 4 are things that we're not seeing here 5 somehow. 6 Okay. JIM BATCHELOR: 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, well thank you 8 very much. It is late and sorry to keep you 9 wai ti ng. 10 Thank you. DAN WINNY: 11 HUGH RUSSELL: We look forward to 12 seeing you again. 13 The next item on our agenda is North 14 Point. 15 Roger is going to explain all of North 16 Point in the next three minutes. And he 17 needs notes which surprises me. 18 ROGER BOOTHE: It's late. So I just 19 want to take a few minutes before this new 20 North Point team comes to introduce 21 themselves, because we've been waiting for a

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long time for some good news at North Point, and I believe they really are bringing a lot of good news. So, the plan that's up here on the board -- can everybody see that okay?

This plan really represents the plan that the PUD that the Board issued in 2003, and that was subsequently modified in 2007. And tonight the team is going to be presenting their approach to moving this plan forward. And no decisions are needed from the Board tonight, thank goodness, because it's so late. No votes need to be taken. So -- especially because it's been kind of a stressful night. I think you can just kind of relax and let them explain things because they're going to be back a lot. It's a complicated project, lots of moving parts, and it's going to take a while to get everything up and running again fully.

And there are also many other projects in the vicinity that the Board has been

reviewing very recently and over the last few years since the last time this project was in here. And I know not everybody is out there running around North Point all the time, so you may not remember all the pieces quite as well as those of us who are out there running around all the time.

So along the riverfront, of course, we have the new parkland, and we have the site for the expansion of EF, which you saw last year, the Swedish design that you liked very much. And that, of course, is following on from the PUD of the late nineties that gave us the Regatta View Residences and the first EF building. So they're really taking what used to be -- I mean, we used to refer to this as the lost half mile, if you recall, because this was disastrous. Hugh, you and I have been on the New Charles River Basin Committee for how long 15 years?

HUGH RUSSELL: 16 now.

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ROGER BOOTHE: 16 years. Looking at everything from the creation of the Zakim Bridge to creating all this great open space here, and it really is starting to happen And it's been sort of a tragedy that here. we've had this big hiatus in the largest piece of all. But thank goodness we have been moving along with quite a few pieces. We had the little bitty maple leaf building that the Board was having trouble figuring out where it was. If you remember just at the end of last year was brought in as a part of the Archstone-Smith project. That has a micro-loft units in it. So it's nice that we have a little history, and we've got a variety of types of housing. Certainly the largest landmark on the west side of the Gilmore Bridge is the Archstone-Smith Tower which goes up to 220 feet of occupied space and something like 235 with the mechanical equipment, and it's really a landmark.

know, when you see that down from many parts of the East Cambridge and even down Cambridge Street.

And as Brian mentioned, they're going to be in with their second phase I believe March the 20th. They're going to be coming in to show you the -- it's a lower piece of their project, but certainly an important PUD abutting right next to the one we're going to be talking about in more detail tonight.

Then moving a little further west, if you recall, the original PUD had a very complex integration of the T station and the buildings of the project. That's no longer going to be the case, and I'll be explaining where that stands now. And the T has really improved from where they started from the stand alone building which was a meager approach to a building that I think could be very similar to the Charles Street renovation which I think was very successful. So that's

a positive thing that's happening.

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And then, of course, the furthest west we have the 22 Water Street project which was at the Board not so long ago for some design And I called Chris Cane up today revi si ons. and he says that they expect to be in the ground this summer. And that's true also for the EF project down on the river. So that's just a quick look at all of the sort of context, and I'll turn it right over to them. But I will say that I think there's some really significant improvements in what they're proposing. Even though it still fits within the general structure of the PUD, there's going to be a lot of work on the staff coming back to you and, of course, the as has always been the system here, each building associated landscaping will be coming back. So we'll be seeing a lot of these people. Here they are.

HUGH RUSSELL:

Okay.

Wel come.

TOM O'BRIEN: Thanks very much.

My name is Tom O'Brien. I'm with the

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Thanks, Roger.

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company called the HYM Investment Group.

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We're developers of the site. We're going to

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talk a little bit more about the team. I'm

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joined by my partner Doug Manz. Why don't

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you stand just to make sure everybody can see

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you.

You will see, as Roger suggested,

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you'll see the two of us quite a bit, I

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think, over the coming years on this project.

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And then I'm also joined by Phil Kingman.

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Phil is with PamAm Rail which is the

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successor company to the Boston and Maine

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Rail Company. And they are part of our

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partnership, and I'll talk about it in a

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moment. We're represented by attorney

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Anthony Galluccio, who is also up here to

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Phil's right. And then David Bracken who is

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our project manager with the HYM Investment

Group as well.

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So if I could just begin by giving you a little bit of our background, our collective backgrounds. I ran the Boston Redevelopment Authority for about seven years and in the nineties. Have spent a good portion of my time kind of back and forth between government jobs and private sector development jobs. After I ran the BRA I was with a company called Tishman Speyer in New York and Boston working on some interesting projects. And then went to a company called JPI which is an entity that did mostly residential development and invested on behalf of GE Capital. And that's where Doug and I and our third partner, a guy name Paul Crisalli met. And so we're a great, you know, group of people. We've got other projects in the Boston area. We're working on the redevelopment of the Government Center Garage, that bad, old remnant from the, you

know, the sixties and seventies. And we're feeling pretty good about the possibility of renovating or redoing that project I should say. And then we're also beginning a residential building in the seaport district called Waterside Place right near the Silver Line Station that's located near the Seaport Hotel. So we've been able to put together a fair amount of activity and we're feeling good about the coming years in terms of the turnaround in the real estate business.

A little bit on our background on this site. Phil Kingman and I have known each other for quite a while. And so during my time at the BRA and then even afterwards at my time at Tishman Speyer and JPI, I've tracked what's been going on at this site, primarily through my relationship with Phil. And in 2008 and 2009 as the world really hit the skids and the real estate market really hit things, you know, hit the skids much

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harder than any other industry, I guess I should say, we kind of looked at this project collectively and said, boy, it really has stopped. The partnership has really broken, and there really has to be a solution that somebody comes up with. And so we put our heads together and we're able to, through a lot of effort, raise new capital. And the capital comes in the form of these entities that are on the board. So the HYM Investment Group is our entity. So that's Doug and myself and David Bracken. And then Canyon Johnson Urban Funds which is about \$3 billion fund located in Los Angeles. The Johnson in that entity is Magic Johnson. And then Atlas which is a company based in New York, I had done some work previously with the partners at Atlas when I was at Tishman Speyer, and And so the way that the then PanAm. transaction worked was we raised the capital necessary to buy out the partners, the old

partners at Spaulding and Slye, and to settle all the lawsuits, all those old issues. So all of the old lawsuits, all the old partners, all of the old trouble has gone away. That's completely behind us and done. And then we formed a new entity -- yes. None of those people have anything to do with it anymore.

And so then we formed a new entity in which PanAm contributed the fee interest in the land, which is also different than what was the case before. And we contributed the capital necessary to carry the project forward. So all of the capital necessary to carry forward on the development and all the expenses necessary to carry the project forward, those are all part of this newly invested capital. So this really is a new day, new team. And new direction. We're really excited about that. And we're clear on being aligned on decision making and being

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able to make good, quick decisions. And what you'll hear from us tonight is we're already starting to move on a couple of different things. That's our team and kind of or story.

Just a reminder, as Roger said, the site is already approved for a 5.2 million square foot PUD. We're -- there's a Special Permit that's in place for that. We're quite excited about it. The 5.2 million square feet, the breakdown of it is three million square feet of residential and two million square feet of commercial. So we like that a We embrace the residential. We embrace lot. the idea that this could be a community. There's already quite a bit that's here. Ιn the midst of the dispute that occurred between the old partners, the railroad actually, maybe out of frustration, but certainly out of a sense they wanted to make something happen. The rail road moved forward

1 with quite a bit. The Board might remember 2 these two condo buildings are already 3 These are One and Two Earhart completed. 4 Street. Used to be called Sierra and Tango. 5 Some people may remember them as such. 6 They're about 330 units total condos. About 7 50 percent are sold at this point. 8 railroad developed these for cash basically, 9 so they can sell them at their own pace and 10 get the numbers that they feel comfortable 11 selling them at. And in conjunction with the 12 construction of these condos, you'll recall 13 that the park is completed. So approximately 14 -- here's the way I see it, approximately 85 15 percent of the entire park is 100 percent 16 completed. So there's a portion of the park, 17 the remaining 15 percent or so, that is to be 18 completed on the northern side of this, but 19 the remainder of the park is fully completed. 20 And most importantly, and from our 21 perspective, underneath the park the railroad

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had the foresight to put in all the utilities necessary. So all the storm water runoff, the water, sewer, electrical, all the utilities for the development at the lower end of the site are -- all those pieces are already in underneath the park which is And here's a sense of what's great. happeni ng. We're going to have another slide of this, but this is a picture of the North Point parks that Roger pointed out are here which are quite beautiful. And if you haven't walked it recently, it's a ton of activity. I mean, it's actually been -- it's been great.

So here, just a little bit more of what's here. These buildings have produced in fact by our calculation, when you take all of going back over to this board, when you take these two condo buildings, the museum towers buildings, all of the, you know, the Glassworks factory, you take all these piece,

we believe there's about 1800 units of housing already in this immediate neighborhood. So really what it's about is, there's quite a few residents who live here today who really feel, you know, that this is a strengthening neighborhood. So it's really about embracing that from our perspective and really starting to expand that sense.

There's a little bit more, you know, some sense of what's here. I love this picture. When you show this picture to members of the real estate community, for example, they can't believe that this is North Point, the view looking back across, but this is actually the view and it does exist today.

Here's a shot of those North Point parks. So these are the parks here along the Charles River. The Big Dig, you know, obviously produced quite a bit, but this is one of those benefits that we feel great

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So here are some thoughts that we'd like to raise with you today to kind of recap what we've done. When we purchased the site in August of 2010, so about 20 months ago, 20 you know, or so -- 18 months or so I guess. And we looked at it immediately and said, there really needs to be a new North Point brand and identity, and what we've really tried to embrace is this idea of smart green. That the site can be very green in its ori entati on. A lot of orientation towards biking, walking, making sure that we take advantage of the two MBTA stations that are there now as well as the MBTA that's coming. And so we really worked very hard on that. You'll hear more about that from us in the future. The land exchange agreement will be MBTA. Roger cited this. This was a huge complication and a huge burden to the site so this is an important thing to make sure that

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the Board understands. In the old agreement, the Green Line which terminates here at Lechmere, was to be shifted to this side, but still would be a terminus. So there would be no additional stations after the Green Line here. The deal was struck around 2000 or just around 2000 in which the railroad would agree to build that station in exchange for these five acres or so of MBTA owned parcels, including the parcel in which Lechmere sits today. It was not an economically appropriate decision. It was -- the railroad station ended up being a station that was very costly, and the land wasn't worth nearly what the railroad station would be. trade was not a good trade, and it burdened the project in a way where it really it wasn't going to allow the project to move forward. So what is now the case is that the MBTA now recognizes that the Green Line must be extended out to Tufts University as folks

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So the Green Line Extension probably know. Project, which is really part of a federal court order that the MBTA must complete. That for that Green Line extension to actually happen, the MBTA needs certain rail rights that are north of this station from the railroad. So we were able to rework the agreement so that the MBTA has gotten a significant amount of value, similar to the amounts of value they would have gotten in exchange for the building of the station, but they got that value in land rights and rail rights and some cash to make the Green Line So it's a much better deal for the happen. MBTA, much more practical for all of us, and so that's all been done. And what that does for us is it frees the site to be able to move forward, and it also frees the MBTA to be able to actually complete the Green Line Extensi on Project.

21 Did you have a question?

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THOMAS ANNINGER: What happens to the piece of land that you were to get?

TOM 0'BRIEN: Those pieces of land still end up with us in the partnership. So that's still part of the plan.

So we've completed that. I may be rushing through some of this just given the late hour. I'm sure we'll be coming back and talk more about that. But we've completed that and that's huge. I actually had a conversation with some of the senior members of the state administration, and they really are pushing hard with the first phase of this which if the Board hasn't gotten an update on this, in a future date, we should give you a full one. But as Roger suggested, the MBTA has come up with a design here for this Lechmere Station which looks a lot like the Red Line station at Charles Street. So we're really pleased with that. And the first phase would be to complete a station at Brick

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Bottom and at Union Square. So the first three stations, and those would be known as Phase I, and the state can pay for out of its own capital dollars. So we're quite pleased with that.

The next thing we did was, you know, there are a lot of questions in the environmental community -- I mean, I'm sorry, in the real estate community about the environmental condition of the site, and actually some of the questions were sort of more legend then they were more questions. So rather than kind of looking around to try and look for whatever good news might be available, we decided that we wanted to get all the news about environmental. So we've done a full site-wide environmental characterization, grid-by-grid analysis, which was an important thing to get done. And what we found happily, that there's no ground water contamination on the site.

There's nothing that requires any immediate DEP action, and really all that's there is sort of typical urban soils, urban fills and things that we can take care of. So we can of course feel good about that.

We've also renewed the DEP sewer connection. This is a -- it sounds to be relatively mundane, but I think everybody in this room understands how important this is. So we've renewed that, and made that so it can be completely in compliance with the Lechmere storm water connections. So that's all been done.

We've begun already to respond to RFP's for life science and office build to suits for approximately six entities. So we're in the mix already for the potential of building commercial projects.

We've completed schematic design for an apartment tower. We're going to talk about that in a moment. But we want to begin with

a project 2012 as quickly as we can. We think the best way to get this site online is to put a crane in the sky, and so we want to begin with our residential project. And so we're going to talk to you about that as well tonight.

And then we're working hard, as Roger suggested, Archstone and 22 Water Street are interested in moving forward with their individual projects. We see those as good opportunities for us to continue to get good activity, so we're working hard to cooperate with those folks and help them move forward as quickly as they can.

We put a new website together in case anybody wants to check it out. You can look at our website. That's all been launched in the last 30 days or so. So there's something that shows off the site, you know, fairly well.

So here's what's coming. The MBTA gave

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us a little bit of this. They've got other renderings that are a little bit stronger, but here's a rendering of what they're suggesting can be built and what they're budgeting for today. You can see that one of the key changes that we all pushed for, the neighborhood -- I know a lot of folks on staff here, you know, in the city have worked hard for this, but to make sure that at the ground level -- in some of the original designs, this was sort of open. But this is all glass now, enclosed, again, much like the Red Line stop at MGH. And then the station itself up above has sort of a central So you walk up to the center platform. platform, and trains will -- inbound trains will obviously be coming on this side, outbound on the other side, and you'll board the trains from a middle platform. come back and talk a little more about that. I'm going to talk about this building,

which is our thought process of our residential building. And this is a retail square that we thought about as well which is a centerpiece of where we'd like to move forward.

As I said, this is our residential -schematic design for a residential design.

I'll give you a sense of where it's located
on the site in one of our slides here. But
we're focussed on this parcel for a number of reasons.

One, the success of the Archstone building here leads us to believe that we can kind of continue that success along the Gilmore Bridge here. And in addition to that, it gives us an opportunity through the construction of this building to make the connection, a stairway connection from the Gilmore Bridge and the Orange Line here down to the site. So that the site can then be connected, really literally connected to both

1 the Orange Line and the Green Line which we 2 think is a really important thing to try to 3 achi eve. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Is that building in 5 Cambridge or Boston? 6 TOM O' BRI EN: That's a good 7 It's in Cambridge. So the Boston questi on. 8 line comes just here. It doesn't quite reach 9 out to parcel land on this side. And then 10 the Somerville line you can see here kind of 11 comes a little deeper into the site and then 12 squiggles back and comes back again. So this 13 building is fully in Cambridge, but we're 14 carefully tracking which communities are 15 locations for which communities. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Obviously we don't 17 have jurisdiction over other cities. 18 you do a building that's entirely in 19 Somerville, you'll give us an informational 20 update sort of? 21 We also have in the ROGER BOOTHE:

1 PUD a recognition that some of those sites 2 were not in Cambridge and sort of a 3 recognition that all be coordinated at some 4 poi nt. 5 TOM O'BRIEN: I can report to you 6 that the Mayor of Somerville will be 7 heartened to hear you say that you don't have 8 jurisdiction over Somerville. He's given us 9 more than an earful about how the old plan, 10 you know, seeing how the old plan puts all 11 the residential on this side. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: And he wants some 13 j obs. 14 And there were TOM O' BRI EN: Yes. 15 some would think that's not, that was by 16 design obviously. So but we'll, you know, in 17 the future we'll be talking about that. 18 One of the key things we'll talk to you 19 tonight about is the concept of a retail 20 This old plan to us when we looked square. 21 at it, looks kind of suburban, sort of like

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an office park, and didn't really have a retail scheme associated with it, which we think is an important thing to -- an important concept to have. So we've got some other slides that we'll show you. I'll try to move through this at a pretty brisk pace given just how late the hour is. But the idea is that here at this MBTA station there really should be a strong plaza, a strong sense of a retail note here, and the retail should be unique and frankly should be part of the community. We embrace the ideas as I said earlier, this is a place where people will both live and work. And we think that this can be something -- this can be the area that learns the lessons of Kendall Square and so, therefore, we think a strong retail notice is important facet of the plan.

Just to, you know, a little bit more in terms of remembering or reminding the Board of a couple characteristics about the site.

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The site's very big; 44 acres, including all the MBTA parcels. And so when I take into my mind's eye and just overlay it on Kendall Square or overlay it on the MGH campus, it's a quite a big site. It's serviced by two MBTA stations that exist today; the Orange Line and the Green Line, but both, you know, require some improvements I think. The Green Line will be improved by the relocation on this side of the site and then extended. the Orange Line gets improved just by access to the site when we build a building, a parcel and offer that staircase here. kind of an important concept.

This is a slide that we've used -we've spent a fair amount of time with the
community trying to think through what people
have seen as issues on the site. And this is
a site -- a slide that we use. I'm going to
whip through these points quickly. And these
are hard to read so I'm going to read them

for you. I apologize for the lack of focus here. You know, the first point is in the original plan, there really was this lack of cohesive retail square. We need to change that. There needs to be a retail square, and there needs to be a really strong plan. We think that the entire site had the form and feel of a kind of a suburban office park as I suggested earlier.

The housing placement originally, which was all along the tracks here, we think failed to take full advantage of this beautiful park that's in the middle.

The Gilmore Bridge impact and thinking through the Gilmore Bridge, the Gilmore Bridge is elevated between 30 and 40 feet coming down a little bit to this side. So that impacts the site quite a bit. We need to think that through a little bit more.

The integration of the Green Line station, the viaduct. We talked a little bit

about that. The open space programming, we think the central park is wonderful, but really there needs to be a more integrated park system kind of spread throughout the site, not just one big central park, but other parks that can form front doors to other buildings on the site.

We have sensed a desire in the community for a year round public market near Lechmere Station. So it's a desire we sort of embraced. We think a public market could be a good idea. We have some questions remaining as to where exactly that should be located and what the program for that public market should be. As all of us know, some public markets succeed because they're run well. Other public markets don't succeed because they're not run very well. So we need to think that through.

We've worked very hard on the Monsignor O'Brien -- we call it boulevard not highway.

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The Monsignor O'Brien Boulevard crossing here particularly here at First Street and then at Water Street, but we've spent a lot of time on that with people and with the MBTA. So we can talk more about that. And also talk about parking density and locations as well.

One of the big moves we made was to move First Street. You know, in the old plan First Street came through the site, straight What that produced was a very small through. walkway here from this T station in towards the site, kind of a rather small sidewalk. We said to ourselves this really needs to be a big arrival point, and there needs to be more of a plaza. So we moved First Street just slightly to the south. And what that has allowed us to do is create this retail square and really a great rival plaza. we're really pleased with that move. addition to that, we've rethought the sizing of the parcels and the locations of the uses

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which has allowed us -- I'll show you in a moment, to add significant amount of green space. Probably about 30 percent more green space. And three or four new spots, new green space spots which we're really pleased about as well.

Here's a concept of the retail square. So by moving First Street -- so First Street used to come right through here, see? And by kind of carving the buildings back a little bit, it gives people right off the Green Line a glimpse of the park straightaway. It gives us this great, you know, sort of square, arrival square in the beginning which we're really pleased with. We'd love to see it very strong, you know, outdoor environment. The retail should be kind of unique retail. We've got the mall right down the street so we certainly don't need more of that kind of retail. We need sort of unique offerings that could be local in flavor. And so we see

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this retail square as being a new centerpiece for the entire site again with a lot of activity. And then opportunities for us to up light the new Green Line station there.

We've spent a fair amount of time on this crossing. We've got another slide on this as well, but that's been an important discussion for us in the community. And what we've done along the way is this crossing started off, it had a right-hand turn lane The crossing was quite wide in terms here. of, you know, people needing to make the stretch across Monsignor O' Bri en Boul evard along First Street. So by taking that right-hand turn lane away and offering a little bit wider spot here for people in the middle to kind of take refuge in the middle of their cross, we tried to make this a much stronger pedestri an-fri endly envi ronment. And we're suggesting that there can be opportunities to use different elements to

make it a strong pedestrian environment and really announce the fact that with lighting, paving materials, things like that, that this is a, you know, pedestrian-friendly zone. So we've worked very hard. I think we've gotten to a point where people are starting to get more pleased with how this crossing can work, and we've done that in partnership with the T and a variety of folks.

In addition to that, and I think it's been suggested, that this could be sort of a lost park. And rather than being a lost park, perhaps a small retail kiosk, something in my mind along the lines of what's in Post Office Square in downtown Boston. You know, sort of a nice food offering but something that activates that triangle would be important as he will.

AHMED NUR: Just to cut you off real quick. Where that sign is, the transportation sign, that building there on

1 the left, it's got some demolition people. 2 On the building on TOM O'BRIEN: 3 this side? 4 AHMED NUR: Yes. 5 TOM O' BRI EN: So the T as part --6 that's good news if you saw them. So the T 7 has already let out a contract, about \$29 8 million for the design of this station, the 9 two other stations I mentioned, and the demo 10 of this building, some other selected demo, 11 and the relocation of some slight bridges as 12 well. So they already started the Green Line 13 project. 14 AHMED NUR: That's great. I was 15 happy to see that. 16 With the senior folks TOM O'BRIEN: 17 I was with today, you know, I encouraged them 18 to keep going. The way they've set up the 19 Green Line project is, they call it Phase I, 20 and it's \$29 million to do those pieces. 21 The next step is about a \$200 million

dollar project to actually build those three stations and the tracks in between. And they can pay for that out of their own capital dollars /and the next step is not funded yet which is the to get it out to Tufts. That's good that you've seen that.

HUGH RUSSELL: Another thing on the screen is something that's annoyed me for 15 years. Right below the T designation is a grey square, which is a surface parking lot with I think 18 cars in it.

TOM O'BRIEN: Yeah.

HUGH RUSSELL: It serves the Glassworks. And I've been hoping that somehow a deal can be made to find another place for most of those 18 cars, and that's -- and that frontage could be used for something better than a condominium's parking lot. So that's -- I was the architect of the renovation for the of the --

TOM O'BRIEN: As you might imagine,

1 we have a long list --2 HUGH RUSSELL: Ri ght. 3 TOM O'BRIEN: -- so we'll put that on the list. I've thought the same thing. 4 5 mean, you know, when you -- you can't help 6 but look at this slide and walk it and say, 7 hmm, you know, in the not too distant future 8 all of us are going to look at this and say 9 this should be a better -- something 10 different should be here. Certainly we're 11 open to making a parking deal to -- with the 12 Glassworks people. So we're open to that. 13 The question is, you know, the parking for us 14 for them would be located somewhere this way. 15 So would they make that walk to their new 16 parki ng? 17 Exactly. And I mean HUGH RUSSELL: 18 there might be parking on the other side of 19 the O'Brien Boulevard. 20 There would be parking TOM O'BRIEN: 21 in this building.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: Ri ght. 2 The first floor of that building is 3 almost entirely parking, and there's a lot of 4 frontage on the sidewalk, but I can't imagine 5 it's a very good place for retail. 6 TOM O'BRIEN: Along this building? 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Along that building. TOM O'BRIEN: Cars are moving pretty 8 9 fast I think. And, you know, the way, you 10 know, you know, the way the plan is set right 11 now, there's not a parking lot on that side. 12 There is a bike lane on that side, but 13 there's not a parking lane on that side to 14 sort of comment and make this a great retail 15 spot. I think the place for retail is 16 probably here. 17 Ri ght. HUGH RUSSELL: Because you 18 see there it would be even less likely that 19 that would be a retail spot. 20 TOM O'BRIEN: Yeah, particularly if 21 we do this right I think. I agree.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: The parking garages 2 entered from the short end of the building. 3 TOM O' BRI EN: This end? 4 HUGH RUSSELL: The other end. 5 TOM O' BRI EN: So they come in the 6 back this way? 7 HUGH RUSSELL: No, they come in to 8 the end of the lot way down that corner, 9 drive up the slope into the building, and the 10 basement garage is under from the back side. 11 I see, I see. TOM O'BRIEN: 12 HUGH RUSSELL: It was fairly daring 13 to do that building at the time we did it, 14 but it seems pretty timid today. 15 Well, I mean, TOM O'BRIEN: Yeah. 16 as I say, I think we pretty easily could make 17 a parking deal with these people. 18 question is would they walk it? And then, 19 you know, would they give up that piece of 20 land? And how do you make that deal with the 21 condo association and all --

1 HUGH RUSSELL: And I don't know 2 whether the spaces are individually deeded or 3 collectively deeded and it becomes much more 4 di ffi cul t. 5 TOM O' BRI EN: Yeah, yeah. 6 Because if they're HUGH RUSSELL: 7 individually deeded, then you're making 19 8 deals and you need one of which to -- anyway. 9 TOM O'BRIEN: Yeah. But I agree 10 with you. So it's -- we will work on it. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 12 TOM O'BRIEN: So here's the slide 13 just on the parks. These are small words, 14 hard to read, but each of them say new, new, 15 new, and new. So these four are all new 16 parks that we've added. And then A and B 17 we've actually enlarged. So North Point 18 Common exists today and this park exists 19 today. These two condo buildings are 20 completed. So this is completed. Thisis 21 completed. And then these were ideas that

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were in the original plan, you can see here, but they were rather small. So we've enlarged those and we've added four new ones which allows us to create some interesting entry points for the building.

I think one of the important points to mention too, is that it's still 20 development parcels. So these are really tweaks or enhancements from our perspective. And these additional four parks are really, again, building upon the theme that was set before which was the finger parks that already existed, the Earhart finger park which is built between Sierra and Tango and A and B. One of our concerns was that the second row of the development buildings really didn't have any finger parks, and so the importance of having an identity even for them, condos, those secondary row of finger parks was important.

HUGH RUSSELL: I think we were more

concerned about the character of that street which I think of as Marlboro Street. This is really just basically a slightly warped Back Bay. So small down the middle there are two blocks on either side.

TOM O'BRIEN: Yep, yep. We agree. We agree.

HUGH RUSSELL: You know, I think those parcels on the green in back really improved greatly, as well do what you want to do.

TOM O'BRIEN: Well, similar to Back Bay, the way we thought about this is not only will people be traveling this way, but people will be travelling this way. So we love these finger parks in the back. You know, if you think about it from a corporate presence perspective, you know, XYZ Company located here has a really nice entry point for people coming from this direction, and, you know, it improves the site, it improves

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the field overall, we think, for, you know, for the entire development.

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represent more of an intention where you

HUGH RUSSELL:

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might be focusing commercial over residential

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7 TOM O' BRI EN: Yeah

uses?

Yeah. You'll see this

So the colors

in future slides. So the blue is commercial.

9 The yellowish is residential. So a lot of

what we've done, again, I'll show you a

slide. We've taken some of the residential

that was concentrated on the back and moved

it up to the park to take advantage of that.

We've created this retail square where the

red is a hotel and the blue here is

commercial.

So here's a slide that starts to use those colors and starts to, you know, layer everything out. So we've taken some of the residential, not all of it, but some of the residential and lined it here along the park.

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Again, it allows us to take full advantage of the beautiful park. It also allows us to create some obviously -- naturally the residential projects will have slightly smaller footprints. So it allows us to create some smaller footprints here and sort of break up the blocks a little bit to make it look a little bit like a suburban office But also, too, by concentrating the park. commercial here and here, and particular these ones, though, allows us to produce some commercial buildings that have fairly sizable floor plates. So we think that's a useful thing given what we're trying to achieve in terms of attracting technology companies, life science companies, and the like. So we think this is a good result and it's proved pretty valuable in our initial efforts with the potential build to suits. So just a couple other highlights.

The public market that I described, the

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community has discussed the possibility of putting the public market here. suggested that the public market might go here as part of the overall retail square. The public market is, you know -- certainly there still have some questions. We've thought about the question of whether or not there could be a supermarket on the site. lf we're going to build three million square feet of residential, which translates to about 2800 units of housing, there probably needs to be a supermarket on the site. think in general people have nodded yes. so we need to think through what the program This building here in the back for that is. of the site offers a slightly larger floor plate that might allow for a supermarket. So that's the public market. We thought about, you know, this reconfigured intersection here that I've described for you, the station plaza, all these different pieces that I

think I've described.

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Doug, am I forgetting anything from this slide?

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DOUGLAS MANZ: No.

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thing I did want to point out. So I'm going to talk about this, so parcel N, which is our

TOM O'BRIEN: Oh, actually, one

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residential project is located here, so

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that's this building located here. So this

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is the building that we'd like to start as

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soon as possi ble.

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DOUGLAS MANZ: And Tom, go back one.

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This all starts to show what is the -- what

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we call the connection to the Gilmore Bridge,

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which we actually kind of call it an L of the

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finger park. It sits over the structure of

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the apartment tower and steps down. The idea

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is rather than just kind of a stair or a

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narrow passageway, it's actually meant to be

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a park that literally starts the Gilmore

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Bridge elevation and then steps its way down

and then in connection into the finger park and then leads right to North Point Commons. That's what we're calling it. It originally was called I think Central Park, but we're calling it North Point Common. That's how we're trying to connect it into the site as quickly as possible.

HUGH RUSSELL: At one point the connection was on the other side of that parcel, but particularly if you're generating the jobs there, you really want the most direct route to the Orange Line.

TOM O'BRIEN: We agree. We agree.

The Orange Line is really an important line.

I mean, it's sort of undercounted a little among the MBTA lines. But the Orange Line is a connector to the Back Bay. So it's through that it's a big connector to commuter rail.

And so, you know, we really want to make sure that we, at an early point, make a strong connection between the site and the Orange

1	Line. That's an important thing.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: You don't show the
3	current plan for Water Street to get to Water
4	Street. I can see that
5	TOM O'BRIEN: We can adjust that.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: need to make that
7	less awkward sort of at that point. You're
8	giving them a terrific site line, though
9	TOM O'BRIEN: Yeah.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: for a major
11	bui I di ng.
12	TOM O'BRIEN: You're right. We
13	should adjust this slide to make sure we show
14	the current plan. We're working pretty
15	closely with them. They have an obligation
16	to create the community path as just part of
17	their which means that they need to
18	coordinate that with us. We're more than
19	happy to help them do that.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: There's a huge grade
21	change in there; right?

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TOM O' BRI EN: Yes, huge grade They're much lower on this side, so change. there's a lot of work to be done with Phil and, you know, adjusting to that grade change. So they'll complete that and we've been working with them on that. So it's, there's some mutual benefits I think. know, as I said the concept of getting a crane in the sky, from the rest of the world's perspective, as soon as this project gets underway, they don't know if that's us or them or whoever it is. So we think it's a good thing, you know, to see this start to move forward. The same with Archstone as well.

There are a couple of things that we will need to make this work. One is this above-grade parking is allowed on the edges of the site. And in the blue areas here, above-grade parking is both allowed and does not count against the FAR of the site. In

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the red areas here, above-grade parking is allowed, but counts against the FAR. would like to make an adjustment to that, to allow for us to build these buildings with above-grade parking. Remember, the rail road is on this side, so the original intent was that there would be above-grade parking and it would be sort of a walling off of the And then on this side we've got the si te. Gilmore Bridge. So, for example, here's our parcel in project here. And the way we've conceived it is the parking is above grade, but wrapped with units here also first floor retail, of course, but this is the second And so the garage would be hidden floor. from view from the park and, you know, from the sides that we care about. But then underneath here there would be access to the garage underneath the Gilmore Bridge. will be coming back to you for adjustment.

These will require a Zoning change.

1 AHMED NUR: From all three cities. 2 What's that? TOM O'BRIEN: AHMED NUR: From all three cities. 3 4 TOM O'BRIEN: Yeah. Well, they 5 actually don't require. Boston doesn't 6 require a City Council vote for that. 7 Somerville's already done. So we can do this 8 with the BRA. And Somerville it's already 9 done. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: So if we want that 11 building, we've got to tow the line. 12 TOM O' BRI EN: So the other thing is, 13 the other concept is that the overall site 14 height limit is 220 feet. And the 220 feet, 15 for the most part, is limited to this band on 16 this edge of the site. And what we're -- I'm 17 sorry, we're down to here I believe it is; 18 right? We're suggesting that by putting the 19 residential buildings here on this side of 20 the -- closer to the park and including all 21 of the green space that we've included, as

well as the retail square, means that the buildings need to be pushed upwards slightly. So we're not changing the FAR. We're not changing the overall site height, but we do need to organize heights of some buildings in this band to allow for some of these buildings to reach a height of 220. And so we'll be coming back before you to discuss that as well.

There's a further limitation on the -the total number of 220-foot buildings that
can happen in the entire North Point
neighborhood. So we will be coming back to
you as well to talk about hopefully adjusting
the total number of buildings at 220 as well.
So those are the two changes that we'll need
in order to make the plan work.

Here's just parcel N quickly. Here's our site for the first building that we want to get going on. I showed you this rendering to give you a sense of it. First floor

retail and entry point. Units on the outside here. Units on the outside here. So second and third stories, units on the outside parking is on the inside of that. And then the parking ends at the top of the third story.

Fourth floor is an amenity floor for us with some units on the other side and then the tower kind of comes up from there.

Here's another view of it again looking from the Gilmore Bridge looking back towards

North Point.

Another view of the stairs. So this is standing at North Point Looking up toward the stairs entry point forward to the Gilmore Bridge. And here's an overhead view of what the first floor can Look Like. So this is actually a Little twisted around, the garage entry would be here, garage spaces, ramp up, and first floor retail.

Second floor with units wrapped around

1 And this is the staircase the parking. 2 coming down. 3 And then this is fourth floor, the 4 amenity floor. So this is above the parking. 5 Outdoor courtyard. Various amenity 6 spaces that, you know, that we think are 7 important including half court basketball court, units, and then the tower rises up 8 9 from that unit. We worked hard to include a 10 variety of units, stack of three bedrooms which we think is important. That's kind of 11 12 where we are. 13 THOMAS ANNINGER: I have some 14 reactions right away, if I may. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: Sure. Within the 16 five minute total limitation for all of us. 17 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Well, others can 18 go first that's as far as I'm concerned. 19 I guess my first reaction is just to 20 say when you were talking about the people 21 and what you replaced which is litigation and

anger and a very ugly moment. Before they were bad, they were very, very good. three of us at least lived through that period when we were developing the master plan from a white piece of paper. think many of the concepts that you are improving on we talked about back then. like the better the idea of what I think your partner Doug said, which is that in many cases what you're doing is tweaking things that we've heard about many times; finger parks, good streets, crossing of 0'Brien Highway, residential in the right place, avoiding a suburban office park feel. When you take a look at that corner with the three red buildings there by the Gilmore Bridge, originally they had four red buildings there and it really was what we were afraid of, which was an office park. So all they did for the moment was turn -- change the color of one, not N, but I forget --

TOM O'BRIEN: M.

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M? They changed THOMAS ANNI NGER: it to a different color just to make a nod to the concept that this was not to be an office But we always knew, and we talked park. about it back then, that the use of these various spaces would change. And we were ready for that. And I think you have an extraordinary opportunity now to take what I still think was a very good master plan and make it better. And I think you're doing that in many ways. But I guess I take it with a certain amount of pride the two years that we spent on the original one, and a lot of the things that we did back then, I think you're building on and doing a good job.

For example, those two commercial buildings, it's very interesting to me what you're doing over there. Just how you avoid the suburban office park feel is a challenge, however you do it. Call it what you may.

1 These are very big buildings now. And now 2 maybe this reflects what I've read and heard 3 the MIT people talk about, which is that 4 nanotechnology which is making very tiny 5 things requires huge buildings. And I think 6 that's what seems to be going on here. 7 so there are a lot of good things. 8 One of the cultures that we liked back 9 then was that they used very good architects. 10 And they had a very good plan for the T, and 11 I still miss it. No matter how good this may 12 be, the one they had was excellent, too, at 13 the time and I still like Tango and Sierra. 14 Maybe they have new names to them, but 15 thought they had very good architects. 16 PAMELA WINTERS: I think Ken Greenburg was working them, too. 17 18 THOMAS ANNI NGER: Ken Greenburg was 19 the designer of the boulevards and streets. 20 PAMELA WINTERS: And the T was 21 excellent in what they did, too.

1	THOMAS ANNINGER: I guess I still
2	HUGH RUSSELL: This one's feasible.
3	PAMELA WINTERS: Right.
4	THOMAS ANNINGER: Well, that's
5	ri ght.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: And I think it really
7	that's what I look at it and say
8	somebody's taken a big concept and now trying
9	to make it more feasible, make it advance
10	it to the next stage. This is a natural
11	growth process and it's a very positive
12	growth.
13	THOMAS ANNI NGER: Ken Greenburg
14	himself, if you remember, warned us that this
15	was going to happen.
16	PAMELA WINTERS: Right, he did.
17	THOMAS ANNI NGER: We're ready for
18	that and I embrace this.
19	TOM O'BRIEN: We spent time with
20	Ken, and talked it all through. And, you
21	know, we did we have a huge amount of

1 respect for the planning work, for the effort 2 that was put into it, for the results, for 3 everything. And, you know, we've been 4 working with January Krieger which has merged 5 with MBTA's as you know, which suggested sort 6 of to make these tweaks to try and put it 7 into a position where -- I think a lot -- I 8 mean, you know, for me, for example, the 9 shift on First Street, sometimes simple 10 things can have a huge, positive effect. So 11 it seems like a very simple move, but it is, 12 it's a big change. So it's a tweak but 13 it's -- it can really open up some different 14 ideas and different concepts. So that's 15 really what we try to do is make some 16 adjustments that are minor but could have 17 some really nice positive effects. 18 PAMELA WINTERS: Right, it's good. 19 ATTORNEY ANTHONY GALLUCCIO: 20 could I just also, just to your point --21 this, I know this was a long time ago now,

but to me this was -- and this process took
place when I was Mayor. This was the first
opportunity really, I think, for the Planning
Board to have so many open parcels and make
the statement that you did about the
importance of increasing the housing supply
in the city. And now I get that more than a
decade has gone by, but I think there's so
much to be proud of with that. And I think
we're trying to correct some other areas now,
but this was that opportunity and it was a
huge statement.

TOM O'BRIEN: Well, I mean to the practicality of it, by the way today, the --- I mean, you may know this, but that Archstone project is one of the best performing projects in the entire Archstone portfolio today. So there is an opportunity to build quite a bit of this housing we think in the next, you know, five years, ten years. So there's a lot that can be done to really

1 advance the original goals. 2 I just wanted to include AHMED NUR: 3 by saying, you know, North Point, my family 4 and I usually go there at least twice a 5 month. I mean, at least for the park. And I 6 welcome you to it. I think you're doing a 7 great job, and it looks really nice. I'm 8 really excited about it. 9 And one other thing we mentioned was 10 public bathrooms in that area, and I think 11 Rich McKinnon was here was talking about 12 giving the DCR some money to build one, so on 13 But we're looking forward to and so forth. 14 Other than that everything is perfect. it. 15 Thank you. TOM O'BRIEN: 16 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, well thank you 17 very much. This really is a very high point 18 I think for us --19 STEVEN WINTER: Indeed. 20 -- to see that you're HUGH RUSSELL: 21 not only taking up the mantle, but you're

1	advancing it and proceeding with things which
2	will be better than we thought they were
3	going to be.
4	And we expect to see you back here time
5	and time again with changes and modifications
6	and new opportunities and that's the way the
7	world works.
8	We' re adjourned.
9	(Whereupon, at 11:35 p.m., the
10	Pl anni ng Board Adj ourned.)
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8	this matter.
9	I further certify that the testimony hereinbefore set forth is a true and accurate
10	transcription of my stenographic notes to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 30th day of March 2012.
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