1	
2	PLANNING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
3	GENERAL HEARI NG
4	Tuesday, July 6, 2010
5	7: 00 p. m.
6	in
7	Second Floor Meeting Room, 344 Broadway
8	City Hall Annex McCusker Building Cambridge, Massachusetts
9	
10	Hugh Russell, Chair Steven Winter, Member
11	William Tibbs, Member Pamela Winters, Member
12	H. Theodore Cohen, Member Charles Studen, Member
13	Ahmed Nur, Member Patricia Singer, Member
14	Susan Glazer, Acting Assistant City Manager
15	for Community Development
16	Community Development Staff: Les Barber
17	Stuart Dash
18	
19	
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			_
1	INDEX		
2	INDEX		
3	<u>CASE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Update by Susan Glazer Board of Zoning Appeal Cases PUBLIC HEARINGS City Council Petition to Amend Article 7.000 Signs and III uminations GENERAL BUSINESS 1. PB#151, 360 Binney Street 2. PB3248, 1067 Massachusetts Avenue	20 3 22 143	
19 20			
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## PROCEEDINGS 1 2 HUGH RUSSELL: Let's get started on 3 our agenda. This is the meeting of the Cambridge Planning Board. And the first item 4 5 on our agenda is the Board of Zoning Appeal 6 cases. I'll ask Susan for her update after 7 all the members arrive. 8 Good evening. SUSAN GLAZER: 9 wanted to be sure that people can hear me. 10 At any rate, do you want me to do the update 11 now? 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Why don't we wait 13 until the rest of the Board is here. 14 SUSAN GLAZER: That's fine. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: So the Board of 16 Zoning Appeal cases. And, Les, you're going 17 to handle it. 18 We actually have a LES BARBER: 19 representative from Clearwire Communications 20 bringing back a revised antenna that I

believe you've seen before, and a proposed

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1 new one that you may not have seen. 2 STEVEN WINTER: What street is this 3 on? 4 ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA: 1100 Mass. 5 Ave. and 10 Fawcett Street. 6 LES BARBER: Why don't we do those 7 first, and if you have any issues with the 8 regular cases, we can discuss those. 9 ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA: 10 evening, Mr. Chairman and members of the 11 Board. For the record, my name is Ricardo 12 Souza from Prince, Lobel, Glovsky and Tye. 13 I'm here on behalf of the applicant Clearwire 14 which is licensed by the FCC to construct and operate a wireless telecommunications network 15 16 for purposes of high speed internet access. 17 And we've been before this Board and also the 18 BZA for a number of sites here in the City of 19 Cambridge. And these are two sites that 20 you've seen before, but that we've gone back 21 to the drawing board on so that we can

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improve the design after hearing your comments on the initial proposal.

If I could, I'd like to hand out some plans and photo simulations.

HUGH RUSSELL: Great.

ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA: So, what I would suggest is that if I could ask the Board members to take a look at the plans that I've submitted just page C-1 as you can see, this building is located at the intersection of Mass. Ave. and Mount Auburn Street. And there's an existing wireless antenna installation already on the -- what I would call the penthouse of the building The white penthouse. i tsel f. And when we were here last, we were asked to make some changes to try to congregate the antennas as best as possible, try to minimize visibility, and I think we've done that. If you look at page A-1, that would be the best way to -for me to sort of walk through the changes

that we've made.

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A-1 has essentially two rooftop -excuse me, a rooftop plan on the left-hand side, and the -- the angle side of the building is Mass. Ave. and Mount Auburn is on the straight edge side. And there are some indentations in the building just to the north of that rooftop plan, and that was really the view that we were asked to try to work on to try to minimize visibility. so one of the things that we've done is we've changed it from two wireless back hall dish antennas to just one. And so no longer will there be a back hall dish antenna on this There will only be one located here facade. (indicating). So that is a reduction in the number of antennas. And so the total number that we're proposing is three panel antennas and one dish antenna.

The photo simulations themselves, I think, depict best, if you go to the second

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photo, which is this one (indicating), perhaps the third photo, excuse me, That's I think a wall that I --Mr. Winter. this a is fairly exposed and you can see it from Harvard Square. And so, and originally we had a dish antenna located right in the center of that wall. We are no longer proposing any antennas there. And instead the panels themselves have also been pushed out to the edges of those walls. As you can see, if you turn to the next photo, an antenna that was located originally on the exposed facade here is now being pushed over to the edge adjacent to on another existing antenna that Sprint operates already on that facade.

And if you turn to the last view, this is on Mount Auburn Street, we are once again utilizing a section of that penthouse that I think is less visible from the street given the lower section of the building. So it's,

1 we're trying to utilize that penthouse which 2 is set in from the edge of the building 3 itself, and that I think will allow us to 4 minimize visibility of these antennas. 5 And so turning back to the plans on 6 A-1, I'll walk you through the antennas 7 themselves. Once again this is Harvard 8 Street. 9 Before you do that, I HUGH RUSSELL: 10 guess I'd ask my colleagues have they got the 11 picture from the photo sims? 12 (Board Members: Yes). 13 HUGH RUSSELL: So I don't think you 14 need to walk through the plans. 15 ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA: Fai r 16 enough, Mr. Chairman. I'm happy to answer 17 any questions that the Board may have. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: It looks to me like 19 you've accomplished what we hoped you would 20 accomplish. And my colleagues are all 21 agreeing with me. So we could write

1	something to the Zoning Board that says that.
2	ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: Very good,
3	Mr. Chairman. Thank you. That's all for
4	this particular application.
5	If I can turn to 10 Fawcett real
6	qui ckl y.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure. Do you want to
8	pick these up?
9	ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: Sure, I can
10	use them for the BZA hearing.
11	CHARLES STUDEN: Save paper. We're
12	all for that.
13	ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: Absolutely.
14	The next application involves 10
15	Fawcett Street. Which you've also seen. We
16	were here and received a favorable
17	recommendation. I have one change that I'd
18	like to highlight for the Board. They are
19	not it's not a significant change, but
20	involves the movement of one of the dishes.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So let's just
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It's an

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try it with the photo sims.

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This is an engineering matter?

ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA:

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engineering matter, that's exactly right.

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of the panel antennas to try to once again to

Essentially we had placed inadvertently two

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(inaudible), instead we have to -- in order

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to avoid interference, we have to move one of

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the dishes just to the other side of the two

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panel antennas. And that view can be seen

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actually in the first page. And so

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originally the dish here, just to the left of

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these antennas is going to be proposed to be

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placed in between the two bracketed antennas

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right on the first view. And so instead

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we're proposing it just to the left. That's

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the only change. And once again that dish

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antenna will be painted to match the facade

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of the penthouse. We just want to make sure

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that the record was accurate with respect to

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the plans and photo sims.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 2 PATRI CI A SI NGER: Just for the 3 record, that's exactly the view that Tom was 4 concerned with. 5 CHARLES STUDEN: I'm sorry, I'm not hearing very well. Is your microphone on? 6 7 What did you say? PATRICIA SINGER: I said just for 8 9 the record I think that that was the view 10 that Tom was questioning. That originally we 11 thought that when you went by from this 12 angle, you wouldn't see anything. And Tom 13 actually went out and looked and realized 14 that it was quite visible. 15 ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: One of the 16 things we can't, we don't have the right to 17 do is alter the existing antennas that are 18 there already which I think are the most 19 vi si bl e. They were approved under the 20 previous applications. And so what we're 21 trying to do going forward is try to install

1 them in a way that minimizes visibility. So 2 in this case we aren't proposing any 3 additional panel antennas, we're just 4 proposing the dish, the dishes. And there 5 are a couple of antennas that do stick up 6 above just slightly, the penthouse. We're 7 not proposing to do that with these antennas. 8 And I think going forward that will not be 9 We will not be extending above the done. 10 penthouse ever. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: So if you look at 12 pages three and four, you can see two dishes 13 that are compared to the dishes. Page one is 14 the same as page four. 15 ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA: That's 16 correct. 17 HUGH RUSSELL: I myself do not have 18 a problem with this. 19 STEVEN WINTER: I also do not have a 20 problem, but I do want to make a general 21 First of all, thank you for your statement.

1 attention to the matter. 2 ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: Of course. 3 In Cambridge we STEVEN WINTER: 4 often say the devil is in the detail, and one of the reasons we have the urban fabric that 5 6 we have is we pay attention to very small 7 things like this. I have passed through 8 towns in the urban core that have erected 90 9 foot poles upon which are dozens and dozens 10 of these transeptors, and on top of 11 buildings. So it may seem like it's picking 12 and choosing, but we really appreciate your 13 attention to it because this matters to us. 14 ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: 15 Absolutely. We know that, and I've done a 16 lot of work in Cambridge and that's one thing 17 that, you know, we respect of course. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So on this, do 19 we have to take any action? 20 LES BARBER: Well, if you're fine 21 with it, then we can -- I'm not quite sure --

1	ifit's
2	ATTORNEY RICARDO SOUZA: This one,
3	it's continued to July 22nd.
4	LES BARBER: We can just indicate
5	that we've seen the revision and have no
6	problem with it.
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Thank you.
8	So, let's go back to the basic Board of
9	Zoni ng Appeal agenda. Steve had a couple of
10	questi ons.
11	ATTORNEY RI CARDO SOUZA: Thank you
12	Mr. Chairman. Thank you members of the
13	Board.
14	STEVEN WINTER: Les, I had two
15	questions on the BZA list. One was case 9955
16	which is the Lesley University banner. And
17	my I don't need to see any of the details,
18	but my only question is is the new proposed
19	banner the same size as the existing banners?
20	LES BARBER: As the banners that are
21	already up on the Wendell Street site.

1	STEVEN WINTER: On the new
2	dormi tory?
3	LES BARBER: Yes.
4	STEVEN WINTER: Okay. Got it.
5	Thank you.
6	LES BARBER: And there are I think
7	several of them.
8	STEVEN WINTER: Okay. And then the
9	other case is right under it, 9956, 11
10	Linnaean, and I am just curious what that
11	means exactly to construct a curb cut to
12	enable parking on existing open space. Is
13	there currently parking on the space?
14	PAMELA WINTERS: I have the same
15	questi on, too.
16	LES BARBER: I think it's just an
17	open area on the lot, and the proposal is for
18	the curb cut to allow access for parking.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Do they have a site
20	pl an?
21	LES BARBER: I think they probably

1	do.
2	(Showing plans to Board members).
3	STEVEN WINTER: Les, can you point
4	out again what's happening where?
5	LES BARBER: This is the area where
6	the proposed parking it may not be a curb
7	cut, and I don't know whether there is
8	parking there. There have been a number of
9	BZA cases.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: So this would
11	constitute parking in the front yard setback?
12	LES BARBER: Yes.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Which we don't like.
14	PAMELA WINTERS: Which we don't
15	like.
16	H. THEODORE COHEN: That is the
17	front yard.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Well, both yards.
19	LES BARBER: And this, you know,
20	it's fairly steep here, so it goes down.
21	Fairly steep, fairly high retaining wall over

much of this periphery. It sounds like they have mounted the curb at this location which is illegal.

PATRICIA SINGER: When I lived on Linnaean Street my living room window looked out on to this site, and as a matter of practice, people have been in the past drove over the curb in the winter to park there.

But it is a lawn and at different points in the past people have actually put grass there.

LES BARBER: I believe there was an application for a curb cut down on Warren (phonetic) Street to put in a parking space, and to my recollection that was denied.

HUGH RUSSELL: The parking in the front yard, you know, we understand the difficulty with this parcel finding a place to put an off street car, and if the Board is going to consider allowing parking in the front yard setback, then the nature of the

1	materials and the screening become very
2	important to try to minimize the impact on
3	the rest of the street.
4	STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, I'd like
5	to be just a little stronger and say that for
6	my own part I strongly oppose putting
7	vehicles on spaces that previously have been
8	open space.
9	LES BARBER: Well, it isn't that
10	it's necessarily a required open space.
11	They
12	STEVEN WINTER: No, no, this I know.
13	It's privately owned, yes.
14	LES BARBER: Almost by definition
15	parking always goes on open space. It's not
16	parking before that.
17	STEVEN WINTER: But you understand
18	the concept that I'm talking about, which is
19	that I I dislike filling the urban fabric
20	with the vehicles where there were none,
21	etcetera, etcetera.

1	LES BARBER: Okay.
2	STEVEN WINTER: Thank you.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Are there any
4	other cases that people have questions on?
5	H. THEODORE COHEN: Actually, can l
6	just follow up on the last one?
7	Les, do you know is there on street
8	parking there?
9	LES BARBER: There is. I don't know
10	whether it's probably just on one side of the
11	street. I suspect.
12	H. THEODORE COHEN: So if they got
13	the curb cut, would they be giving up a
14	parking space on the street?
15	PATRICIA SINGER: No, because it's
16	on the other side.
17	LES BARBER: No, I think the parking
18	is on the other side.
19	H. THEODORE COHEN: It's on the
20	other side.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Any more

1 discussion on the Zoning Board? 2 (No response.) 3 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Then, Susan, I 4 think we have to ask you to give your update 5 now. 6 Okay. Thank you. SUSAN GLAZER: 7 This is our July 6th meeting and we have another meeting -- we have another 8 9 meeting in July on July 20th. At that time 10 there will be a public hearing on a PUD 11 renewal for the project that was at the 12 corner of -- or in the area of Bent, First 13 and Charles Street. This permit had a one 14 year time framework on it and they would like 15 to start construction in that time period so 16 they're coming in essentially for renewal of 17 the existing Special Permit. And in addition 18 to that, under general business, MIT will be 19 before the Board to show some ideas that they 20 have for the Kendall Square area and 21 redevelopment in that to make it a more

1	lively area. And Cambridge Research Park
2	will be here for design review of Building F
3	which is close to the canal. They want to do
4	some housing there.
5	Meetings in August right now are
6	scheduled for August 3rd and August 17th. On
7	August 3rd will be the second public hearing
8	for that PUD renewal for Bent, First and
9	Charles Streets.
10	And for those Looking further out
11	meetings in September right now are scheduled
12	for September 7th and 21st.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Thank you.
14	Steve Kaizer, you're sitting in the
15	back row. Would you let me know if you can't
16	hear me?
17	STEVE KAISER: I couldn't hear the
18	CDD speaker. I think there's a bad mic on
19	that side.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: I think you're right.
21	So we're going to go onto the first

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item on our public hearing agenda. It's a City Council petition to amend Article 7.000, signs and illumination.

LES BARBER: Les Barber from Community Development. This is a City Council petition which is adopting some language that we had forwarded to the Council in part as a result of a discussion that CDD staff and the Planning Board had about a year and a half ago. Maybe April, I think Liza told me, with regard to possible refinements and changes to the Zoning Ordinance, including the introduction of maybe some significant policy changes which would address issues that the Planning Board had seen evolving and developing over the years of administration of the Ordinance. obviously we've had a busy season with a variety of projects, and there had been recently, particularly concern expressed on the part of the BZA and actually some

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property owners that the typical route that we have been taking, that has been taken in the past to sort of relax the Zoning Ordinance through the Variance process was causing the BZA some difficulty because they were finding it hard to find the rationale under the State Ordinance to grant the Variances which are supposed to be granted for hardship. And the Board had experienced recurring proposals under the Sign Ordinance that the Board thought, probably with some consideration, might be allowed either as of right or by Special Permit. So in response to that atmosphere and the fact that the business of the Board had slowed down a little bit, we thought maybe we would submit at least some of the proposals that we had di scussed l'ast year. And the set of proposals here are mostly either a couple of obvious tinkerings in combination with three or four major policy proposals that are

justify some further discussion. They aren't all of the multitude of small changes that were reviewed about a year and a half ago.

So, I will attempt to describe exactly what's being proposed here, and indicate to the Board and to the audience that there are copies of the specific language, as well as a little presentation which illustrates the major policy initiatives on the side window there and people are welcome to take that.

There is a recent change to the Open Meeting Law. And we've actually distributed to you a number of communications from the public. And the Open Meeting Law now suggests that we should indicate for the record, the documents that are before the Board and being considered by the Board. So I think I'll just take the opportunity to let you know what you have in front of you, not describing the content, but just who sent

1	them. We have a letter from Terrence Smith
2	representing the Chamber of Commerce. We
3	have a letter from Representative Walz also
4	expressing an opinion on the proposal. A
5	letter from Charles Sullivan who's the
6	Executi ve Di rector of the Hi stori cal
7	Commission. A letter from Stephen Pettibone
8	who is a resident of Cambridge. A letter
9	from Colleen Clark, also a resident of
10	Cambridge, and a resident from Ronald
11	Axelrod, a resident of Cambridge.
12	So, let me briefly review what's being
13	proposed here.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Les, I thought we got
15	some additional matters in our packet.
16	PAMELA WINTERS: Right, we did, Les,
17	actually from a Philip Ray Garth (phonetic)
18	from Intersystems.
19	LES BARBER: If in fact we did, and
20	you have them, let's indicate what they are.
21	HUGH RUSSELL: Let's take that

1	listing right now.
2	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: So there's a letter
4	from Lawrence Chan directed to the Board of
5	Zoning Appeals. There is a letter from the
6	Chamber of Commerce as you listed that. A
7	letter from the Tim Rowe Cambridge Inhibition
8	Center. And I think we received
9	PAMELA WINTERS: Kevin Crane, right?
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Yes.
11	And the last one is from Philip Regan.
12	0kay.
13	LES BARBER: Okay?
14	PAMELA WINTERS: Yes.
15	LES BARBER: If anything else pops
16	up, you can introduce it later.
17	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
18	LES BARBER: There are I think five,
19	six basic proposals here or maybe five basic
20	proposals, and actually six changes to the
21	Ordinance. Most of them are illustrated with

actual signs in the little document that we handed out.

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The first change is to make explicit in the Ordinance that signs in the public way are not subject to the Sign Ordinance. Typically the signs get reviewed, maybe not for content or detail, but are approved by the City Council because there's use of the public way in some fashion and they get Sometime ago the Law approved that way. Department, in reviewing our Ordinance and the difficulty of applying it to signs in the public way, because the Ordinance is written around buildings on private lots, made the determination that administratively we would not enforce the Ordinance with regard to signs in the public way. So, this is a memorialization of that analysis of the Ordi nance. And basically it deals with things which are illustrated in the pictures here, the various banners on light poles,

1 banners across the street, the banners that 2 flutter in Main Street and Kendall Square. 3 The signs that are in the bus shelters 4 throughout the city. And the A-frame signs 5 that frequently are requested by private 6 property owners to be put in the public way. 7 Most of these are quite variable in size. 8 sense is that generally the city is 9 supportive of those kinds of things, and 10 they're very hard to tie to any specific 11 property certainly, and to determine what is 12 the most appropriate size for them. So then 13 the notion is simply just not to regulate 14 them in any detailed way and allow the City 15 Council to approve them. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: So, what happens with 17 a projecting sign that's mounted on the face 18 of a building that projects out into the 19 public way? 20 LES BARBER: Well, that actually 21 occurred to me that maybe we ought to make

sure that we're talking about signs that aren't attached to a building and a property because those signs are in the public way and we don't mean to exempt those. So it might be appropriate to make sure that the language is clear on that matter.

In this particular section there is also some additional language which says we're waiving or that the Sign Ordinance doesn't apply to the Kendall Square Redevelopment Authority area. That isn't anything new. It actually occurs elsewhere in the Ordinance. And this change simply is putting it in a place that talks about the applicability of the Ordinance which seems a logical place to put it. So, that isn't anything new. That's existed since the founding of the redevelopment authority area and adoption of the sign work.

HUGH RUSSELL: There's sort of a sunset language in there. Is that something

1 in which it says as long as there's a 2 redevel opment district, the Ordinance doesn't 3 appl y? 4 LES BARBER: I think that's also 5 al ready in the Ordinance. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I mean, it 7 makes sense so that there would be a 8 continuity of regulation, I mean if the body 9 changed. 10 LES BARBER: And there is an 11 elaborate review of signs as there is 12 buildings in the redevelopment authority. So 13 they're not exempt from any reasonable 14 revi ew. 15 The second change relates to what we've 16 called "branding by corporations." And this 17 is just to make it a little easier to enforce 18 the Ordinance and determine what we should 19 include in a sign and what we shouldn't 20 include. I think as you're aware, 21 corporations frequently pick a color as

1 representative of their company, corporation. 2

They frequently have patterns or other graphics which identify them as being what they are. And the notion here is that we would explicitly say that if that indeed is something that is representative of the corporation, we would include that area, whatever it is, in the calculation of the sign if there's something else on it like letters or words and numbers that constitute So the illustrations there show a sign. Citizens Bank which has sort of a green color as their corporate symbol. And where you put Citizens Bank and their logo on a green background then the entire background would count as part of the sign. If you don't have words or logo symbols on the background, you can have the color anywhere you want. that in the lower-right hand illustration there, Citizens Bank actually had erected the banners with just the color on them and we

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would not treat that as a sign.

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The Sunoco Station, the whole canopy has a very bright and lively set of patterns and colors and it occurs at least on two occasions in Cambridge, so the notion would be that you can count all of that canopy area as the sign. The result being obviously that they couldn't meet the sign regulations by having that much graphic and they would have to reduce it.

Another illustration is the Au Bon Pan chain where clearly yellow is their current corporate symbol and it occurs in -- if you have a color copy, which the audience does not, all the awnings are yellow. And where they actually put the name of the store on them, then we would count all of that color as part of their sign. And you do discover that this is important for appropriations. And when you tell them well, just change the color, they resist. They do want the color.

1	It means something to them.
2	Then, the third
3	H. THEODORE COHEN: Excuse me.
4	LES BARBER: Yes.
5	H. THEODORE COHEN: Les, I may have
6	been I ooki ng at an old Ordi nance, but there
7	is an existing, the one I was looking at, an
8	existing 7.14(c) which talks about measuring
9	using the smallest rectangle or other
10	geometric shape when you've got individual
11	letters or symbols attached to a service wall
12	or window. Is the intent to eliminate that
13	provi si on?
14	LES BARBER: No, no. Do I seem to
15	be substituting here?
16	H. THEODORE COHEN: This is going to
17	be a new paragraph (c) and I didn't know
18	whether it was a substitution.
19	LES BARBER: It's not intended to
20	be, and I'll just check to make sure that the
21	references are correct.

1	H. THEODORE COHEN: Oh, okay.
2	WILLIAM TIBBS: You do say in your
3	thing to redesignate, paragraph (c) to (e)
4	and (z) to (f).
5	LES BARBER: Okay.
6	WILLIAM TIBBS: You just didn't
7	write it.
8	LES BARBER: In the little black box
9	I think Bill is referring to.
10	H. THEODORE COHEN: I see.
11	WILLIAM TIBBS: It's right below the
12	box.
13	LES BARBER: So the next proposal is
14	to permit signs which exceed the 20 foot
15	height limit on buildings under limited range
16	of circumstances. And as the Board may
17	recall, you've reviewed over the years, many,
18	many proposals here for signs typically near
19	the top of buildings. So we've come to call
20	them "Building identification signs" or:
21	Tenant identification signs." In fact, there

are many proposals where the request is to exceed the 20 foot height limit but not necessarily to put the sign up at the top of the building, but just to put it on the second or third floor rather than up at the top. Because sometimes the limitation is 20 feet or below the second floor windows which puts signs down intentionally close to the ground at the pedestrian level. So there are frequently requests to go above the 20 feet.

And in this case the proposal is to define the kinds of signs that we would find acceptable and allow them as of right. So this isn't a Special Permit process, this is an as of right process. Currently for the most part, this is required to be a Variance. And it's not too dissimilar to the kinds of signs that we allow for hotels already in the Ordinance. It's actually more restrictive than that provision. But the proposal is to allow one sign for each street frontage that

1 the building faces, but no more than two such 2 And then further to require that the si gns. 3 sign be either naturally or externally 4 It can't be internally illuminated. 5 illuminated. The sign can be located at any 6 height on the facade, but it still can't be 7 above the roof which is a prohibition city Where a sign is greater in height, 8 wi de. 9 greater than 100 feet, it would increase the 10 maximum size of the sign allowed from 60 11 square feet, which is a universal limitation 12 in the city to -- except for hotels, to 90 13 square feet. The sign has to consist of 14 individual letters or individual graphic 15 symbols mounted directly onto the building. 16 And the sign is to be accessory to either 17 tenants in the building or to identify the 18 building itself. 19 STEVEN WINTER: Les, excuse me. 20 Could you define raceway? 21 Well, I'm not actually LES BARBER:

sure why I put raceway in here. Typically a raceway is a horizontal feature that contains all the electronics that provide the conduits to individual letters that light up in an internally illuminated sign. If we're not allowing internal illumination, I'm not sure there would ever be a raceway. So, that may be an element that might logically be eliminated here.

HUGH RUSSELL: What is halo illumination?

LES BARBER: Halo illumination is considered external illumination. For those who've ever noticed the Amgen sign is halo illuminated. There are lights behind the letters, but the light hits the back -- hits the wall and then bounces back to the viewer.

Otherwise all other provisions of the Ordinance would continue to apply.

There was another point I wanted to make and I've forgotten what it is. Oh, well

1 I do want to go to the illustrations here. 2 There are three and it will be -- I should 3 clarify the circumstances of these various 4 signs because they're illustrative to the 5 type of sign that's being proposed. 6 aren't exactly conforming to the regulations 7 as proposed. The Biogen sign is actually in 8 Kendall Square and it's exempt under the 9 Ordinance which is why it's up there. But it 10 is also located above the roof of the 11 building which would not be permitted under 12 this Ordinance. 13 The second illustration, I think it's 14 Di ad. 15 H. THEODORE COHEN: Excuse me, do 16 you know how large the Biogen sign is? 17 LES BARBER: I don't. But I do know 18 how large the Genzyme sign is which I'm 19 getting to. 20 HUGH RUSSELL: Bi ogen sign appears 21 to be about four feet high and maybe 15 feet

1 So it's probably under 60 square feet. I ong. 2 I'm comparing it to the windows. 3 It's actually slightly LES BARBER: 4 bigger than that. 5 HUGH RUSSELL: The Bi ogen? LES BARBER: Oh, the Bi ogen? 6 Oh, 7 I'm sorry. That could very well be. I was 8 thinking of Genzyme. 9 The Diad sign is one of a group of two 10 or three, if not more, that were granted a 11 Variance under the current regulations. 12 it is at a location on the wall which would 13 be permitted under the Ordinance. 14 Genzyme which -- there are two of them 15 actually got a Variance as well, and it is at 16 a location above the roof. So if it were to 17 be, if the regulation were to be adopted, it 18 would still need a Variance for that 19 location. And that sign is five feet tall 20 and 24 feet long. And depending how you 21 measure it, it's 100 feet or 120 feet in

1 And so what we would be permitting area. 2 would be slightly smaller than that. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: We're going to get a 4 lot of public testimony on this subject 5 because we've already received a lot of 6 written comments. 7 LES BARBER: Yes. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: So maybe we'll listen 9 to that before we go into that. 10 And I should say that LES BARBER: 11 the regulations are meant to be a reflection 12 of the kinds of signs that we've seen in the 13 past and what the Board has generally been 14 supportive of, but there's almost nothing 15 magical about any of the details. We can try 16 to be much more specific about some factors. 17 We can change the numbers. So please feel 18 free to think about all of that as we discuss 19 the provisions. 20 The next major change is a general 21 waiver of the sign limitations. And in this

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case, this is for an entire site that would be a Special Permit generally issued by the BZA, but it would be issued by the Planning Board if they had jurisdiction over the property, which they do in many properties because of another Special Permit. Galleria Mall for instance, the Board issued a Special Permit. And this is a provision in business districts to waive not the total amount of signage which remains the same, and not to waive the height which remains the same at 20 feet, but to waive all of the individual limitations with regard to dimensions and illumination for projecting signs and wall signs and the like. to the presentation to the Board of a plan for all signs, sign area that would be allowed on the site. So the Board could allow flexibility in terms of for instance the number of projecting signs which currently is limited to one per store. 0r

1	allow illumination for a free-standing sign
2	which is currently prohibited now. It could
3	allow those signs to be slightly bigger than
4	they're allowed. And I think in many cases
5	with a plan and with a review and
6	consideration of the entire site of that
7	flexibility could be quite positive. So that
8	would be allowed by Special Permit with the
9	various standards that are enumerated here.
10	And again, it's not increasing the total area
11	of signs and it's not increasing the height
12	of 20 feet.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Where are these
14	specifics that are enumerated?
15	LES BARBER: It's just the set of
16	requirements that follow.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Is it like a 1.1
18	through 6?
19	LES BARBER: Yes, right.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: But there aren't any
21	specific criteria for the Board to consider?

LES BARBER: No, no. I guess they're not standard, they're basically requirements for setting up the proposal.

And then the last change is again a set of signs that the Board has seen frequently advance, particularly by the institutions

Harvard and MIT for the kinds of banners and posters that are typically applied to buildings, museums and libraries and performance spaces identifying current programs. And, you know, it's a typical form of advertising for those kinds of venues.

And I think that generally the Board has found that kind of activity and enlivening and pleasant and interesting and certainly in the interest of the organizations.

The regulations as set forth here basically are extrapolations of the approvals that have been granted in the past for some of the signs actually that are illustrated here; the banners on the Harvard Museum, the

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banner for the Carpenter Center, the banners that are typically posted on the theatre.

And I actually have no idea how those get approved because they certainly don't conform to the existing Sign Ordinance but there may be some approval in the past.

This would apply to, as indicated here, essentially non-profit entities that have a theatre performance, museum or operator, a library or art gallery that has changing exhibits. And the notion is that these would have to be the soft fabric kinds of sign, that they would be temporary in the sense that you can't keep them up forever. They' re not meant to be the sign saying this is the It's just the Fogg Art Fogg Art Museum. Museum's current exhibit Mediterranean art or something or other. And that they should be changed at least once a year. There are limitations as to the sizes and their Locations. This would apply both in

1	residential and business districts, and
2	essentially would reflect what has been in
3	the past the kind of signs that the Board has
4	been positive about when they sought
5	Vari ances.
6	I'd be happy to answer questions if you
7	have any further questions?
8	HUGH RUSSELL: Do we have any more
9	questions at this time? Pam.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: Les, does this have
11	anything to do with billboards, billboards?
12	LES BARBER: No.
13	PAMELA WINTERS: No? Okay. That's
14	too bad.
15	LES BARBER: Whatever billboards
16	means.
17	PAMELA WINTERS: I'm just thinking
18	about in Porter Square there's a huge
19	bi I I board.
20	LES BARBER: Yes. We once tried
21	that and were not very successful.

1 PAMELA WINTERS: Not very successful 2 with the City Council? 3 LES BARBER: No, no, we were 4 successful with City Council. We actually 5 have a set of regulations in the Ordinance 6 which are unenforceable with regard to 7 enforcing the removal of billboards. But I 8 think if you look over the long term, they're 9 going one at a time and they can't be 10 re-erected. So we're making progress in 11 another way. 12 PAMELA WINTERS: Good to know. 13 LES BARBER: Of their illumination. 14 PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Are we ready 16 to go on to the public testimony? Okay. 17 there a sign-up sheet? 18 LES BARBER: There is. 19 HUGH RUSSELL: So I'll read names 20 from the sign-up sheet. And if your name is 21 not on the sign-up sheet, I'll ask at the end

1	if other people want to speak. When you do
2	speak, please come to the podium, speak into
3	the microphone, give your name and address
4	for the record. Spell your name if you have
5	a name that's unique and usual so we get it
6	right in the record. And please speak for no
7	more than three minutes. My colleague Pam
8	will let you know, and she will make various
9	signs to you and if you don't pay attention
10	to them I'll come in and remind you.
11	First one to speak is Hubert Murray.
12	And the second person following him will be
13	Kevi n Crane.
14	HUBERT MURRAY: Thank you very much.
15	My name is Hubert Murray. I live in Erie
16	Street in Cambridge. For the record, I did
17	write a letter addressed to you,
18	Mr. Chairman, this morning and it was
19	directed I believe through Suzanne?
20	PAMELA WINTERS: Susan.
21	HUBERT MURRAY: Susan.

I'm sorry, I did not 1 SUSAN GLAZER: 2 see it. 3 Okay. **HUBERT MURRAY**: HUGH RUSSELL: 4 Okay. And I did not 5 see it. So proceed. 6 And actually it HUBERT MURRAY: 7 would have been better informed with the 8 helpful explanation that Les just gave, and 9 thank you for the illustrations. I'm really 10 here in regard to Section 3, the building 11 identification signs, and I leave other 12 issues to other people. And I'm particularly 13 concerned about the effect on the view from 14 the Charles River with regard to the 15 enactment of this Ordinance and the fear that 16 signage may take over the view in the Charles 17 Ri ver basi n. Much as Doctor Johnson said, 18 "The finest view in Scotland was the road to 19 England." One of the finest views in Boston 20 is actually the Cambridge skyline. 21 whereas I think the Planning Committee over

the years has done a tremendously good job on the Cambridge side of the river in overall planning, I think showing Boston up to be a second best. On the other hand, Kendall Square and going down to Kenmore is a bit, I don't know if it has been said that it's a bit like Ryad without the charm. So it's possible that signs of the sort envisioned in this document might actually cheer up Kendall and Kenmore a little bit, but I think that it would be very detrimental to the view from the Charles River basin. We're not -- our image as a city and our reputation, our worldwide reputation in the city, is not principally as a commercial city. So I think we need to be very careful how we establish our profile and how it might be affected, because the work of centuries may be undone in a few moments if we're not very careful.

Now, I distinguish between two areas and that leads me to say that even though I

do think that a comprehensive signage report and how -- the application of the signage in the various areas, including historic preservation neighborhoods, as well as the commercial neighborhoods, would be a

like this illustration, it's very helpful, I

tremendous help and I don't think that this

Ordinance should be enacted without such a

comprehensive report prefacing it.

Thank you very much.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Kevin Crane. And after Kevin, Charles Marquardt.

ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: Good evening,
Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. My name
is Kevin Crane and I reside at 27 Norris
Street in Cambridge. I'm also an attorney
with an office at 104 Mount Auburn Street in
Cambridge. I have submitted a letter to the
Board and the Chairman referred to it earlier
along with a letter from Terrence Regan who

Intersystems which is a technology company headquartered at One Memorial Drive. They occupy approximately 40 to 45 percent of the space at that building, and the rest of the building I believe is occupied by Microsoft.

Within my submission I also had a photograph, and I just want to make sure that the members of the Board have the photograph.

Okay.

PAMELA WINTERS: (Indicating.)

ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: My client has occupied One Memorial Drive for 22 years, they employ 300 people at that site. As to these proposed amendments, I want to speak to the building identification signs and the general waiver of limitations special process sign. Although the focus seems to be on the Charles River and the Charles River is certainly a critical element of this proposal, this proposal is not just the

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Charl es Ri ver. If you walk down or drive down Mass. Avenue from the north, I could see on the Henderson Carriage building a sign for elephant walk on the northerly facing sign. In Porter Square I can see a post office building, a sign for Roach's Sporting Goods. In Porter Square further at the Commonwealth Locke building, I could see a sign on the northerly facing blank brick facade now for Bank of America. The corner of Massachusetts Avenue and Shepard Street, a large apartment building with retail on the first floor. Again, I could see Marathon Sports below the roof line.

Building identification sign portion of the Ordinance allows the 60 square foot sign above the 20 feet, which is the present regulation, so long as it's below the roof line. If it's above 100 feet, which I'm not sure on those floor locations where the 100 foot line would be, but on some of them it

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would be 100 feet, you could have a 90 square foot sign as a matter of right.

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I could see in the Alewife area as long as a tenant was in the building on the first floor, for example, or any other location, I could see the Dunkin' Donuts sign, a Starbucks sign, a Bertucci's sign. In Central Square on the Baron building, I can see a Dunkin' Donuts sign on the left side of the building as you face it as a matter of Utility building at the corner of ri ght. Mass. Ave. and Prospect Street, where the leading bank. Also mobile phone, a national company heavily advertising, you can see a sign on that building as a matter of right. Kendal I Square, One Broadway another Dunkin' Donuts sign could go up. You could also see a Microsoft sign going up at One Mem Drive.

The second part that I think the Board has to address and I think Mr. Barber might be missing it a bit, is that the waiver of

1	limitations does apply to the building
2	identification signs. The building
3	identification signs under the Ordinance
4	proposed is defined as a wall sign. Wall
5	signs are covered by the waiver of
6	limitations process, which will be a Special
7	Permit process with the general standard of
8	detriment to the public interest and not the
9	regular standard of a Variance.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: Excuse me,
11	Mr. Chairman, I need to let you know that
12	time is up and it's up to you if you wish to
13	let him continue or not.
14	ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: Can I just
15	have 30 more seconds?
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Sure, go ahead.
17	ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: So I think
18	that the Board has to look at that as far as
19	the Special Permit process being triggered
20	rather than a Variance process.
21	Finally, the passage of this Ordinance

1 would do nothing more than allow companies to 2 advertise on the tops of buildings, probably 3 out of state companies, and the citizens of 4 Cambridge would get absolutely no benefit 5 from it. So I would ask that you reject 6 certainly the building identification signs 7 and the limitations waiver aspect of the 8 Ordi nance. 9 Thank you. 10 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 11 ATTORNEY KEVIN CRANE: If you have 12 any questions, I'd take them. Thank you. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: Maybe Later. 14 Charles Marquardt. And after him the 15 next person is Leland Cheung. 16 CHARLES MARQUARDT: Charl es 17 Marquardt, 10 Rogers Street, Cambridge. I 18 want to start out quickly and say we need to 19 understand what problem we're trying to 20 Les did a great job showing all the sol ve. 21 signs that have already gone up. It doesn't

1 seem to me that the companies going through 2 the Variance process are having a problem. 3 They're having a problem explaining why they 4 need to have the sign as a hardship, but 5 they're getting through there. Maybe we need 6 to solve that process rather than granting as 7 of rights across the board. What concerns me 8 about the as of right, is taking away a 9 fundamental part of what is Cambridge. 10 Cambridge has been built up over the years 11 through the participation of the City 12 Council, Boards such as yourselves, and the 13 public as annoying as some of us may be, 14 participating. This proposal takes that out 15 for signs, gone. Signs can go up. 16 Mr. Barber did a good job on showing what the 17 signs are. But picture Roach's Sporting 18 Goods with a symbol, a gun, as of right on 19 their wall. We would have no say in the 20 matter. It's an as of right, they can put 21 that symbol of their store right up on the

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wall. So driving up Mass. Ave. you see a gun. That's my quick example there.

And also I'm not going to go over to my neighborhood where you can see lots of things along the Charles River, I'm sure lots of people can hit that. I actually want to point to a building that just tonight we talked about for the third time with regard to how a cell phone antenna would impact the view of that building from Concord Ave, and that's 10 Fawcett Street. With the passage of this Ordinance, that building as of right could put up a 60 square foot sign with no input from this Board. With a Board that's gone through and looked at that building numerous times for something that is far smaller than 60 square feet, to allow two, 60 square foot signs up on that building without having any say in how it impacts the architecture, the view the skyline, the streetscape seems beyond belief to me that we

would actually be considering that.

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And finally we're sitting here looking at it and trying to think through all our heads what buildings are impacted, I'm sort of disappointed in city staff that there's not a list here. Here's all the buildings that today would be impacted at either the 100 foot or below the 100 foot line. And then finally how about an explanation as to why someone over a 100 feet gets a 50 percent bonus? I don't know -- understand the rati onal e. Maybe it's a little higher up and they need a little more space. But there's no explanation in the rules or no explanation in the presentation as to why when you hit that magic 100 foot mark, you get an additional 30 square feet or 50 percent of the 60 square feet before.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you, Charles. Leland Cheung. And the next is Tom

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Hi . LELAND CHEUNG: Lel and Cheung, 101 Hampshire also with the City Council.

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This hasn't yet hit the Ordinance Committee of the City Council so it would be inappropriate for me to voice support or But I did want to opposition at this time. take the time to thank everybody for their careful review of this process. And also just, with everybody here, to just reassure people in the audience that there are a lot of us in the Council are very aware of this Ordinance and are watching very carefully, and not just letting it slip by but we're keeping a keen eye towards it. I just wanted to reassure everybody that that is happening. And also thank everybody for coming out. think that it's, it's heartening to see so many people interested in the process. think it's an opportunity for us to really look at the Ordinance which Les has started

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and come up with something that satisfies all

our needs and satisfy the needs in the

community, and at the same time revamping an

outdated and out voted Ordinance that no

longer satisfies what we're looking for.

And finally I think we're all concerned about this because of this picture that's been floating around. Listening to what Les was talking about earlier, it really seemed that this kind of thing isn't even possible. Because you just have to have letters on top of a building, you couldn't have a Burger King logo on top of a building. I'll be curious as to -- I'll be looking forward to learning more. I'm just curious is this really possible, and if so, how do we address it? And if not, doubly concerned about the misinformation that's getting out to the public.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. So, Tom,

1 how do you pronounce your name? 2 TOM SI ENI EWI CZ: Sanavi ch 3 (phonetic). So it's spelled like it sounds. 4 It's spelled for the record 5 S-i-e-n-i-e-w-i-c-z. I'm a resident of 6 Magazine Street and I have some materials 7 that I just want to quickly show. I know 8 I've got three minutes, but here are some 9 handouts, and I have some for the Board. 10 HUGH RUSSELL: We'll start counting 11 time when you get all organized. 12 TOM SI ENI EWI CZ: Good evening and 13 thank you. I'm here really to speak about 14 three things in my three minutes: Signs in 15 the urban context, their relationship to the 16 innovation economy, and rationalizing the 17 process. 18 I'll speak a little bit about signs in 19 the urban context. I'm here at the urging 20 actually of the Cambridge Innovation Center 21 who asked me to speak. I'm a city planner

and architect who is in a firm in Harvard Square for 25 years. We practice globally, and I practice in cities across America that are attempting to attract the very businesses that we seem to have in excess or perhaps a Signs, we're of course not bounty of. talking about the kinds of signs like the Citgo sign or the Coca-Cola sign which are iconic signs as in the case of Atlanta, Georgia but they have a tremendous power to make a place. Signs in and of themselves actually have a tremendous positive impact on an urban environment, certainly some at that Some at a smaller scale, but are scal e. definitely associated with those great American cities. The Chicago Tribune and the New York Times sign. The New York Times sign, is probably I think just about 20 feet above the grade. But definitely signs and brands that those particular cities are extremely proud of. And I think that here in

The -- nobody can doubt that we have one of the most extraordinary innovation economies here. And there are, as I say, cities across America that would die to have, and in fact are working very, very hard to attract the businesses that already exist here in Cambridge. And I think we should be very mindful of that. Cambridge Innovation Center

itself hosts 260 startups and has attracted

over \$1 billion in capital.

the City of Cambridge we have such brands.

Now to the rationale process. I sat on the Zoning Board for ten years. I was the chair I believe for five of the seven years. It's all a bit of blur, I left that position because my tenure was up in 2007. So I know very much I reviewed over 2,500 Zoning Variances, Special Permits, 40-B applications and worked in concert with the Planning Board and understand very specifically what the difference is between a Special Permit and a

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Variance process. And I would say that the Variance process that these signs have been put through is one that is difficult and actually puts the Zoning Board in a very, very difficult position. Les spoke to this in his opening remarks and said that in fact what is being attempted here is to try to rationalize the Zoning Code which has many (inaudible) to be rationalized. I would say the Special Permit process is probably the appropriate process to engage the good minds that are on the Planning Board and my fellow citizens who I love and are probably the most informed, perhaps the most educated citizens on the planet. Certainly the most articulate and passionate at times, and I have loved working with them to try and work on the problems in the community. And we should avail ourselves of that extraordinary resource here to involve every detail of sign So I would urge perhaps a slight permits.

1 redrafting of the Ordinance to suggest that a 2 Special Permit process happen through the 3 Planning Board to approve the signs. I would 4 also say I'm concerned also by the effect on 5 the historic districts of a blanket 6 Ordinance. Something like this should be 7 very carefully understood relative to the hi stori c di stri cts. 8 More study is also I 9 think in order here. I agree with Hubert Murray in that regard. So that's it. 10 PAMELA WINTERS: 11 Thank you. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I wonder if 13 you could answer a question. 14 TOM SI ENI EWI CZ: Sure. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: I'm also a Zoning 16 Board veteran myself so many years ago. And 17 do you think that if the corporate branding 18 signs became a Special Permit, what sorts of 19 standards should be established? Do we just 20 leave it to the Board or should there be more 21 standards?

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TOM SIENIEWICZ: Well, I'm not an attorney, but a couple of us, and I think we're on opposite sides of the issue in the back when a comment was made about our local gun shop, that in fact the ability to display something on a sign is actually protected under our Constitution, it's a free speech i ssue. So you have to be very, very careful about what it is that you're going to try to There are many of us who go to control. great lengths to defend the right of somebody who posts a picture of a gun on a sign if he felt that's what he needed to do. conditions certainly would be, I think, certainly details of the illumination are vital especially in a community that's concerned about green issues, sustainable Light pollution from signs is a i ssues. significant problem in cities and should be controlled. So maybe limits on the time that things are illuminated, how they're

illuminated and that should be reviewed in great detail. I think there's a concern about how the signs are permitted. How much of a tenancy one would expect in a building in order for it to be identified for that particular tenant. And that's something I'm not quite sure how to define off the cuff. But I'm told the market generally will control, but that concerns me. I think that there's a proper place for the Planning Board to review that.

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thanks. It's quite possible that it might not be the Planning Board. It might be the Zoning Board. It might be a combination. After Renata is Bill August.

RENATA VON TSCHARNER: My name is

Renata von Tscharner and I'm a resident of

Cambridge and I would like to speak to mostly

the building identity component and also of

the corporate branding.

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I'm here as the Founder and President of the Charles River Conservancy. This is a ten year old organization with 18,000 supporters and volunteers and we provide advocacy and renewal for the urban parklands from the Boston Harbor to the Watertown damn. The mission of the conservancy is to make the parklands more attractive, active and While I'm speaking on behalf of accessi bl e. the conservancy, I'm also speaking as a resident of Cambridge, an architect and city planner who has been professionally involved in city identity, public spaces and signage since my arrival in this country in the late While this is a planning concern that 1970s. affects the whole City of Cambridge and its identity, the impact on the Charles River and its parklands is particularly serious. the painter Gookin once said, "Water doubles everything." And when there are signs on buildings, it will be reflected to the

Charles River as well.

The Charles River parklands are not only the frontage and welcoming phase of Cambridge, the parklands are also on the National Register For Historic Places. The buildings that are around Kendall Square, an area where exchange could have a large impact, are adjacent to what is also referred to as the Court of Honor. The Longfellow Bridge now being restored could become one of the most visited tourist attractions, and brief stops on that bridge will set the tone for Cambridge's identity.

While Cambridge has reasons to be proud to be home of some very innovative companies, Cambridge has an identity all its own and should not be like a strip mall with signs competing for size and visibility.

Cambridge's physical identity is closely with the Charles River, its parklands and its high quality of architecture. Already the current

1 Zoning prohibitions call for signs that in my 2 view detracts from the beauty of the 3 parklands and the architecture and therefore 4 from the cityscape. I think the proposed 5 changes could make it even easier for larger 6 signs to be posted on the sides of buildings. 7 The existing Variance process ask the 8 applicants to demonstrate hardship, a step 9 that provided some hurdles. The proposed 10 change increases the per right size of signs. 11 If anything it should be harder to place 12 signs on buildings. Once the sign has been 13 approved with a Special Permit, it might 14 become more difficult for the public to 15 contest that decision. With the existing 16 Zoning Variance process there are specific 17 criteria that must be met, the Board of 18 Zoning Appeals truly weighs those criteria. 19 Because issuing Special Permit is 20 discretionary and not subject to the rigorous 21 standards of Zoning Variance process, such

1	permits should be largely immune to court
2	chal I enges.
3	PAMELA WINTERS: Renata, excuse me,
4	your time is up.
5	RENATA VON TSCHARNER: Okay.
6	PAMELA WINTERS: Are you finishing
7	up your comments?
8	RENATA VON TSCHARNER: I have about
9	another 20 seconds.
10	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay.
11	RENATA VON TSCHARNER: All right.
12	As a city with a strong civic pride, we
13	want to be identified as beautiful parklands
14	and elegant architecture rather than
15	corporate logos and advertising. I,
16	therefore, ask the Cambridge Planning
17	Committee to reject this change to
18	Cambridge's planning laws.
19	Thank you very much.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.
21	RENATA VON TSCHARNER: I also have

1	my comments in writing. Would you like
2	those?
3	HUGH RUSSELL: Why don't you give
4	those to Susan and she can pass those around.
5	The next speaker is Bill August. And
6	following Bill I guess it's Mary Keating
7	(phonetic) or something like that.
8	UNI DENTIFIED FEMALE: I'm not
9	speaking. I just signed in. Sorry.
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. And then
11	unclear. We'll figure it out after Bill
12	speaks.
13	BILL AUGUST: Hi. Bill August, 17
14	Lawrence Street and I'm here this evening in
15	my capacity as a member of the Board of
16	Di rectors of the Cambri dgeport Nei ghborhood
17	Association. Our front yard is the Charles
18	River and we value Cambridge as an innovation
19	economy greatly, but we also emphasize as
20	Renata von Tscharner just did that we're also
21	a tourism economy just as well as we're an

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innovation economy. And I guess people -many people -- and our lists are -- we have an internet community bulletin board has been buzzing with e-mails expressing fear that this is too much deregulation too fast without adequate study as Hubert Murray and This can effect not just the Tom mentioned. branding of corporations but of the entire city for centuries to come. I mean, the Charles River basin not only is on the Historic Registry, but as we know, it's really sacred ground. It's not just a regional resource, it's an international treasure and we don't want signs unless it's pursuant to careful standards and criteria and specifications.

We also see in the existing Ordinance it says the Community Development Department shall approve certified signs for compliance within a ten day period. That's not addressed in the amendments, but as part of

the larger review, we should look at

Community Development -- you can't order a

pizza in ten days in most businesses, let

alone review sensitive sign decisions. Maybe

that's extended routinely, but clearly it

shows that there's not a comprehensive review

process. Maybe there should be a sign

committee, not just the Planning Board, with

institutionalized expertise about the best

practices in this area.

So, I just think, you know, we're not antidevelopment. We love businesses, but tens of thousands of people can be negatively impacted by signage interfering with their view of the river and biking, and we have as great an interest in balancing the public needs and very careful, diligent, deliberate manner and that's it I think.

Thanks.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. Does Moni ka Kratzmann wish to speak?

1	MONIKA KRATZMANN: I think I need to
2	withdraw my request because I'm not living in
3	Cambridge. I used to live in Cambridge for
4	ten years. I've worked along the river for
5	30 years.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: You' re certai nl y
7	welcome to speak.
8	MONIKA KRATZMANN: I have to
9	withdraw. I'm not a resident of Cambridge.
10	WILLIAM TIBBS: You don't need to
11	be.
12	HUGH RUSSELL: You don't need to be
13	a resident of Cambridge to speak.
14	MONIKA KRATZMANN: I don't have to
15	be?
16	HUGH RUSSELL: It's helpful if you
17	speak in English. Could you spell your name,
18	pl ease?
19	MONIKA KRATZMANN: Monika,
20	M-o-n-i-k-a. And the last name is Kratzmann,
21	K-r-a-t-z-m-a-n-n. I'm not really used to

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speaking in front of an audience like this but I'll give it a try.

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I would like to reinforce the position that it is a beauty to look at the Cambridge skyline as well as it is a beauty to look at the Beacon Hill skyline. And what we somehow have not emphasized is that Cambridge is a citadel of knowledge, research, technology. And recently has been joined by a very vivid life size group of organizations. And that is kind of a vulnerable area. The halls of knowledge, technology and research is kind of a quietly productive area that need not be advertised by neon signs or any other signs because they glow from within and they They illuminate our illuminate from within. And I would like to -- for the Board minds. to give that consideration and keep the beauty intact for those very reasons because we have brought about a great knowledge at MIT, Harvard that is along the river and I

would like to see that preserved for the future.

And I wanted to add one more thing, in this era of cyber advertisement that totally penetrates our lives 24/7, why is it even necessary for these huge organizations to put a plaque on top of their building, on the side of their building, because now a days in cyber advertisement you can do anything anywhere with as much glitz and glamour as you wish.

Thank you very much. I oppose the building edification and the waiver. Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Next speaker is Tim Rowe and following him is Steve Kaizer.

TIM ROWE: Thank you, members of the Planning Board. I know it's a great deal of work to serve on a Board like this and come out for many hours in the evening, so thank

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I also want to thank members of the you. Cambridge community who are here. I'm a life long Cambridge resident and I run Cambridge Innovation Center. I'm not going to speak from a technical perspective. I want to second some of the technical comments by Tom who spoke here. I want to make just a general point about signs.

I'm speaking from the perspective of someone who's building the economy in Cambri dge. Kendall Square businesses in Kendal I Square pay about \$6 out of every \$10 to run the City of Cambridge. It's the busi nesses that are there, the property taxes that they pay that sustain the schools that we have, the parks that we have and so forth. That stuff doesn't run by itself. We live in a global competitive economy. And right now if you were graduating from MIT or Harvard or BU or one of the schools around here, and you were to think about where you want to start

your career. And you were going to visit the Silicon Valley and the areas around Kendall Square and the areas around Boston, the message you take away is the action is out there. You walk around Kendall Square and you see almost no activity, it's dead. You know, second to Ryad. It's like Ryad without the charm someone said.

If you drive down Highway 101 in California, you see the companies that are forging the technology revolution on every side as you go through Palo Alto. We're not telling our story. It's an important story that we have, we're not telling it. I don't know how to exactly technically word this and I'm not going to propose or suggest that I know how to do that, I think some of the concerns raised about the gun images and so forth are great concerns. I hope you find good ways to address those within the limits of civil liberties. But please don't draw

the conclusion that it's okay for us to just be kind of New England Puritans and hide the assets that we have. We have some really important assets, and I think we want to really tell our story better.

Thank you.

STEVE KAIZER: My name is Steve

Kaizer, K-a-i-z-e-r on Hamilton Street. I'd

like to thank Les Barber for his presentation

today. I thought it was excellent. And with

Jim Rafferty here I would like to say why,

because he it did it with a handout and not

with PowerPoint. And he did a good job. I

hope more developers can do the same thing.

I would say about this sign proposal, I don't think it's ready for the prime time. I think that's the message that a lot of people have delivered. It needs to be talked about, needs to be discussed, but there are some other serious flaws in here. Let me just highlight one here that I found. Right on

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the first page, applicability, signs in the public way. Why should signs and banners in a public way be not required? But if they're in a private way, they must be? Why is public way in there?

And the exceptions are, it says except And I don't know, Les, especially provided. if there's any other reference to public way except on page two where it refers to exempt And this in effect duplicative si gns. because it exempts properly traffic and directional signs plus bus schedules. problem there. Other signs in the public What is that? And why a public way? I way. would note that the Memorial Drive is not a public way. Very interesting situation. It's a road built on park land. It's not a public way. So if you look at item No. 1, the signs not visible from the public way means that they can do anything they want along Memorial Drive because Memorial Drive

is not a public way legally.

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So, these are the sort of odd things through here, very peculiar.

Now, on the height issue, signs above 20 feet, I see an unfairness here, not a seri ous one. That it's the Microsoft problem, it's the big shot who gets the big sign, advertising sign only, not informative, but advertising up in the air. It's the company that is too big to be denied, therefore, they can't be turned down. The little guy will get turned down. So, I see a problem there. And I'm going to refer you to the -- my favorite piece of the state Constitution. I've given you a piece of it in the past. But it's very good guidance on how public agencies should do their business.

"Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people. And not for the profit, honor or private interest

1 of any one man, family or class of man." 2 doesn't say anything about Microsoft, but it 3 Therefore, the people alone have the coul d. 4 incontestable, inalienable and indisputable 5 right to refuse government as they wish, 6 etcetera, etcetera. I think that is a really 7 important guidance for everybody here. 8 is a group of very rich and powerful people 9 that get certain benefits by this regulation, 10 and we should be very careful to serve the 11 people and not the individual businessman. 12 One last thing is --13 PAMELA WINTERS: Steve, you need to 14 make it brief. 15 STEVE KAIZER: I'll finish up real 16 qui ck. 17 Les did mention if you have a little 18 bit of free time, and I would urge that you 19 try to look into North Point. It's a rather 20 crucial issue. 21 Thank you.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

BILL AUGUST: I have a technical question about public way that I meant to include if I can just address it, it's a technical point?

HUGH RUSSELL: Sure.

BILL AUGUST: All right. I'm just concerned -- Bill August, Lawrence Street, Cambridge.

I'm just concerned about the codifying or memorializing an interpretation that relinquishes review of public ways. That seems to be going in the wrong direction rather than saying we have an interpretation we can't regulate the public way based on language in the Zoning Ordinance. Les just said that it was because it was based on the regulation, it has to do with regulation of lots. Rather than give up oversight of the public way, why not include signs in the public way within the jurisdiction of the

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Sign Ordinance, so you'll have more oversight rather than less?

HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. That's a question which I think I will actually in the discussion period ask Les maybe to address that question so he understands the ruling by the City Solicitor.

This was the end of the list of people who indicated they wanted to speak. But I think I'd also like to just read the names of the people who have signed this list saying they're in opposition who don't wish to It's always troubled me that we speak. don't, we don't hear that. So those people are -- in this particular hearing everybody's name that I'm reading has checked the No column and the Opposed column. There aren't any others. So Mary Ann Donofrio, Mary Bradway, Susan Ragon, Reanne Lensos (phonetic), Mary Beth Roz (phonetic), Julie Ray, Phillip Ragon. And we go down to Kelley

Cl ark.
UNI DENTI FI ED FEMALE: No. That was
in the box. It was already checked when I
signed my name.
HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So you're not
in this category of people who are opposed.
0kay.
Then Karen Schwartzman, Courtney Waal
and Mary it looks like Kegan of Fayette
Street.
UNI DENTI FI ED FEMALE: Kearns.
HUGH RUSSELL: Kearns. Robert Leff.
And so that's the list of people that have
checked off.
UNIDENTIFIED MALE: May I add my
name?
HUGH RUSSELL: Now we go to the next
part which is anyone else who wishes to
speak, they can speak and just say they're
opposed and talk for three minutes. So does
anyone el se wi sh to be heard?

(Show of hands.)

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HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So let's just sweep this way. Starting with -- yes.

DENNIS CARLONE: Hi. My name is Dennis Carlone. I'm an architect urban designer. Carlone is C-a-r-l-o-n-e. I live at 16 Martin and work at 222 Third.

As I said, I'm an architect urban designer and I can see both sides of this issue like I'm sure you're experiencing now, and maybe some people in the audience. all want to preserve the sanctity of the Charles River and the neighborhoods. same time as an urban designer, and it was alluded to by the other urban designers that spoke tonight, there is the vivaciousness of life and business and of image that is also important, and I -- this as I'm thinking this out, the logic of being able to have a sign up high seems right, but the rules seem as, you've briefly discussed, seems to really

1 need to be thought out. In the old days if 2 it were, signage took over buildings in 3 Central Square and Harvard Square. You've 4 all seen those pictures. None of us want 5 I would say that in the neighborhoods, 6 that's a completely different issue than in 7 the high commercial districts and I can't 8 imagine most any neighborhood group wanting 9 this to happen, maybe through a Special 10 Permit as discussed, but allowing signs up 11 hi gh. Whereas in certain commercial 12 districts, the high commercial districts 13 there is a logic to this. Now whether that 14 size makes sense or not that you specify, 15 does need to study. I have to say I was a 16 little relieved when Les mentioned that 17 Genzyme was about 100 to about 125 feet and 18 we're talking about 90. But all of that 19 really has to be studied. 20

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In the public way I totally agree with one of the last speakers, in that this is one

of the more dominant intrusions of signage, and many of them just look terrible and do not reflect the quality of Cambridge even in front of City Hall. So, this overall picture, I think, the fact that you're discussing it and that there's a need for it, I totally support. How it's done has got a long way to go. And I think the presentation tonight helped me understand it and see that there's a lot of good logic behind it, but the impact has to really be studied.

And I might say one other thing. In older buildings and good, new buildings, there's a place for a sign even at the top of the building that's integrated. So any new buildings, if this moves forward, I hope you begin to look at new buildings like where would that sign be? And the logic of the corporate identity not being spread out, there was a time when corporate identity was part of the buildings. God, I sure hope we

1 get back to that because it made for much 2 more interesting buildings. 3 So, thank you. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you, Dennis. 5 Heather, I think you were the next. 6 HEATHER HOFFMAN: Hi, may name is 7 Heather Hoffman. I live at 213 Hurley 8 Street. And I'm still not convinced that 9 there's anything broken here. I will point 10 out that one of the very high commercial 11 districts that we speak of, Kendall Square, I 12 can see from my kitchen. I can see from my 13 house, inside. I look out of my studio where 14 I do my knitting and beading, and right out 15 there is Kendall Square. So, I am not at all 16 convinced that any of these places are 17 isolated from the neighborhoods where people 18 might like just to live their lives and not 19 be visually assaulted. 20 The one other thing was, actually, I 21 have a question for the Chair, the article in

1 the Globe that quoted you, I was curious to 2 know if the quote was accurate and fair? 3 HUGH RUSSELL: I have not seen the 4 arti cl e. 5 HEATHER HOFFMAN: Because I will say 6 that it disturbed me. If it was accurate and 7 fairly represented what you said, it made me 8 feel as though at least one member of this 9 Board had already made a decision, and that 10 disturbed me greatly. And I hope that I'm 11 completely wrong. I hope that every one of 12 you is keeping an open mind. 13 Thank you. 14 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Man in the 15 green shirt. 16 ROBERT LEFF: My name is Robert 17 Leff, L-e-f-f. I live on Cambridge Street 18 right here in Cambridge. 19 I wanted to address the point made 20 earlier about graduates from local schools 21 and making a decision whether to stay in

1 Cambridge or go elsewhere. I graduated from 2 MIT twice and I settled in Cambridge twice. 3 And one of the reasons is because I like this 4 city that is not commercially in your face. 5 It's much more low key, and I don't think I 6 made my decision because there were signs or 7 not signs. I don't know of any college 8 graduate who has done that, and it would be 9 hard to imagine anybody doing that. 10 As you noted, I am against this 11 Ordinance. I think careful review of every 12 sign is a very good thing so I don't think 13 anything should be done by rights. 14 Thank you. 15 Thank you. I think HUGH RUSSELL: 16 Mr. Rafferty is next. 17 ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: 18 Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, James 19 Rafferty, R-a-f-f-e-r-t-y. I'm an attorney 20 with offices at 130 Bishop Allen Drive in 21 Cambri dge.

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I'd like to say that it's a great opportunity to speak here this evening on this issue because I have been present for the better part of two years while the Planning Board has deliberated this policy. The first draft I have of this goes back to April of '08. I have one for May of '09. have been present at countless BZA review cases where the Planning Board attempts to advise the BZA on the plethora of sign But I also have to tell you that vari ances. I spend a great deal of time on Thursday evenings at the Zoning Board. And some of my work is on this poster to my right. And it is a challenge frankly to articulate the hardship associated with some of these signs. I think what Mr. Barber has acknowledged is that there needs to be a decision made about the appropriateness of building signs. the City Zoning Ordinance is the embodiment of its land use policies. And if there's a

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belief that certain location at certain districts with appropriate limitations, these signs can serve a purpose, then they should not be outlawed which is what a Variance says, you're not permitted.

I watched this issue for a long, long I watched the draft language come out time. back in March. It made perfect sense to me. And then the last ten days I started receiving all types of information that totally puzzled me. A very glossy brochure, four pages, with no author on it except a media person to contact. So I looked up the media person, Polaris Public Relations. They say they leverage longstanding media contact and personal credibility to negotiate matters of timing, and store replacement and slant. They then say they create and oversee advertising strategies to influence public opinion. And they proudly list their clients as among others, the Boston Globe and

Intersystems Corporation.

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And then I started to figure out what's Mr. Barber noted, if you read going on here. this language, nothing that appeared in that photograph in the newspaper could occur. section that says general waiver of sign limitation, says it applies to Sections A, B and C, paragraphs A and C above. The building identification sign is paragraph D. So, if that's not clear, there's a way to make it more clear. I would respectfully suggest that the Board not allow this process to get highjacked by someone who has a personal ominous against a particular corporation or a particular sign. That's not good urban planning. That's an attempt to use this process and use one's influence to change things.

I'd also note that the MXD District has had signs permitted for years. Many of them you see here. And the notion of Kendall

Square has expanded Long much beyond what the confines of the MXD District is. So to say to Genzyme, which is on the other side of Broadway, you have to get a Variance but we'll say to another company on the other side of Broadway, you can have your sign as of right. I think Cambridge does a pretty good job of figuring out what's right and what's not right.

I'll close by showing you what I think is a rather ironic photo. That the location that seems to concern all this concern is One Memorial Drive.

HUGH RUSSELL: The CIA sign.

ATTORNEY JAMES RAFFERTY: It's the former home of the electronics corporation of America. One of the more iconic Cambridge signs that if today this building were being built instead of in 1979, I suspect there would be a huge audience suggesting that sign in all its glory needs to be preserved.

1 That's what the Charles River Looked like not 2 too long ago. So for those who write in and 3 say this is going to be the degradation of 4 the Charles River and challenges the 5 historical nature of the river and the 6 buildings along the river, I think it all 7 depends how long of a history you have. 8 have great confidence in the Planning Board's 9 judgement. I urge you to cut through some of 10 the spin here and recognize the good work of 11 the Community Development Department. 12 Thank you. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. Who else 14 wishes to speak? The man in the might shirt. 15 Good evening. STUART SALZER: 16 Mr. Chairman and the Board. Thank you. My 17 name is Stuart Salzer, S-t-u-a-r-t S-a-I-z-e-r. I'm a resident of North 18 19 Cambridge. I live in Green Street and I work 20 at the building that is the source of the 21 controversy, One Memorial Drive.

1 There's only one aspect of the proposal 2 that has me concerned, and that is the focus 3 on illumination. I'm -- I think that any 4 kind of illumination is a bad idea, and I'm 5 sure that once one company starts 6 illuminating their signs, others will. 7 Cambridge has an image of a green city and I 8 really don't think it's appropriate to be a 9 green city with spending large amounts of 10 money lighting signs. 11 Thank you, good evening. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 13 Does anyone else wish to be heard? 14 DOUG YOFFE: Hi. My name is Doug 15 Yoffe. I live at 50 Follen Street in 16 Cambridge. And I just want to go on record 17 saying that I do not support the proposal. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. Okay. 19 Yes, Ma'am. And after you than the man 20 the purple shirt. 21 My name is Colleen COLLEEN CLARK:

Clark. I live at 21 Williams Street. I submitted a letter earlier because I wasn't sure that I was going to be able to come.

I have three concerns: One was for many of us this is the first time we've heard of this, so I don't know if we're sort of out of it or why that is, but anyway, it seems like changes, change is being made. And a meeting at this time of year it means a lot of people are out of town.

The second question has been raised, I didn't hear your presentation in the beginning, is the question that many of us have is what problem is this -- are these changes addressing? And I do think it's good for people, for all of those, us who come to understand what's, what's underlying this and why are these changes, you know -- what, what's going on? And then I, as many people have said, they have some objection to some of the details of the proposals. I'm not

1 really familiar with all of these ordinances. 2 Because it looks to me -- I mean, I printed 3 out the old ordinance and the new -- these 4 changes, and it looks like it's, it's, it's 5 either simplifying or sort of kind of blowing 6 through some of the requirements, and I don't 7 really understand why this is necessary. think review is a good idea. And some of the 8 9 way that it's written is not consistent with 10 some of the language about protecting the 11 environment and the aesthetics of this and 12 that for Cambridge. And so I'm at least a 13 question not a supporter yet. 14 Thank you. 15 Okay. Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: 16 Yes, sir. 17 TED PECK: Hi, I'm Ted Peck from 18 Three Tremont Street in Cambridge. I just 19 wanted to say I remember that ECA sign from 20 when I first arrived at MIT and I kind of

thought it was an eyesore at the time.

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wouldn't necessarily argue for preserving it or recreating it. Yeah, I just want to echo the point of the previous speaker, you know, what is really the problem here? You know, I don't -- I kind of like the signs in the Kendal I Square diax and so forth because they're, you know, interesting and they're companies that most people haven't heard of. But I think there's a big difference, at least in my mind, to companies that everybody has heard of like Citibank or Microsoft or whatever. You know, I think it kind of -- I don't know how you make that distinction, maybe you can't. But, you know, as Tim Rowe was saying, you know, we want to advertise the innovation that occurs here in our town but we don't necessarily want to advertise large, you know, national firms that everyone knows about already. So, I'm also in favor of more careful review, you know, I'm sensitive to the concerns that you guys have

to waste all your time approving variances.

So better guidelines would be good. But I'm also in favor of preserving the natural quality of the Charles River and protecting the image of Cambridge for academia and innovation that's local.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. This gentleman and then the woman over there.

Then actually now three.

STEPHEN PETTIBONE: I'm Stephen

Pettibone, I wrote a letter. It's in your

packet. P-e-t-t-i-b-o-n-e. I live at 6

Harrington Road in Cambridge. I have lived

here since 1968. So you're familiar with the electric side which I really kind of enjoyed but that's separate.

I agree with the people that are opposed to this due to the thought of giving up control to signage to anyone who wants to buy the property and put up a major photo

1 opportunity for advertisement especially for 2 a company that may not have any interest 3 whatsoever not being a part of the city. 4 There has to be a meaningful and substantial 5 way I think that having a review process like 6 we have now is nothing but sound and prudent 7 and I can't imagine why we would want to dispense with that for any reason whatsoever. 8 9 Thank you. 10 Thank you. HUGH RUSSELL: Si r. 11 please come forward. 12 ATTORNEY DONALD SUCHMA: 13 Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. My name 14 is Donald Suchma, S-u-c-h-m-a. 15 attorney Craig and Macauley in Boston. I'm 16 an attorney with Intersystems along with 17 Kevin Crane. And just by way of background, 18 I served on the Planning Board of my town in 19 Westford for a number of years. 20 I would like to address something that 21 I believe is incorrect in Les Barber's

1 On one of those presentation materials. 2 pages it is stated that the sign, any sign 3 that is allowed by Special Permit could not 4 be higher than 20 feet. That is simply not 5 I draw your attention to the Special 6 Permit provision of the proposed amendment 7 where it says that the limitations and restrictions of paragraph A through C of 8 9 7. 16. 22 and of 7. 16. 3 may be wai ved by 10 Special Permit. The building identification 11 sign is simply a wall sign that meet certain 12 cri teri a. If it meets those criteria, then 13 it is entitled to serve as benefits as 14 outlined in the proposed amendment. However, 15 it is a wall sign, and wall signs are 16 regulated by paragraph C of Section 7.16.22. 17 So there's no question that the Special 18 Permit provisions of the proposed amendment 19 apply to building identification signs. 20 Indeed, further reinforcing that assertion is 21 the fact that in paragraph 3 of subparagraph

1	E the general waiver of sign limitations, it
2	is said that no sign in the approved plan may
3	be higher than 20 feet. But then the
4	important words appear, unless otherwise
5	permitted in this Article 7. Now, that
6	language is absolutely meaningless if the
7	Special Permit provisions of the proposed
8	amendment do not apply to building
9	identification signs. The only thing that,
10	quote, unless otherwise permitted, end quote,
11	language applies to are building
12	identification signs and the museum
13	performance center signs. So, there's no
14	question that the Special Permit provisions
15	of the Zoning amendment apply to building
16	identification signs.
17	Thank you very much.
18	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Thank you.
19	You're next.
20	COURTNEY WAAL: Hello. I'm Courtney
21	Waal. I'm a resident of 37 Lee Street. I am

1 currently an employee of Intersystems, 2 although I'm speaking mostly as -- I am 3 former owner of a startup which I relocated 4 to Cambridge. And one of the things that 5 Cambridge really has going for it is that it 6 is a very welcoming environment to startups. 7 And you one of the things that worries me 8 about this law is that it favors majority 9 The wordage in the law is such that tenants. 10 the only person with those limited signs on 11 the building is in most cases of market 12 pressure going to be the majority tenant. 13 And this, in most cases, is going to be a 14 company that will be a Google, a Microsoft 15 and not one of our homegrown businesses. 16 I have to echo in some ways what Tim Rowe 17 I'm a former tenant of his. sai d. That we 18 need to create environment that fosters small 19 business and doesn't let the image of small 20 business be bowled over by those of large 21 busi ness.

1	Thank you.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. Does
3	anyone else wish to be heard?
4	(No response.)
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. I see no hands
6	so we'll close this hearing for public
7	testimony but leave it open for written
8	testi mony?
9	(All agreed).
10	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. We're agreed
11	to do that.
12	Now it's time, let's just make a
13	general comment. That this is a matter that
14	is before the City Council as a change to the
15	Ordinance. And the Planning Board's rule is
16	to advise the City Council in whatever way we
17	see is fit. So, that's what we'll be
18	discussing, is what advice do we want to pass
19	on to the City Council? We may or may not
20	conclude our discussions tonight. We may ask
21	we suggest that certain information be
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So Let's

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We'll have to see. produced. start. Does someone want to start kicking

off?

Charl es.

CHARLES STUDEN: I don't know if I'm the only one in the room that didn't see the Boston Globe article and the photograph that was being referred to. And I assume that it's the eight-and-a-half-by-eleven color photograph that was in the packet that we recei ved. I'm concerned about this photograph because when I looked at it, I thought, oh, my God, is this a photograph of the existing condition? It doesn't really Or even worse, is this what someone is saying that the proposed changes via the Community Development Department would result in? And I'm equally disturbed by that. Either way I'm disturbed by that. suspect it's the latter. I don't know if anyone can clarify. Is this a photograph of

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the way the river looks now?

(From the Audience: No).

CHARLES STUDEN: Nor is it a

photograph of what the river would look like if the very modest changes that are being proposed to this Ordinance, that are being proposed based on years of experience with Community Development Department staff and the design community and planning community if we can't pass these, I find it very troubling because it's not going to look like thi s. And, again, what's being proposed in the Ordinance is not being made up. Everything being proposed is as a result of years of experience trying to understand the issues associated in particular with building There's a very low identification signs. comment on the other changes, again, I assume because as I said earlier, I think all of the changes that are being proposed are very, very modest and I'm quite in favor of all of

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them and would want to send my endorsement to the Ordinance Committee and to the City Council that they give these every consideration because frankly city staff are stretched to the limit with their budget constraints and all of this is designed to make government a little more efficient and make the process a lot easier to deal with. We don't need to torture applicants and everyone in the process.

HUGH RUSSELL: Bill.

WILLIAM TIBBS: I come in slightly different based on where Charles is and that is that I came at this, particularly when I first read this, was coming and then looking at some more previous, I thought we were going through a process of just incorporating things that we had discovered over the years that were problematic and we're looking at changing the language to just deal with some of those routine things. And so I think that

1 there's a substantial piece of that here. 2 But I guess I am concerned about, and I was 3 when I read it, the as of right piece. I 4 felt for me, needed more thought than that. 5 Because I don't think any -- in my past 6 deliberations I didn't feel that we needed a 7 broader as of right allowance, particularly for the building identity sign. So I came to 8 9 this hearing kind of open minded just to get 10 a sense of how to think about that. 11 guess one concern -- I'll be very honest with 12 you, I'm a proponent of a Sign Ordinance, but 13 I've felt that our Sign Ordinance is somewhat 14 arbitrary. And I'm not quite sure if the 15 dimensional stuff that we have is really the 16 right dimensions. But we have them, so I 17 figured that we should stick with them. 18 I guess somebody asked a question that what 19 are we making the changes for? But I think 20 in my case the -- I've always kind of, 21 because it may sound a little strange, but I

always kind of viewed the signage, the reason why I could deal with the signage ordinance the way it was even though I didn't know how some of the dimensional stuff got there, because it was fairly limiting and it did So if you wanted to do force a review. something more than just a very, very limit, you got a review and at least we -- between the Zoning Board or us that that review did I don't think that if we're going to occur. change the Ordinance, I don't think that's the way it should be. I think that's kind of just tweaking it. And I guess if we're just going to tweak it, we could do that, but I wouldn't be in favor of the as of right pieces. But I actually do think that I for one would like to see something a little more comprehensive, but I think that's going to require a whole lot more effort and time than this would do. Unless the city wants to put together some kind of panel like they do with

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the green initiatives and stuff like that. But I think we're at a time where we really should look at the signage ordinance to see what we have to do. We've come, we just had many, many instances. We had old buildings that had sign banners. I mean, places where signs that are limited sizes didn't even fit within those, but would be perfectly adequate to do that. I look at something like the New York signs, the New York Times sign in New York and that's a huge sign which we would never allow. Obviously we would with Special Permit of some sort. I'm not saying that's appropriate for all over Cambridge. But I think signing is from a perspective, signage is something that's important. And so I think that from my perspective either we do limit it, in which case we force the process we feel that process is getting too burdensome, I think we just take a little bit more harder look at this and try to come up

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with some series of things. And I'm really, really concerned with as of right, the building ID's as of right really scares me. And one concern I have quite honestly is we don't enforce the Sign Ordinance that we currently have because we come up with lots It's not like we have sign police of signs. roaming the streets of Cambridge saying, whoops, where that sign come from? You got to rip it down. And we've seen many signs before us that I'm encouraged, you know, that people do come before us with those signs. And I think that from my perspective I've always been the one to say show me what the Sign Ordinance allows to do before you may ask us to make an exception to it. And a lot of times when they do do that, I'm convinced that the exception makes sense. So that to me says our Sign Ordinance is very limiting and if its purpose is to get us to look at it, then that's kind of an approach to the

Special Permitting in general. But I think we're at a time when we should do something more comprehensive and my recommendation is we look at a more comprehensive approach to doing it and put together a commission or team or committee or something to look at this.

HUGH RUSSELL: Pam.

PAMELA WINTERS: Yes, I just want to echo Bill's comments and agree with them.

And I know both you and Charles brought up the issue of the signage request clogging the zoning process. And if this is correct from Intersystems over the last three years has been an average of 11 variance requests per year related to signs, and of that request during that three-year period all but five were approved. So I'm not sure that there's an over abundance of requests.

Charles, does that answer your concern?

I know you had a concern about that.

What I'm concerned 1 CHARLES STUDEN: 2 about is, and I've had some experience in 3 working with the Community Development 4 Department staff in the past with the 5 existing Ordinance, and that is that there 6 are some issues with it. And I don't think 7 that what's before us tonight is being made I think it's based on very real 8 up. 9 experience, and what's being proposed is the 10 Community Development Department's 11 recommendation of what should happen and I 12 support it. It's just that simple. And, you 13 know, obviously we're all going to feel a 14 little bit differently about that. That's 15 all. 16 PAMELA WINTERS: Thank you. 17 HUGH RUSSELL: Ted. 18 H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, I will 19 echo a lot of what other people have said. 20 think -- well, first I'll go on record that I 21 think the idea of building branding and

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corporate identification and signage that provides for that is not a bad idea. it's appropriate in many circumstances and it ought to be allowed in a controlled manner. I don't know that I think that it ought to be allowed as of right for every building and in every location. I also don't think that the Variance process is the appropriate process for it to go through because there are statutory requirements that always get bent a little bit in order to allow the ZBA to authori ze a Vari ance. And so I think, you know, a Special Permit process or some other review process would be more appropriate. do think that there ought to be a review process. I disagree with some of the comments that were made. I think that what Les Barber said is correct, that the waiver provision does not apply to these branding provisions. You know, lawyers can always disagree, that's what we get paid for, but I

don't think it applies and I don't think clearly it can be made 100 percent clear that it doesn't apply. You know, having said that, the opponents have raised, I think, a very valid concern with regard to who will get to use these signs and who will get to have the sign. And I think the fact that the proposal is that the sign be accessory to a tenant or activity located on the building or identifies the building, does leave open that the possibility that the major corporations, McDonalds, Dunkin' Donuts, whatever, could have a very small ground floor facility in a large building, and through their economic clout, convince the building owner that they should be the entity or the tenant that gets to put the sign on the building. And I can envision Dunkin' Donuts doing this in every third building along a street or something and that clearly is not what we want to allow And I don't know what the to happen.

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appropriate percentage is, whether a tenant to be a tenant or have majority ownership of 30 percent or 40 percent or 50 percent, but I think some significant percentage of the building. Because, you know, even somebody like the State Street Bank does not occupy its entire building. It has its name, you know, strewn across the top.

And speaking about that, you know, I think, you know, the Prudential building that has its name on all four sides. I don't think anybody objects to that. So I do think that there ought to be a process, reasonable process for, you know, allowing either major tenants or the owner of the building to put their name on the building. I think it ought to be reviewed somehow. And I would also support the concept that, you know, maybe it is time to do an overall comprehensive review of the Zoning By-Law, because, you know, the Genzyme signs if they're 100, 120 feet, they

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don't offend me given the height they're at. They seem like they're the appropriate size. Therefore, is 90 the appropriate size? Maybe if it's at 100 or 200 feet, but if it's a lot I ower than that what's the appropriate size? I don't know. I think there are a lot of questions that need to be addressed and, you know, maybe it is appropriate for some sort of task force to be put together to review this all. But I certainly don't oppose what the by-law amendment, what the Ordinance amendment would do in concept. I also don't necessarily disagree with codifying the exemption of signs that are totally within the public way. Because my understanding as Les articulated it, is that the City Council reviews and approves all of those signs. because things that are in the public way it belongs to the city, and so the city is approving what is being placed in our own property. I think it already says that it

has to be entirely within the public way, so I don't think there is a problem with signs that project from buildings, but certainly that can be clarified to be made, you know, very clear.

I have no problem with the provisions relating to temporary signs. I think we all like the temporary signs and we try to promote them as much as possible. I guess the only question I would have is really whether it ought to be limited to just to non-profit institutions or maybe there should be some other institutions that, you know, maybe are for profit that ought to get the benefit for that, although I can see the reason we don't want to have, you know, a Harvard Square Cinema say that has the right to put up whatever it wants.

All in all, I think, you know, it's a very good attempt to address the problems that have been coming before us and before

the ZBA over a number of years, and I think it's an excellent start, but I think, you know, we've now heard enough things that personally I think we ought to tell the City Council it's not yet ready for prime time as somebody else said, and that we ought to look at it in great detail.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

Ahmed.

AHMED NUR: I also probably am going to echo what all my colleagues are saying. I think this needs definitely certainly a review. It's complicated. And, Les, I would bear the question rather Pam mentioned the billboards. One particular one that bothers me is in the Inman Square, the Cambridge Alliance billboard on the left side of the hospital or free advertisement, huge billboards in our city in a variety of different places and I wonder if you're going to include those if we're going to recommend

to the City Council or whomever with regard to the billboards? Or even the usual Joe with the truck, you know, we buy houses for cash on the different light poles. People looking for things to buy and just big signs, 24-by-24 inch right in my face while I'm riding around everywhere. That type of stuff. I wonder if we could include that in the thought.

Thank you.

HUGH RUSSELL: Well, I can answer -I think the answer has already been given on
the billboards which the city made a very
strong attempt to regulate billboards, it was
challenged in court and the city lost. So
the law that governs billboards is one that
we can't at a municipal level overturn.

Ted said almost exactly what I believe.

But I wanted to add that I particularly

appreciated Kevin Crane's analysis because he

was looking at sort of a creative look at the

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loopholes. If you sit down and read these words, what might happen that you didn't intend? And it was convincing to me that we didn't, we really hadn't done that exercise for the building identification signs. were looking at the history of what's happened and thinking that's fine or that's perfectly okay, and it's not out of control, but we weren't, I think, seeing what someone else could do with those same words. And it seems like there are significant competing interests here that are fairly fundamental You know, we hear advocates for the Level. Charles River and the open space saying we don't want the character of the open space to change, and we're worried that this might be an unintended consequence. We got a letter from the Historic Commission that says that they're concerned by making additional signs that are higher than 20 feet conforming makes their job of regulating the Harvard Square

1 Conservation District more difficult. And at 2 the other hand, other side I think I mean, I 3 like the building ID signs. I like, okay, 4 Amgen is actually a California company and 5 it's, this is building No. 42 in their fleet. 6 I remember from the time they got the permit. 7 So, but there are Cambridge companies, and L 8 mean I see Novartis there. Novartis is a 9 Swiss corporation, an international 10 corporation. But Cambridge is the 11 headquarters of their research activities. 12 I'm proud that Novartis chose to be here. 13 And as someone else pointed, as a citizen and 14 a tax payer, it's to my benefit that the 15 commercial interest in the city are paying 60 16 percent of the taxes in the city. So we have 17 in the past, in the city where there have 18 been competing interests, put the competing 19 people in a room and say you guys figure it 20 We'll give a structure to it, we'll out. 21 have a -- we, the city, usually the Community

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Development Department will facilitate a process where people talk to each other and find at the end of it is there common ground or is there not common ground? And I've been on at least one of these and usually you find there's some common ground and there are some things you can't agree on. And the things you can agree on, you go forward with. don't think all of the proposals before us tonight need to be on that table. it's really the building ID signs. the extent that the overall Special Permit for sort of a PUD for signs relates to that may also be something that needs to be not enacted by the Council. The other pieces seem to be perfectly okay. The other Council enact as they're written. I don't think that we in the Planning Board should say well, we're going to solve this problem because of the competing interest, and what we've heard tonight that we need a broader section of

1 this community. I think it's worth having a 2 task force. You know, if we don't do it, the 3 procedure will go forward and presumably we 4 aren't going to get a bad outcome if that 5 happens. But it just isn't right to make it 6 a Variance procedure if it's something that 7 is frequently granted, and for which hardship is really not an issue. So what sort of a 8 9 Special Permit should be and I think it 10 probably -- these signs should be subject to 11 a Special Permit, but what should the 12 criteria be? What should the limits be? And 13 I don't -- maybe, you know, when you discuss 14 that, you'll discover that well, maybe the 15 grants procedure is the right answer. I 16 don't know that answer. I hope that's not 17 the result, but, you know, I haven't studied 18 this in a way that it needs to be studied. 19 So other, Patricia, do you want to 20 weigh in on this? 21 PATRICIA SINGER: I came into the

room with a bias. I don't want to say my
mind was made up, but I came into the room
with bias actually in favor of these
regulations but with many questions. And I
think listening to the comments generally
that the proposal that Bill made for further
study really would satisfy me. It would
allow me to make a recommendation to the City
Council which I didn't feel comfortable doing
as I walked in the door or even as I was
listening to all these comments.

The one thing that I didn't hear that I'd like to add to the mix is that Cambridge Historic Council did comment, and that was a very important to me as I was reading through this, because although we're concerned with aesthetics, they are really the panel to make in the community concerned with preservation. And so that really, when I got that letter tonight, I had to tell you that really kind of rocked me a bit. And I think that that

goes beyond the river. I think it goes beyond the historic districts. I think it has a place, although not through that commission, but points out to us that we need to preserve the aesthetic of the different areas of this community. And having said that, I also want to remark that things change. Life goes on. Nothing that we see and nothing that we do here today is going to really make too much different in 50 years.

HUGH RUSSELL: Steve.

thing is I want to say is let's not forget what a good discussion this is. This is great discussion and we know how to do this in Cambridge. We know how to do it very well over and over and over again. However, the first thing I wanted to note is that the public voice has to stay in the process.

That's just -- that cannot go away. The voice of the people has to stay. With regard

to all the regulations and the nuance of the Ordinance, I think that we need to step back from that and do a much more careful and comprehensive study with the correct research question, what is our research question? Now I'm not going to try to frame it now, but anybody sitting in R&D knows your research question has to be correct at the start or else your product is going to be wrong. So let's figure out the research question and then go after that.

I heard some really good stuff tonight about urban identity and urban design reflecting who we are, all those things are true. The public landscape that doesn't belong to us alone. We have a stewardship for it, all those things are true. But, I also think that urban design does tell the story of who we are. And you know what? Kendall Square is -- got its own buzz. Got its own thing happening. It's a real

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different place from Cambridge, and it's real It's just that it's different from Boston. got its own thing going there. I think that what we need to do is we do need to tell that story and we do need to get that story out. That's, that's clear. But I think it's all about how we can creatively tell that story. Is it about putting labels on buildings? I don't know. Is it about something else? You know, we're creative enough to figure that out. What is it that we can do to Kendall Square to visually accompany with urban design? What is really happening there and what really makes it snap, crackle and pop? So those are my thoughts.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thanks. You sparked in my mind and from recent memory we gave a Special Permit for a building that's really significantly altered the nighttime landscape of the Charles River, well somewhat altered which is the MIT media lab. As you walk

across the Harvard bridge towards Cambridge, it's surprising there's this big splash of light from their top floor conference center that wasn't there before. And, you know, one of them's probably okay, you know. Very many of them would make quite a difference. But I don't think anybody has thought about that, that consequence of that building. You know, it doesn't say Burger King. You have to know it's the medialab to know what it is, but still it's a change. And it's a big piece of brightness on the skyline that used to be not so bright in that spot.

Pam.

PAMELA WINTERS: So I think a lot of what you're saying, Hugh, is about aesthetics and I think that's what Tricia was talking about, too. And so, I think that, you know, I like looking at each building individually and seeing how the signs fit in with the aesthetics of the building. You know, I'm

thinking about just in my neighborhood the carriage house, for example, all of the signs for the businesses in that building all conform and it is an historic building, conform, though those black signs that are very nice. And then there's just one sign that kind of pops out that's a -- it's actually Children's Day Care Center and it's in yellows and greens, and I thought oh, you know, I can understand why they did that, but it would be nice if the whole thing was sort of conforming. So that's one aesthetic.

The other one is the -- I'm just
thinking where I go all the time is the Whole
Foods in Alewife and, you know, I thought to
myself, I think that even came before us
actually. It did. And they went to the
larger sign. And I thought to myself, you
know, that sign could be just a bit tad
larger to fit into that groove that they have
in the top of the building. It's just a tiny

1 bit too small, maybe 20 percent larger. So I 2 think it all depends on the individual 3 building, the size of the bidding, the 4 aesthetics of the building. There's so much 5 to consider I think when you're considering 6 signage. So I have to agree with what you 7 and Tricia just commented on. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Is there anyone else 9 who wants to weigh in? 10 (No response.) 11 HUGH RUSSELL: It seems to me that 12 there's a range of viewpoints here, but that 13 most of us believe that at least the building 14 signage provisions need more study. I guess 15 my question then would be to the staff, do 16 you need more from us to communicate to the 17 Council about where the Planning Board is? 18 And then to the Board, is it something we 19 wanted to discuss further at say the next 20 meeting? 21 PATRICIA SINGER: I for one don't

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really see how much further we could get continuing this discussion. I think that the -- in this one, really the devil is in the details and that in part is what I meant about my comment about change is coming. can't stop it. But I think what we can try to do is look at those details and get them as bright as we can get them today. And that's not a one night affair. something that a lot of people with a lot of different perspectives, unfortunately a lot of time to hammer through and even then maybe they can't come to a consensus. Maybe they would have to give a range of opinion the way that we sometimes do.

HUGH RUSSELL: Ted.

H. THEODORE COHEN: I concur that I don't see the need for further discussion in the immediate future about this. I would hope that City Council would not act right now on the provisions about the building

signs, on the branding, and instead would 1 2 either refer it back to staff or create a 3 task force or do something else that we would 4 then have an opportunity at some future time 5 to comment upon. 6 PAMELA WINTERS: Should we recommend 7 that there be a task force formed, would that 8 be helpful? 9 HUGH RUSSELL: I think a number of 10 us would think that would make sense. 11 think it's not a universal. 12 CHARLES STUDEN: It's going to be 13 many, many years before it gets resolved 14 that's all I can say. 15 STEVEN WINTER: I'd like to comment 16 on that if I could. We have to be really 17 careful that that doesn't happen. You know, 18 I think we have to be very mindful when we go 19 to the Council and make our presentations, 20 and we have to have some sense of stewardship 21 for the process, too. We cannot let this

becomereally

become a sluggish process. We have to be really careful to stay on this to make something creative happen. We can do that.

HUGH RUSSELL: Les.

LES BARBER: Are we talking about the building ID signs? Is that the segment that we're talking about? Or is it something more than that?

HUGH RUSSELL: I believe it's the building ID signs but there's also the piece that I'm still not conv -- feel is well enough studied is the provisions for sort of a comprehensive signage Special Permit. And that's something which could become clear in the matter of a week or two as I think more about it. It's subject to perfecting the language to make sure that its intention is clear. I mean I should make a comment. I think actually that it's very well done. Some of the subject is difficult and so that's why we have this bigger public

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process. And I'm not critical of the work that's been done to date, but I think there's more to be done. I would like to see this -- I personally would -- my colleagues agree, that the portions that are not controversial, could be enacted right away I think.

WILLIAM TIBBS: I agree. I agree with Ted on that one. That there are pieces The general waiver of signage here. limitations actually is a piece that I actually like because I think if you look at a place like Porter Square or the Fresh Pond or whatever, it's just something where you can take the whole thing and try to come up with a comprehensive look at it. I think you very early in the conversation hit upon the issue with this one, which is that it sort of said what triggers you into it, but it doesn't have very much criteria. And I think if it had -- if we just had a better sense of criteria always help us when we're trying to

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do a Special Permits. So, but I think the idea of doing that on a comprehensive way is actually good. And I just want to be clear that the idea of a building identity sign doesn't bother me. It was the as of right piece of it and the unforeseen circumstances which really got me. So I think we're, I think we are -- and I agree actually, Charles, that a lot of the stuff here does actually address issues that we have been dealing with. So I think if we just clarify those and maybe have a little bit more comprehensive process, I think it will work. I think in a lot of ways we're not in as much disagreement as it might sound. I think it's just we need more clarity.

LES BARBER: I would sort of encourage you not to make the decision tonight. And I think there isn't a need to, I don't think. The Council probably can't act until September in any case. And there

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may be a procedural move that they have to make at the August meeting. And you certainly have another meeting to discuss it.

Sign issues are a quagmire and I just assume not be part of a quagmire quite In the end it is a subjective frankly. None of the numbers make are doctri ne. Quite frankly I think the Sign sacrosanct. Ordinance work pretty well as it is now. we simply identified, I think, in our many discussions and review of what comes before you, that it would be useful to not force people to get Variances in order to tweak it a little bit. And if they can justify it, present an alternate sign scheme that we would all judge to be better than the straight jacket that the existing Ordinance I'm not sure what the puts people in. criteria is for making that judgment.

it's an end. It would be that, you know, you

1 compare it to the as of rights. 2 LES BARBER: Yes. 3 HUGH RUSSELL: And you find that 4 it's the public policies of the city insofar 5 as they are applicable, are better served by 6 the alternative than by the as of right. 7 And I think we're LES BARBER: 8 suggesting that there be a narrative that 9 people make their case in that regard, but 10 you know, everything's going to be new again 11 every time you see a new set of designs. 12 I think that's the intent. That we should be 13 refreshed by someone's creativity as long as 14 we're not stretching the envelope 15 16 17 think about it. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: 19

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unreasonably. So I would simply suggest maybe you could take another week or two to Okay. And maybe you can come back with some language that might address some of the specific points that came up tonight.

1 LES BARBER: Absolutely. 2 And we could talk HUGH RUSSELL: 3 about it maybe in a month or whenever the 4 schedule seems to allow it. Is that okay? 5 (All agreed). 6 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. PATRICIA SINGER: Can I make another 7 8 suggestion? Sort of at the end of this 9 process, however the process ultimately 10 defines itself, that we build a periodic 11 review? We do that sometimes with parking, 12 or you know, noise or this or that or the 13 other thing. I think this is a broad enough 14 subject which has enough moving pieces that 15 it warrants a look periodically. We're 16 learning as we go. We saw that, for example, 17 with the antennas. We wrote what we thought 18 were pretty good rules, and now every time we 19 look at a building, we have something else to 20 say about it. 21 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. So, we'll not

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decide this tonight. Put it on the agenda for a later meeting and we'll take a recess now for about ten minutes and then take up the rest of our general business.

(A short recess was taken.)

HUGH RUSSELL: Ten minutes have elapsed. So we'll take up the first item on your General Business.

Planning Board case 151, 360 Binney Major Amendment to reduce the Street. maximum and minimum of parking spaces. And I think we received a communication, but if I cannot -- it may have gotten lost in the Here it is. Communication from paperwork. Barbara Brousard which says that they've met, that the proposed plan -- I'm now coming to the conclusion. Although the proposed maximum of 284 spaces is an acceptable minimum, zero is not. Members of the planning team believe that the maximum should reflect the 63 spaces presently used plus a

small buffer for future employees. I think that's because the building isn't entirely occupied now. And the majority voted for 284 maximum and 70 minimum. And two members voted for no reduction. They also wished that this would only apply to Amgen and not the future residents of 360 Binney Street. I'm not sure we can do that.

So, I guess I would like to ask our esteemed Traffic and Transportation

Department colleagues what they think about this idea of having a minimum of 70 which kind of makes sense to me.

SUSAN CLIPPINGER: I think we continue to feel comfortable with zero minimum, and I think there's a couple of ways that we're thinking about it.

One of them is I think it's an opportunity for this particular building and this particular location to be a further incentive for some of the very positive

1 improvements that they've been making in 2 terms of getting people not to use their car. 3 The parking garage is there. It's a 4 commercial parking lot. It's available. 5 There is enough space for anybody who would 6 be driving to this site to find parking 7 They do provide currently a discount there. 8 for employees who park, as well as the 9 discounts for people who are biking and 10 taking transit. So they're not really 11 changing the commuter choice program that 12 they've been providing for their employees. 13 It's really an incentive for the developer, 14 for the company themselves to be thinking 15 about spending less money, reserving parking 16 spaces from a separate entity. They don't 17 own the garage which I think can be used for 18 other kinds of transportation related 19 services and support to their employees that 20 encourages them not to drive. So I think 21 it's a nice way with providing them with the

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flexibility and the financial flexibility to be doing the kinds of things. And they've got -- they have a great track record in terms of what they've done already.

In terms of trying to think about, you know, what could go wrong that would hurt the residential community, it's pretty hard to park in the residential area there unless you have a resident sticker. If you work at Amgen and you live in Cambridge, you're probably already parking with your resident sticker in the neighborhood. So it's not really changing anything that exists today. And, you know, we put meters in to a lot at Faul kner Street and the areas there. There's more enforcement going on. The people who are driving, I don't think that this change is going to change any kind of adverse parking impact on the community. And so it's a way of providing an incentive and making it easy and encouraging them to, you know, put

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their focus on what employees need and not be -- having to have this financial relationship with the garage in order to meet the Zoning So that's, that's basically the mi ni mum. reason that we've been encouraging it. And I think that, you know, if you're uncomfortable with zero, then I would really encourage thinking about a minimum that's a very, very small number so that that incentive aspect of, you know, is really good because when a developer has to meet a Zoning minimum and they don't own the parking, they have to rent those spaces whether they're used or not. And so that means they're putting money out for spaces that they may or may not use. it's not really protecting us from making sure that they have space for employees because the spaces are there. So, that's where I come out on this.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. Comments? Steve.

1 STEVEN WINTER: I thank you very 2 much for that. It makes sense to me also. 3 Are we looking to the proponent or are we 4 moving ahead? 5 HUGH RUSSELL: This is a discussion. Unless someone feels we need to listen to the 6 7 proponent, we can ask him. 8 STEVEN WINTER: I concur with Sue. 9 CHARLES STUDEN: I do as well. I 10 think for all the reasons that were just 11 articulated, that it makes sense to have it 12 be at zero. 13 HUGH RUSSELL: So, I'm concerned 14 that the permit goes with the property and 15 not with the applicant. And that, you know, 16 its a volatile industry. Amgen, you know, 17 may decide this building is superfluous. may decide it's nowhere near big enough for 18 19 their use in Cambridge. We don't know. It's 20 a dynamic industry. It's a very substantial 21 company. And so, if someone else -- they

1	vacate the building, someone else comes in
2	and has a very different program, I mean I
3	guess the building's required to have a TDM,
4	ri ght?
5	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: Yes. They're not
6	required to have a PTDM because they have no
7	parking. They do have a TDM that's part of
8	the Special Permit for the building.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: And so as the tenancy
10	changes, that plan gets updated; is that
11	correct?
12	SUSAN CLIPPINGER: It's a
13	requirement on the building. It's a
14	requirement on the building.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Other people want
16	to
17	WILLIAM TIBBS: I'm listening
18	because the I did have initially I had
19	a problem with the zero, it just didn't seem
20	right to me even though I understood very
21	much that we wanted to be giving the

1 incentive to you, we don't want to 2 disincentive you. But it is a precedent that 3 it seems that so I'm listening. As you were 4 talking, I listened to Sue and I said well, 5 that makes sense. But I agree with you 6 earlier when the 70 made sense. So I'm still 7 listening. I haven't decided yet. 8 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. 9 Ted. 10 H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, I was not 11 here at the hearing and I won't be voting on 12 this, but my only comment is in light of what 13 you were just talking about, Hugh, was that 14 since it does go with the building, is it 15 possible to grant it but with a time limit of 16 say five or ten years or that it has to be 17 reviewed in some period of time so that if 18 the ownership does change and factors change, 19 that some future Board could look at it 20 agai n?

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STEVEN WINTER: May I respond to

1 The only thing I wouldn't want to do that? 2 is give a business a cost that's a variable 3 cost in the future. So I wouldn't want to --4 I mean, the cost is a cost, and if you know 5 it's coming down, then you can budget it and 6 you can plan for it. But if it's a variable, 7 I think that's very, very hard to plan for. 8 LES BARBER: Unlike Variances you 9 can actually tie a Special Permit to a 10 And the permit is granted to Amgen, person. 11 not granted to the building per se. That may 12 be an option. The benefit of Amgen is the 13 entity that owns the permit. Otherwise 14 establish some minimum for a future entity. 15 HUGH RUSSELL: Pam. 16 PAMELA WINTERS: Sue, you mentioned 17 A minimum amount that you would a mi ni mum. 18 feel comfortable with. Do you have a number 19 in mind? 20 AHMED NUR: Zero. 21 PAMELA WINTERS: I know you said

zero but you said or a small amount.

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SUSAN CLIPPINGER: Well, I mean I don't think it should be more than what they're currently using because that kind of takes away any kind of incentive. And if you're trying to incentivize it, it should be less than what they're currently using.

CHARLES STUDEN: Again, this is a company that's a model for what we'd like to see other companies operate in the City of Cambri dge. And I think what the Transportation Traffic and Parking Department is proposing is something extremely And I think that this is a i nnovati ve. company that's going to be around for a long I'm not fearful of that, and I think time. perhaps we're trying to control too much. I'd like to see them get this granted and get other companies to do the same thing. could get everybody to do what they're doing, we'd be in a good place.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed.
2	AHMED NUR: Yes, I also concur. I'm
3	in favor of the Major Amendment to reduce the
4	maximum number of parking spaces required to
5	be reduced to zero.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: So, Bill and I are on
7	the fence. Is everybody else at zero?
8	Tri ci a.
9	PATRICIA SINGER: If I remember
10	correctly, that although this is a long-term
11	agreement with the parking garage, it gets
12	adj usted annual l y?
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Your name for the
14	record.
15	CHRI STOPHER BARR: Yes. Chri s Barr,
16	B-a-r-r.
17	So, yeah, they do look at it annually.
18	We have our legal team and the procurement
19	team that Looks at these on an annual basis.
20	And that's, you know, obviously that would be
21	something that we would probably look at in

1 the near future. I can't comment on it right 2 now, but that's kind of the deal, yeah. 3 PATRICIA SINGER: So it seemed 4 logical to me that there's an incentive from 5 the company's perspective to pay for zero 6 parking spaces if in fact they know that they 7 have picked a number wildly. X number of 8 employees who need to park there in order to 9 continue contributing to the wellbeing and 10 the success of the company. So even if we 11 would grant a zero base line, the company has 12 to act responsibly in order to be an ongoing 13 concern. 14 CHARLES STUDEN: Exactl y. 15 Ri ght. CHRI STOPHER BARR: 16 So where does that WILLIAM TIBBS: 17 position --18 HUGH RUSSELL: I think this whole 19 argument centers around a physical situation 20 of this humongous garage that is much larger 21 than is needed to service the buildings it's

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intended to service. And Amgen being one of those. And we certainly -- I mean, the owner could elect to demolish the garage, but then that would upset a whole bunch of permits, require review of a number of permits and we would be able to weigh in on that and the public could weigh in on that. They could lease to other people, but then again requires permits. So any of the changes, Sue's recommendation is based on this is the way things are now and they can't change so why not go to zero? I think that's -- I'm paraphrasing it. But it's not a general thing city wide, it's really this particular di stri ct.

PATRICIA SINGER: It's for this particular relationship, Hugh. Somebody used the word precedent setting. And one of my very first comments to this Board was that we need to be very, very careful about precedent. That when entities in general

1	start to rely on precedent, they become lazy.
2	Like we are here to think about the situation
3	i ndi vi dual I y.
4	STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair, I
5	certainly concur about precedence. However,
6	there's one of the things that I'm doing as a
7	Planning Board member is supporting the
8	municipal staff's relationship building with
9	this company in a really interesting and
10	innovative way. So I'm in the same way that,
11	you know, we might talk about transfer of
12	development rights as something we need to
13	implement because it's there and it's on the
14	books. There's something really unique and
15	interesting that we have to support there.
16	PATRICIA SINGER: I am absolutely in
17	support. If I've given you a different
18	opi ni on, pl ease don' t thi nk that.
19	STEVEN WINTER: No, I get all that.
20	PATRICIA SINGER: No, I'm going to
21	zero.

1	WILLIAM TIBBS: I have a listened
2	and I think I can support zero too.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: So it sounds like
4	we're ready for a motion.
5	AHMED NUR: Yes, indeed.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: Would someone like to
7	I don't have the backup paperwork for
8	this. It's the Major Amendment
9	PAMELA WINTERS: To reduce
10	HUGH RUSSELL: It's written there in
11	the agenda.
12	PAMELA WINTERS: It's a Major
13	Amendment to reduce the maximum and minimum
14	number of parking spaces required from 284 to
15	424 to zero to 284 as allowed in Section
16	6.3.5.1 and Section 10.45 of the Zoning
17	Ordi nance. No other changes to the Special
18	Permit are anticipated. Amgen, Inc.
19	appl i cant.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: So you're moving to
21	grant the relief sought?

1	PAMELA WINTERS: I am.
2	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a second?
3	CHARLES STUDEN: Second.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Charles.
5	All those in favor?
6	(Show of hands.)
7	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay it's a vote.
8	(Russell, Winter, Tibbs, Nur,
9	Studen, Winters, Singer.)
10	HUGH RUSSELL: This is Planning
11	Board case 248. And there's a designer here.
12	And we voted a permit based on drawings and
13	some changes, and in case anybody has to tell
14	the department that we think these are not
15	si gni fi cant.
16	LES BARBER: Yes.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Or if they are
18	significant, we go another route.
19	LES BARBER: If they were deemed to
20	be significant, they would require a new
21	Special Permit granted.

HUGH RUSSELL: 1 So is this a request 2 for a Minor Amendment or just an advisory 3 basi s? 4 Well, this is LES BARBER: 5 essentially a determination as to whether the 6 changes are merely modifications that are 7 subject to review of the design as it 8 evolves, or whether they're so significant 9 that a new Special Permit is issued. Unlike 10 PUDs we don't have Major or Minor. It's just 11 either design review or new permit. 12 HUGH RUSSELL: 0kay. PI ease 13 proceed. 14 Good evening. My name PETER QUI NN: 15 is Peter Quinn, Peter Quinn Architects, 1955 16 Mass. Ave. Cambridge. 17 We came before this Board on April 20th 18 to present a five-story mixed use building, 19 former Bowl and Board site in Putnam Square. 20 This is a building with ground floor 21 commercial use. Above that are four stories

of residential use. And below an underground parking garage for 20 cars. The total building area is approximately 13,000 square feet just to give you a background.

We appreciate the Board's consideration of Special Permit approval and apologize for having to return to request approval for what we think is a slight change in our plans.

But we hope that what we're presenting can be dealt with administratively without further hearing process since we are responding positively to several issues that were raised by the Board; namely, the issue of privacy for the Trowbridge Street neighbors and the overall vanity of the building.

The setback we received was for setback relief on three yards at the residential level. Minimal setback was actually required for all yards at the commercial level, but it calculated setback is required for the residential levels. And generally this

amounts to five feet for the, the street sides and substantially more for any inland, inboard property line at 20, 25 feet. The Zoning By-Law of course gives this Board the authority to modify those setbacks under the Harvard Square Overlay part of the by-law as Article, for the record, 25.5. And we indicated at the time that we requested relief on the residential side. I'm just going to walk over to the board so you can see where I'm talking about.

So this is our 3-D model. Mass. Ave.

Trowbridge. This is a large parking deck for 1105 Mass. Ave. and then there's a fourth side in which we pulled the building away at the second floor, the first floor from 1105.

WILLIAM TIBBS: For me it would be helpful -- I'm not saying you shouldn't go through this, but if you can just kind of emphasize what's changed from before so that I can -- or else I'll get kind of confused.

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PETER QUINN: That part of my speech is about to happen. Just hang in there a

So, what we had done originally is we asked for relief on the Mass. Ave. side, the Trowbridge side and the side facing the parking deck. We indicated at the time that we request relief on the residential side for Mass. Ave. and Trowbridge front that would allow eight inch setbacks for the floors two through five. And one inch for the -actually, one inch is allowed by right for the storefront. So we actually had an offset in the facade from the curtain wall above to the store front level below. So that's just jumping ahead a little bit. When I say curtain wall, that's this part. This is the residential here. (Indicating.)

And likewise we had the same dimensional pattern on the side facing the parking garage.

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The fourth side complied by more than 20 feet from what we required. So our first request is that we are proposing to increase the setback on the -- what we call the right rear side, is the side facing the parking deck for 1105. And that's this side here (indicating) off of the second through fifth floors to increase that from eight inches to three foot, one. So actually we're improving the setback situation. And that is also the design change as well. We'd like to make this a solid wall (indicating). And I'll go into reasons why for that. But this side is what faces the Trowbridge neighborhood and it's the side that is closest to the property line, inboard property line.

This solves a number of problems that have arisen since we first moved on to the construction drawings; namely, the original proposal. The proposed curtain wall eight inches off the property line would require

two Variances from the Board of building appeal which is the Board that governs the building code. We were aware of that going into this of course. We had made a tentative agreement with the neighbors at 1105 that they would establish a no build easement along our property line. The two Variances, one for (inaudible) and one for operable windows would -- when we looked at it closely, we saw that we might come away with half a loaf in the approval process and be several months into it thereby delaying So we decided to try a construction. different tack. And in this scenario, which we are presenting, we will pull the building back three foot, one from the property line and make the wall a fire rated wall with limited openings. And all of this is allowed with the current building code without any Variances or site agreements from the adjoining property.

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So to conclude on this first request, what we are actually -- I think that there are several resulting benefits to this proposal.

First, of course, we can move forward with our construction drawings and start construction without permitting delays. But we also, you know, there's a new stretch code in Cambridge, and to meet that with a curtain wall is kind a challenge. We could do it, but it's one of these things where having a north side solid is going to be, that side that you see there is the north side with a solid highly insulated wall will make it a lot easier.

And then thirdly, and we think this is actually a major public benefit, we would provide a wall that we can design contextually with regard to the residential neighbors to the north addressing their concerns for privacy that were raised at the

interior uses along this wall with windows to bedrooms. To expand on this a bit. I know the image of the building was more than just a side bar at the hearing, so I'm trying to dovetail that part of the discussion. In making the wall solid, we expressed the rear wall as kind of a solid anchor from which the three transparent curtain walls extends.

If I can just digress as an architect for a minute. The logic is to treat it differently so that it can be thought of to result from the context; namely, facing the residential neighborhood wherein the walls are generally solid, discrete windows and dimensional siding. So that's what we tried to provide right here (indicating). This is a kind of fiber cement board. It's a little larger scale than a typical clapboard. You can think of it as transitional into a commercial use. The windows or awning and

1	clear story windows. Transoms. They all
2	open. And as I said, the material's solid.
3	And so it does give us
4	STEVEN WINTER: Peter, may I ask a
5	clari fyi ng questi on?
6	PETER QUI NN: Sure.
7	STEVEN WINTER: Can you point on
8	that rendering where the solid wall is?
9	PETER QUINN: It's on the back.
10	STEVEN WINTER: Thank you. Thank
11	you. Okay, I just wanted to make sure I knew
12	where it was.
13	CHARLES STUDEN: But do you have a
14	rendering, did we see a rendering of the
15	north side of the building?
16	PETER QUINN: Only the flat
17	elevations like this.
18	CHARLES STUDEN: I'm confused. No.
19	PETER QUI NN: Oh, before?
20	CHARLES STUDEN: Yes, before.
21	PETER QUI NN: You saw a colored

1 version of this as a curtain wall. 2 CHARLES STUDEN: What it looks like 3 up above? 4 PETER QUI NN: Yes. Just a different 5 vari ati on. 6 CHARLES STUDEN: Okay. 7 HUGH RUSSELL: Is it your intention 8 to have different colored pallets on this 9 wall? 10 Yeah, right, right. PETER QUI NN: 11 don't know if you've been to Patriot Place 12 down by Patriot's Stadium. There's a 13 commercial building, one of the biggest ones 14 that has the same material on it. I guess I 15 got the idea of having it sort of random 16 color, colored random pattern and it's a 17 material called Nichiha which is a fiber 18 cement board. Commercial dimension to it. 19 By the way, we did speak with the 20 neighbor who is most affected by that, that's 21 Nancy Anderson. Some of you may know her.

Her husband was a famous architect in the town. She was couldn't be more happier with this change. She always worried that even though her house is 80 some odd feet away, that her privacy was always going to be compromised. We saw this as a win/win proposal certainly for her. And adding a little bit more setback was something that she is highly desirable as well.

CHARLES STUDEN: This making the building smaller?

PETER QUINN: Well, what happens is, I simultaneously want to request that we align the facades on those two street sides to all one inch of the gown. And I'll give you the logic of that here in a second.

On the street side we propose the increase in setback to the residential level from eight inches to align the storefront below. To be honest the seven inch offset that's the difference between one inch and

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eight inch resulted from not so much of a careful analysis but rather from a last minute adjustment that we had to make to the building area in order to comply with, I don't know if you're aware of this, a rather complicated building area formula used when you have mix of commercial and residential, plus we were trying to obtain the 30 percent bonus on the residential. And there were a number of variables that we couldn't nail down until the end of that design process. So we actually always intended to have them, but I had to make, you know, a quick adjustment at the last minute when we submitted our plans in I think it was March.

So our original intention was to have these surfaces aligned to have these supporting columns between lower storefront glazing and the curtain wall above fronted with a normal cantilever. It's technical side bar here that the curtain wall's

bracketed off the structural system. It greatly complicates that we cannot align all of our exterior curtain wall columns through the basement because the exterior columns are seismic frame for the building. Also by putting the residential setback on these two fronts to one inch thereby aligning the storefront below we do pick up the square footage that we lost on the back. It happens to work out exactly.

Now, there's one other thing and there was a discussion when we were here on the 20th about the corner. So we took this as an opportunity to take a look at it, and plus Mr. Russell in particular asked us to do so. The drawings that you have -- I'm just going to hand out a small revision over, you know, what you have in your package. We've been able to fine tune the curtain wall with respect to how we treat it.

HUGH RUSSELL: I like that much

1 better.

Small change.

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Small change that PETER QUI NN: makes a big difference. This was the original approved building.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Can I see that?

PETER QUI NN: Sure. It's what I call a carpenter's solution. And which elicited several comments which I just mentioned Mr. Russell said maybe we could do But the vertical alignment that better. we're requesting allows us to really emphasize the sheet-like nature of both the upper and lower walls, make that meet better. And then each wall meets vertically in each side, then reaches a composite. It allows us to open up the corner and express that architecturally. And what we're proposing here -- and this is actually what we would like to do. This is, this is kind of an Audi version of the one that is otherwise in your

set that was handed out to you a week ago.

But the idea here is that we pull back the curtain wall, express the edge as you're coming down Mass. Ave. and create a kind of corner element to address that corner and then allow these -- each side of curtain wall to have its own surface. Which I think actually reads pretty well and creates a much more interesting corner. We have a size of cantilever quality by doing that. So I'll leave it at that and I'll take any questions. Thank you for your consideration here tonight.

CHARLES STUDEN: I'm going to actually react here to what you're proposing on the north side because one, I'm sympathetic to the neighbor and the privacy issue that this might address. There are windows, you can still look out, etcetera. It seems to me to be kind of a compromise to what is otherwise a very elegant building. And it almost looks like, if I can imagine

1 this building being built like just a 2 temporary wall, and that some day another 3 building's going to be attached to and grow 4 to the north but that's never going to 5 happen. You kind of look at it and you go 6 well, why does it look like that? What's the 7 reason for that departure in what is an 8 otherwise very glassy, very open building? I 9 don't know. It just strikes me as being very 10 arbitrary. But anyway just my reaction. 11 PETER QUI NN: It certainly was 12 debated within my office and with Roger the 13 owner. 14 UNIDENTIFIED MALE: I was in the 15 glass side. 16 PETER QUINN: I think, you know --17 CHARLES STUDEN: I'm on the glass 18 side too, you can tell. 19 PETER QUI NN: If we did glass given 20 the way that we're heading now, we would just 21 simply, it would be all opaque except where

1	we have windows. So it wouldn't function the
2	same way the other sides do.
3	CHARLES STUDEN: Okay.
4	AHMED NUR: Okay. Well, I have a
5	question for you. The 1075 address numbers
6	that are on the chamber facing Mass. Avenue,
7	have you considered putting that address on
8	the bottom of the curtain wall in that
9	horizontal spandrel? I mean, that's just a
10	question that I had. Personally I think it
11	would look better.
12	PETER QUINN: Let me make sure I
13	understand what you're talking about. You're
14	referring to this here (indicating)?
15	AHMED NUR: Yes.
16	PETER QUI NN: You're talking about
17	putting it here?
18	AHMED NUR: Right.
19	PETER QUINN: We had not done a
20	comprehensive signage study on this yet. And
21	part of that is because of, you know, the

1 tenants, the building name, it's going to 2 have a name. We haven't resolved that yet. 3 AHMED NUR: I understand. 4 PETER QUINN: Well, this is more. 5 knew you were talking about signage. 6 thought we'd provoke the issue. 7 Is that going to be AHMED NUR: 8 replaced by something else? 9 The second question I had for you is 10 the -- what you call the north elevation. 11 What type of a material are you -- I missed 12 I think you explained. Is it brick? Is 13 it CMU? What is it? 14 It's a fiber cement PETER QUI NN: 15 So it's a heavy cement panel that 16 comes pre-primed, pre-painted with, you know, 17 a 20 year warranty. It's pretty durable 18 material. It's a commercial material. 19 AHMED NUR: And so that entire 20 facade is, is there any detail recess or 21 projecti on?

PETER QUINN: Where the color breaks that whole line. It's like a clapboard almost with a joint and it gives an expressed joint.

AHMED NUR: And roughly the residential windows would look just like that, maybe two here and two, three here kind of a thing or is it a lot more windows going on in that?

PETER QUINN: We actually can add, you know, we're allowed 15 percent window openings. And we're about 12 now. So technically we can add a few more windows and we would still stay within the building code parameters.

AHMED NUR: And the last question I have is if I look up the curtain wall north elevation and then look at the brick facade down under that you're proposing, it seems to me that the width has changed. Is there a recessed curtain wall on the right side

1	rather than
2	PETER QUI NN: That's where our green
3	roof is.
4	AHMED NUR: Oh, I see.
5	PETER QUINN: It's a corresponding
6	rear el evati on.
7	AHMED NUR: Oh, I see. You flipped
8	it. Okay, good. Thank you.
9	PETER QUI NN: And there's one other
10	thing that you mentioned I just want to clear
11	up. It will come to me.
12	AHMED NUR: Yes, that's fine.
13	PATRICIA SINGER: I have a technical
14	question which doesn't really impact a vote,
15	but I don't understand how residential is
16	going to sit on top of a commercial in the
17	back with a three foot, one setback. Is it
18	going to look like children's blocks? Or
19	will I not even notice it from a distance
20	because it's up higher and back?
21	PETER QUINN: It's up higher. It's

1 off a parking garage. In other words, 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 durable. 16 PATRI CI A SI NGER: 17 18 ledge would collect water. 19 20

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there's a -- I'm sorry, I don't have context photographs here. But you have that there which is a parking deck which is raised two or three off the street level that goes right up to our property line. And it has a small parapet. So our wall continues up above it about another 12 feet. And that will be stucco and finished and then color. And then above that it steps back and that's where your curtain wall begins. So it's, you know, there's not much we can do at that lower Level because the cars are right there. And, you know, it does have to be extremely That's actually a concrete wall.

Actually, my concern was that that three foot, one inch

PETER QUINN: It's got a slight pitch that's all. It's like a -- so it just drains off.

1 PATRICIA SINGER: Then I have 2 another question. You've said that the 3 concrete panels in the back are going to be 4 different colors? 5 PETER QUI NN: Ri ght. 6 PATRICIA SINGER: Are those going to 7 be strong colors or subtle colors? 8 PETER QUI NN: It would be like a 9 muted, you know, a muted, you know, sort of 10 along the lines of this. I assume we would 11 do an administrative review with the planning 12 department on colors and facade samples and 13 all that. 14 PATRI CI A SI NGER: I think I would 15 like to go on record strongly preferring the 16 colors that we've seen on a lot of buildings 17 like they're coming in with strong colors. 18 And I think it would be out of character to 19 the neighborhood. And I think it would 20 actually have the opposite effect of what is 21 and using color to breakup a big expanse.

1 PETER QUI NN: Yes, I know what you 2 mean. 3 PATRICIA SINGER: I think using a 4 strong color in this case would emphasize 5 that it's a big expanse. 6 HUGH RUSSELL: I think I would go a 7 step further that part of the building is 8 (inaudible). I think back the building 9 should be say in the same greys. 10 PETER QUI NN: Yeah. Yeah, that's an 11 interesting --12 WILLIAM TIBBS: I agree with that. 13 I was having some difficulty --14 With the yellow. PETER QUI NN: 15 WILLIAM TIBBS: -- with that yellow. 16 Whereas if that were some, as you said a 17 grey, it wouldn't bother me as much. Because 18 what I'm saying is how different is this? 19 And you have changed it from a kind of a 20 glass cube where everything was glass, even 21 the corner detail, you now have two glass

panes so that they're almost set on the side. But I think the, that that material unless that's material that really kind of blends in to me is a different, but I think if you can detail it and make sure the colors are such that it's a grey to match the front side, it doesn't bother me as much.

HUGH RUSSELL: I think the way it's done is very wise. If you look at the floor plan you can see it, that the back wraps around the corners a little bit?

PETER QUINN: Right. Right. So what you're seeing is a little -- there's about an 18 inch section that wraps around and then you see it here again at the corner of Trowbridge. And this is addressing -- this is the subject that I wanted to bring up Mr. Studen had a question about creating this wall. I really wanted to make -- now that we embraced the wall to make it an architectural element that is solid that's facing this

1	residential neighborhood and using mud
2	colors. Like if you actually look at the
3	house that Nancy Anderson lives in, these are
4	strong but muted colors and there's a number
5	of others in that neighborhood. Sort of
6	some have some sort of, you know, dialogue
7	with them. But they're also, the colors in
8	that area, you know, they're not plain.
9	They' re defi ni tel y strong.
10	WILLIAM TIBBS: But I think too much
11	of a dialogue just makes it something very
12	di fferent.
13	PETER QUINN: No, I really like the
14	idea of the variation of the theme of greys
15	and blues. We'll look at that.
16	PAMELA WINTERS: Is the glass, does
17	it sort of have a green tinge to it?
18	PETER QUI NN: Green-bl ues.
19	PAMELA WINTERS: Green-blues.
20	PETER QUI NN: Yeah.
21	PAMELA WINTERS: Perhaps the grey

1	should have a little touch of blue in it.
2	PETER QUI NN: Yeah.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: I'm looking at this
4	saying as a grey frame that the glass is in
5	and so
6	PAMELA WINTERS: Oh, okay. I see
7	what you mean.
8	HUGH RUSSELL: It's a frame element
9	rather than a
10	PAMELA WINTERS: Okay. Rather than
11	gotcha.
12	PETER QUI NN: You have this sort of
13	thi ng there.
14	WILLIAM TIBBS: As opposed to some
15	new facade element.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: But if it were all
17	single color grade, it would be very
18	depressi ng.
19	PAMELA WINTERS: Gotcha.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: So it would be using
21	a variation, that sort of variation gives it

1	a certain life that sort of celebrates what
2	it can do.
3	PETER QUINN: Exactly. Took the
4	words out of my mind.
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Susan, yes.
6	SUSAN GLAZER: I have one question
7	about the base for that wall, the north
8	facing wall. And you can refresh my memory.
9	How is that, that's where the garage is, is
10	that
11	PETER QUINN: There's a ramp right
12	behind that.
13	SUSAN GLAZER: Okay. Or is it that
14	grey band at the base, that's the back of the
15	retail, yes?
16	PETER QUI NN: Between here and the
17	retail is
18	SUSAN GLAZER: That sort of grey
19	band underneath the or below the residential?
20	HUGH RUSSELL: If you look at A4.
21	SUSAN GLAZER: I was looking at the

1 elevation that had the color. 2 HUGH RUSSELL: About 60 percent of 3 it is the ramp and about 40 percent is 4 retai I. 5 PETER QUI NN: Here it is right here. 6 My concern is having SUSAN GLAZER: 7 a blank wall facing the abutters. And we've 8 talked a lot in the past about having garages 9 that don't have blank walls that are broken 10 up here, you have, you know, like a 12-foot 11 wall that is facing that abutter. 12 that going to be treated to soften that? 13 We were going to PETER QUI NN: 14 stucco it in a color that's, you know, part 15 of the whole study, but I'd certainly 16 entertain any ideas you know. 17 SUSAN GLAZER: And because you have 18 the ramp there there's no opportunity for 19 I andscapi ng. That's part of it. 20 No. And the parking PETER QUI NN: 21 deck is actually a basement garage as well,

1	so, you know, they've got a whole structure
2	there. So, as it turns out, you know,
3	there's a lot of there's a lot of transfer
4	of Loading that comes off this three foot,
5	one offset. So that wall is very, very
6	solid. There's a lot of there's a lot of
7	seri ous materi al .
8	SUSAN GLAZER: I'm just trying to
9	figure out a way to sovereign it for the
10	abutters.
11	PETER QUINN: If we could do
12	SUSAN GLAZER: I don't even know if
13	there's enough room for it, for, you know,
14	i vy.
15	PAMELA WINTERS: Or bamboo. Bamboo
16	would grow very quickly.
17	SUSAN GLAZER: It's just a thought.
18	PAMELA WINTERS: Or a mural.
19	PETER QUI NN: There's actually,
20	their garage is actually six inches short of
21	their own property line.

1 PAMELA WINTERS: So you've got half 2 Bamboo. a foot. 3 It would probably push PETER QUI NN: 4 the buildings apart in ten years. 5 HUGH RUSSELL: I don't think they'd 6 be too happy about the northern exposure. 7 CHARLES STUDEN: Unfortunately I think what I was saying earlier, the change 8 9 in making the upper floors less glassy and 10 consistent with the rest of the building 11 combined with this garage is making this 12 building, the buildings going to have a Queen 13 Anne front and a Maryanne behind. It's going 14 to be a very, you know, it's going to look 15 like a back door. Like I said earlier, it's 16 going to look like this building eventually 17 is going to come marching to the north like 18 it's not finished. There would be other 19 buildings attached to it rather than it was 20 designed to, I don't know, that this was --21 it looks unfinished to me. I don't know.

1 mean, it's hard. I know you're doing it, and 2 I understand the permitting issue. You're 3 anxious to move forward and perhaps you won't 4 get your Variances, who knows. I mean, I 5 don't know what the likelihood of you 6 getting --7 PETER QUI NN: We did talk to a number of color consultants who discouraged 8 9 us from this whole process. It was very 10 likely we'd get one and if you don't get 11 both, you're nowhere. The fire rating relief 12 on the other. 13 UNIDENTIFIED MALE: I think that was 14 our biggest driving factor. 15 CHARLES STUDEN: The permitting 16 i ssue. 17 UNI DENTI FI ED MALE: Yeah. We 18 thought we wouldn't get it and then we'd be 19 left holding the bag and restarting it and 20 all that. 21 CHARLES STUDEN: And then he'd have

to come back with design changes anyway if you weren't successful.

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UNI DENTI FI ED MALE: Ri ght.

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WILLIAM TIBBS: I agree with you, Charles. And I think it does require some attention now by making that change that requires some attention, what the material Its color can help. I agree with Susan is. that the -- or that the, that big wall really stands out now and that you're -- it actually reemphasizes it. It probably wasn't an issue there anyway, but when it was a glass top. It kind of lightened it. Now it makes it much more bigger and heavier. I guess in my mind, I guess the question is is this a substantial change enough to make it a new public hearing. And in my mind that with proper attention, it probably wouldn't but it needs some attention. So that's my piece.

H. THEODORE COHEN: I'm just curious if Les or Susan were the abutters notified of

1	this meeting this evening?
2	LES BARBER: I can't say I know what
3	Liza whether she sent out notice or not.
4	PETER QUINN: As I said, we met with
5	the
6	H. THEODORE COHEN: I'm not
7	disputing that. But I do agree with Bill and
8	Charles that it's changing significantly, the
9	one facade that the abutters on Trowbridge
10	Street really see. And I know they had a lot
11	of concerns about privacy and issues, but
12	they may have been in the long run
13	comfortable with an all glass building and a
14	glass wall there and they feel less
15	comfortable with the solid, essentially a
16	solid wall there.
17	CHARLES STUDEN: Right.
18	H. THEODORE COHEN: And I'd be
19	curious to know whether they knew about it
20	and chose not to come. But I'd feel more
21	comfortable saying that maybe it doesn't

CHARLES STUDEN: I think this is a rather substantial change in the design of the building. I don't know. Anyone else feel that way? Hugh, what's your sense?

HUGH RUSSELL: I would, in my -- I

mean, I looked at that back wall and I said I don't know how they're going to do this. How do you satisfy Section 7.05, the state building code? And the answer is now that you do it by Variance if you can get it.

CHARLES STUDEN: Right.

HUGH RUSSELL: As a practicing architect, I never wanted to ask for Variances because it's a difficult procedure. They require you to -- you don't get advisory opinions. You have to commit yourself. You have to go and do it all. You have to apply for a building permit. You have to get a rejection and then you go to them. And, you know, I've been there several times and have gotten the right sensible answers from them.

I don't think it's a capricious Board. But that whole process is very disturbing because you can't, you can't take concept to them and get a reading in a timely fashion. So, I'm not surprised to see this come back. I think what we care about in this building, I think 99 percent of it is unchanged, you know. And, you know, the actual, you know, surface area, it's about maybe 15 percent has changed, or 10 percent has changed. But it's the part that we care the least about. and because of the actual testimony out there of the abutters saying she was concerned about privacy and I -- and now she's saying she's happy. I mean, she's not here to say it for herself, but it makes sense to me. I don't distrust the representation. think, I can find it within myself to say that this is an evolution of a design. doesn't throw off the important parts we liked and it addresses some real hard issues.

1	And we can go forward with that. I think,
2	you know, as I don't know how long this
3	back drawing's been in existence, but it's
4	not very long. And as it gets developed, l
5	think some of the discipline that you see on
6	the front of the building will start showing
7	up on the back of the building. So, you
8	know, as a concept, it's viable. The
9	details, I'm trusting will get further
10	developed. Part of that's our history with
11	this architect as one of the more serious and
12	tail end people that come before us. You
13	know.
14	PETER QUI NN: I reject that
15	characteri zati on.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: And probably should
17	strike that from the record.
18	PETER QUINN: The Special Permit
19	that we received was exclusively for the
20	setback relief. The design was discussion
21	that I think I can characterize that we all

1	wanted to get into, and we certainly
2	benefitted a lot from what the Board had as
3	comments, but it was not a voted matter. And
4	so, you know, again, we're here with the
5	changes to the setback. That, you know, I
6	certainly appreciate all the comments that
7	have been made.
8	WILLIAM TIBBS: I would say I
9	wouldn't go that far. I think you're right
10	technically. But having put all that we
11	have to put all that in context.
12	PETER QUI NN: Certai nl y. Okay.
13	I'll leave it at that.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Technically we voted
15	it doesn't require more relief. It
16	requi res us
17	WILLIAM TIBBS: Right.
18	PATRICIA SINGER: I don't think
19	that's entirely correct.
20	HUGH RUSSELL: The seven since.
21	PATRICIA SINGER: We moved the back

1	forward, but then we moved the forward
2	towards the street and towards Trowbridge.
3	HUGH RUSSELL: You're correct.
4	PATRICIA SINGER: You changed two
5	cases.
6	HUGH RUSSELL: Three cases.
7	PATRICIA SINGER: One better and two
8	worse.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: If it's significant.
10	PATRICIA SINGER: Right. But they,
11	we have diminished the setback that is
12	without dispute. We increased it on one side
13	and decreased it on two.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Right.
15	STEVEN WINTER: Mr. Chair.
16	HUGH RUSSELL: Steve.
17	STEVEN WINTER: I agree that there's
18	a lot going on here, but I'm coming down on
19	the side where I do not feel that these
20	changes are so significant given the process,
21	given the context, that the changes are

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operating within. I do not feel that they're so significant that it changes the entire building or the entire design. And I wanted to make two comments on this building.

That's a very tricky piece of Landscape, urban Landscape with the roads going this and that way and the sidewalks.

> PETER QUI NN: It certainly is.

STEVEN WINTER: It's a very

interesting and challenging place to build. And I have to say this is just a lovely building. I mean, it's just fabulous. I know that's not part of our discussion, but you know, every once in a while you see a building and you say, wow, that's just about as good as it gets. So I think we've got a really, really lovely building here. We've got some changes to the front. operating on -- it's almost a hostile environment particularly on the rear wall.

And, you know, I think, I do not think that

1 we should hold this up due to the finding of 2 that there are significant changes happening. 3 I feel like we need to let this one go. 4 WILLIAM TIBBS: I just want to say 5 what I said earlier. I think the rear wall 6 needs attention. I'm comfortable with it. 7 But if you were able to leave it like it was, 8 it's almost like how you designed it is 9 really the issue there. And I think we've 10 made some suggestions and ideas, and I think 11 your comment enough as an architect to hear 12 those and understand them and hear that. 13 PETER QUI NN: Thank you. 14 WILLIAM TIBBS: To avoid the wall 15 being very massive and big and that it 16 integrates better with the rest of the 17 bui I di ng. 18 HUGH RUSSELL: Ahmed, did you want 19 to say something? 20 I'm actually building a AHMED NUR: 21 building just like that. Three face curtain

wall and brick in the back. And the abutters like the brick in the back because they said to me that when there's a curtain wall they have no idea where -- they feel like a big eye is just looking at them at all times. Whereas, if there's windows, if somebody is staring at them, they know who is staring at them. So they actually felt very warm with the brick. And economically speaking it's cost effective now a days to have that facade. I think it is -- I agree with Steve that it's a very attractive building and I welcome it.

CHARLES STUDEN: At the risk of design by committee here this is always a dangerous thing, it just occurred to me, I wondered whether that blank wall that faces the neighbor, the one that's going to be stuccoed and perhaps have bamboo, hopefully clumping not running bamboo. We don't want running bamboo. But if you covered that with

the same material that you're putting on the
wall up above, how would that work? Did you
look at that?
PETER QUINN: The trouble is how do
you end it? There's, you know, there's
always the possibility of cars hitting it.
CHARLES STUDEN: I see.
PETER QUINN: Yeah no, I like
that idea. You know, when I you focus on
one thing and then you realize oh, my gosh l
really forgot to my effort into the other
thing. I'm sitting here and saying I agree
with you. We have to do something with the
wall.
CHARLES STUDEN: Anything you can do
to make it look less than like a back door.
PETER QUI NN: Some texture.
CHARLES STUDEN: I don't know.
You'll be able to do it.
HUGH RUSSELL: Clearly the one
option is to look at the grid up above.

PETER QUI NN: Ri ght.
HUGH RUSSELL: And put that into the
thing down below or use a grid or do
something.
CHARLES STUDEN: I really like that.
The grid, because then that repeats what's
going on in the curtain wall on the other
side. So that's a grid or you do something.
HUGH RUSSELL: But the other thing
is that it's solid and so it creates
something that's solid and it's creating
something that's containing.
PETER QUI NN: Ri ght.
CHARLES STUDEN: Are you thoroughly
confused now?
PETER QUINN: I think it's okay.
WILLIAM TIBBS: I think he
definitely gets it.
HUGH RUSSELL: I think we've reached
a determination that this is not a major
change and that it falls under the design

1	review that we expect. Do you want to vote
2	to that effect?
3	LES BARBER: I think that would be
4	hel pful .
5	HUGH RUSSELL: So would someone like
6	to put it in the form of a motion?
7	WILLIAM TIBBS: I would just like to
8	say so moved.
9	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Second?
10	STEVEN WINTER: Second.
11	HUGH RUSSELL: All those in favor?
12	Can everybody vote on this?
13	LES BARBER: You all vote and we'll
14	figure it out. I can't find the file.
15	(Show of hands.)
16	(Russell, Winter, Tibbs, Singer,
17	Cohen, Winters, Nur, Studen.)
18	(Whereupon, at 10:55 p.m., the
19	meeting adjourned.)
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21	

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS BRI STOL, SS.
4	I, Catherine Lawson Zelinski, a
5	Certi fi ed Shorthand Reporter, the undersi gned Notary Public, certi fy that:
6	I am not related to any of the parties
7	in this matter by blood or marriage and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of
8	this matter.
9	I further certify that the testimony hereinbefore set forth is a true and accurate
10	transcription of my stenographic notes to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 28th day of July 2010.
12	illy Hand this 20th day of 3dry 2010.
13	
14	Catherine L. Zelinski Notary Public
15	Certi fi ed Shorthand Reporter Li cense No. 147703
16	My Commission Expires:
17	Apri I 23, 2015
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