

# Watershed Management Project Updates



Fresh Pond Advisory Board  
21 March 2024



HATCH

# Agenda

1. 2024/FY25 Projects
2. Black's Nook Pond Dredging Grant
3. Pine Grove Soils Assessment and Pilot Project
4. Discussion



# Spring 2024 Construction Projects

## Little Fresh Pond Shoreline Reconstruction

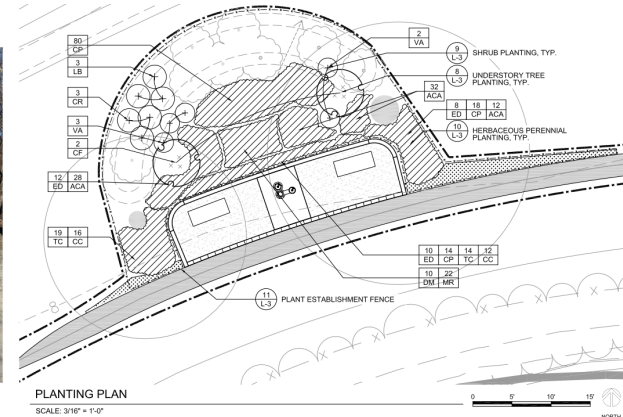


PREFERRED OPTION - PERSPECTIVE PHOTOMONTAGE  
Little Fresh Pond Dog Beach

## Birch Grove Seating Area and Fountain



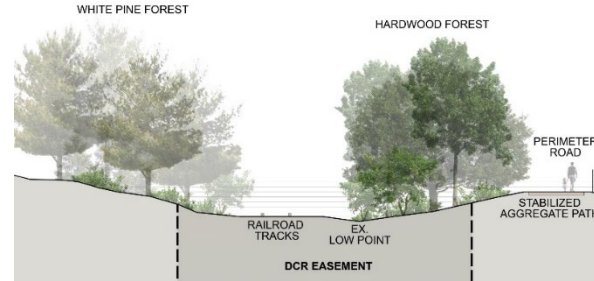
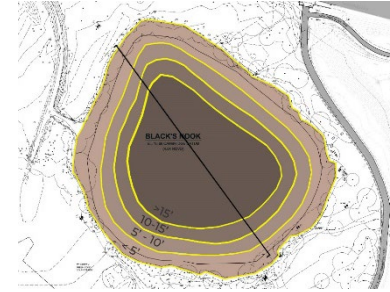
Seating Area with Drinking Fountain



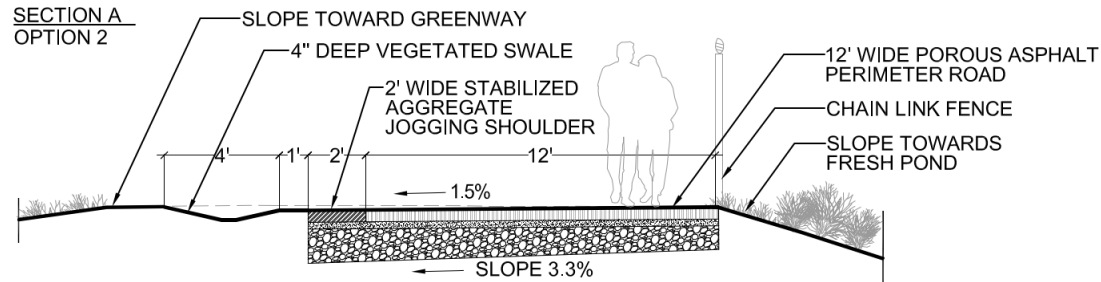
PLANTING PLAN  
SCALE: 3/16" = 1'-0"

# 2024 Planning And Design Projects

- Pine Grove Pilot Project Restoration Plantings
- Perimeter Road - Porous Paving Improvements
- Black's Nook Pond EOED FY 25 Inland Dredging Grant for Habitat Improvement



SECTION A  
OPTION 2

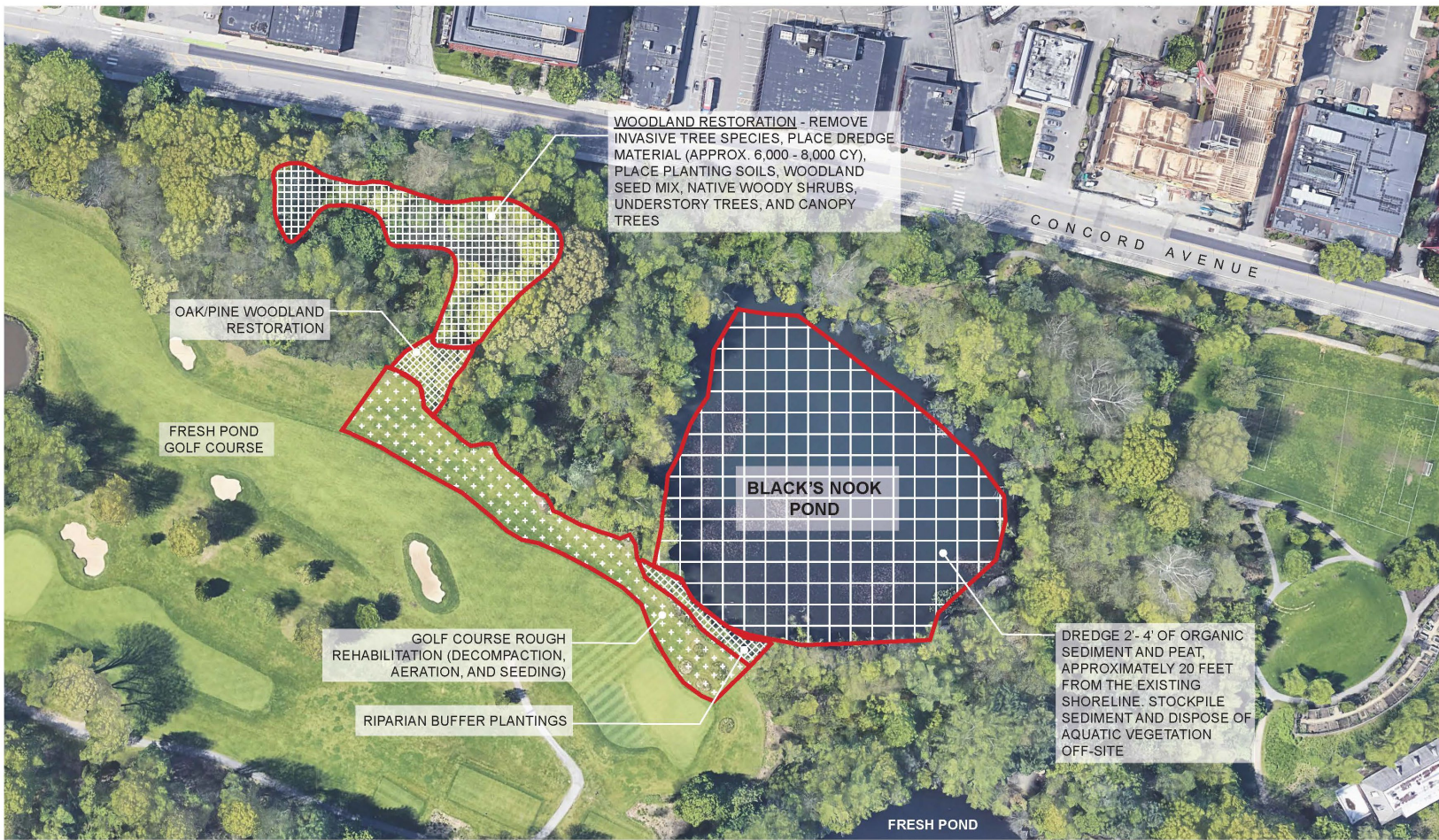


# Black's Nook Pond Ecosystem Health Improvements Project

## FY25 Inland Dredging Pilot Project Grants (EOED)

- ✓ “Restore or improve the health of freshwater ecosystems”.
- ✓ Up to \$300,000 for design and permitting.
- ✓ One application per municipality.
- ✓ Submitted 3/1/2024; Start date for awarded contracts is 7/1/2024.



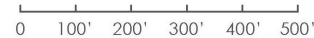


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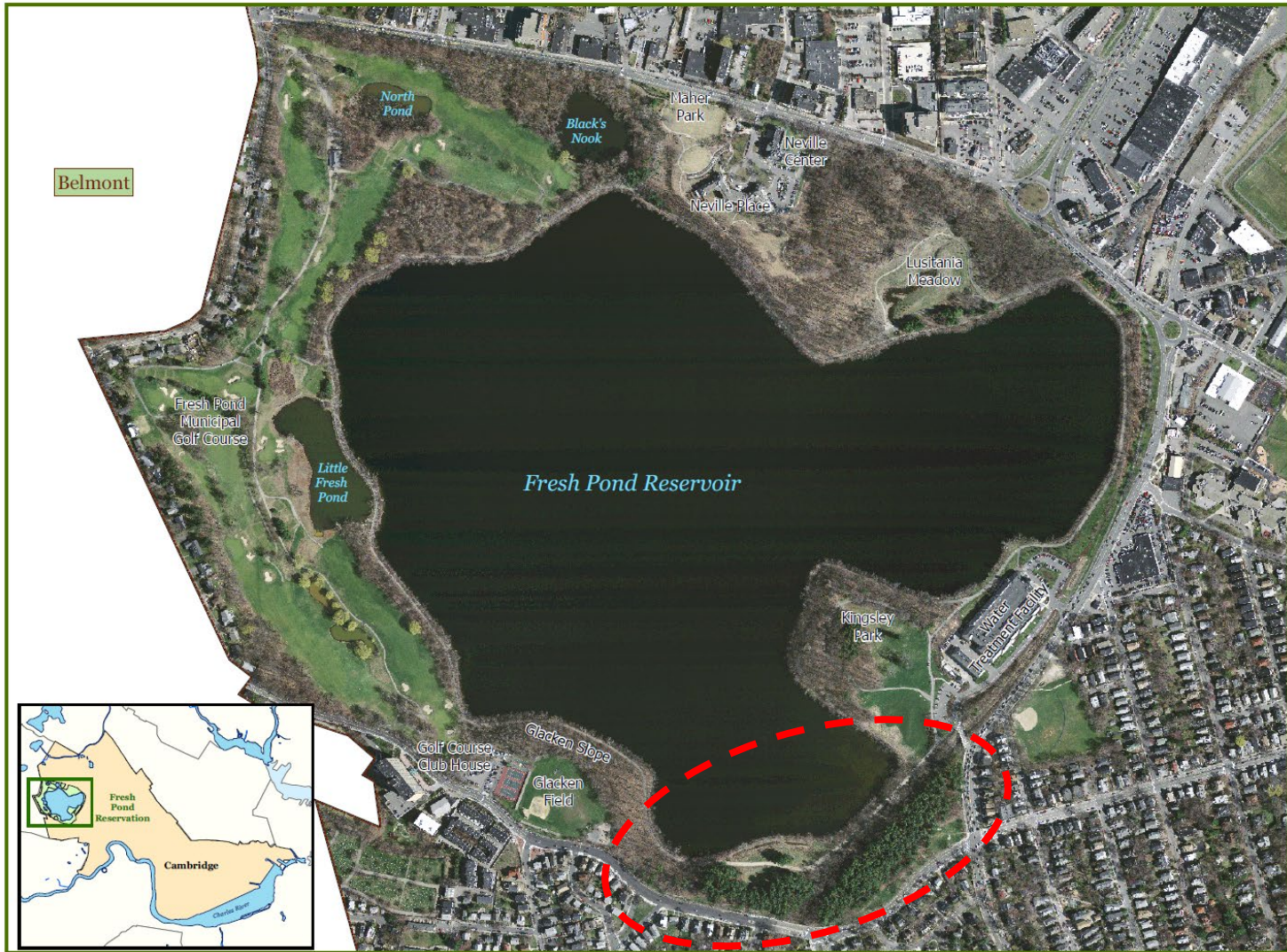
# ECOSYSTEM HEALTH & DREDGING CONCEPT PLAN

Black's Nook In-Pond Restoration Project

FEBRUARY 2024



# PINE GROVE PROJECT AREA



# PINE GROVE RESTORATION



Kingsley Park

Glacken Slope

Glacken Field

Fresh Pond

Perimeter Road

Watertown/Cambridge Greenway

Weir Meadow

Huron Ave

Fresh Pond Parkway



# UMass Soil Analysis

## Laboratory Results and Conclusions

1. Topsoils classified as Loam to Fine Sandy Loam.
2. Soil profile for both test pits is suitable for white pine and typical of a mature forest.
3. Percentage of organic matter, nutrient and salt levels are within acceptable ranges.
4. The very low acidity level (pH) of upper soils may be contributing to poor germination and /or white pine seedling establishment (4.3 to 5.0).
5. Acceptable pH range = 5.0 to 6.0 for white pine.
6. Other factors may include: low sunlight; invasive plant allelopathy; and/or insects and disease.



# Soil Foodweb Laboratory, NY

## Soils Analysis - Summary

Two (2) samples submitted (October 2023).

Excellent levels of bacteria and fungi.

Good levels of protozoa; flagellates, amobae, and ciliates present.

No nematodes detected.

No biological conditions present that would limit pine seedling growth.



# Pilot Project Goals

1. Develop a better understanding of the Pine Grove understory and lack of white pine regeneration.
2. Monitor health and prolong life of the existing mature white pines.
3. Create a more diverse habitat utilizing native trees, shrubs, and groundcovers (White Pine-Oak Forest Community).

White Pine Regeneration



# Pine Grove Pilot Project

## Pilot Plot Variables:

1. Control Plot (no fencing).
2. Four or five 10m x 10m fenced enclosures (same aspect, slope and elevation).
3. Sunlight/shade.
4. Native plants – size, ages, seedlings, containers, bare root, and seed mixes.
5. Forest floor – existing duff layer; pine needles; composted leaf litter.
6. EcM (Ectomycorrhiza) inoculant additive.



# Pine Grove Pilot Project

## Native Plant Palette

### CANOPY

- White pine, red/black oak, American beech, Canadian hemlock (?).

### UNDERSTORY

- Black birch, black cherry, witch hazel, maple-leaf viburnum, huckleberry.

### GROUNDCOVERS

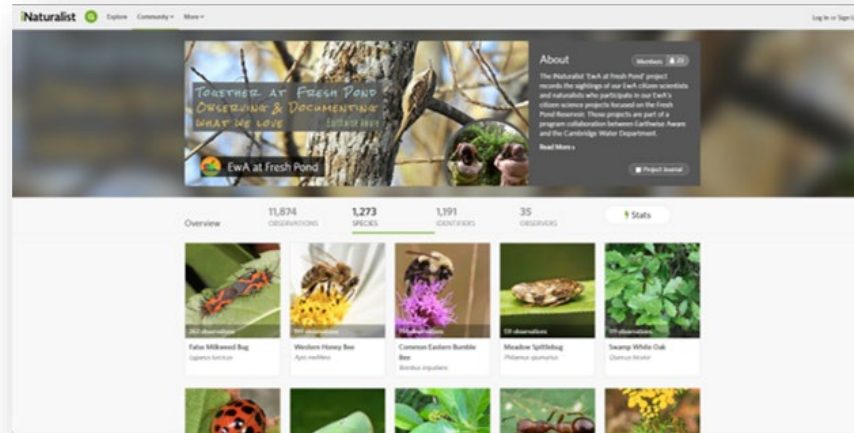
- Pennsylvania sedge, Canada mayflower, bracken fern, white wood aster, wild sarsaparilla, partridgeberry.



# Pine Grove Pilot Project

## Data Collection

1. Plant growth, coverage, phenology, and disease.
2. Mammal browsing.
3. Insects and their plant hosts.
4. Invasive plant species.
5. Training by Earthwise Aware (EwA) scientists (Action-driven nature conservation).
6. Monitoring and data input by volunteers.



# Pine Grove Pilot Project

## Spring/Summer 2024 Action Items

1. Remove Norway maples less than 6" caliper (completed).
2. Identify the plot locations and secure with animal-proof fencing.
3. Document and remove invasive species.
4. Document existing plants and arthropods.
5. Plant native species by altering size, diversity, surface condition, and soil amendments.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
14 A	13	12	11	10	9 B	8
15	16	17 C	18	19	20	21 D
28 E	27	26	25	24	23	22
29	30	31	32	33	34	35
42	41	40	39	38	37	36
43	44	45	46	47	48	49

