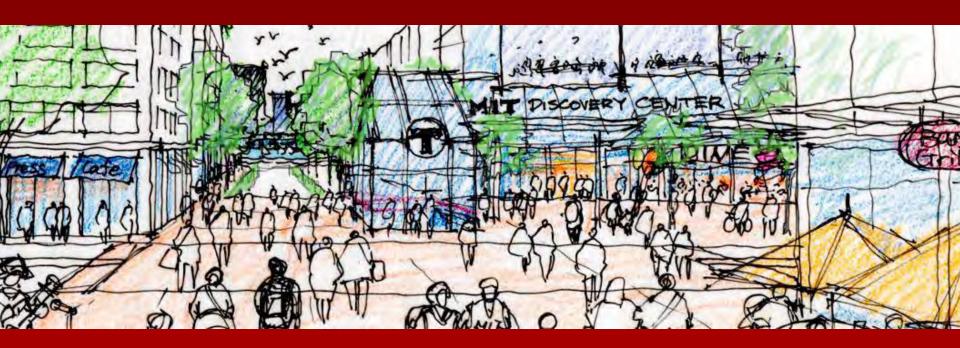
Reinventing Kendall Square for the 21st Century

Vision and Framework

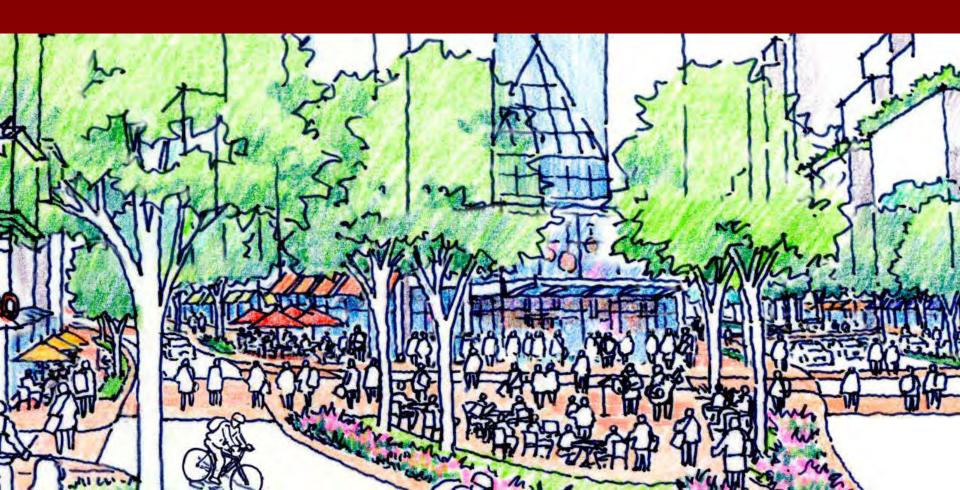


PUBLIC MEETING APRIL 10, 2012



Agenda

- Vision
- Framework
- Discussion

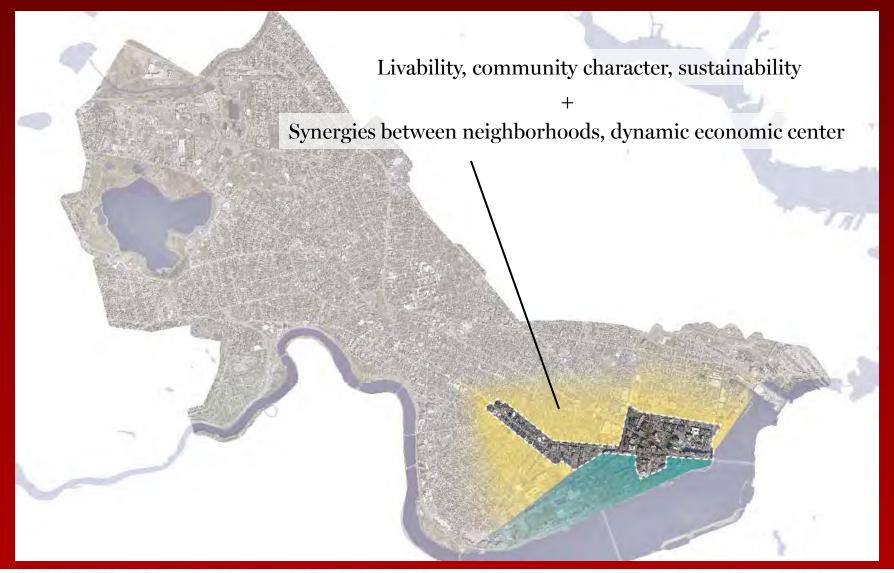


Values: Cambridge



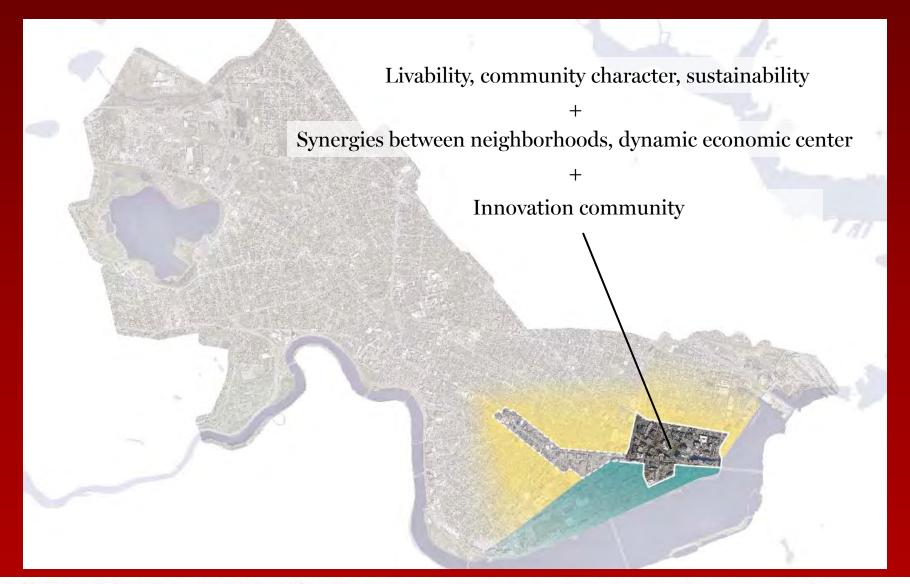


Values: Neighborhoods





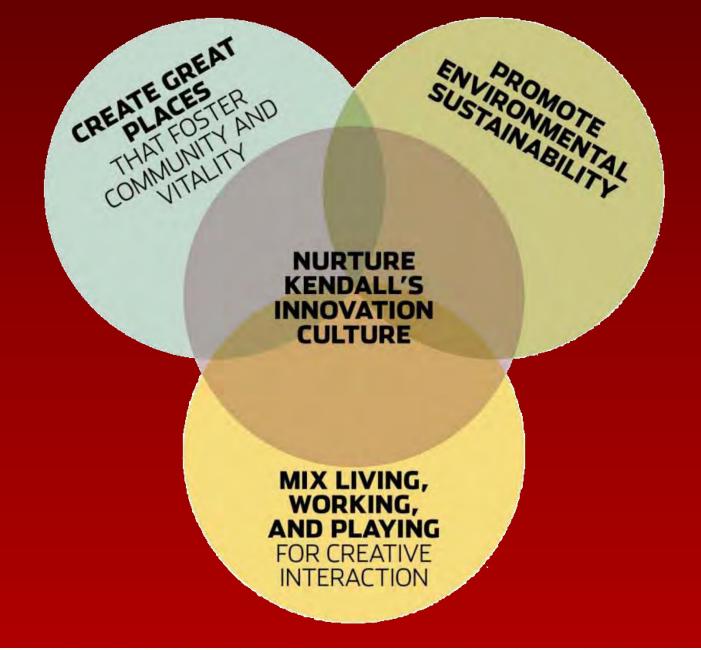
Values: Innovation cluster





Kendall Square vision: shaped around people

A dynamic public realm connecting diverse choices for living, working, and playing inspires continued success of Cambridge's sustainable, globally-significant innovation community















FRAMEWORK: some core challenges

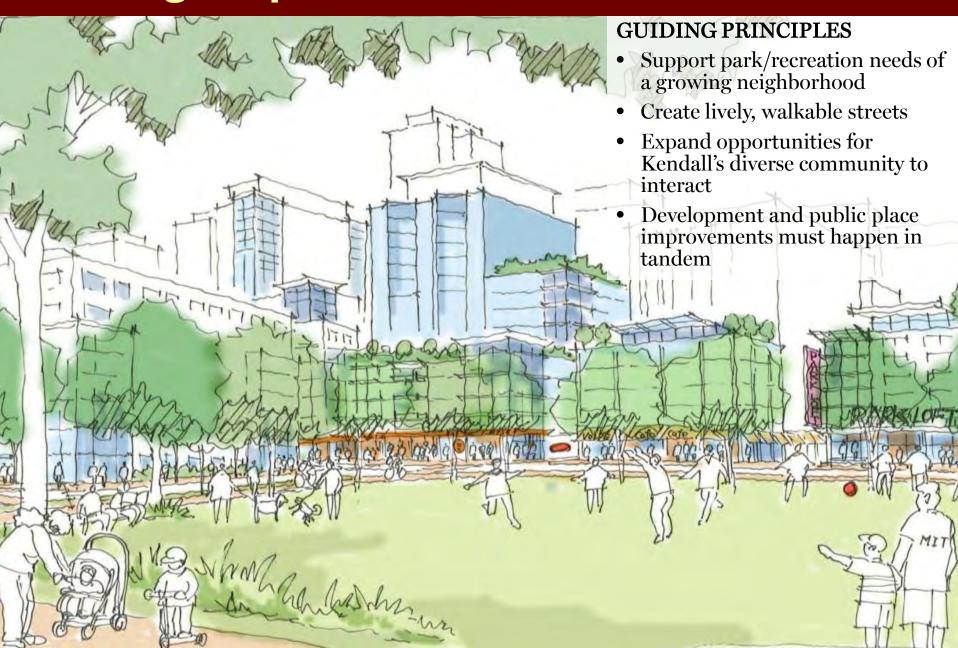
- Accommodate growth
- Transform into a mixed-use district
- Expand the diversity of housing options—graduate student, families, young professionals...
- Make the streets vibrant public places
- Balance need for large floorplates with urban design priorities
- Transform scattered public spaces into a connected, distinctive public realm
- Strengthen physical and social connections to surrounding neighborhoods.



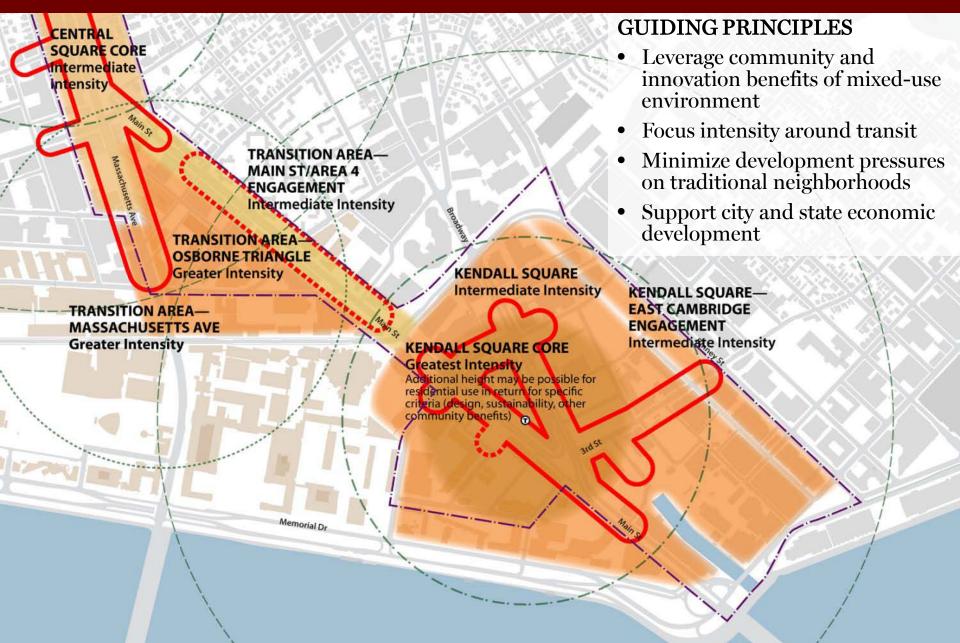




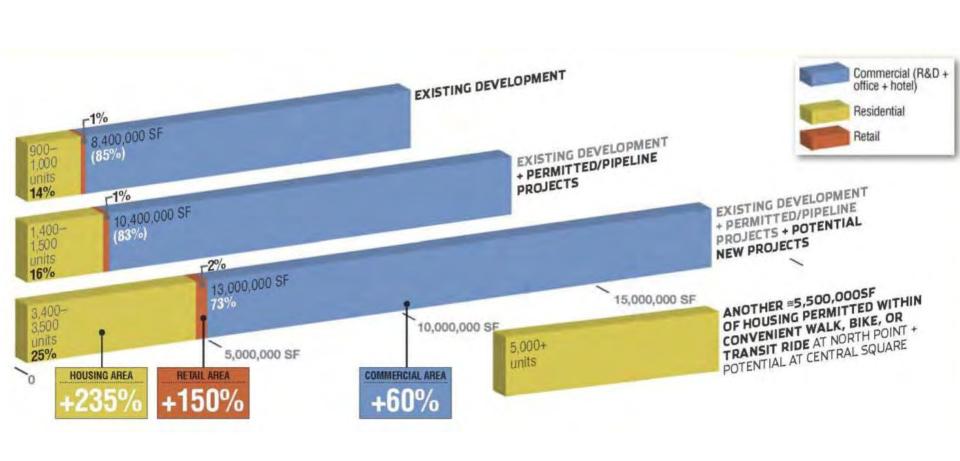
Create great places



Mix living, working and playing



...balance uses for better synergy







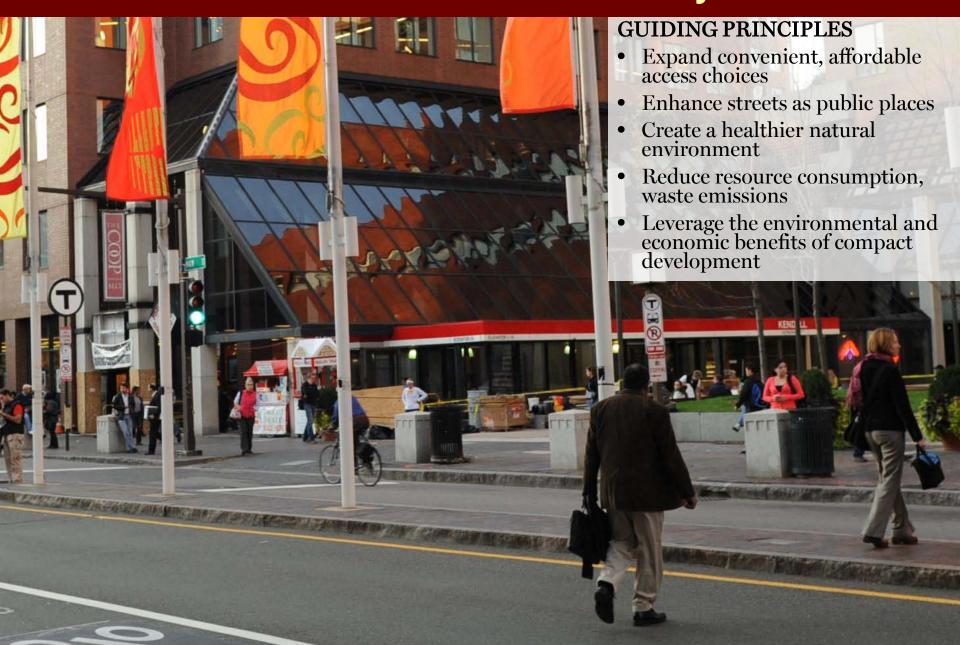




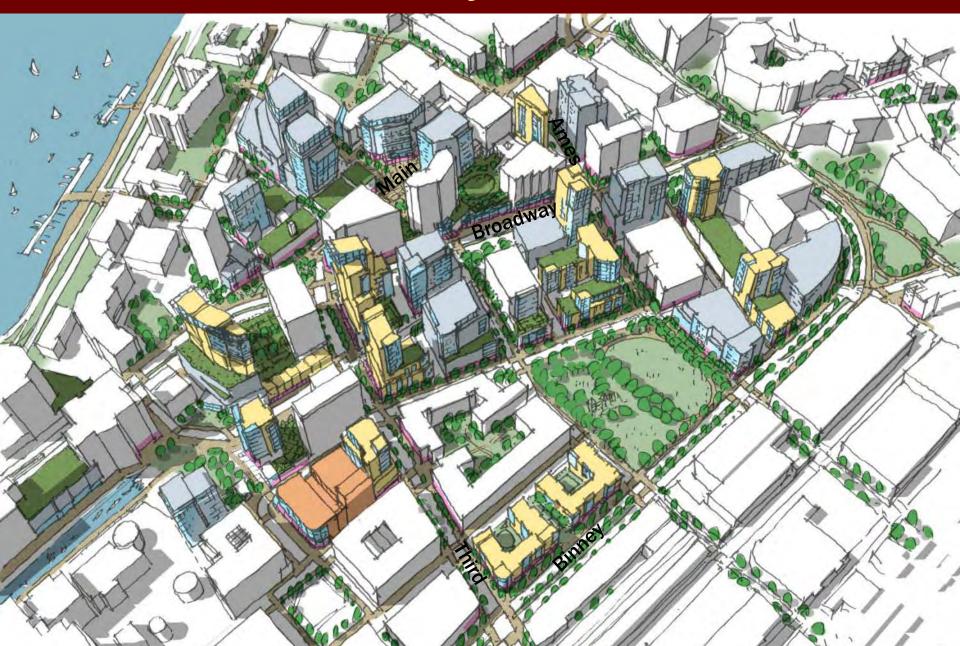




Promote environmental sustainability



An innovation *community*



FRAMEWORK: Create great places



MORE INTERACTIVE ◀ ★ ▶ MORE PERSONAL

GARDENS/COURTYARDS

ROOF GARDENS

PARKS

PLAZAS

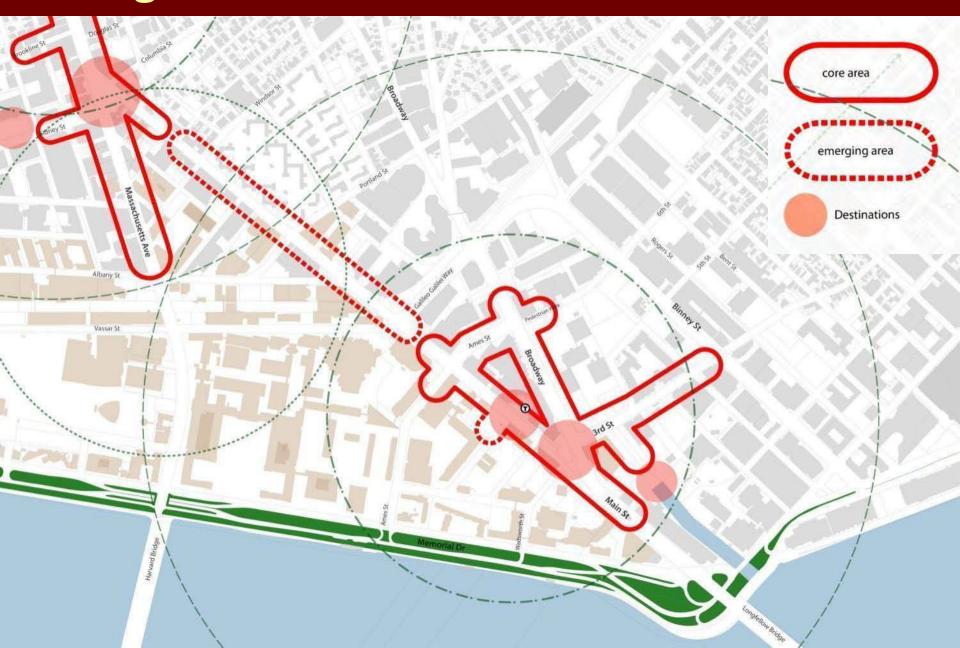
PROMENADES

RESIDENTIAL FRONT DOORS

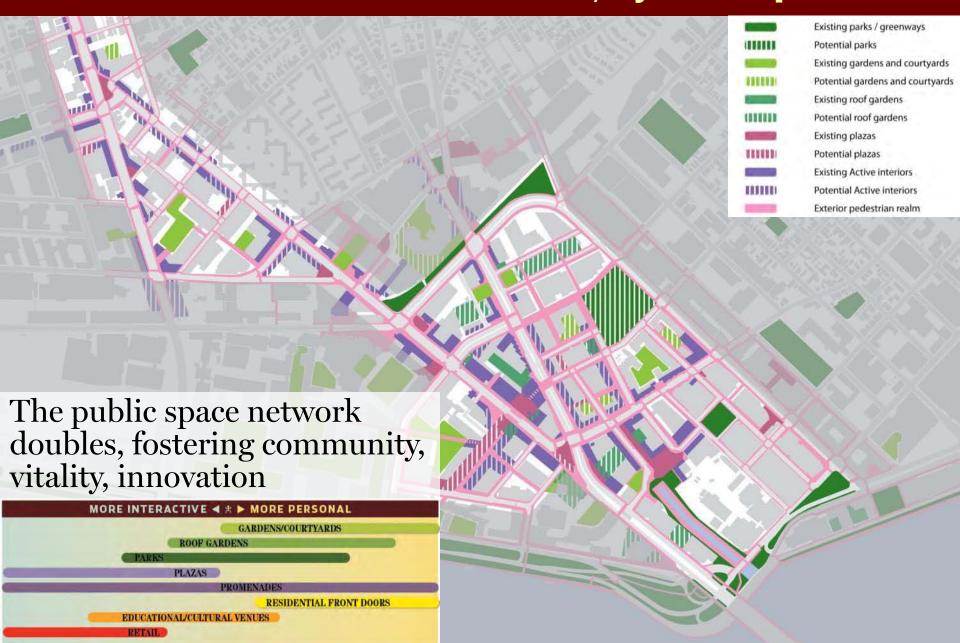
EDUCATIONAL/CULTURAL VENUES

RETAIL

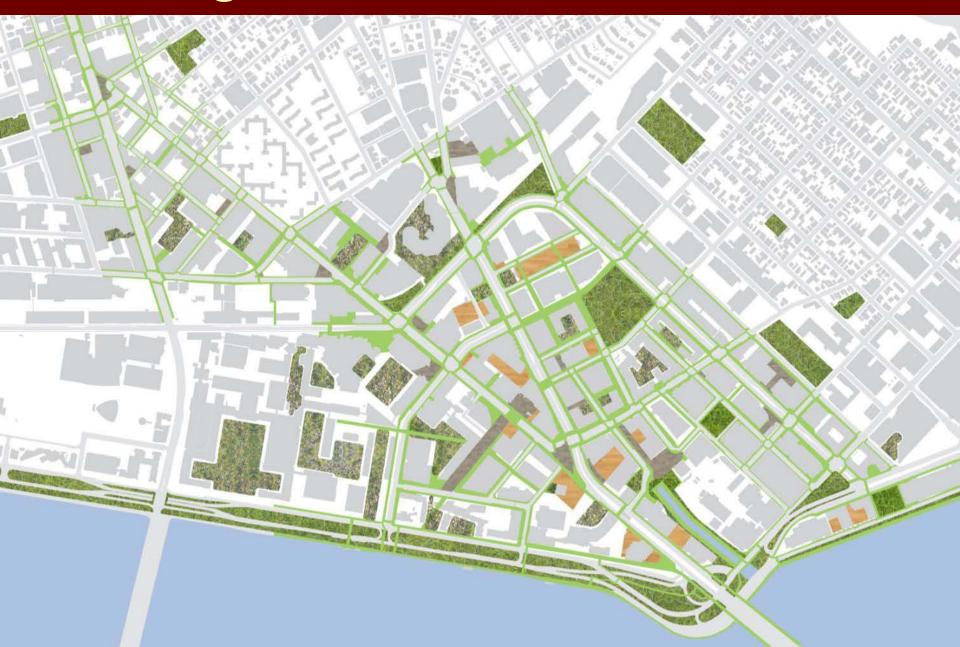
Bring the core of Kendall to life...



...with a continuum of diverse, dynamic places...



...forming a *connected* network



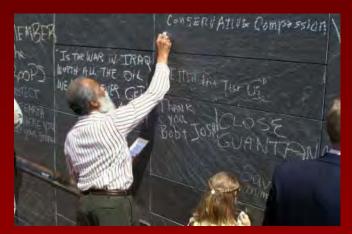
...marked by signature public places



...enlivened by active street level uses























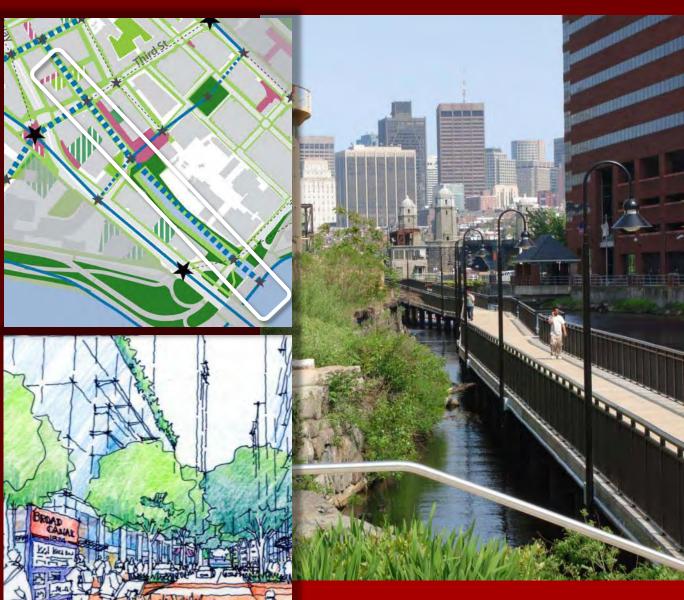


Create a community park at the Volpe site

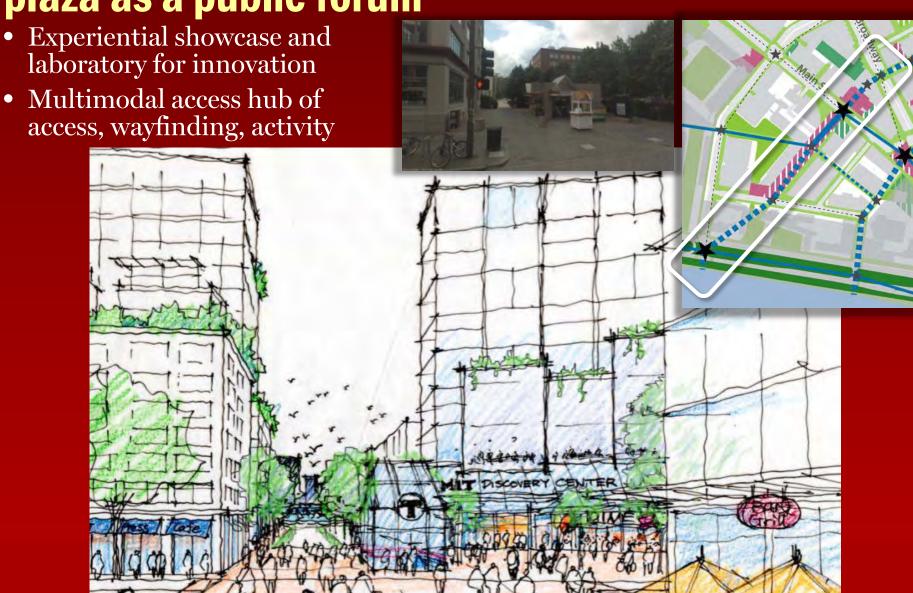


Enhance Broad Canal as a place to experience the river

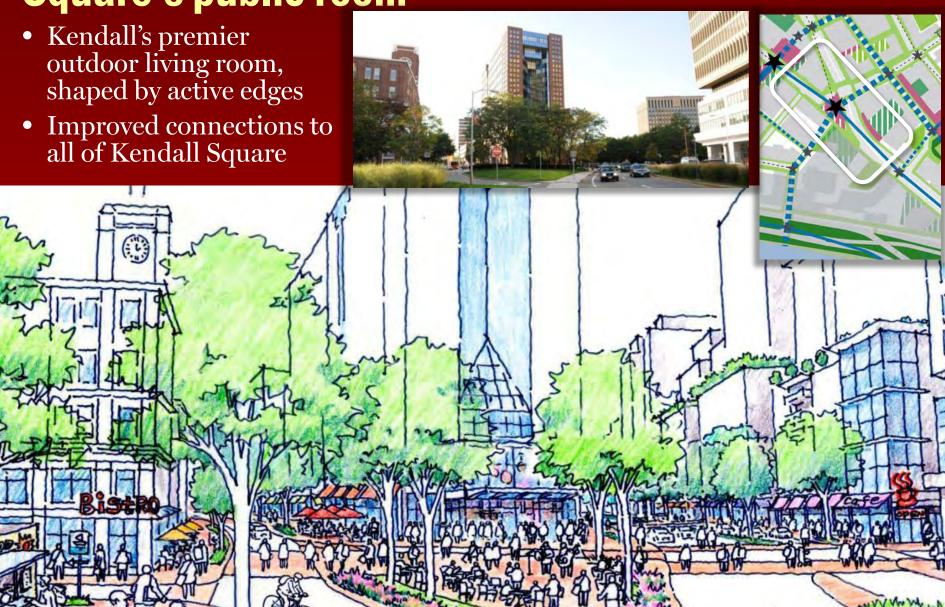
- Celebrate unique experience of nature, river
- Extend the views, experience with storytelling promenade along historic canal route



Reinvent Kendall/MIT station plaza as a public forum



Enliven Point Park as Kendall Square's public room



Expanded, connected public realm

- Condition development approval on public place enhancements
 - Contribution to public place fund per development review policy
 - Enhancements to impacted street edge
- Coordinated public/private infrastructure
 - Reconstruction Main-Third, Broadway, Binney, Ames
 - Park network planning and design initiative
 - Other street and park investments
- Coordinated operations through public/private partnership
 - Programming
 - Public art
 - Maintenance



Active ground floors: implementation

- Condition development approval on active grounds
 - Core area: Retail or public educational/cultural use
 - City partnership in bringing activity to vacant retail
 - Emerging areas: Convertible to retail or public educational/cultural use
 - Other streets: Housing with frequent front doors, stoops, gardens; Commercial uses with at least 50% transparent glazing
 - Retail does not count toward FAR



MIX OF USES AND BUILDING FORM: principles

- Performance-based approach
- At street scale:
 - Frame streets as public outdoor rooms.
 - Create an appropriate pedestrian scale.
 - Relate new development to scale of context buildings.
- Above street scale (intermediate and tallest heights):
 - Accommodate significant additional research and housing development intensity where infrastructure and mixed-use concentrations best support it.
 - Leverage development value to support community benefits.
 - Produce variety of building height and massing to enhance aesthetics and sense of place, preserve sky views & solar access



Built form and use: summary

		Height range	Priority uses	Maximum lengths of perpendicular facades*	Potential floorplate (approx. sf)
		250' to 300'	Housing only	160' x 65'** or 90' x 90'**	10,400
		200' to 250'		175' x 175'**	30,600
		120' to 200'		175' x 175'	30,600
		85' to 120'		240' x 175'	42,000
	- [Streetwall (ground to 85')	Active uses required on ground floor in core areas; encouraged elsewhere	None	Full block

^{*}At least one major vertical break – a displacement of at least 8' in depth, 16' in width and 2/3 of building height – is required per 100' of façade length.

^{**} Subject to additional design guidelines addressing façade articulation

Façade lengths: research/office





40 Landsdowne Street Floorplate approx. 27,500sf



Built form and use: upper-floor connections

- Encouraged for tenants needing larger floorplates (i.e., 35,000-70,000sf)
- Emphasize distinct appearance of buildings through transparency, setback
- Proposed guidelines:
 - Within blocks
 - Set back at least 35' from public street façade
 - Façade at least 80% transparent
 - Provide ground level public passage at selected locations
 - Over side streets/promenades
 - Set back at least 35' from public street
 - At least 35' or two stories clearance above ground
 - No more than 35' wide and 2/3 of building height (aggregate)
 - Space multiple connections apart by double their greatest width
 - Façade at least 80% transparent



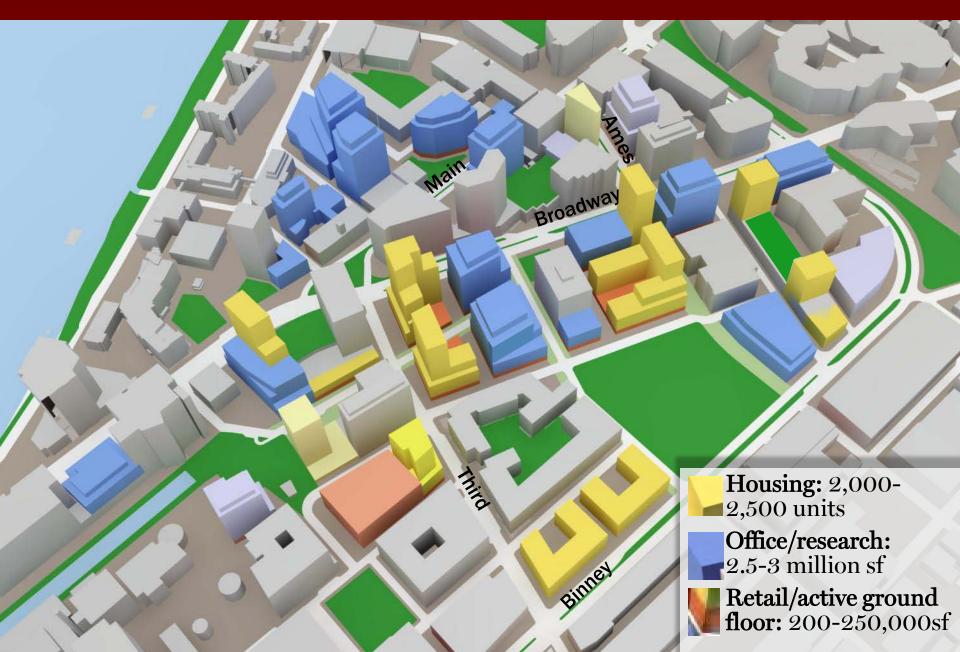


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Preferred land use scenario



implementation: mixed-use, retail

Active ground floor uses required in core areas

- Retail or educational/cultural
- Outside of core, retail encouraged; alternatively, 50% transparency or regular residential front doors/stoops required
- Retail exempted from FAR count















...housing

Minimum amount of **housing development** required throughout
study area in conjunction with
research/office development

- Begin housing development by completion of 40% of associated office/research
- Complete housing by completion of 80% of associated office/research
- Inclusionary housing and incentive zoning policies apply
- Current development proposals include 500-600 housing units



...community benefits

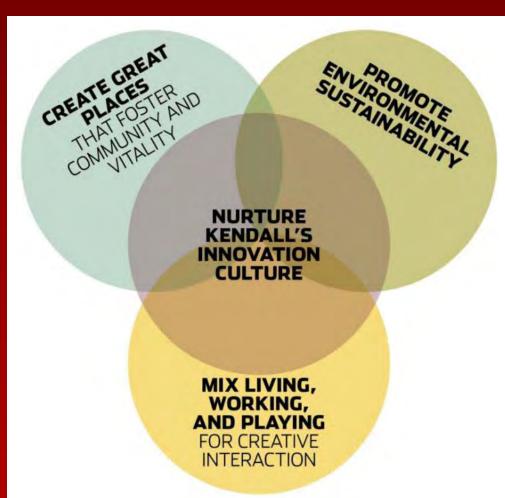
Support for...

- Parks/public spaces (maintenance and programming)
- Workforce readiness programs and education
- Expanded transportation alternatives and demand management



SUSTAINABILITY in K2: Land Use Planning

- Density
- Mixed use development
- Green space/pervious surfaces
- Transit-Oriented Development





Sustainability in K2: Goals

- Build neighborhood with reduced environmental impacts
- Demonstrate leadership as sustainable, cost-efficient place to do business

Deloitte report on green buildings: "More than 90 percent of respondents reported a greater ability to attract talent, and more than 80 percent reported greater employee retention (81 percent) or improved worker productivity (87 percent). Seventy-five percent saw improved employee health, and 73 percent reported operational cost reductions." - CoStar Group Newsletter 2008

• Support community vitality



Sustainability in K2: Building

- 80% of Cambridge greenhouse gas emissions come from building energy consumption in existing buildings
- Proposed land use vision increases built square footage potential by 3 million square feet
- Significant portion of future square footage likely to have high energy intensity
- Reducing consumption of non-renewable energy is a key strategy

Sustainability in K2: Objectives

- High building energy performance
- Increased use of renewable energy and/or district steam
- Low reliance on automobiles; increased use of alternative fuel vehicles
- Mitigation of urban heat island
- Reduced storm water runoff quantity and improved water quality
- Water conservation
- Minimize waste generation
- Make sustainability visible



Sustainability in K2: Potential Strategies

- BUILDINGS:
 - Current: buildings must meet Silver level of the LEED green building rating system
 - Several proposed requirements under discussion:
 - LEED Gold (focuses on construction)
 - LEED Existing Buildings Operations and Management (focuses on building performance)
 - Energy Star Label (building in top 25% nationally for energy use per square foot)
 - Energy performance to exceed national energy energy code requirements

Sustainability in K2: Potential Strategies

- BUILDINGS (cont'd):
 - District steam feasibility assessment
 - Analysis of how greenhouse gas emissions could be reduced (per state Environmental Policy Act for large projects)
 - -Cool roofs (white/green); vegetated walls
 - -On-site storm water retention/treatment
 - -Green office programs (recycling, purchasing, etc.)

Sustainability in K2: Potential Strategies

- STREETSCAPE/OPEN SPACE:
 - Increase tree canopy coverage
 - Paving materials with high reflectance

• TRANSPORTATION:

- Employer-based programs that encourage sustainable modes
- Street design that encourage walking, biking and transit use
- Support for Hubway bikesharing program
- Expansion of EV charging network
- Increased use of alternative fuel vehicles (EV, biodiesel)

Sustainability in K2: Next Steps

- Zoning will incorporate sustainability measures:
 - Green building requirements
 - Enhanced green transportation requirements
 - Stormwater management requirements
- Future option: creating a K2 EcoDistrict through a public-private partnership

Examples of EcoDistricts:

- Seattle 2030 District
- FortZED in Fort Collins, CO
- Dockside Green, Vancouver, CA
- EcoCity Hamburg



TRANSPORTATION: Current Policy is Working

- Responsible growth
 - Vehicle Trip Reduction Ordinance, Growth Policy
 - PTDM Program
 - Climate Action Plan
- Multi-modal approach
 - Ped/Bike Plan
 - Public Transportation/EZ Ride

City of Combridge CLARATE PROTECTION PIG IN DICAL ACTIONS TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE CAS EMISSIONS

Policy # 22, Growth Policy Document

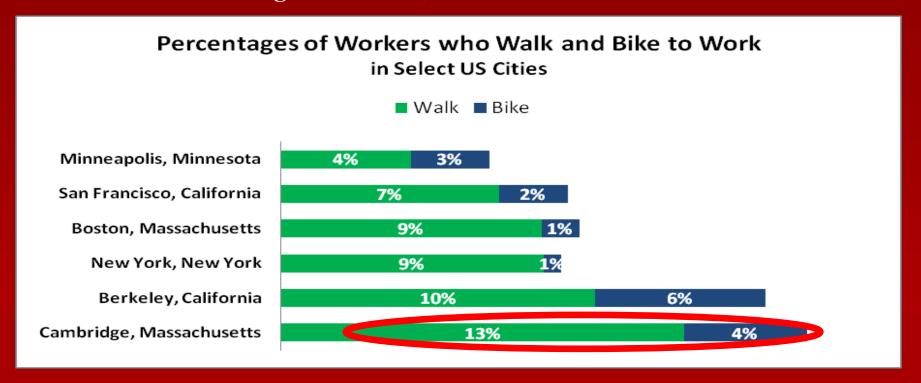
Undertake reasonable measures to improve the functioning of the city's street network, without increasing through capacity, to reduce congestion and noise and facilitate bus and other non-automobile circulation.

Policy # 23, Growth Policy Document

Encourage all reasonable forms of nonautomotive travel including, for example, making improvements to the city's infrastructure to support bicycling and walking.

Travel Trends in Cambridge

- Auto ownership is declining
 - Households without a vehicle grew from 28% to 32% from 2000 –
 2008
- Bicycle growth is strong
 - 150% increase in observed bicycle counts from 2002 2010
- America's most walkable city
 - Prevention Magazine, 2008, 2012



Travel Trends in Cambridge

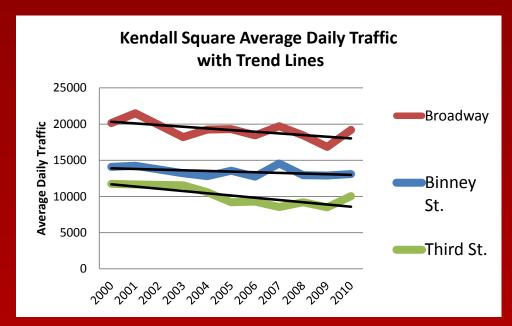
Mode Shifts from SOV

- SOV share reduced from 51% to 44%
- Public Transit grew from 21% to 27%
- Bike/Walk share now 18%

Cambridge Workers Means of Commute to Work 1990 2000 2010 Drive Alone Car/Van Pool 9% 8% Public Transit 21% 21% Public Transit 14% Bike/Walk 15% 18%

Development vs. Traffic Growth

- 4 mil. sq.ft. development growth from 2000-2010 (37.6%)
- Daily Traffic Volumes remained consistent or been reduced

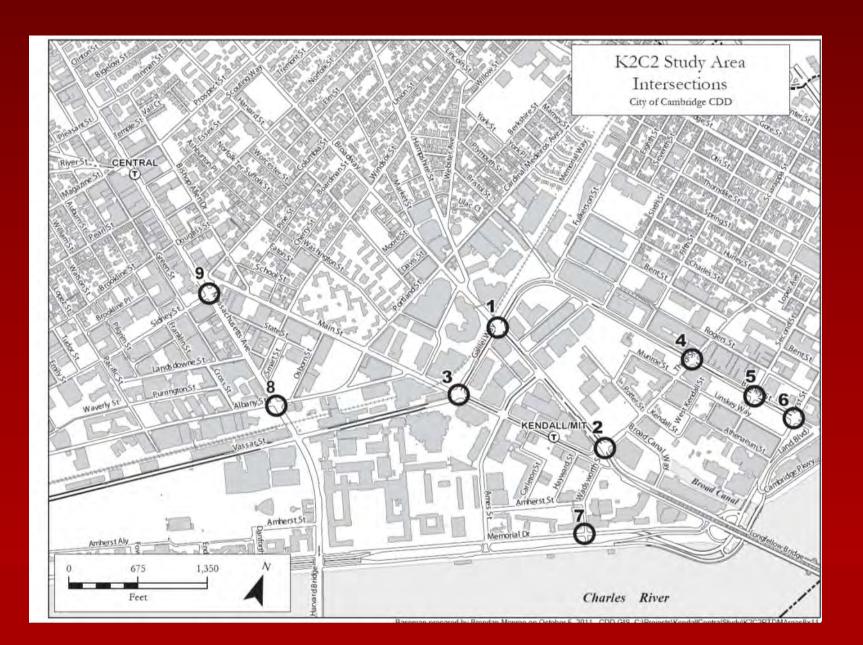




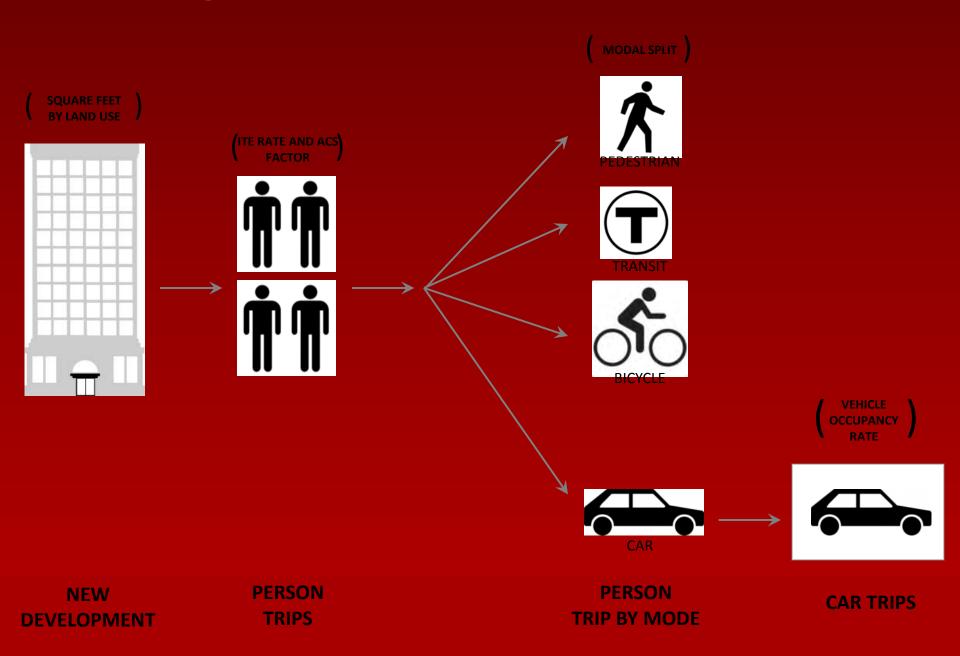
Overview of Critical Sums Analysis

- Critical Sums Analysis is a planning tool used to evaluate buildout scenarios
- Compares how different levels of build-out impacts specific intersections in general way
- Not a traffic engineering tool
- Same methodology used in prior planning studies:
 - 2001 Citywide Rezoning
 - 2001 ECaPS
 - 2004 Concord-Alewife Plan

Intersections in Study Area



Calculating New Trips



New Development in 2030 – Daily Trips

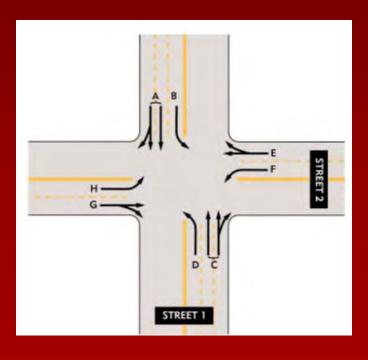
Enhanced TDM Total: 77,500 (approximate)

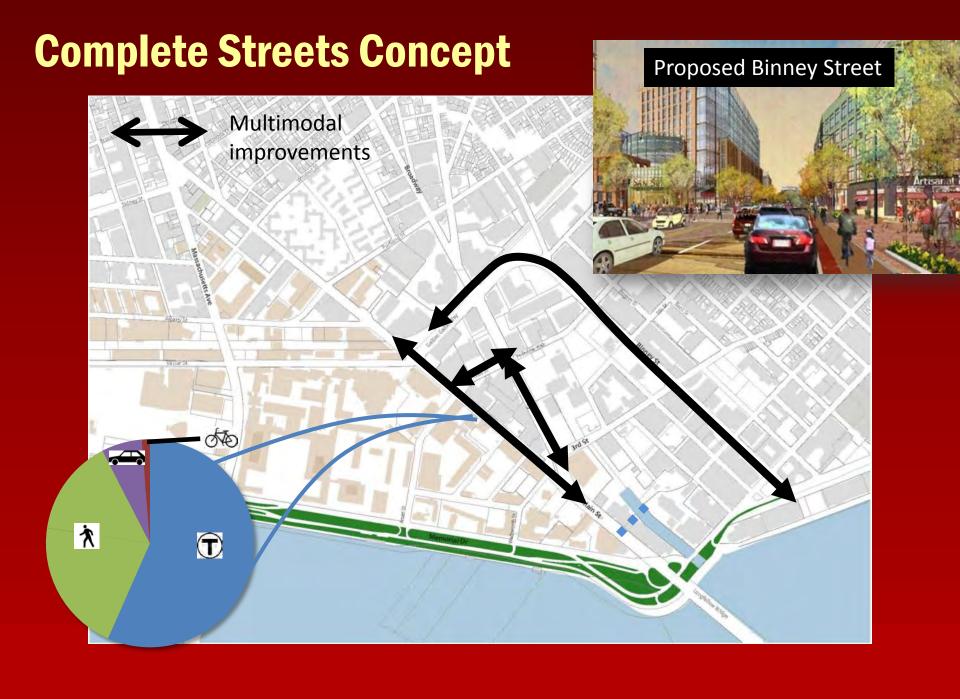




Conclusion

- Indicates future intersection operations of the network acceptable
- Broadway and 3rd intersection will the the most constrained
- Future development projects subject to:
 - Traffic study/traffic mitigation requirements in Zoning Ordinance
 - PTDM Ordinance
 - Enhanced TDM





Priority Pedestrian and Bicycle Connections



Main Street improvements: Ames to Wadsworth

Streetscape as a living room

- High quality experience for pedestrians & cyclists
- Artist designed bike racks
- Enhanced transit accommodation
- New connection from Third St to Main St





Street Network

- Direct auto traffic to use the most appropriate routes within and around the study area roadway network
- Minimize additional traffic on neighborhood streets
- Manage vehicular traffic from future development
 - Coordinate role of the private streets with public streets to support the needs of the area
 - Discourage cut through
 b/w Wadsworth and Ames

Volpe

- Access off both Binney and Broadway
- Binney -- right in, right out no break in median
- Minimize impact on neighborhood and Broadway/Third int.



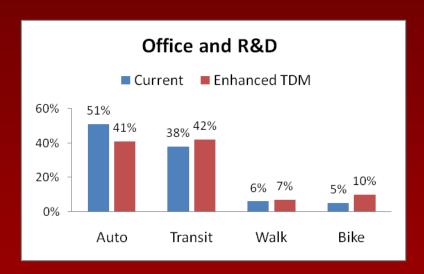
Support First St extension to O'Brien Hwy

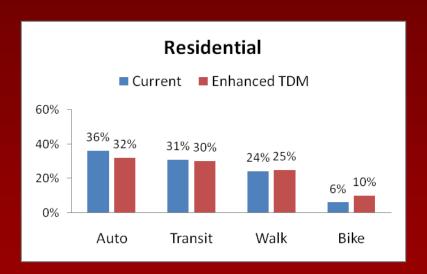
Avoid sending vehicle trips from new developments through Broadway/Third int.

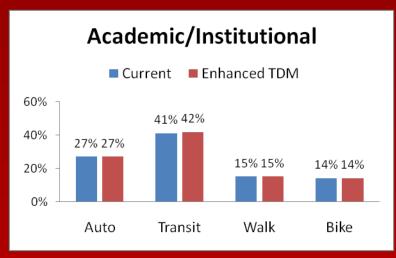
Current Kendall TDM Measures & Participation

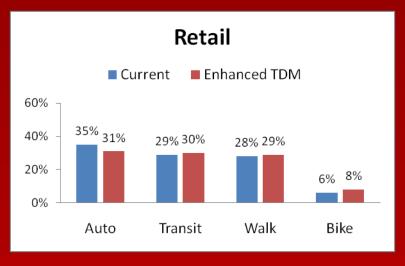
- Cambridge's PTDM program is a national best practice
- Cambridge businesses & residences participate in many TDM measures
- High participation rates in nearly half of all available programs
- Low participation rates in some of the most effective TDM measures (cost more to support)

Proposed Enhanced TDM Mode Shares by Land Use









Enhanced TDM: Priority Recommendations

EMPLOYEES

- Appropriate pricing of parking—market rate paid by employee
- Transportation benefit paid to all employees for commute expenses regardless of mode
 - or 100% transit subsidy
 - Future option: Universal Pass
- Free shuttle to Lechmere and North Station
- Excellent bicycle parking and benefits

RESIDENTS

- One free bus/subway pass for each adult member of household upon move-in
- Car-share parking space
- Pay annual car-share membership fee for car-free residents

Off-Street Parking: Proposed Approach

Optimize off-street parking to match parking needs of new development based on the Enhanced TDM Scenario

- Defined parking maximums for all uses
- Flexible minimum parking based on analysis and as approved by Planning Board
- Shared Parking Provision

	AUTO PARKING		MIN. BIKE
Use	Minimum	Maximum	PARKING
R&D	Based on analysis	0.8 sp/KSF	10% of person trips
Office		0.9 sp/KSF	
Retail /consumer svc	ariarysis	0.5 sp/KSF	
Residential	0.5 sp/d.unit	0.75 sp/d.unit	2 sp/d.unit

Shared Parking: Proposed Approach

For Mixed Use Developments:

Require shared parking when peak daytime use is matched with peak nighttime use, such as Office/R&D with Residential

Use	Night	Day	
Residential	100%	60%	
Office/R&D	10%	100%	
Retail/Commercial	December a share discontinue attacks		
Restaurant	Require a shared parking study		

Transit Growth - Trends

KENDALL STATION

Daily Boardings:

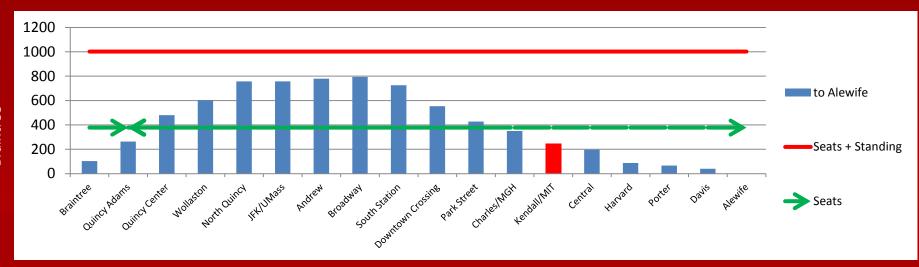
- 13,975 (7.3% of Red Line total)
- 4th busiest on Red Line

Current Hourly Peak Capacity:

- 2,650 seated/7,000 policy
- Unused Capacity AM Peak: 1,450 p/h
- Unused Capacity PM Peak: 2,800 p/h

TRENDS

- MBTA Ridership hitting Record Highs
- EZ Ride ridership growing 4% per year since 2002
- Red Line Ridership forecasted to almost
- double by 2030 *Source: Urban Ring RDEIR, 2008*
- MBTA raises fares and cuts service,
- starting July 1



Key Issues/Questions - Transit

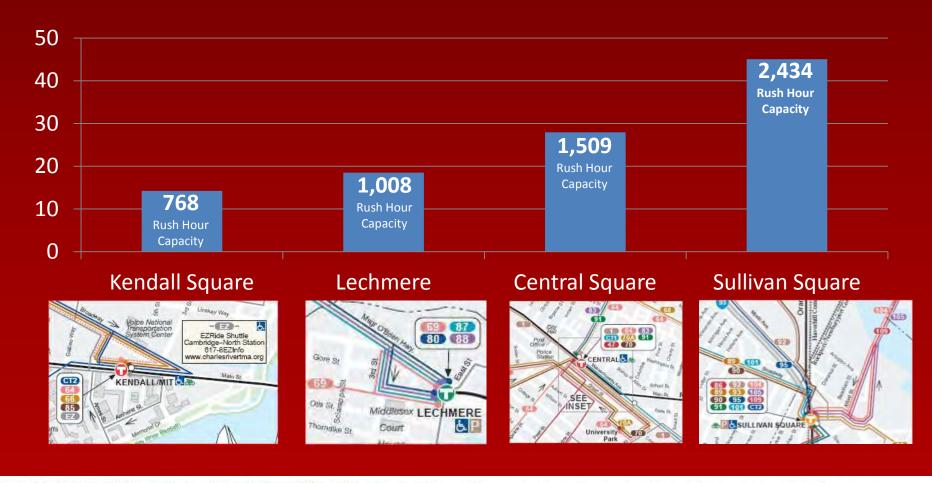
Barriers to expanded Kendall transit are SYSTEMWIDE

- Overall frequency
- Central subway congestion
- Additional station access (parking, bicycles facilities)
- Expanded public transportation coverage
- Span of Service



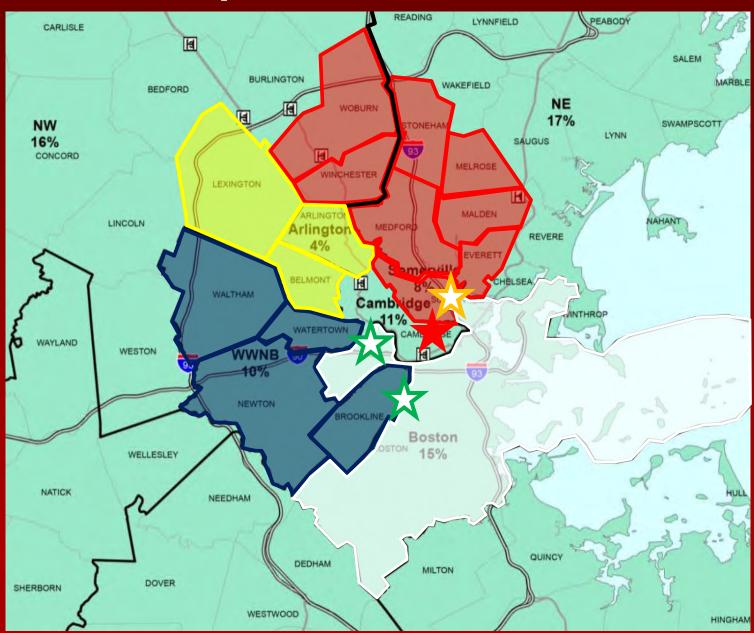
Existing Conditions: Bus

Kendall has the least bus service/capacity of nearby MBTA Transit Hubs

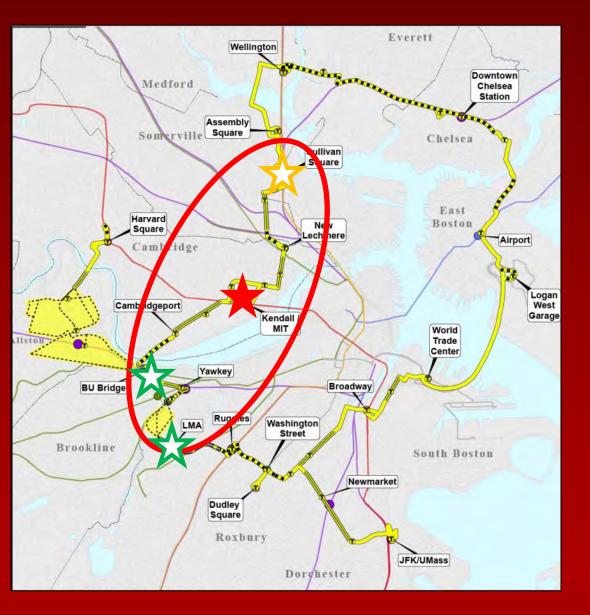




PTDM Review - Top Towns



Sullivan – KENDALL - Longwood



Transit improvements in this corridor offer greatest Kendall benefit

Covers Areas of high demand and poor direct transit access

> >Newton, Brookline, Watertown, Waltham

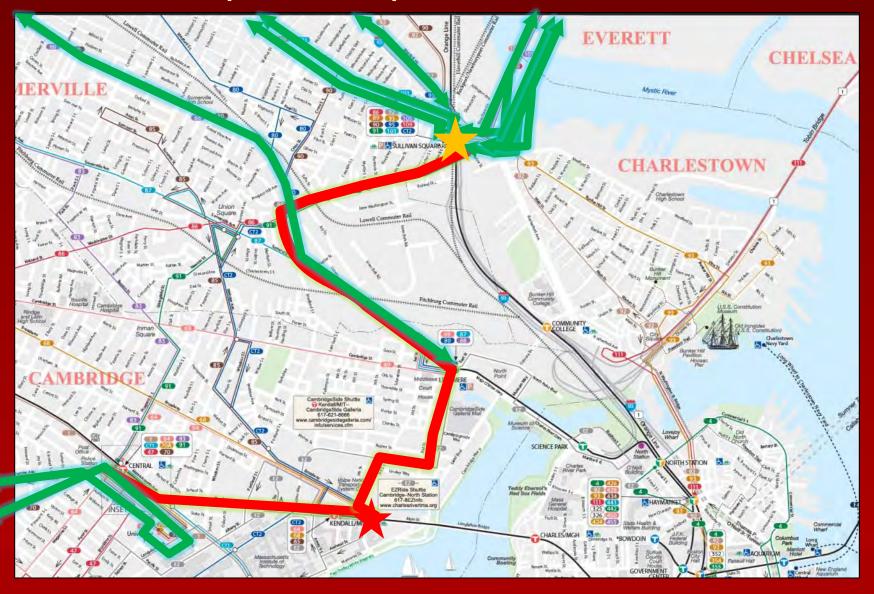
>Sullivan Square North towns

Potential Capacity – 1,920 peak hour trips

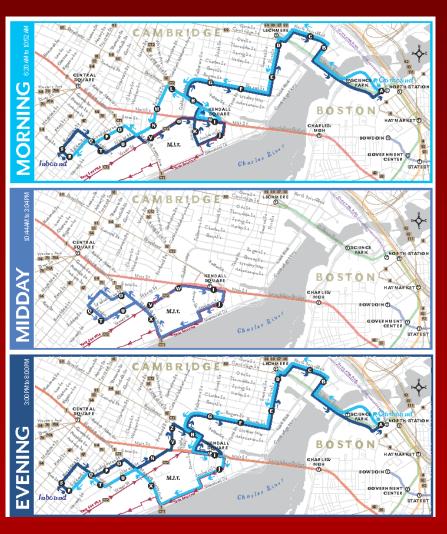
>Assumes 5 min headway (each direction)

Connection to Research Hub

Extend Current Buses to Kendall From Central/Lechmere/Sullivan



EZ Ride Improvements



Extend Kendall Connectivity Quickly

EZ Ride Improvements can be controlled & more easily implemented

Enhanced Frequency

Continually Improve Connection

-Lechmere to Kendall

Provide Off-Peak Connections

- >Lechmere
- >North Station

Express Service or Direct Routing

-Reduces Travel Time

Possible Connections?

- >Haymarket
- >Sullivan/Community College
- >Kenmore

Expanded Membership/Funding

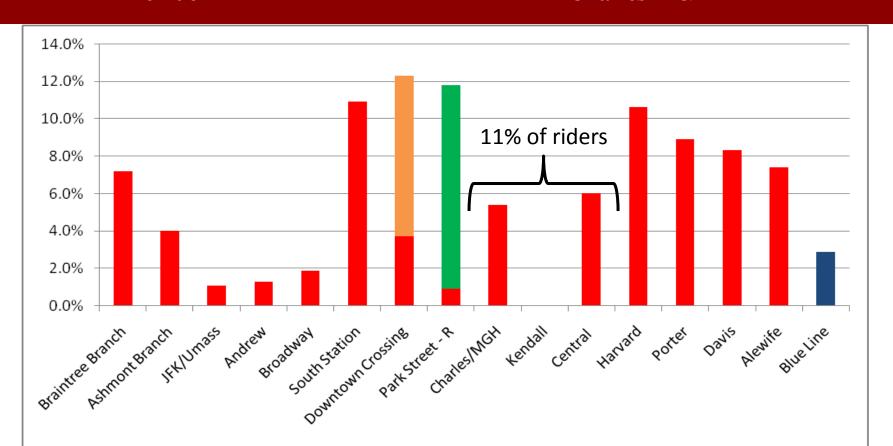
-Greater employer contribution

Integrating Transit with All Modes

Promoting combination trips

- Bike sharing from nearby Centers
 - North Station
 - Haymarket
 - Sullivan
 - Bowdoin

- Expanded bike parking at Alewife
- Pedestrian connections
 - North Station
 - Community College
 - Central
 - Charles MGH



Summary Analysis – Transit Expansion

Major Investments with Maximum KENDALL benefits

- Sullivan/KENDALL/LMA portion of Urban Ring
- Transit Bridge to Sullivan
- Charles River Crossing

Importance of Adjacent Connections

- >Sullivan >Community College/North Point
- >Haymarket >Central

Kendall Square should be a significant Transit Center

• Extend Buses from Lechmere, Central, Sullivan

EZ Ride Expansion

- Provide additional coverage AND frequency
- Significantly expand membership/funding

Advocate for continued MBTA systemwide expansion



From innovation in isolation...









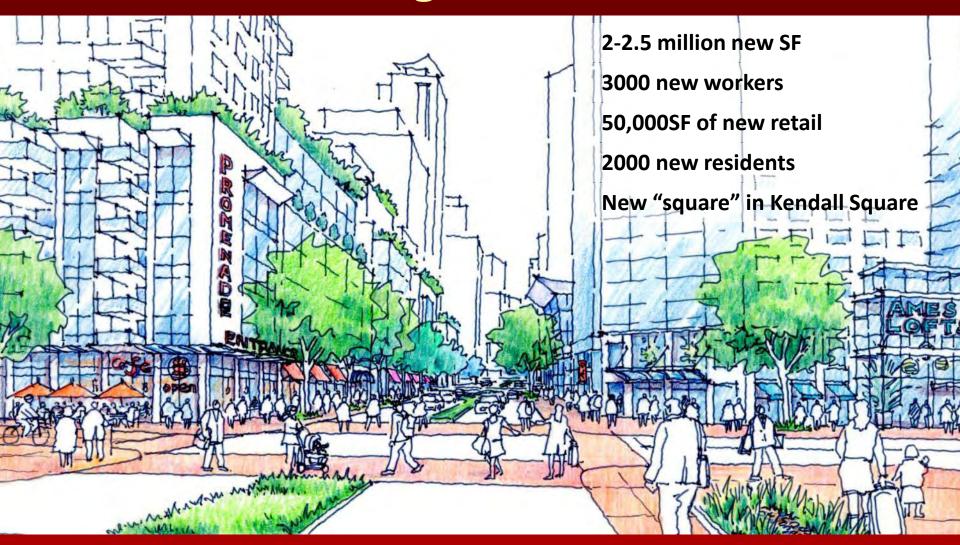


...to innovation through collaboration





...to innovation through collaboration





DISCUSSION





urban design/planning study for the **central** and **kendall square area**