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3	PLANNI NG BOARD
4	FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
5	CENEDAL LIEADING
6	GENERAL HEARI NG
7	AUGUST 4, 2009
8	7: 30 p.m.
9	i n
10	Second Floor Meeting Room, 344 Broadway
11	City Hall Annex McCusker Building Cambridge, Massachusetts
12	Hugh Duscoll Asting Chair
13	Hugh Russell, Acting Chair Patricia Singer, Member Ahmed Nur, Member
14	H. Theodore Cohen, Member Steven Winter, Member
15	Charles Studen, Member
16	Beth Rubenstein, Assistant City Manager for Community Development
17	Les Barber Roger Booth
18	Li za Paden
19	
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And

This is the

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PROCEEDINGS

HUGH RUSSELL: Welcome.

meeting of the Cambridge Planning Board.

on tonight's agenda we have one public

hearing which is going to be open and then recessed. Another public hearing at 8:30,

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between. We start with a report or remarks

and we have a series of business items in

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BETH RUBENSTEIN: Thank you, Hugh.

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11 I'm just going to anticipate our

from the Assistant City Manager.

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upcoming meetings. We'll be meeting again on

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evening. We're going to have our public

August 18th and that's going to be a full

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hearing on a proposed affordable housing

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project on Putnam Ave. at Putnam and City

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being proposed by Homeowner's Rehab. I

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believe we'll be taking up business that's

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continued from tonight related to 2419 Mass.

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Ave. We have put back on the agenda the

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Board's discussion of the counter petition.

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I think one Board member who couldn't be here

this evening asked us to wait until August 18th, so the Board will be talking about Conner, and I believe the staff had been asked to look at something in between the Respian (phonetic) and C1 and Stuart and his team and Brendan Monroe are wonderful. GAS person had been working on some maps that will allow the Board to assess the amount of non-conformity that will take place with something in the middle. And we may have one other small item on the 18th.

In September our meeting dates are
September 8th and 22nd. And then in October
we'll be meeting October 6th and 20th. And
in November we'll have to discuss what works
for the Board. I believe this is an election
year. We don't meet on Election Day, so
we'll see what works best for all. But we
expect to have two meetings in November.

And coming up this fall we have been given to believe that we may be hearing from the Alexander Real Estate folks who were

successful in achieving a re-zoning part to the city last winter. And I know they're looking forward to coming back this fall. That may be as early as September.

And I'm happy to report that there is business in town and we'll continue to be busy. There are other projects that seem to be making their way to the Planning Board.

And think I there's one other item I'm going to address a little later this evening, something in your package, but I'll wait until later.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thanks.

So the first item on our agenda is a public hearing for the Planning Board, Case 239, 2419 Mass. Avenue. And I understand there's a procedural request for us before we -- something we should hear about that case before we start off.

BETH RUBENSTEIN: If the developer could please come up to the microphone. We'd

1	appreciate that. And give us your name and
2	address for the record.
3	PAUL OGNIBENE: I'm Paul Ognibene
4	0-g-n-i-b-e-n-e of Urban Spaces. We were
5	requesting a continuance tonight until August
6	18th due to two reasons. One is we wanted to
7	make sure we were in full compliance with
8	public notification. Some of the signage
9	that was meant to go on the buildings came up
10	a little late.
11	And then, secondly to enable all seven
12	Board members to hear our case in two weeks.
13	But we'd like to open the hearing and
14	continue through August 18th.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So, I will
16	open the hearing and ask the Board members
17	what they think about that request.
18	CHARLES STUDEN: It seems quite
19	reasonable to me.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a way of a
21	motion?
22	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes, so moved that

1	it be continued to August 18th.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. All those in
3	favor.
4	(Show of hands.)
5	HUGH RUSSELL: And everyone is in
6	favor.
7	(Russell, Singer, Nur, Cohen,
8	Winter, Studen.)
9	HUGH RUSSELL: So Liza said she
10	would find things for us to do for the next
11	hour. The next hearing is scheduled for 8:30
12	and we have to wait until about then to
13	start.
14	LIZA PADEN: Yes, I did find things
15	for you to do. One of them is a Board of
16	Zoning Appeal case that will be heard by the
17	BZA on the 13th of August. And it is the TD
18	Bank sign package. I sent you copies of
19	their application. And they're here to
20	explain to you the variance request that they
21	have.
22	You want to come up.

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official duties.

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attorney James Rafferty: Good evening, Mr. Chairman, Members of the Board. For the record, James Rafferty. I was requested to come here and speak for an hour, please do so. Fortunately I happen to have a case at the BZA, so we can talk about something at least somewhat germane to your

With me is Josh Swerling. Mr. Swerling is with Bohler Engineering. This is a BZA matter dealing with one of the more complex, hard to understand aspects of our ordinance. Of course, Article 7 being the sign ordi nance. This involves signage on one tenant, the corner tenant, of the new building that's close to completion at the The former home of Fresh Pond Circle. originally Howard Johnson's, later Ground A stand-alone restaurant that was Round. taken down, and a new building recently constructed. You people didn't get much chance to comment on it because the building

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did just what the new overlay district requirements had asked for in terms of green space, side setbacks, amount of permeable surface and the like. And probably is a great source of encouragement for what that district in that area can become as the zoning takes hold.

These particular variances are -involve nearly the whole range of criteria or controls around signs. They involve illumination, size, and the amount of signs. And those of you who have been here a while you know that Ms. Paden has a great sense, a great instinct and aptitude of how things are being received. And she alerted me to the fact that she thought that this particular variance, as being looked at by the staff, was aggressive and was likely, in its current form, to not enjoy great enthusiasm as she reported on things to the Board. So, we did meet with her recently in the last few hours and it was an area where we pointed out a few

places where modifications might be made.

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So, what Mr. Swerling would show you if you have the time, apparently you do, is where we're looking for the relief. And having now had a conversation with Mr. Booth and Ms. Paden -- I think the area around illumination, frankly, is one that I didn't quite understand is the concept of halo lit lights which are halo lettering which Mr. Swerling can explain. And I think I came to understand today that halo lighting is not considered internal illumination. And if that be the case, we think with modifications can be made to that. In some areas, the ordinance limits internally illuminated lights to 30 inches, signs to 30 inches. Some of these lights, because they are internally illuminated greater than 30 inches, but would otherwise be acceptable if they were externally illuminated, and the sign professionals have a range of views as to what works best. The long and short of it

is it's a handsome building. It's working well in that corner, and I know the staff's concern was the signage did not serve as a TD Bank feels the same way. di stracti on. Mr. Swerling just wanted to walk through with you a couple of the areas where we're thinking we can reduce and change the We think it would ultimately leave request. the Board tonight in a position hopefully to pass some commentary about what it is they might not like about this application, but ways in which if it were changed, they might feel differently. It is an area, frankly, of the ordinance where I've seen the BZA show great deference to the Planning Board, because I think they're mindful of the fact that Mr. Barber in his role doing sign certification, working closely with your staff is kind of a greater command of the nuances of this. So we -- we're at the BZA a week from Thursday, so time does permit changes to this signage package. And we

wanted to identify -- have you help us 1 2 identify what aspects of the relief you find 3 particularly objectionable, and see if we can 4 fashi on some modifications between now and 5 next week. 6 CHARLES STUDEN: Mr. Rafferty, 7 before you talk about the proposed changes, 8 could you describe what, if anything, the 9 Allewife overlay district says about signage? 10 Is it silent on the issue of signage? 11 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Yes, I'm 12 not aware that it creates any different 13 standards than what the base Article 7 14 requirements are. In fact, I'm pretty sure 15 that it doesn't. 16 CHARLES STUDEN: Okay, thank you. 17 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: So, Josh, 18 do you want to come forward. 19 JOSH SWERLING: Sure. Hi, again. 20 My name is Josh Swerling with Bohler Engineering here on behalf of TD Bank. 21 22 if it's all right with the Board I'll just

walk through the sign application in its first part as it exists before you today and then we can talk about some of the areas that we had contemplated making some modification. And I'm going to skip to the second to the last page in the package just to get everybody's orientation with regards to the space that we're talking about.

So, the TD Bank footprint would generally be located on the corner of the building closest to the intersection of Alewife and Wheeler. I'm going to refer to the three elevations that the bank space has associated with it as the north elevation. And that elevation is the one that would face in towards the parking lot that serves the majority of the complex. The west elevation, that predominantly faces Wheeler Road itself. And -- Wheeler Street, I apologize. And the south elevation which is that which predominantly faces Alewife Brook Parkway. With all that said, I will ask you to now

switch over to the 1, 2, 3, fourth page in the packet which should look like -- it's basically the first elevation and it's labelled below the elevation as the north elevation. And the sign that's shown above the entrance doors here is placed in a position on this building where basically the brickwork has been recessed in the articulated grooves there to provide an area for, for sign placement, along with, you know, architecturally detail of the building. But one thing that we were looking to do was to kind of put a sign there that is adequately massed for the space that is given. If it were too small, I think it would look awkward. The sign is proposed to be a channel letter sign, which would be the individual letters rather than a, you know, a rectangular box. The height of the TD shield I'll refer to it as, which is the letters T-D with the green background on it, is 48 inches The letters themselves are 27 inches. tall.

1	The letters T-D are 27 inches tall. The
2	variance that's required to allow this sign
3	is for an internally illuminated sign above
4	30 inches tall. So, the one fix that would
5	allow this sign as it's currently shown,
6	would be to externally illuminated or halo
7	illuminate that sign. TD Bank feels pretty
8	strongly that their standards would be better
9	represented if the sign were truly face lit.
10	If the light were allowed to come through the
11	face of the letters themselves.
12	This sign on the side of the
13	building
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Excuse me, what color
15	is the black square?
16	JOSH SWERLING: I'm sorry, the black
17	square?
18	STEVEN WINTER: On the shield.
19	JOSH SWERLING: Oh, it's actually
20	green. You guys don't have color copies. I
21	apologize. The green rectangle or square is
22	48 inches tall.

HUGH RUSSELL: 1 So that would be 2 growing green rectangle in your proposal. 3 JOSH SWERLING: Yes, and it would be 4 a --5 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: More of a cal ming green. 6 7 JOSH SWERLING: A what green? 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Cal mi ng. 9 JOSH SWERLING: The Letters Bank 10 themselves are obviously a lot smaller than 11 the 30 inches. And the B in the word Bank I 12 believe is about 19 inches. So I, I mean, 13 there was some thought put into not, you 14 know, being grossly over what the ordinance 15 would allow in terms of the massing of this 16 sign and not putting a big box around the 17 sign with everything glowing in the 18 So both on the north elevation background. 19 above their main entrance and on a west 20 elevation, which is on the second page, I'm 21 sorry, the third -- if you -- if you go two 22 behind the one that we were just looking at,

doors.

it would be this one (indicating). So there's basically a corner entrance at that northwest side closest to the parking lot where you have this raised element of the building, and you have symmetry on both sides where that same area exists, the recessed brickwork exists, that the same size sign would be proposed over the main entrance

So, you can see that on this west elevation there are also several other sign elements. There's TD Bank Located above the windows, three window bays here (indicating). And those are proposed to be -- there's an awning above and then there's another channel Letters that are set much smaller in scale, those would be internally illuminated. The signs them selves would comply, but when you add them all up, the total area exceeds the allowable area for all signs on this site.

If we back up one page, this is now the south elevation. This is now facing Alewife

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Brook Parkway. And you can see that there's the same awning and the TD Bank channel letter set above a rear entrance, which we're not referring this to the rear of the building I understand. But essentially it would be on the Alewife Brook Parkway, there's an entrance located there primarily And then there's a window for pedestrians. bay with another channel letter set over it. Obviously, you know, the channel letters above the entrance door, in my opinion, make a lot of sense. You know, potentially one of the areas that we're thinking about not only on this elevation, but on the west elevations possibly reducing the quantity of signs, attempt to get more in line of the total allowable area for all signs.

The shield that's shown on this south elevation as well is a 48-inch shield. And, again, the TD itself would be 27 inches, but the rectangle exceeds the 30 inches allowed. This is an area where we might be able to

1 replace the sign with something else that's 2 closer into compliance. 3 So I think I pointed out the individual 4 signs that exceed the total allowable area --5 oh, I apologize. There's also a free 6 standing sign. The existing which was the --7 what was it? 8 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: The Ground 9 Round. 10 JOSH SWERLING: What was the Ground 11 Round sign. It's wired to be internally 12 illuminated. I've heard conflicting reports 13 that at one time it was. I heard other 14 reports that say it wasn't. The bank has 15 been given the right to use that sign from 16 the landlord and they seek internal 17 illumination for the free standing signs out 18 by Alewife Brook Parkway as well. 19 CHARLES STUDEN: Could you please 20 point that out on the site plan? 21 JOSH SWERLING: Yes. That is 22 labelled with a red dot, and I guess your

black and white package isn't going to show that. But there's a little letter A there by the Alewife Brook Parkway which is the location of the free standing sign.

HUGH RUSSELL: What is the size of that sign?

JOSH SWERLING: The square footage is 28.3 square feet and the height of the sign panel is 41 inches. And, again, the letters on that would be smaller than 30 inches, but the amount of the height of the portion that would be illuminated would exceed the 30 inches allowed.

So, the areas that require the relief as we understand it, again, is the total area of all signs combined, and it's broken up, you know, you're allowed a certain area per individual side of the building. As well as then you can look at it from an aggregate standpoint. In terms you add up the individual sides, there's a total number that's I believe 190 square feet allowable if

you add up all three sides. And the current proposal is for 285 square feet of signage.

And I -- after our meeting this afternoon,
I've been on the phone quite a bit trying to speak to the bank about areas where we might be able to get some more meeting of the minds in terms of what might be adequate and acceptable here. And I'm hoping to hear what the Board has to say about that as well.

HUGH RUSSELL: The usual question that we ask about signs is what would you do if you had to comply? What would that look like? And why is that a hardship to the business?

JOSH SWERLING: A fully compliant sign package, there's a couple of ways we could look at it. For the internal illumination of the signs that exceed 30 inches in letter height, I think what those signs would look like above the entrance door would likely be -- is this okay?

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

1	JOSH SWERLING: I think that if
2	the bank were required to comply the massing
3	of the signs over the entrance door, they
4	would want to keep the same and they would
5	need to evaluate a halo illumination on that
6	sign. Again, that's a lot less visible, and
7	it probably look towards an external
8	illumination with basically a linear fixture,
9	not goose necks, which I've done plenty of
10	goose necks in Cambridge and gotten support
11	for that style of external illumination. But
12	TD Bank's
13	STEVEN WINTER: Can you clarify a
14	goose neck?
15	HUGH RUSSELL: It's a light hanging
16	out there.
17	BETH RUBENSTEIN: Coming down.
18	STEVEN WINTER: Okay.
19	JOSH SWERLING: Goose neck might be
20	a little too specific. There's a lot of
21	different architectural style lights that
22	would get, you know, some projection beyond

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the face of the bidding and then light back. What I have seen TD Bank do when external illumination is absolutely required, is a linear light fixture across the top and sometimes below the sign which would attempt to cast a uniform light on a sign. say attempt because you always -- whenever you light the sign from the face, you're gonna get some areas that light better than You're gonna get a little bit of others. And I think it's -- in my opinion, al are. and this is my opinion, and everybody has their own I understand, but in my opinion, I think the glow from inside the light reflected from the face of the sign is a lot more aesthetically pleasing than a linear fixture lighting from above and below.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I guess you're not really answering my question. Which is which signs would you take off the building or make smaller if you only had 185 square feet?

So you have ten

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STEVEN WINTER: And why is that a hardship?

HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.

sign faces now I believe. So how many would you end up with and why is that a problem? JOSH SWERLING: I was hoping to address one part of the variance, which is the internal illumination for a sign greater than 30 inches. I understand there's also the issue of total allowable area. putting the internal illumination, external illumination aside, I think what I've attempted -- this is very recent that we've had -- that we've been tasked with finding this answer. It has been discussed with the bank in the past in terms of could they come up with a compliant sign package. What I believe to be the case, and I don't have all the details agreed to by the bank yet, is that some of the signs over the windows would be the signs that would be eliminated. necessarily all of them, but some of them.

1	And there have been discussions about
2	potentially, you know, if we can get to the
3	190 that's allowed or 200, somewhere in that
4	range, maybe they, you know, maybe that would
5	be at a point where the relief, where we need
6	to go to Board of Zoning for the internal
7	illumination is something that the city would
8	feel comfortable with.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: Any comments or
10	questions from members of the Board?
11	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes, I sorry.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: We'll go this way.
13	PATRICIA SINGER: The first thing I
14	need help with is understanding which signs
15	go on which part of this drawing?
16	ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Sure. Do
17	you have all have copies of Mr. Barber's
18	certification. It's kind of a guide that
19	shows it's got a number on each of the
20	signs. It's a two-page document.
21	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes.
22	STEVEN WINTER: We do?

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ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: So those

numbers correspond to the numbers on the site So -- and then they're broken down by So signs 1 and 2 are on the north facade. That's the facade that faces the facade. Signs 3 through 7 face the area parking lot. -- and I would say in response to the Chairman's question, I think if you were to look at area, that's probably an area place where it appears to be most excessive. while there is door at one corner of that, the rest of it is not a door. And I think there's legitimate criticism that's starting to feel more like billboards and advertising and signs on that facade because it's not an entry facade. So if you look at the relief being sought on the west facade just in number and in area, it probably represents the greatest deviation. So in response to the question, if they were forced to comply, our sense is that that would be the place where you would begin to try to achieve

greater conformity. And then the south facade, the area that faces onto the parkway, those are signs 8 through 10. Similarly, a lot of attempts here to basically have two front doors to this building for the pedestrian activity on the parkway as well. We look today at the fact that the signs on the awning are illuminated, not a traditional feature associated with an awning. haven't heard from the client that they would waive it. But if one were to sit and think, well, in what ways could you make these more conforming? Well, clearly the nature of the illumination on those awning signs with the certification. Some of those signs -- some of the language on the signs 8, 9 -- 8 and 9 are as of right signs. One of the things we talked about is maybe we could even take a look at some of the as of right signs and remove them in exchange for area, because the area gets divided -- our shortest facade is one of our more critical facades and that's

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the one facing the parking lot. And if we were to seek relief to have greater on one facade, should we not look at another facade and to perhaps not merely meet the ordinance but actually have something perhaps below what the ordinance would allow.

We're not expecting the Board to horse trade with us tonight or anything else. But we're trying to see if there's any opportunities to suggest that, you know, if there was some feeling that illumination is a matter that we could revisit with the staff within the next week, particularly as we study halo lettering versus various types of external lettering, and whether they were priority facades or facades that the Board would suggest were more worthy candidates for relief on the facades, that would be helpful. We don't mean to take up too much of your But that's the -time.

H. THEODORE COHEN: What is halo?

ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Halo I

just learned about today. Can you describe halo?

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JOSH SWERLING: Certainly.

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In general terms there's a couple different ways to achieve halo illumination. But it's basically a method of illuminating a sign such that the light doesn't shine out through the face of the sign, but it's -- it either comes out through the sides or through the back of the sign. So, if -- just if we're looking at the letter B in the word Bank, the front of the B wouldn't allow any light through it. But the light would be cast either from the edge of the sign onto the background of whatever it's mounted to or from within that B directly back onto whatever it's mounted to. So, you know, if you think of halo, it's kind of giving you that that affect of a glow around the letter rather than face being illuminated. again, I think the bank's preference might be, again, on some of these signs to do

1	internal because that would be the closest
2	thing to maintaining brand identity. And
3	then their second fall back might be the
4	external linear fixture rather than halo
5	which I think aesthetically doesn't work as
6	well as internal.
7	AHMED NUR: You mentioned that the
8	area in which the 48-inch illumination is in
9	is recessed. How far is it recessed? Is it
10	recessed enough that the face of the sign is
11	flushed with the surface or the face of the
12	wall or is it, you know, deeper?
13	ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: You
14	probably have an estimate on that.
15	JOSH SWERLING: Could you repeat the
16	question one more time?
17	AHMED NUR: Certainly. On the
18	square area of the 48-inch
19	JOSH SWERLING: Yes.
20	AHMED NUR: green area recessed
21	back to the sign area. Then the sign can
22	be

1	JOSH SWERLING: As far as the
2	letters TD are flush with the green
3	background.
4	AHMED NUR: And is the green
5	background?
6	JOSH SWERLING: Flush with the wall.
7	AHMED NUR: Flush with the wall or
8	recessed?
9	JOSH SWERLING: It's about five
10	i nches.
11	AHMED NUR: I see on one of the
12	elevations it's sticking out.
13	JOSH SWERLING: I think if I said
14	the word recessed, I might have been
15	indicating that the letter T, you know, the T
16	and the D are obviously shorter than the 48
17	inches because they have the green
18	background. I apologize if I confused the
19	matter.
20	AHMED NUR: And one more if I may,
21	please. On the I believe it's in the
22	middle of the south elevation it says 21.6

1	inches by 266. What would actually be
2	what would be 266 inches sign No. 6? I'm
3	j ust curi ous.
4	JOSH SWERLING: Oh, if you flip to
5	it's actually the west elevation.
6	AHMED NUR: I apologize.
7	JOSH SWERLING: Which is the one
8	that has the multiple signs on it. 5, 6 and
9	7.
10	AHMED NUR: I see.
11	JOSH SWERLING: That was referring
12	to sign 6 I believe. And that's calculating
13	the area, the length from the beginning of
14	the word B to the
15	AHMED NUR: All the way to the end.
16	JOSH SWERLING: All the way to the
17	end, yeah.
18	H. THEODORE COHEN: I guess on both
19	the north and the west elevation the green
20	bar under the word Bank, is that considered a
21	part of the sign?
22	ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Yes.

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H. THEODORE COHEN: And that gets included in the calculation. And is that also proposed to be internally illuminated?

ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Yes, it But it does raise one of the issues with İS. the sign. The dimensions are being treated here as though this -- if this were a sign box, which there are some examples of sign boxes which aren't particularly attractive -this has three separate components to it. So the TD sits on the brick. The Bank sits on the brick and the line does. So the area between the Bank and the green strip, we're losing that square footage. It's being treated as sign. But in fact it's just the brick facade of the building. It's not the So, it has to do with the si gn. proportionality of the logo. So what's being included in the sign, in some cases doesn't contain letter or doesn't contain banner or logo, it contains brick. But since it falls within the lettering and the line, that

1 square footage is counted as part of the 2 And this particular design then works 3 -- is somewhat a disadvantage by that calculation because area that isn't sign, 4 5 it's building, it's -- is included. 6 H. THEODORE COHEN: And also the --7 what I thought were over the windows on the 8 south and west elevation, are they indeed 9 part of the awnings? JOSH SWERLING: No, they're separate 10 11 from the awning. The awning sticks out at an 12 angle and these are recessed back flush 13 basically with the face of the building. 14 H. THEODORE COHEN: Okay. So when 15 you said a little while ago that it was 16 somewhat unusual because they were on the 17 awnings, is that a different sign? 18 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: No. that 19 was what I said. And I guess I didn't understand it. I knew there was an awning 20 21 and I thought that was at the edge of the 22 But that's actually on the face of awni ng.

1	the glass?
2	JOSH SWERLING: Right.
3	ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: I
4	apol ogi ze.
5	H. THEODORE COHEN: Fine. Is it
6	okay if I just toss out my comments now?
7	HUGH RUSSELL: I also want to put a
8	clarifying question in. So, the entire band
9	is green all the way wall to wall?
10	JOSH SWERLING: Yes.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: In that case, what
12	color is the awning?
13	JOSH SWERLING: Green.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So you count
15	the entire width of that band as the sign?
16	JOSH SWERLING: There was some, in
17	cal cul ating the area, the shield was
18	calculated individually and then from the top
19	of the B to the end of the green, the light
20	green band is the area that was calculated
21	for Bank. So I am almost I mean, it's
22	almost the entire band.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 2 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Not the 3 same with the issue on that issue. We have 4 parts of this that don't feel sign. 5 HUGH RUSSELL: Sorry to interrupt 6 you. 7 H. THEODORE COHEN: It's okay. Do 8 you mind if I just comment? 9 HUGH RUSSELL: Go ahead. 10 H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, my 11 personal opinion from when I first looked at 12 it hasn't changed really from the 13 presentation. I personally have no objection 14 to the green shield and the Bank and the 15 internal illumination of those on the brick 16 facade portions on the west and the north 17 el evati on. I also do think it kind of odd 18 that the south elevation just has the TD 19 without the Bank or anything else. It's sort 20 of like it's missing a piece. I think 21 there's way too much TD Bank horizontal signs 22 on the south and the west elevation. It just

1 seems like it's just over the top with the 2 amount of signage. And, you know -- so I 3 personally would want to see a lot less, if 4 not all of that gone. And I would be happier 5 to see the bigger signs on the brick facade. 6 And the pilon sign, I guess, is That's fine. 7 that a grandfathered pilon that gets to stay 8 there? 9 It's conforming and it LES BARBER: 10 should never have been internally 11 illuminated. I don't think it was. But if 12 it was, it was illegally internally 13 illuminated. But the size is perfectly 14 conforming. The only issue here is the 15 internal illumination which is not allowed in 16 the sign. 17 H. THEODORE COHEN: I didn't have any strong feelings on that. 18 19 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 20 STEVEN WINTER: Thank you. 21 I concur with my colleague about the 22 number of TD Bank, TD Bank, TD Bank across

the front. You know, I think for me the issue is when does signage leave the realm of being something that orients the humans to the direction to follow or to the place to go, and when does it in fact become a billboard that advertises to people instead? And I think you know that's what we've got to work out here, that it doesn't look like a I think Mr. Rafferty, the trading bi I I board. from side to side and some discussion with staff, I think that might be a real good way to solve this issue. Because we have certainly got the expertise on staff that -to make good decisions on that. And I also want to be real clear that in Cambridge the devil's in the detail, and we're really careful about those things. And what happens is, the larger picture that we get is a very pleasing quality of sense of place because we are careful about these kinds of issues. we are mindful about what it's going to look like and how we're going to feel like every

1 time we drive by it. So we try to be 2 thoughtful about every single one, and I 3 really appreciate you coming in here to talk 4 about it. We try to be thoughtful every 5 single time, then we really create a sense of 6 place that's very unique, I think, in the 7 states. 8 Les, you answered my question about the 9 free standing sign being within ordinance. 10 It is within ordinance then. 11 LES BARBER: It's not very tall. 12 don't know what the height, four or five feet 13 off the ground, is it? It's not. 14 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: It's not 15 like a monument sign. 16 STEVEN WINTER: Oh, okay. 17 LES BARBER: It's a very modest 18 si gn. 19 STEVEN WINTER: Okay. And I think 20 also one of the issues is what shows to the 21 parkway and what shows to the customers who 22 are parking and coming into that facility? I

think that's a good way to think about this.

CHARLES STUDEN: I am very

Those are my comments. Thank you.

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sympathetic, I think, to the bank's need to 4

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so-called issue of brand identity. So I'm

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8 the corner elevations, but also am puzzled by

be consistent with its identity, the

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the fact that the word Bank is missing on the

not bothered by the TD Bank larger signs on

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south elevation. Can you explain why it's

dropped there? Is there some rational

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reason? Is that just because it made the

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sign even bigger and it was a bigger

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variance? I kind of figured that might be

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the reason. Let me just finish because if we

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only signage on the northwest and south of

added the word Bank there, and that was the

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that building and we eliminated all of the TD

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Bank Open -- what does it say, Open Seven

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Days, and that banding, I think it would look

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a lot better. When I first looked at this.

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it just seemed overwhelming. It was so much

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And I don't think a bank like TD si gnage. Bank, is not something that -- it's not an impulse thing. Once you know where the bank is, you know where it is. You don't need it to keep saying TD Bank, TD Bank over and over and over again. I think I'm just echoing what's already been said here, but I think a much simpler approach, it might even be more effective for the bank if it were confined just to those corner elevations. And, again, I have no problem with the way you designed it and the way you're looking to light it. And I'm not sure what you do in terms of conformance with the sign ordinance, I don't Maybe the staff can help you with know. that.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thanks.

My own opinion is that the amount of signage should be basically conforming. I agree with my colleagues as to which signs are more -- seem to be more important to have. And I guess I'd ask Roger or Les to

comment on the issue of internal illumination and corporate branding. What do we -- why do we -- why have we made this a rule and how strongly do we enforce it?

LES BARBER: Currently we don't have a regulation with regard to corporate branding. It was just an assessment of the details of these signs and the relationships to words. The fact that the band was illuminated, I mean, clearly it's meant to be part of the sign. So it was just an assessment of what constituted the sign irregardless of the color and the fact that it is the brand for the bank. Even if they were blue bands, I think they would be, for the most part, considered parts of the sign.

HUGH RUSSELL: So let me ask a question in a different way which is why -- do you think it's a good idea to require these to not be internally illuminated, and if so, why? Because I think I've heard that discussion many times, but I realize my

1 colleagues may not have. 2 LES BARBER: Which specifically, 3 Hugh? Why is there a 4 HUGH RUSSELL: 5 restriction on internally illuminated signs? 6 LES BARBER: On the dimensions? 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. 8 LES BARBER: It's just to keep the 9 intensity of that form of lighting under 10 control. And we actually had a case years 11 and years ago which came before the Board 12 with regard to if the sign elements that were 13 internally illuminated, which was 30 inches, 14 but there was other elements of the sign in 15 the background that were not, constituted the 16 sign, and we agreed that it was the whole 17 sign, not just this elements of. So I think 18 generally city-wide the 30 inches works 19 pretty well for visibility as well as 20 moderating the intensity of the sign. 21 the regulations also prohibit if this were a 22 box sign, that even if it were 30 inches

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tall, that the background has to be opaque so we're not getting these very bright boxes. So we do encourage the individual letters as an element of the sign rather than a box with a background on it. And I think generally the 30 inches works fine.

ROGER BOOTH: If I could add a little something to that. This building, I think we're pretty happy with it, as Attorney Rafferty said, fitting in with the overlay district. It's taking what had been a very suburban treatment of the building with an ugly building, a treeless parking lot on a very prominent site made something that probably won't win architectural awards, but it's a competent building that provides an upgrading to the environment. There is a really nice green swale along the edge of the parkway. Part of the purpose of the parkway overlay district is to encourage greening up so that it feels like a parkway, instead of a strip highway. And when we reviewed this, it

was through the development consultation procedure. We were pleased to see that there was some thought given as to where signs should go. We're very pleased that there be multiple entries, and the bank is doing a good job in having entries not only on the parking lot side but also on the parkway side.

Where I come down on the signage is I see no reason not to stick with what the ordinance says. It's an ordinance. It gives lots of signage. I think the variances are not something I think are justifiable just from having looked at lots of signage. You're not going to have any trouble finding this bank. There are two signs, as we pointed out, they're right next to each other. And I don't think they should be any bigger than what's allowed. And the thing about the internal illumination is it glows and it's very insistent, and it doesn't have a soft quality. And probably this is where

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it's just an aesthetic disagreement, but we tend to prefer the halo or the external light as something that's softer and maybe has some variation, shadows and so forth, rather than the sort of plastic glow that we associate with strips. And this has been a pretty ugly And right now it's very nice. have a nice building. Across the way we have the Hotel Tria that's putting trees in its parking lot. We have housing that's starting to happen in Alewife. So I think we are on an upswing. And I also think if you -- if we were to let this project have a variance, what is the justification for this one? And how is it any different from the next one? I mean, that's part of why we have an ordinance is to try to have some kind of a new baseline that then treats everybody fairly and we wind up with what Steve was talking about, you know, a pleasing environment where things are pretty harmonious. So -- maybe I'm a hardliner, but I don't really see any reason

to vary from the ordinance. And what I said was what the Board usually wants to see is what could you have done with the ordinance and why is it you need to do something bigger? And basically we hear the bank wants something big because this is their first venture. And I guess they have other locations coming in so they're trying to make a name for themselves. Well, that's okay. But we need to treat everybody fairly. And so that's kind of my take on it.

PATRICIA SINGER: May I add one thing to that? I haven't heard anybody talk about the impact of the plight on drivers at night. And while I recognize that this building and acknowledge that this building is fully conforming, it is fairly close to two roadways that are already difficult to navigate. And I'm wondering, and I don't have the expertise to know the answer to this, if extra light isn't going to be confusing to people who are already entering

a difficult and confusing situation. I think 1 2 of this more of, frankly, as a driving area 3 than a pedestrian area although I do acknowledge that there are pedestrians. 4 5 H. THEODORE COHEN: Didn't -- I know 6 it came before us, but I think it must have 7 been a ZBA matter. Didn't Whole Foods get a 8 variance to put up a larger sign after they 9 expanded the store? I don't know. 10 LIZA PADEN: The sign for the Whole 11 Foods wasn't for larger, it was for the 12 height, I believe, because of the location of 13 the sign on the building. 14 ROGER BOOTH: They get a lot more 15 sign further away. 16 H. THEODORE COHEN: And my 17 recollection was I think what seemed what was 18 allowed seemed awfully small on the side of 19 the facade and they sought to enlarge it. 20 And that we said okay to that, and then I 21 guess the ZBA said okay to that. 22 And then my second question is is that

1 internally illuminated, that sign? 2 LIZA PADEN: The Whole Food sign --3 The shopping center LES BARBER: itselfit's had a number of stores and 4 5 changes of stores. And it gets double the 6 amount of signage because it's more than a 7 hundred feet from the street. And there have been variances exceeded to by the Board and 8 granted by the BZA to alter some of the 9 10 dimensions just because the ordinance doubles 11 the amount of signage, but doesn't alter, for 12 instance, the square inches or the 60 square 13 foot sign. So the Board has been willing to 14 let somewhat higher signs and bigger signs on 15 the facade set way back. The Whole Food sign 16 I don't remember at all. So I don't know 17 whether it came through, got a variance and I 18 don't remember what the variance was. 19 HUGH RUSSELL: I think it has 20 something to do with the phony windows? 21 ROGER BOOTH: I believe those phony 22 windows were originally going to be food

items. Sort of a bunch of carrots and a bunch of grapes and a this and a that and another thing. And I believe those were not allowed because that was going to be part of the signage. So they put up sort of phony windows in place of that.

ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: That's right.

LES BARBER: I have no image of that.

that in terms of the internal illumination
I'm with Roger, that it's better to stick to
the rules unless there's an overwhelming
sense that this is unfair to the person who
is before us. And I don't see that. So that
I'm perfectly happy to see external
illumination, and I agree with Roger. I
think his analysis is correct about the
character that produces. And that's it.
We've had a -- I think we're generally
together on the questions of which signs in

the total area. I sense that we think if there's a little flexibility to move around corners, that's okay. And on internal illumination we are not basically, we -- some people think it's fine and some people don't. So is that enough advice to give to the Zoning Board?

JOSH SWERLING: If I -- could I offer a couple of thoughts on the internal illumination aspect?

Well, I'll try to be brief, but I know Regis and Kathie-Lee would not want me to give up on the exponentials for the version of TD Bank North, TD Bank and this will also address the comment on the logo TD.

Had we a longer name, Toronto Dominion is the TD from up in Canada, that's the company that acquired Bank North and also acquired Commerce Bank out of New Jersey, which has a very aggressive development program which is why this sort of brandishing of Bank North. I just went through this with

the Commerce Banks to become TD Bank. Had they a name like Toronto Dominion Bank North or Toronto Dominion Commerce Bank, we could have a 30-inch tall sign internally illuminated a lot longer and a lot more, in my opinion, of a blithe than what we're proposing. I think what we're proposing is generally tasteful. We don't have a very long stretch of signage that's over the 30 It's basically the TD. inches. rectangle around the TD exceeds the 30 inch The Bank itself is less than 30 hei ght. The green band is obviously less inches. than the 30 inches. So, again, I think it's done pretty tastefully in terms of what is being sought for relief. I think it's somewhat unique from what other folks might come in with seeking relief from the 30-inch on internal illumination. Obviously that's for you folks on the Board to decide. think it is -- it is distinctly different from other applications that might come

before you for relief on that 30-inch height 1 2 for internal illumination. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Presumably that's why a number of the Board members agree with you. 4 5 CHARLES STUDEN: Yes. 6 JOSH SWERLING: In terms of the 7 method of illumination, I know, you know, in 8 terms of -- I don't know when the by-law was 9 adopted for the 30-inch height restriction 10 for the internal illumination, but I know 11 five, ten, 15, 20 years ago the lights were 12 primarily fluorescent. Fluorescent cast 13 against the plexi or thin plastic finish, and 14 you could get a break in one of those 15 finishes and you'd have this fluorescent bulb 16 or some uneven dispersion of this bulb or 17 tube glowing on that face which --18 HUGH RUSSELL: And there were a Lot 19 of those. 20 JOSH SWERLING: There were a lot of 21 The signs that are proposed here is those. 22 an LED method of illumination that gives a

much more uniform, flatter, less light 1 2 projection from the face of the sign than 3 what had been, you know, the method of illuminating signs internally of the past. 4 5 So I just wanted to make those couple of 6 points if that's the sticky item that's going 7 back and forth. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I think we're 9 finished with this item. 10 Thank you ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: 11 very much. 12 LIZA PADEN: I wanted to find out 13 from the Board if they wanted to do one more 14 sign that's on the Board of Zoning Appeal 15 It's Harvard Square or do you want agenda. 16 to go to the public hearing? There's a 17 gentleman here from the second sign 18 application, and this application has been to 19 Harvard Square -- I'm sorry, has been to the 20 Historical Commission, and they have signed 21 off on it. So I don't know if.... 22 LES BARBER: What does that mean,

1 Charl es? 2 CHARLES STUDEN: It sounds like it's 3 not going to take terribly long. And out of 4 respect for the applicant that's here already 5 rather than making them sit through the 6 public hearing, I don't know how my 7 colleagues feel. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Let's proceed. 9 LIZA PADEN: So this is the case No. 10 9824, and this is a 39 JFK Street. And this 11 has to do with the request for projecting 12 banners and what -- the proposal is to remove 13 some of the existing blade signs on the 14 building. I have an extra copy of the 15 application. ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: 16 17 briefly, this is the iconic Crimson Travel 18 building on the corner. It's been nicely 19 resurfaced recently. The relief is --20 Maybe you can hold HUGH RUSSELL: 21 that up so everyone can see. 22 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: So,

stainless steel facade of some type. and after. The issue, very simple issue. They're looking to replace some -- do you have the shot? The small shot? There are a couple of Kaplan signs that are there today that project out that we would like to You can see the small picture above the American Express sign. It competes with the American Express sign. It creates clutter there. And Kaplan has agreed if we put banners in the replacement, those would But the banners exceed the 20-foot go away. height real. The Historical Commission and the Historic Overlay District has purview over the signs and can be granted relief with exception of the 20-foot height rule. For this one they need to go to the BZA. But the Historical Commission agreed that's a better treatment of the building as a whole. And it is the condition of the variance we're suggesting that we would, we would anticipate and remove the two existing Kaplan blade

1 signs and, therefore, only American Express 2 signs projecting here, and the banners in 3 that location. But we need a variance to do 4 it. 5 CHARLES STUDEN: I'd like to see the 6 submittal. 7 H. THEODORE COHEN: How big are the 8 banners? 9 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Introduce 10 yoursel f. 11 MICHAEL KYES: My name is Mike Kyes. 12 I'm part of the design team for the 13 renovation as well as the signage package. 14 And the banners and what Jim didn't say 15 actually, is all the sign in this 16 comprehensive design package meets the 17 allowable signage. So it's just the matter 18 of height only. The actual banner size is 19 nine and a half feet tall by two feet wide, 20 and there are three of them. 21 CHARLES STUDEN: Are they fabric? 22 They are fabric and MI CHAEL KYES:

1 they are set apart 15 feet from each other. 2 CHARLES STUDEN: I rather like the 3 way they look on that elevation to tell you 4 the truth. The elevation is kind of stark 5 and they had some interest. So I have no 6 objection to them at all. 7 PATRICIA SINGER: Can we see a 8 pi cture? 9 LES BARBER: What is the height that 10 they' re at? 11 MICHAEL KYES: The bottom of the 12 banner is 202 feet. 13 So they're nine feet. LES BARBER: 14 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: Nine feet 15 above the 20. 16 They could actually LES BARBER: 17 move them down and it would be conforming. 18 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: That's the 19 thing, yes. But if we were to move them 20 down, you would see -- they would compete 21 with the balance of the building. So that 22 they start at 20 feet and end at 29 as

opposed to starting -- so if they were on the second -- if you look at the condition in the photo, there are a series of projecting signs in the area where they're supposed to be, below the window sill of the second floor. If we drop the banners in that area, we'd be competing with those signs.

HUGH RUSSELL: Steve has a question.

STEVEN WINTER: I wanted to confirm
that as you noted the Cambridge Historical
Commission has approved the banners in size,
in the dimensions that you represented and in
the placement on the building that you
represented.

a certificate of appropriateness subject to the granting of a variance. The certificate of appropriateness allowed for all of the signs that you see on the building now that were within their purview, it's just they don't have the authority to waive the 20-foot height limitation.

1 STEVEN WINTER: Thank you. 2 HUGH RUSSELL: I'm going to give my 3 opinion as we go down the table. I think in 4 matters of design in Harvard Square we should 5 very much defer to the Historical Commission, 6 because I think that's the intent of the 7 regulatory scheme for the square. 8 And my second comment is I think --9 what floors of the building are Kaplan on? 10 The third and fourth MI CHAEL KYES: 11 floors. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: So I think it's 13 appropriate also that these signs are 14 associated with the tenant use that is higher 15 on the building. 16 Any other comments? 17 Sounds fine to H. THEODORE COHEN: 18 me. 19 PATRICIA SINGER: And it goes well 20 with the building across the street. 21 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: That's 22 They have banners across the street. ri ght.

1 AHMED NUR: I agree. I tend to 2 agree with everyone. The only other comment 3 I have is regular materials hanging in the wind, tear and wear, that type of stuff. 4 5 want to comment on that, it has a tear in it 6 because of the wind. 7 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: How 8 durable is this material? 9 MICHAEL KYES: I really can't 10 comment on that. The design fabricators have 11 put this together. They're attached top and 12 bottom taughtly. If there's a tear, I would 13 presume it gets maintained quickly. We did 14 look at the idea of more of an acrylic solid 15 looking piece, and they preferred more of the 16 fabric looking. So it is a vinyl. 17 AHMED NUR: It is a vinyl? 18 MICHAEL KYES: Canvas. It's color 19 It won't fade, that sort of thing. fast. 20 But as far as a tear goes, it simply has to 21 be replaced. 22 Okay. HUGH RUSSELL:

1	Does the staff have what they need to
2	record our di scussi on?
3	LIZA PADEN: Yes, thank you.
4	(Whereupon, a discussion was held
5	off the record.)
6	HUGH RUSSELL: The Board is going to
7	hear case No. 237 which is a major amendment
8	to a permit that we granted for 1924 Mass.
9	Avenue.
10	FEMALE AUDIENCE MEMBER: Excuse me,
11	can't hear.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: It says it's on. So
13	I'm going to say things that aren't important
14	until the sound comes up. And it's still not
15	going. I'm going to use Steve's. Now can
16	you hear me?
17	FEMALE AUDIENCE MEMBER: That's
18	better.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: The Planning Board is
20	hearing case 237 which is a major amendment
21	to the permit we granted to 1924
22	Massachusetts Avenue, Kaya-Ka Hotel. This is

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a public hearing. It follows the rules of public hearing. And that means that first we ask the petitioner to explain the case. then the members of the Board ask questions so that we can understand what's being proposed. And then we go to testimony from the public. There's a sign-up sheet which will be brought to me just before the time we start, and I'll simply take people in order as they've signed up. And I would ask that people limit their comments to three minutes. That's our general rule. And if you haven't signed up and you want to speak, there will be an opportunity after I go through the list for you to speak.

So would the petitioner like to identify himself and explain what he wants to do.

MICHAEL MCKEE: My name is Michael McKee, M-c-K-e-e. I'm the architect for the project at 1924 Mass. Avenue. I'm joined by Mr. Gim who is the owner of the project, and

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John Kiely who is with Collegiate

Hospitality. And they have been working with

us to refine the operations and the design of

the hotel as we work through the design

process.

We were here last November with a number of items, Special Permits that were granted ultimately for the project. As we've been working through the design, we've come across some new -- and I would say I guess new technology, or at least technology that has been not used in Cambridge before that would allow us to redesign the parking level of the project to make it more efficient. And so that requires an amendment to our original petition, original Special Permits. The -- I don't know how much detail I need to get into. We are not proposing any changes at all to the project from grade or above. None of the traffic movement at street level The size of the project, the will change. heights, none of those things are proposed to

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be changed. All of the changes that we're going to be talking about today occur in the basement level. So I'm going to try to focus on that, although if you have questions that obviously hit the upper parts of the building, I can address those as well.

I think in the package that I gave you there was a -- in the original package, maybe not the one I sent over this afternoon, there were some before and afters in the building section of the parking level. I will have those as well. I will talk about those. The original parking level had a single level that was essentially the entire project site from the back to the front. We had 40 parking spaces, which included some valet The way that was designed to work parki ng. is we -- was a sloped floor, so it started one level deep at the back and it sloped at five percent towards the front of the site and it allowed us to have a complete floor of parking and still allowed us to have a

mechanical and the hotel support spaces in an upper basement level here.

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So what we're proposing is the introduction of what we've called stackers. It's a mechanical parking aide that allows one car to be picked up and another car to be parked underneath it. I gave you -- or I submitted this morning just some generic information from one manufacturer. There are a number of manufacturers on how that works and what that is. And what it allows us to do is to reduce the footprint of our parking garage without losing parking spaces. what we have is a before and after. plan here shows our 40 spaces that cover the entire footprint of the site. And in this plan here, what we've done is we've leveled off the floor so it doesn't slope down. have enough height in here to have stackers. We're proposing 17 stackers which gives us 34 We have one parking space parking spaces. that can't accommodate a stacker, so that's a

35th and then we still have five parking -tandem parking spaces in the drive aisle
which is the same -- consistent with the
original drawing or the original plan. So
what we're -- so that's one issue. We're
introducing stackers to increase the amount
of parking in a smaller footprint of the
building. And then in order to utilize the
stackers, what we're proposing, we're
proposing to rely more heavily on valet
parking. In order to use all 40 of our
spaces, we will need valet parking to fill
all 40 of those spaces.

We've been going back and forth, and I think Sue, the Traffic and Parking has submitted a letter to you and stated some concerns. And we went back and forth with them on the concerns and we've submitted a letter to them basically committing to do -- to follow the recommendations or the things that they had asked that you impose on us. And out of that discussion we kind of came,

you know, we actually could park during non-peak times. If for some reason somebody wanted to self-park in the garage, we actually have 18 self-parking spaces, they can park either below or on the stackers as long as people don't move them. And John is going to speak very briefly on valet in general. And one of the things -- I'll let John -- I won't even touch that. I'll let John do that.

So that's the bottom -- that's what we're proposing, is we're proposing to reduce the footprint of the garage, introduce stackers. We're maintaining the same number of parking spaces that were originally approved on the building which were the 40 parking spaces. We're making the commitment to provide valet service 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to allow the parking garage to be capable of handling 40 cars at any point. And then, one of the biggest changes that's happened is we are now working

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with Collegiate Hospitality who have hotel experience, local hotel experience. So I'd like John to very briefly to speak about valet and how it's used and why it's used at hotels and how he proposed it's being used here.

JOHN KIELY: Hi . Good evening. name again is John Kiely. I am the CFO for Collegiate Hospitality. It is a management company that currently runs, manages the two properties here in Cambridge, Inn Harvard and Harvard Square Hotel. I have 28 years of experience in the industry. My partner has approximately 30 to 32 years experience in the industry of managing properties, different types of properties. I've been with Sheraton, Hyatt, Hilton. My partner's been with the same name brands. And just to give you a little background of who we are and how long we've been in business.

And in talking directly to a valet situation, what we're concerned about as a

management company, it comes down the safety of your employees. It comes down to the safety of your patrons, your clients, and it also comes down to the safety of the individuals walking around the building or within the building. And the only way to really get that safety level is to have complete control. So that's why in a situation, especially like this, we would like to have complete control through the management of a valet system. That way what will happen also is it will manage the flow of traffic in and out of the building a lot easier. We will be able to get clients in, unload cars right away and get the cars parked, and parked manageably correctly. they're coming in for a hotel stay, we put them in the back on the top of the stackers. If they're coming in for a restaurant stay, they're parked somewhere differently so we can get them in and out quickly. If they're self-parking, it makes it a little difficult

where they could park in two spaces and now we're down two spaces. So we like to hold the management of that. And it's really important because you also have employees and individuals walking in that garage. And although there's people and other vehicles zipping down the garage, it's really a safety issue that we look at first and foremost.

That's what we're looking at this issue for.

I mean I would like to talk very briefly about just the numbers of cars that we're dealing with and peaks, because those were also issues that came up in our conversations with Traffic and Parking. I think what John was saying is in terms of unloading and loading cars, that it's good to have a valet get rid of the car or move the car down. Actually, what he's telling us is that it allows them to keep the driveway clearer, because it takes, you know, whatever it takes, 15 seconds, 30 seconds to take the

luggage out of the car, and then while the -and then they can start checking in the
people, and meanwhile the valet has gotten
rid of that car. Because one of the big -one of the major concerns, and we certainly
understand the concern, if cars start
stacking up on our very limited space up here
grade (indicating), it could cause some
problems. And so what our operators are
telling us is that it actually gives them
more flexibility, it makes it easier to make
sure that this does not clog up back here
(indicating).

So, the process is still the same. We would be coming in off of Mass. Ave. We would be unloading -- we've got two lanes, one in each direction here (indicating) and then a pull-out lane. So people that would be checking in would be stopped here (indicating), unload, and then the car continues on down into the garage. Taxis that would be waiting to take people away or

people that are picking up or, you know, coming out to the valet car would be parked in the pull-out zone after the car's retrieved. Our -- originally we submitted -and it's been approved by the city, our parking and transportation demand plan, and in that we estimated and we think we were reasonably conservative on the estimation, is that we have 13 cars, peak hotel cars parked in our garage at occupancy, 25 percent of those people driving to the site. That gives us 13 cars. 21 hours out of the day, that's the amount of traffic we've got, 13 cars coming into and out of the garage. In the evenings when we have the restaurant reaching its peak period between seven and ten o'clock, I think our feeling is that the peaks of the hotel people coming and going and the peaks of the restaurant people coming and going don't overlap. Our check-in and checkout periods are happening earlier in the day, not at dinnertime. And so we feel

that's going to give us a natural -- the ability to structure things or stagger things so that we don't have hotel peaks, restaurant peaks and even loading peaks when we're unloading because we're also using our driveway for unloading. That's happening in a controlled time period that the hotel can control, and that's not going to be happening during the hotel check-in, checkout either.

So we've got our lanes in here (indicating). We still have our turn around. There's -- really nothing has changed at grade here (indicating). So I don't know, I think that's -- you know, from our neighbors' point of view, the things that we've mentioned to them that they seem to like is that one of the biggest advantages is we don't have to dig nearly as deep. We're 13 feet deep at the front of the site instead of the original 22 feet deep. We think that the contractors are telling us that it's going to save probably two months in the construction

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period in the ground. So that's just a lot of trucks not having to haul dirt out of there that don't have to be. And it gets us up to grade. It gets the hole filled in a couple months sooner. So those are all things that we think are advantages of a more efficient building.

The downside is that this hasn't been done in Cambridge before. But we've submitted -- I gave you a list this morning of a whole bunch of installations. things are used all over Boston and in the Boston area. So I gave you a list, and that includes some hotels as well. And all of the installations on that list were -- are supposed to be valet. Those are valet Usually when somebody uses parki ng. stackers, they do do valet with the exception of condominiums, tandem parking where one condominium would have control over both These things are fairly low tech. spaces. They're not -- you know, they're pretty

1 simple. Just a couple of hydraulic lifts. 2 CHARLES STUDEN: Are any of the 3 examples you've given us strictly valet parking hotels? 4 5 MI CHAEL MCKEE: I didn't check them 6 When I asked the manufacturers to myself. 7 give me some examples, I asked them 8 specifically I wanted to know which --9 they're exclusively valet for the stackers. 10 Whether they have additional parking, I don't 11 I didn't go in and count. But they know. 12 are some fairly big installations. And what 13 they said is they don't know anybody that 14 uses a stacker and does not valet park in 15 those stackers with the exception of 16 condominiums, where one person will have two 17 spaces and then they can move the bottom car 18 because they have both the keys. So that was 19 -- that's our understanding. And I think 20 that's it, you know, from my knowledge of it. 21 That's the way it is. 22 So, I think that's it --

HUGH RUSSELL:

Do other members have

questions? Charles?

to pursue this issue of self-stackers and just to understand it a little bit better, because I don't understand how anyone would be able to self-park in a stackers situation. It doesn't make any sense to me so that if the garage were to be converted this way, it would always have to be valet parking. There would not be an option to have people self-park; is that true or not?

MICHAEL MCKEE: That's true -- you can never get -- in order to keep the 40 spaces, it has to be valet. And I think in our application we were committing to be valet for perpetuity. What we -- when we mentioned self-parking is -- it was kind of in response to some of these discussions that we had between Traffic and Parking. That since we'd need 13 spaces, you know, if all of our hotel projections are correct, if

1	somebody absolutely wanted to, you know, and
2	it's you could conceivably operate, except
3	for hotel times, you could conceivably
4	operate you'd only have 18 spaces
5	available, but you could operate as a
6	self-park garage. But that does not fulfill
7	our commitment. So, we're not proposing
8	that. We're just saying that there is a
9	little bit of flexibility.
10	CHARLES STUDEN: Could you just
11	explain you mentioned the word efficient,
12	"This is more efficient," and I'm having
13	trouble with that. Describe to me how this
14	proposed change is more efficient than the
15	plan we saw and approved last fall?
16	MICHAEL MCKEE: It's efficient in
17	terms of building. It takes a lot less floor
18	area to achieve the same goal which is the 40
19	spaces.
20	CHARLES STUDEN: So much cheaper to
21	bui I d?
22	MICHAEL MCKEE: It's cheaper to

1	build. It's quicker to build yes.
2	CHARLES STUDEN: Okay.
3	MICHAEL MCKEE: And it takes, you
4	know there's less excavation. I mean,
5	it's efficient on a number of different
6	l evel s.
7	CHARLES STUDEN: Thank you.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Any questions, Steve?
9	STEVEN WINTER: Yes. Is there a per
10	unit cost on the stackers?
11	MICHAEL MCKEE: I'm told about
12	\$7,000. But that we don't, you know,
13	that's we haven't bid them.
14	STEVEN WINTER: Right.
15	And in your text you mentioned that
16	allowing you to reduce the footprint of the
17	parking garage permits you to reduce the
18	amount of excavation and reduce impacts on
19	the adjacent properties. And I wonder if you
20	can just detail what those impacts are, the
21	impacts that we will be mitigating with less
22	excavati on?

MI CHAEL MCKEE: So -- well -- we've

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done -- since we did all this -- since last

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have a pretty good sense of the water table's

November we've done our soil borings and we

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at 18 feet, which is lower than we thought it

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would be. But it's -- so this keeps us

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completely out of the water table. And in

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the old scheme, even with the old scheme we

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weren't terribly in the water table. We were

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just at the -- at the lower part. At this

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part down here (indicating), there was a

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stretch right here where we got below 18

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feet. So we're -- there will be less impact

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on that. I mean, there's less trucks driving

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up and down Mass. Ave. with dirt, you know,

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going to and fro the site. You know, there's

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less -- two months less of digging and

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pouring concrete in the basement. So we --

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and I think what John had eluded to, I think,

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if we control -- or if the hotel operators

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control the traffic, people coming in and

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out, people driving up and down the ramp, you

know, we think that's probably better for our neighbors, you know, because it would be less chaos or less of a potential for chaos.

STEVEN WINTER: So the impacts would be cutting the two months off the construction and there's a constellation of activities that that would take away?

MI CHAEL MCKEE: Yes.

STEVEN WINTER: That would be beneficial. And it gets you out of the water table on the Mass. Avenue end of the construction.

The last question, if I could, is if we're saying that the valet parking is a safety issue and that staff control provides that measure of safety, I would like to see or know of the transportation research that shows that valet parking, as opposed to the self-parking, creates a safer environment. I think it's a great thought, but I don't want to take it as an assumption. And I think we need to somehow have some kind of

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transportation research bureau or some kind of academic research that shows us that this is true.

JOHN KLELY:

We can look into that. I did consult our current insurers. utilize health insurance for all our insurance at this point who is certified by the Massachusetts Association of Hotels. HUB has told us that if you do have stackers, the insurance company will want you to do a hundred percent valet, because their research has shown that it is safer and there's less liability that will happen to your potential cl i ents. So I consulted them today and that's what we came back with from HUB Insurance.

MICHAEL MCKEE: What's the issue of valet in general versus self-parking?

JOHN KIELY: Valet in general, again, it's, you know, we do control, completely control the situation where somebody else doesn't have the control of the

1 si tuati on. We currently do it the Inn at 2 3 4 parki ng. 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 check-i n. 15 16 17 the T is right there. 18 19 20 21 22

Harvard and it currently has the same screening as the Kaya-Ka Hotel. It is valet We get them in and move them out. And when things start stacking up, they are moved very quickly and they'll stage them -to get them so they don't back out onto Mass. Ave, they'll stage them and then they'll have a runner running the cars as somebody else is unpacking the cars in the back. So we're continually moving those down. And that's -that really only occurs if there is a large check-in and there's a large drive-in It all really depends on the market that you're in. And if there's a lot of fly-ins, we'll have cab and T activity --And public transportation is phenomenal for this site which I'll anticipate a lot less traffic. STEVEN WINTER: Can I ask you, Beth, to follow-up on that proponent than, say, traffic to follow up on that?

BETH RUBENSTEIN: I think they're probably more the ones who would be able to find the research on the relative safety.

STEVEN WINTER: No, no. I would like them to find it, but I would like them to present it to staff so the staff would have an opportunity to look at it.

BETH RUBENSTEIN: Sure.

STEVEN WINTER: Great, thank you.

this proposal for the hotel site was that you thought there would be relatively few people driving in and many of your clientele would be people flying in to Boston, you know, particularly who would appreciate the Korean atmosphere in the hotel and weren't going to be driving their cars were Korean. So I'm more concerned about the restaurant, and particular where I think there's a real question about spill over into other areas. And so my question is, is there charge for the valet parking for the restaurant any

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different than it would have been before? Is there a charge? I mean, I never park in valets because I figure you got to ransom your car from them.

MI CHAEL MCKEE: In our -- and this was one of the major discussions that we had when we were meeting with the neighborhood groups early on in the project of the -- and the way we put it in the PTDM was that the hotel, because we're actually trying to discourage hotel cars, does pay for using the valet or for using the garage. And they have no choice, because for the most part that's going to be rental cars and won't have stickers anyway. The restaurant patrons who are much more likely to be locals and much more likely to have stickers were bigger concern to our neighbors. So when we wrote this up as part of our PTDM, not only are we -- we're obligated to survey everybody to see how they got there, but we said that the restaurant valet parking would be free valet

1 parking and advertised as such. So that if 2 you're going to drive and you have the option 3 of free valet parking as opposed to driving ten minutes around the block looking for a 4 5 spot, you know, we want to get those cars 6 into the garage. So for that peak period 7 from, you know, the seven or six-thirty to 8 ten o'clock period, we anticipated that the 9 valet will be active and staffed 10 appropriately because we do want to try to 11 keep those cars off the street. And it would 12 be free. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: And let me just also 14 ask a somewhat different question which is if 15 you have 40 spaces and 13 for the hotel, that 16 means 27 are for the restaurant? 17 MI CHAEL MCKEE: Well, if you --18 HUGH RUSSELL: Or is it less? 19 What's the number? 20 MI CHAEL MCKEE: The code requirement 21 for the restaurant is ten. The existing 22 Kaya-Ka Restaurant has 18 spaces. And in its

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busy times it's really only Friday and Saturday night it fills those 18 spaces. When we were here last, we actually asked for and were granted a few extra spaces. And that was more or less to address our neighbors' concerns what happens if you're wrong and you need more spaces. So we said we're better off having a few extra.

HUGH RUSSELL: 0kay. So then following this logic, the 20 plus or minus spaces, and each individual probably stays an hour and a half, might stay longer, they might stay less, so if they were in a car, that means that about 15 cars would move in the course of an hour in, and 15 cars would move out in the middle of the evening. Probably around seven o'clock say. So that means one car every four minutes going in on the average and one car every four minutes That sounds like this is not going out. going to be a horrendous auto movement problem for valet staff.

1 MICHAEL MCKEE: I think what Sue, in 2 our discussions with Traffic and Parking, you 3 know, they -- I think they were very correct in being concerned that if we don't clear the 4 5 decks, if we don't get those 15 cars in and 6 out efficiently, it could cause problems. 7 And so, you know, it's really has to be up to 8 us to make sure that it does work 9 efficiently. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: Do you have -- in the 11 operation of the restaurant do you have, say, 12 wedding receptions or parties where a whole 13 bunch of people come at one time? 14 MICHAEL MCKEE: I'm sure that would 15 occur. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: So that might be the 17 challenging thing, but you would know when 18 that was going to happen. 19 MI CHAEL MCKEE: We would know when 20 that was going to happen. We've discussed a 21 lot of scenarios on flexibility. I mean, our 22 garage will be designed from an egress point

of view to allow the public down there. It's not going to change. So if we knew that ten cars were coming right away, I mean, there's the potential that you could do the drop off downstairs. People drive them down and the valets take them and park them. There is a little bit of flexibility on how they operate it. Certainly they don't want people down there all the time, but if push comes to shove, and that is the best way to deal with an instance, it's possible.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you. Other questions?

H. THEODORE COHEN: So I just want to confirm, you're saying that if you go to the restaurant, the valet parking will be free?

MICHAEL MCKEE: That's correct. And we would market it that way to make sure people -- you know, there's always a concern.

I think there's a lot of people who won't do valet parking because it's five bucks for

1	nothi ng.
2	H. THEODORE COHEN: Right.
3	MICHAEL MCKEE: But, you know, I
4	think we want them to park in the garage.
5	We want to use the garage. We've got the
6	spaces, so it would be part of the you
7	know, our PTDM. We do say that's part of our
8	marketing. We're obligated to market that
9	way. We want people to use the garage if
10	they're going to drive. We want them not to
11	drive, but if they do drive, we want them to
12	use the garage.
13	H. THEODORE COHEN: Okay, thank you.
14	AHMED NUR: The only question I
15	have, Hugh, actually took over the last one
16	that I wanted to ask which is about the
17	functions, weddings and what not. And what's
18	the capacity in the restaurant just generally
19	on a busy how many people can you seat?
20	MICHAEL MCKEE: It's a 200 seat
21	restaurant.
22	AHMED NUR: 200.

1	MICHAEL MCKEE: Which is what he's
2	got now. Right now he's got he's actually
3	permitted for 300. And it's 210 seats right
4	now.
5	AHMED NUR: Any ballroom, any things
6	in there, auditoriums?
7	MICHAEL MCKEE: No. We don't have
8	function spaces. There will be private
9	rooms. It's a Japanese Korean restaurant.
10	There are private rooms
11	AHMED NUR: Sure.
12	MI CHAEL MCKEE: but those are
13	part of the 200.
14	AHMED NUR: And is the parking
15	space the parking spaces visible to the
16	public, either the neighbors, any
17	dimensi on
18	MI CHAEL MCKEE: No
19	AHMED NUR: or to the street?
	AHMED NUR: or to the street? MI CHAEL MCKEE: No, it's all, all of
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1 MI CHAEL MCKEE: And stays there. 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, now we will go 3 to public testimony. Is there a sign-up 4 sheet? 5 Michael Brandon is the first name on 6 the list. 7 MI CHAEL BRANDON: Thank you, 8 My name is Michael Brandon. Mr. Chair. 9 HUGH RUSSELL: Would you come up and 10 use the podium. 11 MI CHAEL BRANDON: Oh, sure. 12 Hi, again. My name is Michael Brandon. 13 I live at 27 Seven Pines Avenue in North 14 Cambridge and I am the clerk of the North 15 Cambridge Stabilization Committee. 16 First, just quickly on a procedural 17 issue that I discussed briefly with 18 Mr. Russell before the hearing, there's 19 concern that the public notice for this 20 hearing, which was based on general 21 representations in the application, 22 inadvertently misleads the public about what

the nature of this major amendment consists of. The notice reads that it's to convert the approved parking, 100 percent valet parking, as allowed by Section 6.3588 and That part of it is confusing Section 10.5. as I think you may even see in some of the correspondence you got, because unless people are familiar with the existing Special Permit that was issued that allowed five tandem valet parking spaces, it's -- when I first saw the notice a few weeks ago, I misread it to think that what was being requested was permission to just use 100 percent valet. But no inkling was given of notice about this The notice also goes on to stacked proposal. say that there are another -- there are no other changes proposed to plans, uses or conditions outlined in the Special Permit. When, in fact, there's significant changes to the plans as the proponent explained in removing a level or a half level of the parking lot, introducing these mechanical

stacking devices which at other proposed sites have been controversial and occur nowhere else in Cambridge. And then also the suggestion that there are no changes in conditions. There are, in the application itself, which I subsequently obtained proposals by the proponents to alter the existing conditions, including having to do, perhaps with the charges for parking that we discussed, but also specifically for use of the loading dock and hours of use. And I'll talk a little bit about that moving on to substantive issues.

The other reason -- although not necessarily a legal reason, and that would -- if indeed that is flawed, it may create a potential procedural ground for an appeal of your decision which I don't think anybody would want. But the Chair, bowing to his wisdom, suggested that since folks had turned out tonight and not graze that issue and that we open the hearing, have the presentation,

have people who have showed up to address you, speak tonight, and there would still be time, if the Board were willing, to keep both the oral and the written testimony open. Perhaps it would be re-advertised, you know, the next time it's going to -- for the next time it's going to come back. That would also allow time -- the other reasons are is that it's smack in the middle of summer and even some of the usual Board members are out of town as are many members of the public. And also given the long history of this project, that I know some of the longer term members of the Board are aware of, there's been a lot of interaction with the public and rezoning involved and hearing before the And a number of meetings with Zoni ng Board. both the Porter Square Neighborhood Association and with my organization, the North Cambridge Stabilization Committee. However, in this particular case we were not notified at all by the proponents that this

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was pending and offered to come and present the proposal and hear questions and concerns from the public and the affected neighbors. We normally flyer the neighborhood, the immediate neighborhood to make sure the folks who are not direct abutters who may not be aware of what's happening with this project. My understanding is that the Porter Square group was not notified until last Friday. So for all those reasons I would ask when tonight's proceeding closes that you do keep it open and perhaps have it advertised again, but to allow time for more interaction in the community given that the original plan that was permitted went through a lot of discussion, and from my point of view just minor changes.

HUGH RUSSELL: Could you wrap up your comments?

MICHAEL BRANDON: Sure. I got hung up on the procedure as I often do. Quickly I would say that the concerns raised in number,

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the first paragraph of the Traffic Department's letter raise a lot of the concerns that we have about this proposal and the congested nature of the site. Because a second curb cut was not added, traffic circulation on the site is going to be very problematic and I think the mitigations that are suggested later in the letter are not going to be sufficient to address them. And I won't go into the details of that now because I hope we have time to do that later or perhaps in writing. But even a change in ownership could magnify problems greatly. think I'll hold off on discussing the loading dock issues with you and the problem with cueing into the loading dock, the placement of the loading dock in the residential zone. Also as far as the free parking for valet for the restaurant, is in principle, a good idea, would encourage more people to use it. However, people would still, I believe, avoid using it in addition to the reasons cited by

1 the Traffic Commission and people don't want 2 to have to pay a tip if they have the 3 Cambridge License. You were wrapping up. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: 5 MI CHAEL BRANDON: I will wrap up. 6 And thank you for your patience. 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 8 Next person on the list is Nancy Cole. 9 My name is Nancy Cole. NANCY COLE: 10 I live at Five Porter Park in Cambridge. 11 we are one of the exact, direct abutters. 12 Our house abuts right onto the parking lot. 13 So, I just want to say a couple of things. 14 First of all, I think this whole plan 15 has been through, you know, a long time 16 trying to get this all settled. And in my 17 opinion, and the opinion of several of the 18 people in, at least in Porter Park who I've 19 talked to about this, this seems like a relatively minor situation, and one about 20 21 which actually we're pretty glad. We have 22 supported this project in the past. Many of

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you know that. But I have to say that the idea of thinking about all that construction right next to us has not ever been a very pleasant thought. So to think about having the garage not have to be so deep is a good I think it probably makes it less thi ng. likely that there will be any structural damage to our homes. I think the less time that is spent on the construction is a blessing to all of us who live anywhere near Any time there's one less truck that goes in and out of that driveway rattling our house about ten feet away is going to be a So, the fact that it won't be so good thing. deep and the construction won't be so long are both in my mind favorable factors.

I also just want to speak briefly to the valet issue. I think many of you know that our biggest concern being direct neighbors has been noise in the parking lot. So I would just remind you that right now there is a surface parking lot that is

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literally less than ten feet away from our house, and there's people who park there, and they leave at night and they go out there and talk and, you know, mostly they don't do it for very long, but it's always mostly it seems when you're trying to go to sleep. So I mean Mr. Gim has always been a good neighbor and he tries to take care of that. But one of the best things that we liked about this proposal is that the parking would be underground, and that would really lessen the noise impact on the neighborhood. And it seems to me that with a valet parker -- a valet person to park the cars, that will be only good. You know, it will be even less traffic in and out of that garage and even less potential noise.

So, you know, I can't speak to any of the procedural issues, but from the point of view of your quality of life, this all sounds like a good idea, and a number of us support it. Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: 1 Thank you, very much. 2 The next name on the list is Costanza 3 Eggers. 4 CONSTA EGGERS: Hello. I'm Costanza 5 Eggers at 37 Porter Road, very directly 6 behind the parking lot. 7 I received this notice just recently 8 and I just wanted to reiterate a couple of 9 things, but from my own perspective of what 10 both Traffic and Parking and North Cambridge 11 Stabilization Committee has said. 12 I haven't had a chance to really 13 understand the impact of this change nor why 14 it came about other than it might be a little 15 cheaper. So all I'm -- my biggest point 16 would be that I think we need another hearing 17 in September so we can really look at it. 18 And this conversation and your questions, the 19 Board's questions, and what people have been 20 saying, and Michael's presentation has given 21 me more of an understanding, but I still 22 have, and many of us still have many

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And I would like an opportunity questi ons. for another hearing in September. Not just to keep an open plate where people can comment, but to understand -- this is a major piece. And we asked as neighbors, and this is very important to you us, not to have valet parking for some of the reasons that Susan wrote in her letter. And if there's reluctance to park or pay the five bucks, you can imagine what the reluctance would be to do valet parking, you know, in a hydraulic I know if I had a BMW brand new, I lift. wouldn't want my car to be going in that.

So I'd like to know if there's data on that. Whether people use it? How is it comparable, the hydraulic lift in Boston with the ones here in Cambridge? I know that there's been some, some bad press about it, and I'd like to see what the insurance company that you mentioned, I'd like to see their study and what do they compare it to? What is the context? And we also have

questions about, for instance, the 1 2 information about the progress, before and 3 how much the geotech study that you just mentioned -- how much does that impact the 4 5 neighbors as well? That information isn't 6 public yet and we would like to see it. 7 the web page has promised so we can see 8 exactly what that water table is and if 9 there's a river or what. And also is that 10 going to change according to the plans. 11 There's so many changes we have questions as 12 to whether that means that the retaining wall 13 in back is therefore not going to be so thick 14 and deep because you're going to have it in 15 in a hydraulic lift. There's -- a lot of 16 details have been changed and I think we need 17 more of a chance to discuss this both in the 18 neighborhood and the PSNA and the North 19 Cambridge Stabilization and to hear your 20 comments. So I request, I really 21 respectfully request that we have another 22 hearing in September when people are here.

That's basically it. Is my time up? 1 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Yes. Thank you very 3 much. 4 Is there anyone else who is not on the 5 list here that would like to speak? 6 PI ease. 7 CAROL CULLEN: Just a suggestion --HUGH RUSSELL: Would you come 8 9 forward and give your name address. 10 CAROL CULLEN: My suggestion -- my 11 name is Carol Cullen at 40 Porter Road. 12 I just heard about this whole thing this 13 morning on my e-mail. It came up from the 14 North Cambridge Stabilization Committee. 15 This is the first word I've had on the whole 16 change. That's just me whining and 17 complaining. 18 What I wanted to say, can somebody who 19 has a video camera just go to one of these 20 stacking parking places and make a short 21 video of how it works and show it at the next 22 meeting, please? Thanks.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

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Ri chard?

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My name is Richard RI CHARD CLEARY:

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Cleary, North Cambridge Stabilization Committee, Chairman. The City Council back three years ago

asked the City Manager to report on the idea of stackers. And almost three years ago today on August 7th of '06 the City Manager responded to that request by the Council expressing some doubt about the idea. And I don't know whether the Board has access to the City Manager's letter. I'd be glad to submit it. It expresses several causes for hesitation about doing this, especially in an ad lib fashion. And so I'd like to simply suggest that before petitions like this are granted in ad lib fashion that the Planning Board make a policy study of this idea which is new to this city. And so I'd just like to submit the -- you know, I'd like to submit the letter from the City Manager to the

Counci I.

HUGH RUSSELL: Is there anyone else who wishes to be heard at this time?

(No response).

HUGH RUSSELL: So, there's one other piece which I realize I've forgotten to do and I'd like to do at this time, is question to the petitioner.

Under the rules of the Board we have to grant a favorable relief by a vote of five members, and ordinarily there are seven members present. So you have to get five out of seven. There are only six of us here now. And I need to know whether you agree to have us hear it. If you do not agree, what we'll have to do is stop and rehear the case, right? So I should have done that at the start.

MICHAEL MCKEE: Well, I think we, we were told that there was only going to be six members here and we agreed to come and present to the six.

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HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I just need to have that on the record.

So, I guess the other thing I would like to do is ask the Traffic Transportation and Parking Department to present their letter to us.

SUSAN CLIPPINGER: I think the gist of the letter to you and the issues, some of which have already been talked about, is this is -- Sue Clippinger, C-I-i-p-p-i-n-g-e-r, traffi c di rector.

The site is -- does not have a lot of frontage, because on Mass. Ave. itself there's a crosswalk that comes right into the center of the project. So unlike many active uses hotel restaurant where you would like to have some on street active space, there's really nothing there. So a lot of work had gone into the prior to the original permit to think through the loading and activity that is actually on the site which includes the hotel visitors, the restaurant visitors and

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taxi activity, which always is a mixed blessing, and most hotels have a love/hate relationship with the taxis. So when the proposal for a hundred percent valet is put forward, the concern that we're worried about is that it's a very small space in which to provide a lot of activities. And that if there's a peak between hotel activity and restaurant activity, a hundred percent valet could be a very difficult operation. I don't think it's a problem off peak, but I do think at the busy times it might be a And one of the ways -- there's a problem. couple ways that you might -- and the problem which I think, what we tried to say in the letter, was that potentially vehicles would cue and either block the sidewalk on Mass. Ave. or block the bike lanes and the travel lane on Mass. Ave. or park illegally blocking the crosswalk right in front of the site. those are things, which we obviously care greatly don't happen and want to try to make

sure that that works. So, our feeling is that there's two potential ways in which a problem like that could be mitigated. One of them would be to increase the amount of people who are operating the valet operation, but that is a cost-related activity. we're basically asking an operator to spend more money in order to save impacts on the public right of way. My experience is they're either going to be cooperative or they're not. And if they're not, we're going to be in a really awkward situation. thought is, is there a less costly way of trying to resolve that problem that would give us reliefifit was occurring. And that's where the conversations of self-parking come up. Because it doesn't cost you anything if you allow people to just drive passed the congestion and go park their So I don't know a lot about stackers car. and aren't a lot in Cambridge to look at --Therefore some in Boston. in Cambridge. But

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my understanding, which may be wrong, is if the stacker is up, a person can park their car underneath it. You wouldn't be able to use the space above, but you could park And so if the demands for the there. restaurant is -- today is a lot of 18, if you had every stacker up, you have about 18 spaces. So, it feels like if there's some flexibility on the part of the proponent in terms of what they're doing, that you could have a solution. But when Mr. Kiely is talking about they're only insured for a hundred percent valet and they can only do a hundred percent valet and they're unwilling to do anything less than a hundred percent valet, then I have a lot more worry about the project than I did when I wrote this letter. So, you know, my sense is if it's a hundred percent valet or nothing, it scares the living daylights out of me. If it's a hundred percent valet but during peak times, if they're unable to staff it, they will

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allow the self-park operation. And because the garage is really too big for demand, there's fair amount of flexibility there, then I think it's a viable option where there would be an opportunity for us if the language is in the Planning Board permit to go back to the valeter and say, the worries that we had identified and are identified in your permit about blocking the sidewalk, travelling in the bike lane or illegal parking, you know, need to be addressed and therefore, you know, you have to move on one or the other or other ways if they come up But the problem would have to be with them. addressed so that the vehicles can move into the garage and park there and that we don't have a compromised operation that has an adverse impact on the public right of way. So that's essentially what we're trying to say in the letter.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Can I ask a question?

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

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H. THEODORE COHEN: I understand your concerns. I'm curious, are there benefits to a hundred percent valet in other areas that, you know, not necessarily, you know, override or mitigate the concerns, but that there's affirmative benefit to the hundred percent valet?

SUSAN CLI PPI NGER: I can't think of any benefit to a hundred percent valet because I think that having a system with some flexibility and options is going to give the developer and the city a lot more tools and opportunities to make sure that things work well. And the stackers are a different challenge than an unstacker garage because you have to figure out who's on top and who's on bottom. But I think those are things that can be addressed and deal t with, but I can't imagine that, you know, there's any situation where a hundred percent valet is a good thing for us to be supporting. And that's where I

believe Museum Towers went. Maybe you were here, a long time ago, and we have received complaints every year, I've been here with people wanting us to fix the problem because they hate the hundred percent valet. Not everybody, some people love it. Some people hate it. So having operations that allow variety of different personalities and things to work in the most flexible way, I think is a better way to do business.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Di scussi on?

CHARLES STUDEN: Yes, which is actually what we proposed initially, I think, because you had five valet parking spaces as well as a self-parking which is not a possibility in this current proposal.

I think what I've been thinking about is I first received this package is, you know, do the benefits of what's being proposed here outweigh the downsides?

Granted the project is going to look the same

and there's going to be less construction impact and it will be cheaper for the developer to build it, but I think there's the potential for some very big traffic What you're proposing here is impacts. really going to depend on people or the operations of the garage and those things are notoriously difficult. And I can see situations where it could become very, very problematic, especially during peak times and in bad weather. This isn't California, and I can imagine a snowstorm or a bad rainstorm this peak hour of the evening cars coming in and taxis and horn blowing. And people just getting out of their cars and literally just leaving them and going into the hotel or leaving them on the street. It can be very, very difficult. And what we again approved last fall I don't think we'd have that difficulty. Although I was actually concerned, even then, about the capacity of that taxi loading area in front of the hotel,

I thought it was very small anyway. But now that we're in a proposal that you are currently -- that you have before us, I think it makes it even more of a problem. And I'm just worried that it's not going to be adequate. So I guess I need to think a little bit more about this. But, again, I'm worried that the benefits here are not -- they're just not apparent to me.

HUGH RUSSELL: Anyone el se?

STEVEN WINTER: Yes, I have one.

Thank you.

I think there's something that we're not taking into account when we think about the problem that may occur at the entrance to the hotel restaurant, and that is it's not in the owner's interest to have an atmosphere of chaos and pandemonium to the doorway of his place of business. So I think we have to assume that the owner is going to do his level best to mitigate those problems, to mitigate those issues. Those are logistical

issues. They're not foundational structural defects. Those are logistical issues that can be solved. Logistical issues can be solved.

And I wanted to comment briefly on the stackers being de facto self-park spaces. I can't imagine any insurance company allowing members of the general public to park on the stacker or under a stacker with family or children. I don't think that would be allowable under any circumstances. And I certainly wouldn't recommend it, to let that happen.

I want to confirm that -- did we actually take the spaces from 35 to 40 at the request of the neighbors? Is that how -- was that the origin of that? That the neighborhood requested the larger number of spaces?

MI CHAEL MCKEE: We presented 40 spaces, but that came out of our discussions with the neighbors. That that was addressing

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a neighbor's concern that we didn't have -that just in case we don't have enough. So,
the neighbors didn't come here and say we
want 40. We presented it as 40 based on our
discussions.

STEVEN WINTER: Okay.

And I, you know, I think the other piece that -- I pay a lot of attention to Sue Clippinger's reports. And what I saw here was her asking that this -- that there be flexibility in case of exigent conditions that created pandemonium and chaos at that And I think that that's a entrance. legitimate thing to ask the proponent to do, to have something in place to take care of that should that happen. I think that's perfectly legitimate. And I also want to echo what I believe Sue said which was if we're going to do the hundred percent valet, then there's got to be some kind of monitoring by the city on an on-going basis. I won't even pretend to know whether it's

1	three months, six months, 12 months or six
2	months, 12 months, 18, 24 months to make sure
3	that the conditions at that entrance with 100
4	percent valet parking in fact are meeting the
5	expectations of the city. And if they're
6	not, then I think the proponent needs to go
7	back and address it somehow in some way. And
8	I think that needs to be a part of our
9	decision if we're going to approve this.
10	Thank you.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a PTDM plan
12	for this building?
13	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: I'm sorry?
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a PTDM plan
15	for this building.
16	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: Yes.
17	MI CHAEL MCKEE: Yes.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: And that would be
19	non-monitoring entering?
20	MI CHAEL MCKEE: Yes.
21	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: Without
22	monitoring of the conditions of operation

1	the operational conditions that are talked
2	about here
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
4	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: monitoring of
5	how many people come by what mode.
6	MICHAEL MCKEE: But also how many
7	people use the parking and how there is we
8	do monitor the parking.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: And we don't
10	that's a separate ordinance that but
11	presumably there's an ability to amend
12	whatever PTDM agreement has been made if the
13	proponent and the city agree to incorporate
14	additional provisions in that if that seems
15	wi se.
16	STUART DASH: You would be hard
17	pressed to expand the garage.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Right. I mean
19	STEVEN WINTER: Sue, are you going
20	to respond to that?
21	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: Well, I suspect
22	that there's you could also do it as a

1 condition in the permit. 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, why don't we 3 leave --4 SUSAN CLI PPI NGER: It would not 5 necessarily be tied to PTDM, but in response 6 to the issues that are discussed. 7 BETH RUBENSTEIN: I'm not sure that 8 the PTDM staff person is the best person in 9 terms of understanding operations. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: We'd rely upon you to 11 recommend appropriate.... Amend. 12 AHMED NUR: I'd like to mention that 13 I was -- during college I worked down in 14 Harvard Square and they had somewhere 15 probably around 30 valet parking. And as you 16 probably know, people necessarily come 17 together and stay in one hotel even though 18 they're going to a function at a different 19 ballroom or wedding or function, and they all 20 tend to travel together and stay in one 21 And that 30 valet sometimes phone pl ace. 22 calls ring, usually talks -- you would

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normally have five valets on a shift maximum at this capacity. Every one of them grab the key and run down the stairs to go get the There's the mix up opportunity to bring car. cars up -- as soon as we bring cars up, staff bring the car up, there's a jam. The person who called upstairs for this particular car is not down yet. there's other people waiting. Then there's the mix up with the key. You throw the key down on the platform and go run down, another key and so on and so forth. So, as Sue has mentioned and probably everyone else on the Board, I think that a hundred percent valet is definitely something that I personally would not support.

JOHN KIELY: I just want to point out the concern about pandemonium and bulb into the street and a snowstorm, at the Inn at Harvard we've never really had that and we've had major snowstorms. And we have other personnel other than the valet people

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that assist in major issues. If there is a major storm, then the maintenance staff is out clearing the way, the most important area, versus any leaks in the hotel is making sure there's public access in and out of the So it wouldn't be the people that bui I di ng. are dedicated to moving the traffic through. There are snow blowers moving whatever needs And yes, there are times when to be moved. everybody does come together at one time, but we also have that same type of thing happen at Harvard Square Hotel where there is no valet and they all check in at the same time and one person leaves his car at the top and we don't have the ability to move that car, that's an issue. That creates a major issue. And we have to try and stop the guest from checking in. Can you please move your car. Because we don't have control of that situation. So, I just want to point that out.

CHARLES STUDEN: But just to be

1	clear, neither of those hotels, the Inn at
2	Harvard or the Harvard Square Hotel is a
3	hundred percent valet.
4	JOHN KIELY: The Inn at Harvard.
5	CHARLES STUDEN: You can't drive
6	your car in.
7	JOHN KIELY: There's a sign that
8	says you can't drive your car in.
9	CHARLES STUDEN: I'm going to check
10	that out as to what you're proposing here.
11	Thank you, that's helpful.
12	MI CHAEL MCKEE: There's about 112
13	rooms.
14	JOHN KIELY: 111 rooms.
15	MI CHAEL MCKEE: We're (i naudi bl e)
16	and it's quite a bit bigger than us and the
17	driveway area is it's a little better than
18	ours.
19	ROGER BOOTH: Can't hear.
20	MICHAEL MCKEE: The Inn at Harvard
21	is 111 rooms, it's over twice as big as ours.
22	They have a two-lane driveway, as we do, in

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and off the street. And there's a set-up similar to ours where you drive in and continue on down the ramp if you're going into the garage or you look around. have a better turn around than we do, but that's the not the -- that doesn't impact the valet. And I don't -- I mean, I mean my own personal -- my daughter does the Jose Mateo. So I spend a lot of time sitting out there on the little fence there waiting for valet to And, you know, there is -- you know, end. that is not a -- pandemonium is not what I would describe as anything that ever happens in front of the Inn at Harvard. And so I'm a little bit concerned that that may be overstated. I mean, we're, we're much We have 13 cars, you know, planned smaller. for the hotel. That's --

JOHN KIELY: The other cars you see going down would be the hotel cars.

HUGH RUSSELL: So, my feeling is that we should not make a decision tonight

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and that there should be some more creative discussion between the proponent and the staff. And I would suggest a way of perhaps thinking about it, which is to try to quantify the potential for confusion. Ιn other words, how many self-parking spaces would you need if your operation were that in this sort of peak time people come and there might be, say, four spaces that they could park in in the garage, if you had a thing, you know, saying valet parking only beyond And that would essentially be holding thi s. spaces, they wouldn't -- so that when the valet people caught up, they'd take a car out of that space and move it into the valet section. I mean, a plan like that might give you -- might solve the insurance thing. might -- it means that you might not be able to have, you know, stackers in those four spaces.

JOHN KIELY: And we are flexible.

We're not -- our company is not one to say

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this is the way to do it. We'll change in ten minutes if we need to based on -- because no facility is the same. So we need to, once it does start operating and we realize that this particular process is not working, we change it. We change it because you are correct in saying we don't want to stack up in front of our restaurant.

HUGH RUSSELL: I'll tell a personal story. I actually designed a hotel, only one, and it was a conversion of a locational high school, the Double Tree Hotel on Washington Street in Boston. And when it was the auto shop down in the basement and the big cafeteria, and so that was the only place in the hotel for parking. And so I laid it all out neatly with parking spaces, and there weren't very many. And every time I got down there for some occasion, the place is absolutely solid cars. It's a valet, a hundred percent valet system. Their overflow was that you have a deal with the Wang garage

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next-door if they absolutely have to. But so that seems to me that's another possibility. If it's heavily valet, you might be able to put a few more cars in the aisle down at the far end of the garage that might allow you to take out some stackers. It might allow you to have this more flexibility. So I think thinking that way. I am assuming you can't squeeze the maintenance and basement areas enough to get any more parking spaces, but you could -- I don't know, that's just a question maybe. Maybe there's a way to get another nine feet of parking garage in there and that would allow you to again, get the flexibility that the city would like to see, you have of the --

MICHAEL MCKEE: If that was the difference between making it work or not, we can always find another nine feet.

HUGH RUSSELL: So I guess I would like if there are no other comments from the Board at this time, to end this hearing.

1	Leave the hearing open for further testimony
2	the next time.
3	H. THEODORE COHEN: So we're
4	continuing the hearing? Leaving it open?
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
6	BETH RUBENSTEIN: September 8th
7	would be the next meeting, that's our best
8	guess, but please check in to be sure.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: And that would be in
10	September to get more time to have meetings
11	and other
12	H. THEODORE COHEN: Mr. Chair.
13	Could I I haven't seen the legal notice
14	but what was read to me sounded like it was
15	fine. But could I just request the staff
16	might review it with City Council?
17	BETH RUBENSTEIN: Sure.
18	H. THEODORE COHEN: Just to confirm
19	that they feel it is an appropriate notice.
20	(Whereupon, a discussion was
21	held off the record.)
22	LES BARBER: Are we ready?

HUGH RUSSELL: We are.

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LES BARBER: This is I think a 45 second bit of business. What you're looking at is a plan that reflects the joint efforts of Twining and Company and the -- which I call the Ropa Building. I actually don't know what -- it's the Main Street office building abutting Broad Canal which the Planning Board approved as a Special Permit probably 25 years ago. And part of the boat Launching area for Broad Canal recently installed as well as -- but the boardwalk. And the turnaround and drop off for the boat launching facility as well the landscaping down along the driveway is all along the Broad Canal Ropa Building site. And simply to make it clear in the documents filed at the City Clerk's office, that there's been a change in the site plan that we simply approve it as consistent with the permit as issued 25 years ago, which it certainly is, and just file that with the Clerk so that

1	there's a reasonable paper trail following
2	the changes that are being made. I'm not
3	sure we ever particularly approved the
4	details of the landscaping method that was
5	there previously, but I think it would be
6	nice to memorialize this in the file for this
7	particular site. There are also a bunch of
8	cross easements between the two entities to
9	allow all of this activity to occur which I
10	think we all think is quite positive.
11	STEVEN WINTER: Indeed.
12	LES BARBER: So that's the just a
13	procedural thing for the Board to do if
14	you're willing to do that.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Does anyone wish to
16	make a motion?
17	STEVEN WINTER: I will. I move that
18	the amendments to the Landscaping plan on
19	is it One Broadway?
20	LES BARBER: It's One Main.
21	LIZA PADEN: One Main.
22	LES BARBER: One Main. It has a

1	Planning Board number.
2	LI ZA PADEN: 44.
3	LES BARBER: 44.
4	STEVEN WINTER: As delineated in the
5	handouts that we have here be accepted and
6	approved.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Any
8	discussion? All those in favor.
9	(Show of hands.)
10	BETH RUBENSTIN: Hugh, I have one
11	other briefitem or, Liza, you may have
12	something else.
13	LIZA PADEN: No, I'm going to make
14	sure there's no more BZA. After doing the
15	two signs for Zoning Board for August 13th
16	there were actually three non-sign cases and
17	I didn't know if anybody had any questions
18	about those.
19	PATRICIA SINGER: I do.
20	LIZA PADEN: Yes.
21	PATRICIA SINGER: On No. 9827 I was
22	curious to understand the benefit of

1 subdividing something into two lots. 2 LIZA PADEN: This is property that's 3 owned by Just-A-Start. And what's happening is they have a multi-family building and they 4 5 have a two-family structure, and by 6 subdividing it they can work on having the 7 multi-family building be managed as one 8 entity and then the two next to it. They are 9 also doing renovation work to the two-family 10 house next-door. So because they're doing 11 the subdividing, they're not going to meet 12 the yard requirements, so Just-A-Start has 13 proposed to put in a new parking plan and 14 alterations for this. This is what the plans 15 There's no -look like. 16 PATRICIA SINGER: Thank you. 17 LIZA PADEN: -- changes in the use. 18 They'll still both be residential buildings. 19 PATRICIA SINGER: Thank you. 20 Okay? Thank you. LIZA PADEN: 21 CHARLES STUDEN: Thank you. 22 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL:

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BETH RUBENSTEIN: I just wanted to note that in your packages tonight we have given you a copy of a proposed change to the Zoning ordinance in Somerville which we can get into tonight or if you'd like to get into it another night, that's okay. It was actually sent to the city. It should have been sent to you, the Planning Board of an adjacent town. And the change in Zoning would affect the northerly portion of the North Point Development Project and takes that portion, and basically declares that the only allowable uses would be railroad yards and terminals, waste management facilities, bottle redemption centers or public buildings owned by the City of Somerville. And I did actually run upstairs and get my North Point Plan just so I can show you briefly the area we're talking about. This is probably known to the Board as the North Point Site Plan. And you'll recall that wavy line is the Cambridge/Somerville border. And so this is

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Boston (indicating). And then everything

here is Somerville. The area they're

rezoning is here (indicating).

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more history to this, but as I think most folks know the Green Line Extension Project is something that is court ordered project to

And I will say there's actually a bit

take place by 2014. It turns out that as

part of the Green Line Extension, a Green

Line maintenance facility needs to be built.

There is a site in Somerville that's being

looked at near the brickyards project.

City of Somerville is proposing, if you will,

parcel E for the location of that facility.

And we have communicated with them that

obviously it would have impacts on the North

Point Project. That it would -- actually,

when you look at the plans we have seen,

admittedly pretty rough plans for that

facility, there are tracks that get the cars

to the maintenance facility that would run

through parcels A, B, C, D, E, F and a little

bit of G. So we have been on the record, the City Manager's communicated to Somerville that it has huge impacts on the North Park Project, certainly would necessitate a major amendment to the permit, and we also noted that one the big community issues when we were looking at North Point for the neighborhood was the noise that folks have been telling us for years emanates from the Boston engine terminal. So, we don't see putting another noise generator there makes a lot of sense for folks here. Not to mention that since those comments about the BET we now have folks living at ST and the Smith high-rise. So, I wanted you all to have a copy of language really, what the technical language says that this area of the city is only for those rail related, transfer station, DPW type uses. And it's -- so if that zoning is adopted and, again, this is just a proposal, it's going to have big impacts on that site.

1 CHARLES STUDEN: And there's no 2 other site in Somerville for that facility? 3 BETH RUBENSTEIN: There's another site that has been being looked at. I'm not 4 5 an expert in that site. It's in Somerville 6 and it's by the Brick Bottom Project. 7 City of Somerville has issues, some problems 8 They are claiming actually, that with that. 9 they feel that this site would be more 10 cost-effective. I would disagree with that 11 because I think once the owner of this parcel 12 starts discussing what it would mean for a 13 portion, not a hundred percent, but a portion 14 of all those parcels to be made into tracks 15 that the issue of finance is going to be very 16 much upon us. 17 CHARLES STUDEN: And those are all 18 designated for residential development? 19 BETH RUBENSTEIN: That's correct. Now, it's interesting, we -- the 20 21 Planning Board and the staff always 22 understood that if zoning changed in

22

Somerville, it could change the project. And in fact, the permit I think pretty effectively you all indicated that should the zoning in Somerville change, should the zoning in Boston change, that the developer was obligated to come back to you right away to say there's been a change. Right now we're in a situation where the developer Because as you'll recall, isn't active. there was a partnership that's breaking up. They still have not effected a sale to So there's a, you know, an anybody el se. owner of record, but there's really not a developer in the mix. So we're feeling especially that it's especially important for Cambridge to come forth and indicate the And I urge the Board to issues that we have. look at the proposal, and certainly if the Planning Board would like to make comments to the City of Somerville, that's certainly something you can do. I don't have a hearing date yet and we'll keep you posted.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Do they tend to bear
2	a proposed letter that we want to send?
3	CHARLES STUDEN: That's what I was
4	going to say, a letter.
5	BETH RUBENSTEIN: Sure. Be happy to
6	do that. We'll bring you something to look
7	at.
8	CHARLES STUDEN: I agree.
9	STEVEN WINTER: I have a comment.
10	Beth, I want to feed this back to you to make
11	sure I have it. In essence, the City of
12	Somerville is proposing development
13	immediately adjacent to a very successful
14	ongoing mixed use urban development, and
15	they're proposing to place bottle redemption
16	centers, a waste management facility and
17	railroad terminals and yards, is this really
18	be correct?
19	BETH RUBENSTEIN: Can I clarify a
20	little bit, Steve?
21	STEVEN WINTER: Yes.
22	BETH RUBENSTEIN: They have a zoning

1 proposal that says the only allowable uses in 2 that area would be the things you see I 3 believe on the second page. AHMED NUR: Just parcel E, right? 4 5 BETH RUBENSTEIN: It's a more or 6 less parcel E. It's a little more than that. 7 In fact, if you look at the proposal, and you 8 look at this plan here, this wavy line is the 9 wavy line that runs through the development. 10 So it's larger. It's E and to the north. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: Sort of like that? 12 BETH RUBENSTEIN: It's that wavy 13 line, exactly. So what they're doing here is 14 saying that Industry B Zone could only be 15 used for the four bulleted, you know, the 16 railroad terminals and yards, waste 17 management, transfer, station incinerator, 18 bottle redemption center for recycling and 19 building, and uses for the City of 20 That's what the zoning is doing. Somerville. 21 Separate from the zoning, the City of 22 Somerville is a proponent of the Green Line

1 maintenance facility going here. There are 2 two separate things. 3 If I'm not H. THEODORE COHEN: mistaken I think the T is adamantly opposed 4 5 to that site, and is pretty definite that 6 they only want the brick bottom site. 7 think they've already submitted environmental 8 impact statements saying that that's what is 9 goi ng. 10 BETH RUBENSTEIN: Your knowledge may be a little ahead of ours. I haven't talked 11 12 to them in the last couple of weeks. 13 H. THEODORE COHEN: Unless they've 14 changed it. But there was a lot -- and you 15 can Google it -- there was a lot on the web a 16 couple months ago about the T saying, no, 17 this is where it's going to go. And they 18 didn't care that the City of Somerville was 19 unhappy about it. 20 BETH RUBENSTEIN: Well, we'll keep 21 an eye the hearing schedule. Obviously I 22 don't know what the timing is, how long we

have to get a letter in, but this came July 9th so this certainly -- we haven't lost our opportunity. The city will be running as a city and we'll draft something for the Board and have you all take a look at that.

Can I clarify Steve's question? This was always industrial zoned in this area on the Somerville side. North Point folks always needed to seek new zoning to get housing there. And that -- and as part of the permit that was discussed that they need to go seek a change in the Somerville Zoning to allow use in that area, because it was always industrial zoned. What the proposed zoning is doing is actually reducing the industrial uses down to three

So they never did that Zoning Board in Somerville?

And Somerville has plans, I'm forgetting what they call the area

1 where the alternate site is located, but they 2 have development plans there which they feel 3 are thwarted significantly if the, you know, 4 maintenance facility for the Green Line are 5 located there because they can't put in 6 various connections I think even connections 7 on Paul Bryant Highway. And so I mean they 8 have a strategy and particular objectives 9 that they have and.... 10 HUGH RUSSELL: So there isn't a 11 spirit of neighborly cooperation between the 12 two planning departments? 13 Okay, well I'm sure they're just 14 waiting for our comments. 15 Thank you. BETH RUBENSTEIN: HUGH RUSSELL: We're adjourned. 16 17 (Whereupon, at 10:20 p.m., the 18 meeting adjourned.) 19 20 21 22

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS BRI STOL, SS.
4	I, Catherine Lawson Zelinski, a
5	Certified Shorthand Reporter, the undersign Notary Public, certify that:
6	I am not related to any of the parties in this matter by blood or marriage and that
7	I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.
8	
9	I further certify that the testimony hereinbefore set forth is a true and accurate
10	transcription of my stenographic notes to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set
12	my hand this 14th day of August 2009.
13	
14	Cathonina I Zalinaki
15	Catherine L. Zelinski Notary Public
16	Certi fi ed Shorthand Reporter Li cense No. 147703
17	My Commission Expires:
18	April 23, 2015
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