

Envision Cambridge Advisory Committee Urban Form - DRAFT

Urban Form Indicators and Targets

The below list summarizes the staff and consultant team's recommended indicators for inclusion in the Envision Cambridge plan. The indicators were selected to cover as many of the community wellbeing and urban form goals as possible.

Urban Form Goals

- Patterns of City Development: Maintain the existing patterns of the city where they are strong and well-established, including mature residential neighborhoods, major squares, pedestrian-oriented commercial corridors, institutional campuses, and open spaces.
- **Growth in Evolving Areas:** Promote the improvement of areas currently characterized by obsolete commercial buildings, surface parking lots, or other automobile-oriented patterns of development by allowing mixed-use, pedestrian-oriented, and sustainable redevelopment or rehabilitation with open space and urban amenities.
- Transitions between Uses and Districts: Ensure that new development acknowledges and complements the existing city fabric, especially between different types and scales of districts.
- Open Space: Create a connected network of high-quality open spaces that link all residents to local and regional natural assets that provide a range of activities and experiences.
- Public Life: Shape the design of public and publicly-accessible private spaces so they are inclusive of all people and encourage social connections.
- Enhance the Public Realm: Shape new development of public spaces, including uses that favor large footprints, so that it creates an active public realm.
- Regulatory and Development Review Process: Continue to improve the development review process to ensure clearer and more predictable procedures, high-quality design, and community engagement.

Urban Form Draft Indicators and Targets

	Indicator	Related Goal	Baseline	Target	Data Source	Additional Resources, if any
1	Percentage of frontage along Mass Ave, Cambridge Street, and squares that have result in positive urban design outcomes					
	Percent of blocks with at least three building entrance per 200'	Public Life, Public Realm, and Patterns of City Development	TBD	TBD	Visual survey	Staff support to conduct periodic visual surveys
	Percent of total frontage on corridor that is restaurant or retail use	Public Life, Public Realm, and Patterns of City Development	TBD	TBD	Visual survey	Staff support to conduct periodic visual surveys
	Percent of parcel frontage along corridors with building frontage within 5 feet of parcel boundary (measures completeness of street wall)	Public Life, Public Realm, and Patterns of City Development	2018: 66.5% of parcels along corridors with building frontage within 5 feet of parcel boundary (excluding open spaces and university campuses)	 80% in squares; 50% in active pedestrian segments; 30% in mixed residential segments 	GIS	



	Percent of blocks with at least the given length of curb per 300 linear feet of block face:	Public Life, Public Realm, and Patterns of City Development	 70% in major squares 74% in active pedestrian zones 95% in mixed residential segments 	 85% in major squares 85% in active pedestrian zones 98% in mixed residential segments 	GIS	
	 Percent length of building frontage that is transparent (at least 10 feet tall; no posters or curtains; no tinted glass or other window treatments) 	Public Life, Public Realm, and Patterns of City Development	TBD	TBD	Visual survey	Staff support to conduct periodic visual surveys
2	Percentage of housing units that are within a certain distance to 3 or more different parks, including parks in adjacent municipalities Quarter-Mile Walking Distance Playgrounds Passive Open Space Half-Mile Walking Distance Active Recreation Trails and Nature Specialty (Off-leash, Exercise Equipment)	Open Space Community Health and Wellbeing	2018 - 85.2%	2030 - 87%	City open space data GIS	
3	Percent of respondents that rate Cambridge's overall appearance as good or excellent	Public Life, Public Realm, Transitions	2014 - 83%	2030- 90%	Biannual City Manager Survey	None
4	Percent of tree canopy over sidewalk and streets	Public Realm and Patterns of City Development	TBD as part of Urban Forest Master Plan study	TBD	GIS	None



Urban Form Draft Goals, Strategies, and Actions

Urban Form Goals

- **Development Patterns:** Maintain the existing patterns of the city where they are well-established and advance the city's values through a mix of preservation and complementary infill development. In areas like the residential neighborhoods, major squares, pedestrian-oriented commercial corridors, campuses, and open spaces, significant existing buildings should be preserved, and new development should support and strengthen the prevailing patterns of development there.
- **Growth in Evolving Areas:** Promote redevelopment that is mixed-use, pedestrian-oriented, and sustainable within areas currently characterized by surface parking lots, automobile-oriented patterns of development, and obsolete commercial buildings. New development should serve a mix of functions (e.g., housing, employment, education), should include open space and other civic amenities, and should allow development patterns that would be difficult to accommodate in the city's more well-established districts and neighborhoods.
- **Transitional Development**: Where redevelopment occurs at the edges of well-established districts, the development pattern should be compatible with the prevailing pattern of the adjacent districts, accommodating variations in use and scale. Cambridge should ensure new development at the edges of stable neighborhoods fits into and improves the existing context, transitioning between scales or uses where appropriate.
- Public Realm: Create a connected network of rich and varied public spaces that link all residents to local and regional natural
 assets, provide a range of activities and experiences, are inclusive of all people, and encourage social connections.
 Cambridge's open space network should include public space, such as parks, plazas, and streets, as well as publiclyaccessible private spaces.
- Activation: Shape the form, use, and design of new development, especially its public spaces, so that it supports an active
 public realm. New development should create spaces for informal social life, particularly on the commercial corridors and in
 evolving areas.
- **Design Process:** Strive for design excellence in all new development by creating a development review process that is clear and efficient in its engagement with City staff, boards and commissions, and the community. Cambridge's process for approving new developments should encourage dialogue between property owners, the City, and the project's stakeholders, and all development should be held to consistently high design standards.



Urban Form Strategies & Actions

*New or modified/expanded actions are in bolded text.

Strategy: Preserve the integrity and diversity of Cambridge's built environment

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Ongoing actions		1	•
Protect buildings in historic and neighborhood conservation districts, as well as individual landmarks and properties governed by preservations restrictions.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
Investigate potential additions to the historic inventory through public engagement, planning, and designation studies.	Medium	Existing	Continuing Effort
Utilize CPA-funded preservation grants to preserve and promote the restoration of significant historic properties.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
Honor local projects with Preservation Awards.	Medium	Existing	Continuing Effort
Work with private and commercial owners, institutions, and public agencies on historic preservation issues, and participate in reviews of state and federal projects that impact historic resources.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
Ensure new development reinforces and enhances the complex urban aspects of Cambridge as it has developed historically, and where relevant, ensure historical contexts are respected.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort



Strategy: In traditional residential neighborhoods, encourage infill development that is sensitive to local context.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Near-term actions (<5 years)	·		
Study ways to adjust existing zoning in residential districts to encourage infill development, where it occurs, to be more compatible with prevailing patterns of development, with a focus on building setbacks, maximum heights, parking requirements, and uses.	Medium	Expanded	Future Study

Strategy: Regulate the overall form of development along our major corridors and squares, increasing density near transit nodes while accommodating the unique character of each section of these corridors, and encouraging activity on the ground floors.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Near-term actions (<5 years)			
Eliminate minimum parking requirements for development along the corridors.	High	New	Zoning Amendment
Establish development standards to promote streetwall development with residential uses above commercial ground floors, including uniform standards for front setbacks, bulk control, and building façade lengths that are compatible with the established patterns of the area.	High	Expanded	Zoning Amendment
Establish development standards to promote street-activating uses (such as retail) on ground floors, including minimum ground-floor heights, limitations on the frontage length occupied by lobbies and other non-active frontages, standards for the frontage length of individual storefronts, and requirements for smaller-sized spaces (800-1,200 SF) in larger buildings.	High	Expanded	Zoning Amendment
Develop design guidelines for all commercial corridors that include a requirement for activating design elements along the street wall, including frequency of entrances, signage, awnings, and breaks in the building facade.	High	Modified	Future Study
Require developers to install a minimum number of trees, as determined by an urban design study	Medium	Modified	Zoning Amendment



Prohibit parking and vehicular loading/service between buildings and the street, and prohibit curb cuts unless the parcel only has frontage on the corridor and garage entrance is no more than 20' wide.	High	Expanded	Zoning Amendment
Require primary building entrances to be located on the corridors to create visual variety and to encourage the mixing of building residents, shoppers, and passers-by on the sidewalk.	Medium	Expanded	Zoning Amendment
Streamline approval process to allow more street-activating elements in or above the public way, such as awnings, canopies, street furniture, etc.	Medium	New	Future Study (Procedures)

Strategy: Proactively guide development in evolving districts with a strong potential for change through area-specific planning and development review.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Ongoing actions		I	I
Continue to implement district plans, such as Envision Alewife, K2C2, etc.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
Near-term actions (<5 years)			
Initiate district plans for specific areas to inform new zoning approaches and design guidelines that support the Envision Cambridge objectives.	High	New	Future Study
Prepare a streetscape/landscape character master plan that identifies particular and differing streetscape character types, and prepare guidelines to reinforce desired setbacks, types of landscaping, building frontages, etc.	Medium	New	Future Study

Strategy: Design the built environment to encourage social interaction and civic engagement.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Near-term action (<5 years)			
Incentivize flexible community space in private and institutional developments.	Medium	New	Zoning Amendment
Amend development standards to encourage balconies, roof terraces	Medium	Expanded	Zoning
and decks, and projecting bays to overlook streets and other public			Amendment
spaces.			



Allow the maximum height of mixed-use projects with active ground	High	New	Zoning
floor uses to be increased in order to achieve taller ground floor			Amendment
spaces.			

Strategy: Leverage private development to create and maintain high quality public open spaces and provide dynamic programming.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Ongoing actions	1		l
Encourage community use of private recreational and open space facilities at reasonable levels where the private function of those facilities would not be impaired and where the recreational activity provided by the private facility is not well served in available public facilities.	Medium	Existing	Continuing Effort
Encourage family-friendly design in residential and commercial buildings and public realm improvements through development review (i.e. playgrounds, etc.)	High	Expanded	Continuing Effort
Near-term action (<5 years) Seek partnerships with the private sector and community groups to	High	Expanded	Partnership
provide, sponsor, and assist in or contribute to maintenance and programming of the public realm including plazas, open spaces, sidewalks, and recreational facilities.	nigii	Expanded	raithership
Conduct a citywide assessment to determine where new public or publicly accessible open space should be expected as part of redevelopment projects, in cases where the amount of land area and/or the ownership patterns provide the flexibility to accommodate such spaces.	Medium	Modified	Future Study
Develop citywide programming, design, signage, and maintenance and operations guidelines for publicly accessible private open space (POPS).	Medium	New	Future Study
Allow developers to contribute to a fund for open space when it cannot be reasonably provided on site or when the City has identified an opportunity for creation, expansion or enhancement of a larger, shared open space nearby.	Medium	New	Future Study



Develop regulations and guidelines to promote the addition of public	Medium	Expanded	Future Study
pathways on large development sites where they would create desired			
neighborhood pedestrian and bicycle connections.			

Strategy: Enhance the network of public open space through new open spaces and improved local and regional connections.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Ongoing actions	1		
Identify opportunities for increasing the amount of open space in or near remaining priority areas identified in the <i>Green Ribbon</i> study (2000) and other planning studies.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
Design and implement clear wayfinding (not necessarily signage, but other visual cues to be considered) for biking and walking routes to the City's open spaces and other key destinations.	Medium	New	Continuing Effort
Near-term action (<5 years)			
Develop public realm design guidelines with an emphasis on establishing standards for street infrastructure, landscaping, trees, seating, public art, and community amenities, to account their role as places and not just as transportation routes. Implement a consistent, though varied, family of materials and street furnishings that can provide a greater sense of continuity between open spaces.	High	New	Future Study
Medium-term actions (5-10 years)			
Allocate funds to convert paved traffic islands into green spaces or reconfigure roadways to eliminate them.	Medium	New	Future Investment
Long-term actions (<10 years)			
Build the connections to integrate "Alewife Square" into the fabric of the City (as recommended in the Alewife District Plan)	Medium	New	Long-Range Plan Effort
Prioritize the planning and implementation of routes providing physical and visual connections to citywide open spaces and regional paths and trails, including the Charles River, Fresh Pond, Danehy Park, Alewife Reservation, and regional greenway system.	Medium	New	Future Study
Work with state agencies and other parties to encourage greater access and more active use of the Charles River, including tables and seating areas, canoe/kayak launches, boat rentals, public swimming, and restaurants and cafes, as well as at other state-owned parks and	Medium	Expanded	Partnership



recreational areas where the regional use of those facilities would not		
be unduly restricted.		

Strategy: Improve the public open space network by preserving, maintaining, and enhancing existing open space facilities to serve a diverse population.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Ongoing actions	1	-	
Encourage open space and recreational facilities that serve a wide range of	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
functions and clientele, including the elderly and special needs populations,			
either through expansion of the existing inventory, through multiple use of			
existing facilities, or through creative programming of those facilities.			
Incorporate the principles of Universal Design in open space projects.	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
Design playful public spaces that are fun, physically challenging, creatively	Medium	Existing	Continuing Effort
stimulating, and socially engaging, following the recommendations and			
guidelines of the Healthy Parks and Playgrounds and Play in the Public			
Realm reports, and balancing safety considerations with developmentally-			
appropriate levels of challenge and risk-taking.			
Maintain and protect reservations and other natural resource areas,	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
carefully balancing public access and use with preservation and			
conservation.			
Preserve small open spaces that provide passive or visual benefits to the	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
public, even where they do not allow for intensive or active recreational use.			
Prioritize the repair, maintenance and timely upgrade of existing open space	High	Existing	Continuing Effort
and recreational facilities.			
Carry out public realm improvements to support placemaking in	High	New	Continuing Effort
Cambridge's commercial districts and corridors.			

Strategy: Revise the development review process to create predictable outcomes without compromising design quality.

Actions	Priority	Status	Notes
Ongoing actions			
Encourage developers to have an initial meeting with the City's urban design team early in the design process. This will allow the City to frame the	Medium	Modified	Continuing Effort



essential urban design issues of a project, as defined by Envision Cambridge and other relevant plans and guidelines, before conceptual design commences.			
Near-term actions (<5 years)			
Continue to review and update area and neighborhood-specific design guidelines to ensure that the urban design outcome of projects are appropriate to their specific neighborhood context, and more predictable to stakeholders and developers.	High	Expanded	Future Study
Consider environmental impacts more carefully in areas subject to significant change and address those with clear, design-based or performance-based guidelines, e.g. wind and shadow impacts, solar glare and reflectivity, etc.	High	Expanded	Future Study
Review and revise the citywide urban design objectives and criteria to establish a set of comprehensive, overarching urban design principles for the city.	Medium	Modified	Future Study
Establish a consolidated set of citywide urban design guidelines based on development types, design themes, and respect to the historic context.	High	Expanded	Future Study
Develop design guidelines for as-of-right affordable housing development.	Medium	New	As part of the affordable housing overlay zoning
Investigate approaches that enable applicants to informally present initial design concepts to the Planning Board for preliminary design review at the pre-application stage.	Medium	New	Process Implementation
Review designated areas of special planning concern and recommend revisions	Medium	Modified	Process Implementation
Update guidance on the development review process, including the development of a process diagram to clearly articulate requirements and application steps	High	Expanded	Process Implementation
Review the various elements of project review in Article 19 of the zoning that might be applicable to different projects and seek opportunities to simplify and clarify roles and expectations for developers, city staff, boards and commissions, and community members.	High	Modified	Future Study