

## 5 Year Sidewalk and Street Reconstruction Plan DPW 5/01/15

This is a working document. DPW continues to update this document as a result of internal and public comment.



### Introduction:



The 5 Year Sidewalk and Street Reconstruction Plan identifies the streets and sidewalks that are anticipated to be reconstructed each year for the next 5 years. This year continues the increased emphasis on a complete streets program.

**Complete Streets** are streets for everyone. They are designed and operated to enable safe access for all users. Pedestrians, bicyclists, motorists, and public transportation users of all ages and abilities are able to safely move along and across a complete street. Complete Streets make it easy to cross the street, walk to shops, and bicycle to work. They help buses to run on time and make it safe for people to walk to and from train stations.

More sidewalks and bicycle facilities are included, which provides for increased accessibility for pedestrians and cyclists.



### Goals of 5 Year Plan

- To reconstruct streets, sidewalks and bicycle facilities with an emphasis on a Complete Streets approach: designing the street for all users.
- To maintain safe, accessible streets, sidewalks and bicycle facilities.
- To reconstruct streets, sidewalks and bicycle facilitates in a prioritized fashion based on need.
- Provide for comprehensive inspection / repair and upgrading of city utilities, as well as public utilities, to ensure street system integrity is maintained for as long as possible once construction is complete.
- To effectively communicate design and construction projects with neighborhoods and facilitate a more integrated design process.
- To construct projects efficiently with minimum disruption to community life.
- To provide reasonable access for all users, during street reconstruction.





### Constraints / Uncertainties:

- Based on budget predictions that are uncertain.
- Based on sewer separation / storm water management project schedules that are uncertain.
- Based on future street condition assessments that are subject to change.
- Does not consider utility failure / repair / replacement which is unpredictable.
- Severe winter conditions can lead to higher than expected levels of deterioration on streets.

DPW will review on an annual basis. The uncertainties are significant 4 and thus the annual revisions may also need to be significant.

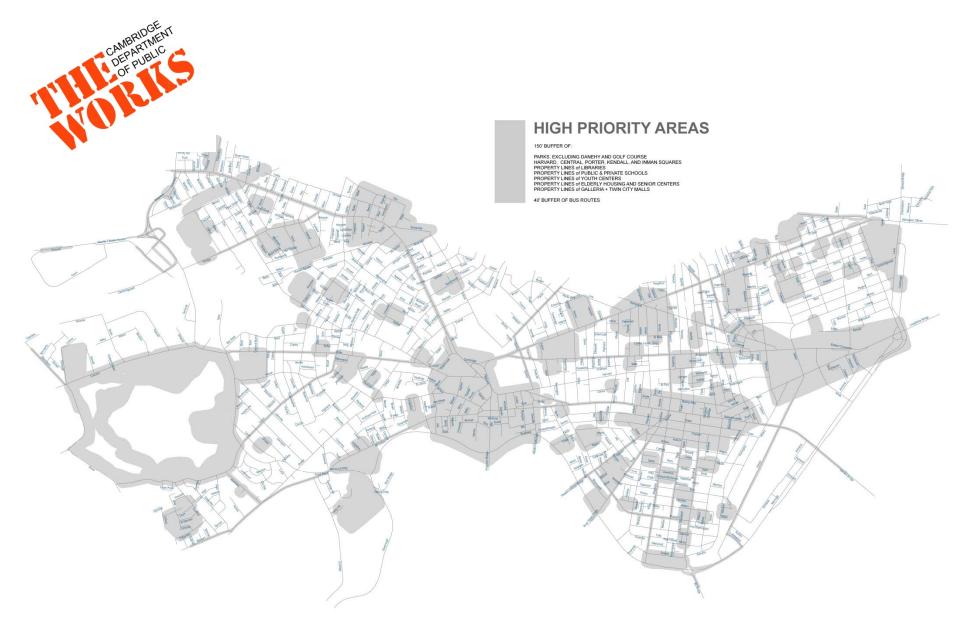


## Prioritization & Scheduling

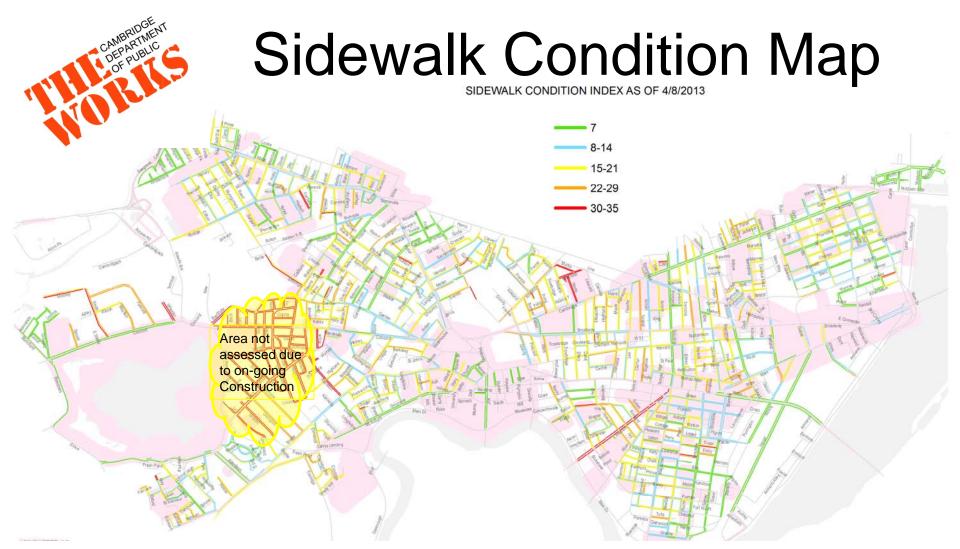
Reconstruct sidewalks and streets in poor condition in **high priority areas**:

- Areas within a 150 foot buffer of Parks, Major Squares, Libraries, Schools, Youth Centers, Elderly Housing and Senior Centers.
- Areas within a 40 foot buffer of bus routes.
- Major thoroughfares, so as to maintain the structural integrity of the street under heavy traffic conditions.
- Commission for Persons with Disabilities' priorities.
- Areas with non-existent or inadequate bicycle facilities, particularly where reconstruction could improve connectivity and route continuity for cyclists.

Just over 50% of city sidewalks and streets are located outside of high priority areas. These corridors serve residential connections and need to be maintained, to the extent funding allows. Approximately 20% of street and sidewalk funding will be reserved for these locations.

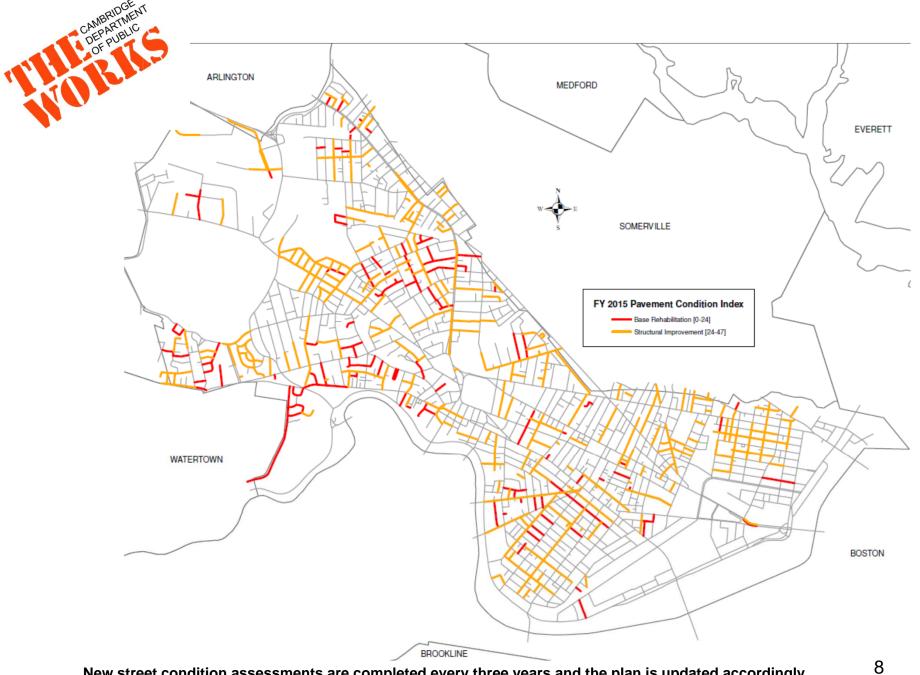


CITY OF CAMBRIDGE ENGINEERING FIVE YEAR PLAN - 5/1/09



Based on the criteria below, each block of sidewalk received a rating between 7 (excellent) & 35 (poor)

- Driveway Conditions
- Trees or other obstructions
- Cross-slope
- Overall Structural Condition



New street condition assessments are completed every three years and the plan is updated accordingly.

# Missing Ramp Survey 3/1/2013 NEWLY CONSTRUCTED RAMPS / PREVIOUSLY MISSING

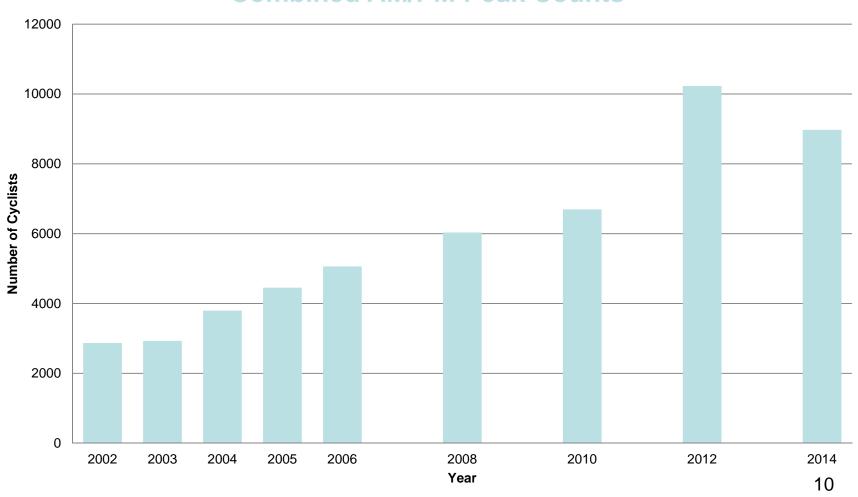
2009 to 2012 - Constructed 220 previously missing ramps.

Continue to prioritize missing ramps on major arterials: Concord Ave, Huron Ave, Mass. Ave,



## Bicycle Counts

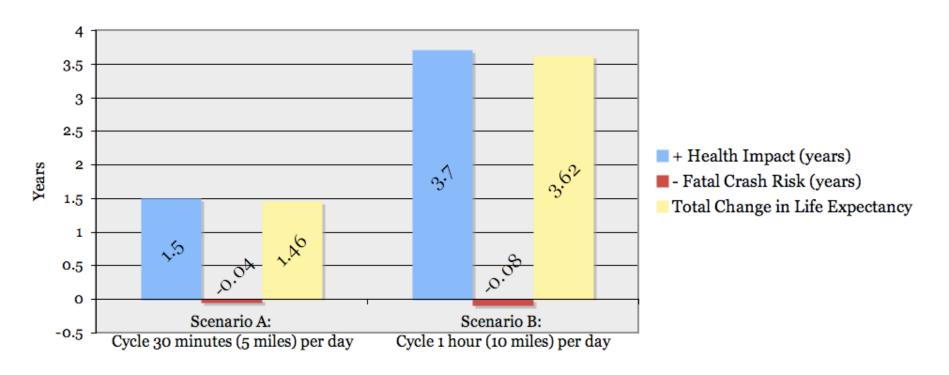
### Cambridge Bicycle Counts 2002-2014 Combined AM/PM Peak Counts





## Health Benefits of Cycling

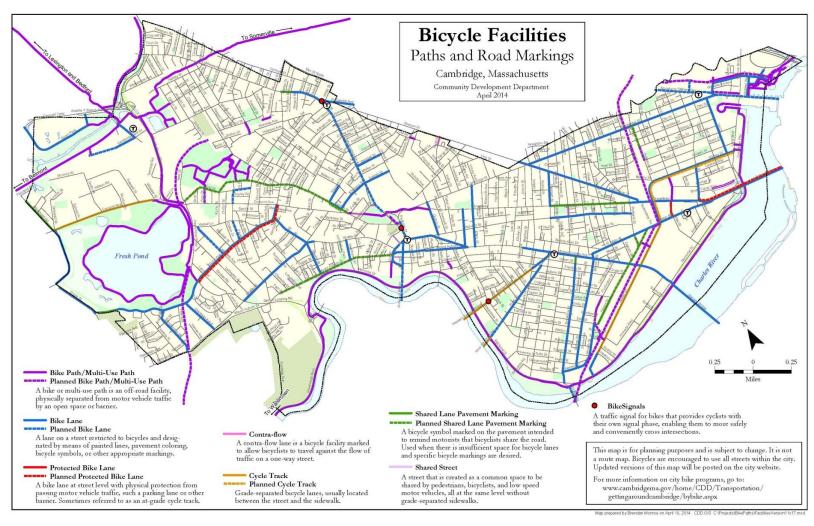
#### Cycling's Impact on Life Expectancy



http://www.peopleforbikes.org/statistics/category/health-statistics

## CAMBRIDGE TO DEPARTMENT OF AUGULE

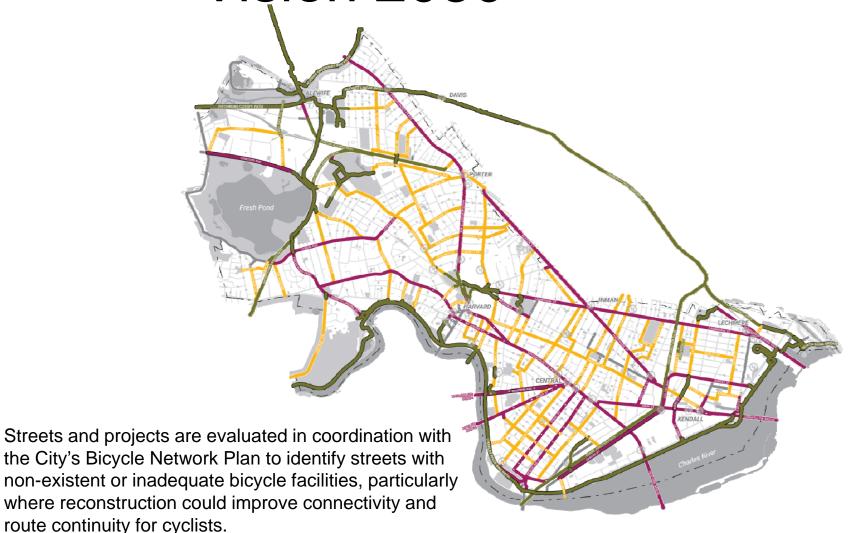
## Bicycle Facilities Map



Streets and projects are evaluated in coordination with Bicycle Committee to identify streets with non-existent or inadequate bicycle facilities, particularly where reconstruction could improve connectivity and route continuity for cyclists.



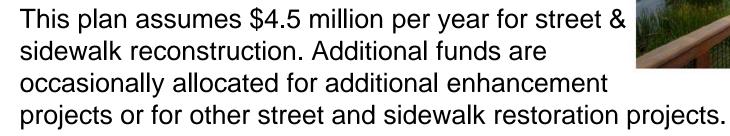
## DRAFT Bike Network Plan: Vision 2030

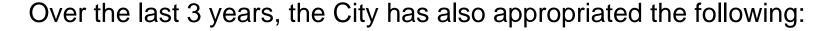


www.cambridgema.gov/CDD/Transportation/bikesincambridge/bicyclenetworkplan



## Budget Assumptions:





Additional Streets and Sidewalks \$4,000,000

Harvard Square – Eliot Street \$4,000,000

Kendall Square – Main Street \$6,000,000

Waverly Street Path \$400,000

## Budget Assumptions



#### Sewer Separation and Stormwater Management Program

The City has an on-going 5-Year Capital Program for sewer separation, stormwater management and infrastructure renewal throughout the city.

The City is committed to restoring and enhancing streets, sidewalks and bicycle facilities to the maximum extent necessary / possible as an integral part of these projects.

These projects are subject to change in schedule due to financial, legal, environmental and level of service considerations and are reprioritized every five years.



## Sewer Separation & Stormwater Management Program



#### The Alewife Sewer Separation Program:

Federally Mandated program requiring extensive infrastructure work between Danehy Park, Brattle Street and Appleton Street. Construction began in 2012. <a href="https://www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx">www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx</a>, under Alewife Sewer Separation Project.

#### The Agassiz Area Sewer Separation Program:

On-going sewer separation and stormwater management program between Beacon Street in Somerville, Kirkland Street and Massachusetts Avenue. Kirkland Street is next significant project. <a href="www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx">www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx</a>, under Agassiz Area Sewer Separation *Project*.

#### **Harvard Square Sewer Separation Program:**

On-going sewer separation and stormwater management program on the west side of JFK Street. <a href="https://www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx">www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx</a>, under Harvard Square Sewer Separation Project.

#### **Area 4 Sewer Separation Program:**

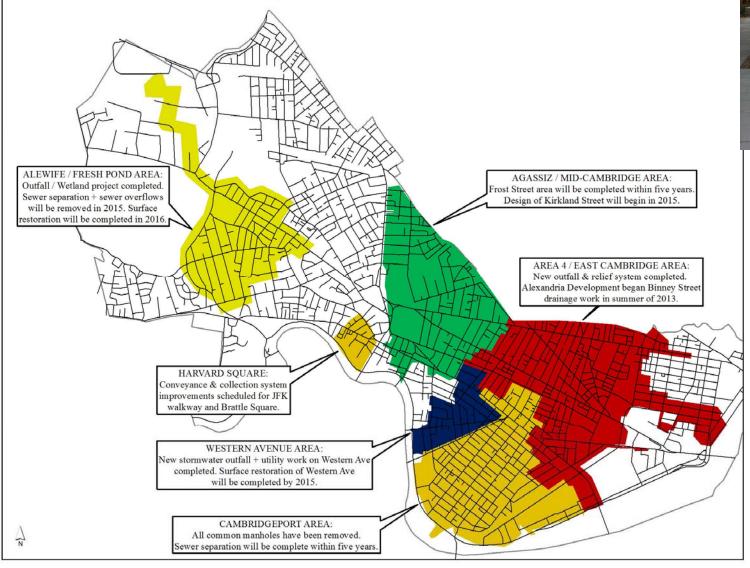
On-going sewer separation and stormwater management program, including work on South Mass Ave. and on Bishop Allen Drive as well as those neighborhood streets to the immediate east of Columbia Street. <a href="https://www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx">www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx</a>, under Area 4 Sewer Separation Project.

#### **Western Avenue Infrastructure Renewal Program:**

This project reconstructs the infrastructure in and immediately around the Western Avenue area of the city to include sewer separation / stormwater management, water mains, public utilities, streets, sidewalks and a cycle track. Construction of the first phase began in 2012 and will be completed 2015. <a href="www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx">www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/cityprojects.aspx</a> under Western Avenue Project.



## Sewer Separation & Stormwater Management Program







### 5-Year Plan

The following sheets identify the streets and sidewalks that the City anticipates reconstructing over the next 5 years.

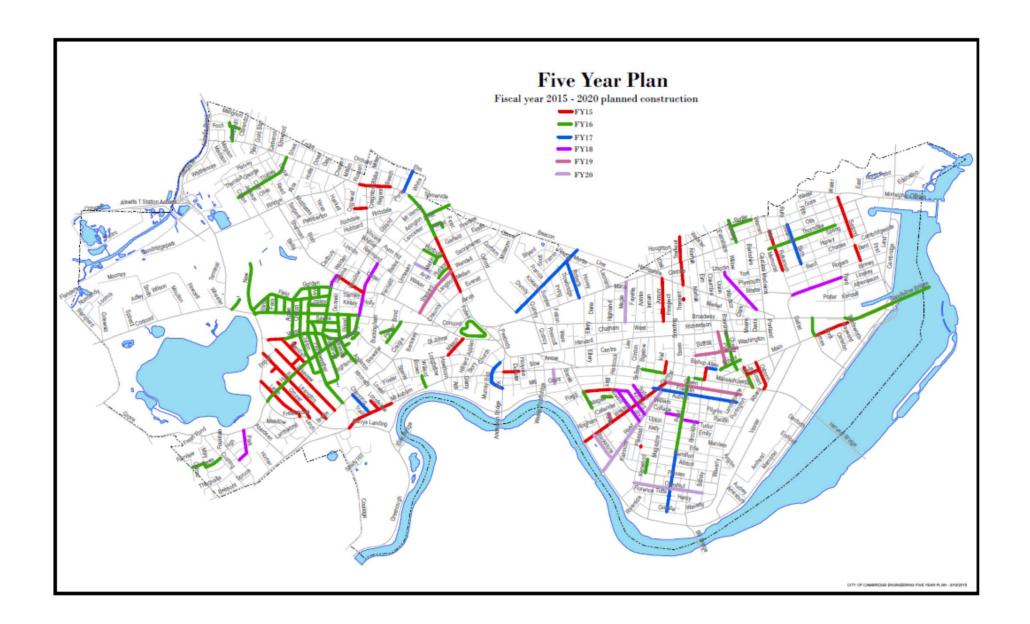
#### Scope of Work:

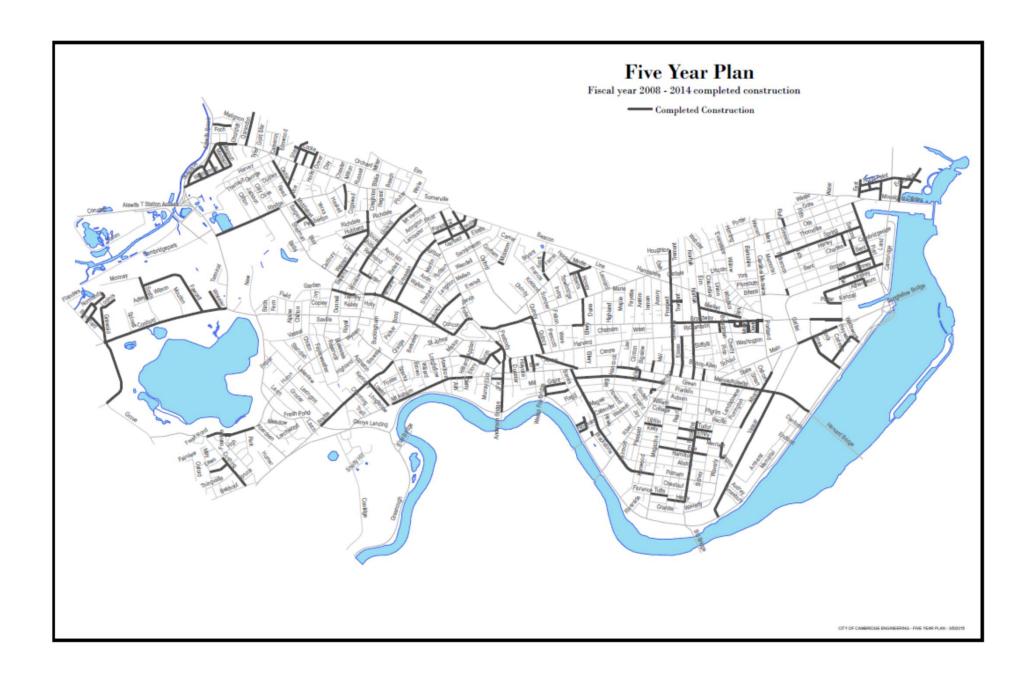
- The approach includes an increased emphasis on complete streets

   streets designed for everyone. They are designed and operated to enable safe access for all users. Pedestrians, bicyclists, motorists, and public transportation users of all ages and abilities are able to safely move along and across a complete street.
- Streets will be repaved and restriped.
- To improve bicycle accommodation, streets are evaluated for appropriate bicycle facilities such as bicycle lanes, cycle tracks, contra-flow lanes, shared lane markings and bicycle parking.
- To improve access, all curb cuts will be reconstructed.
- Any crossing islands or medians shall be built or retrofitted to accommodate accessible pedestrian crossings.
- In accordance with City Council goals, projects will include planting additional street trees. See page 18 for more on street trees.











The following link provides a link to an interactive construction map, identifying street segments where construction is scheduled over the next five years, as well as recently completed projects. The degree of uncertainty concerning, locations, scope and schedule increases in the later years of the plan.



#### **Interactive Construction Map:**

www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/constructionmap





## Miscellaneous Sidewalk Program:



## This program is used to address discrete sections of sidewalk throughout the city.

- > Repairs are typically a block in length, but can be as small as one panel.
- > Priority is given to sidewalks and curb cuts in high priority areas.
- > The Budget for this program is typically \$400,000 to \$450,000 per year.



### Miscellaneous Sidewalk Program

A portion of the Miscellaneous Sidewalk Program funding will be reserved for sidewalks and curb cuts where access is of acute importance, as identified by the Commission for Persons with Disabilities and DPW.



If you know of a location that is a critical access issue and is not addressed in the 5 Year Plan, please contact the Commission at:

Cambridge Commission for Persons with Disabilities Michael Muehe, Executive Director Kate Thurman, Disability Project Coordinator 51 Inman Street, second floor Cambridge, MA 02139

ccpd@cambridgema.gov

617-349-4692 voice: 617-492-0235 TTY: 617-349-4766 fax

www.Cambridgema.gov/disabilities

<u>Highlights of the year's priority locations include:</u> Completed construction of missing pedestrian ramps at several locations, prioritized sidewalks in poor condition and constructed pedestrian ramps adjacent to a city building. Providing additional focus on reconstructing sidewalks affected by street trees and using flexi-pave in key locations.



### Street Trees

#### Goals

- Increase the number of street trees and maintain accessible sidewalks.
- Protect existing street trees during construction, in accordance with state law.

**New Tree Plantings:** The City Arborist will review each street and sidewalk project to determine tree planting opportunities; evaluating the location of overhead and underground utilities, proximity to intersections, site lines, building setbacks, locations of entrances, etc. The Arborist will also work with residents interested in back of sidewalk tree plantings.

http://www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/ourservices/urbanforestry.aspx

On *narrow sidewalks* (less than 8' wide), a minimum of 4' of sidewalk width will be retained adjacent to new trees.

On wider sidewalks (8' wide or greater), a minimum of ½ of the overall sidewalk width will be retained for pedestrians.

**Existing Street Trees:** Existing street trees will be protected during construction and the sidewalks will be carefully evaluated to ensure adequate accessible routes through the neighborhood.





## Pedestrian Acces Construction

#### MUTCD, 2009:

The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, (MUTCD), published by the US DOT / Federal Highway Administration, includes specific requirements for pedestrian access in work zones.

Where pedestrian routes are closed, alternate pedestrian routes shall be provided.

Whenever possible, work should be done in a manner that does not create a need to detour pedestrians from existing routes or crossings.







## Bicycle Access During Construction

- Follow City of Cambridge <u>Bicycle Accommodation During</u> <u>Construction Guidelines</u>
  - $\underline{\text{http://www.cambridgema.gov/theworks/ourservices/engineering/Rsources/contractorresourc}} \\ \underline{\text{es.aspx}}$
- Maintain bicycle access through construction sites. In locations where maintaining bike lanes is not possible
  - Ensure adequate space for bicycles in travel lane.
  - Post "Bicycles May Use Full Lane" signs.
- Road signs of any type should not be placed in bicycle lanes.
- Asphalt is the is the preferred temporary surface option.
- Surfaces should be smooth, and edges should be uniform.
- When steel plates are required, provide advance notice and a smooth transition.
- Where raised castings are exposed, spray paint them pink and post caution signs.











#### **Pedestrian Ramps:**

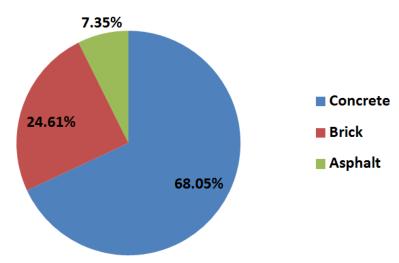
All new pedestrian ramps, including landing areas, will be concrete, and include truncated domes.

#### **Sidewalk Materials:**

Concrete and wire cut brick without beveled edges, placed on a smooth asphalt base, will be utilized as the sidewalk materials of choice throughout the City.

Concrete is the material most frequently used in the city (~ 70%) and provides a relatively inexpensive, durable and easy to maintain accessible sidewalk.

The City policy is to replace existing sidewalks with the same material at no cost to the property owner. However, during construction, property owners are contacted and may choose to change the sidewalk material. On larger projects, a more unified approach to sidewalk materials has been implemented as part of a larger community process.



#### **Historic Districts:**

DPW works collaboratively with the Historic Commission to ensure that sidewalk reconstruction work is "appropriate" and not incongruous to the district.

Standard Details: cambridgema.gov/theworks/ourservices/engineering/Resources/standarddetails



### Design of Pedestrian Ramps

Pedestrian ramps are a critical element of the accessible sidewalk. The details of the design and construction have a significant impact on their usability.

- All new pedestrian ramps, including landing areas, will be concrete, and include truncated domes.
- All slopes will meet ADA / AAB 4-way intersections
- All new pedestrian ramps will be designed to:
  - minimize ponding
  - locate ramps as close to the intersection as possible.

The best design for pedestrian crossings, particularly on narrow side streets, may be a modified raised crosswalk that

- allows pedestrians to cross the street without having to ramp down.
- reduces the risk of ponding
- keeps the crossing more in line with the sidewalk



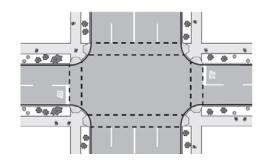




### **Crosswalk Locations**

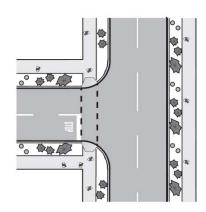
#### 4-way intersections

• Unless site conditions warrant a different treatment, 4 crosswalks and 8 pedestrian ramps should be provided.



#### "T" intersections

- A minumum of 1 crosswalk and 2 pedestrian ramps are required to provide accessible path of travel along the main corridor.
- Specific site conditions (traffic volumes, pedestrian generators, distance to nearest crosswalk) should be considered to determine if crosswalks across the main street should be provided.



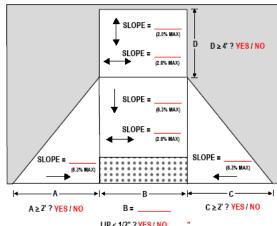
#### Mid-Block Crossings

 Are generally not used, unless the blocks are especially long or there is an especially large pedestrian flow.

## New Construction

City Projects

The following are the requirements specific to all City of Cambridge construction projects in the Public Right of Way. The goals of these requirements are to meet state and federal regulations, maximize



accessibility improvements and minimize the extent to which work has to be reconstructed in the future.

- New sidewalks (concrete or brick) will meet ADA / AAB requirements.
- All roadway paving that abuts pedestrian ramps, will include the reconstruction of abutting non-compliant pedestrian ramps.
- **15' Rule.** To minimize the need for non-compliant transition segments between old and new sidewalks, if a compliant segment within 15 ft. of the end of proposed new work is identified, work will be extended to the compliant segment.
- If a significant portion of sidewalk on a given side of a block is reconstructed, the entire sidewalk on that side should be compliant.



## New Construction Private Entities

The following are the requirements specific to all street and sidewalk reconstruction projects constructed by private entities within the City of Cambridge Public Right of Way. The goals of these requirements are to meet state and federal regulations, maximize accessibility improvements and minimize the extent to which work has to be reconstructed in the future.

- New sidewalks (concrete or brick) will meet ADA / AAB requirements.
- All roadway paving that abuts pedestrian ramps, will include the reconstruction of abutting non-compliant pedestrian ramps.
- **15' Rule.** To minimize the need for non-compliant transition segments between old and new sidewalks, if a compliant segment within 15 ft. of the end of proposed new work is identified, work will be extended to the compliant segment.
- If a significant portion of sidewalk on a given side of a block is reconstructed, the entire sidewalk on that side should be compliant.
- If a full block of sidewalk is being reconstructed, a PE stamped design will be required and a PE certification of compliance will be required after construction.
- If more than 30 feet of sidewalk, a curb cut, or a driveway is being constructed, a survey and design will generally be required. Survey and design requirements will be determined by DPW based on the specific location.



## New Construction Private Utilities

The following are the requirements specific to all street and sidewalk reconstruction projects constructed by private utilities within the City of Cambridge Public Right of Way.

- Sidewalks construction subsequent to utility work will meet ADA / AAB requirements.
- Roadway paving, subsequent to utility work, that abuts pedestrian ramps, will include the reconstruction of abutting non-compliant pedestrian ramps.
- If a full block of sidewalk is being reconstructed, due to utility work, a PE stamped design will be required and a PE certification of compliance will be required after construction.
- If more than 30 feet of contiguous sidewalk, a curb cut, or a driveway is being constructed, due to utility work, a survey and design will generally be required.
   Survey and design requirements will be determined by DPW based on the specific location.
- In lieu of final restoration payments (Street Preservation Offset Fees), made by utility companies, will include the complete cost of the necessary sidewalk restoration required.



## Traffic Signals



Accessible Pedestrian Signals: Accessible pedestrian traffic signals (APS) work in conjunction with visual pedestrian signals to provide additional information to pedestrians, including pedestrians who are blind or visually impaired, while they are navigating signalized intersections. APS typically use a combination of auditory and vibrotactile information to alert pedestrians as to when they should cross the street. APS shall be configured so that the auditory portion is not audible from the inside of any nearby buildings.

The City is implementing APS at new signalized intersections, consistent with the 2009 MUTCD. APS is also being implemented at existing signalized intersections, either as part of a significant alteration, or after a request has been received from a member of the blindness community. The Traffic Department consults with the Disabilities Commission upon receipt of any such request, and periodically reviews the City's accessible pedestrian signals policy with the Disabilities Commission to ensure that it conforms with current state and federal accessibility standards, and with recognized best practices.



**Signal Control Cabinets:** Traffic signal control cabinets mounted on poles are under consideration for relocation by the Traffic Department. In coordination with adjacent construction projects and at high priority locations, control cabinets will be moved to ground mounted locations.



### Next Steps

The 5 Year Plan is a living document that will be updated regularly. As part of that process, DPW will:



- Review plan annually with the Commission for Persons with Disabilities, Pedestrian Committee and Bicycle Committee.
- Update the pavement condition and sidewalk condition data and corresponding maps.
- Annually update the 5 Year Plan to account for the changing conditions of our streets and sidewalks.

Please send any questions or comments to:
Katherine Watkins, Department of Public Works
kwatkins@cambridgema.gov or 617-349-4751

