## 521 CMR 22.00: WALKWAYS

### 22.1 GENERAL

Walkways shall include but not be limited to all walks, sidewalks, overpasses, bridges, tunnels, underpasses, plazas, courts and other pedestrian pathways, and shall comply with the following requirements:
22.3.1 Nowhere shall the cross slope of walkways exceed one-in-50 (1:50) (2\%). (Refer to 521 CMR 2.4.4d.)

Exception: Sidewalks on streets and ways shall be considered walkways, with the exception that if the slope of the natural topography exceeds one-in-20 (1:20) (5\%) a ramp is not required.
22.3.2 Nowhere shall the surface slope of any plaza area exceed one-in-50 (1:50) (2\%).
22.4.1 Changes in level between $1 / 4$ inch and $1 / 2$ inch ( $1 / 4$ " and $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}=6 \mathrm{~mm}$ and 13 mm ) shall be beveled with a slope no greater than 1:2 (50\%). See Fig. 22a.

22.4.2 Changes in level greater than $1 / 2$ inch $\left(\frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}=13 \mathrm{~mm}\right)$ shall require a curb cut, walkway, ramp, elevator, or platform lift that complies with 521 CMR 21.00: CURB CUTS, 521 CMR 22.00: WALKWAYS, 521 CMR 24.00: RAMPS or 521 CMR 28.00: ELEVATORS.

### 22.5 SURFACE

Walkway surfaces shall be stable, and firm and shall lie generally in a continuous plane with a minimum of surface warping.

### 22.6 DRAINAGE

Grading and drainage shall be designed to minimize pooling of water or accumulation of ice or flow of water across walkways.

### 22.7 GRATINGS

If gratings are located in walking surfaces, they shall have spaces no greater than $1 / 2$ inch $\left(1 / 22^{\prime \prime}=\right.$ 13 mm ) wide in the direction of the flow of travel. If gratings have elongated openings, then they shall be placed so that the long dimension is perpendicular to the dominant direction of travel. See Fig. 22b.


## 22.8

22.8.1 The intersecting surfaces shall blend to a common level with a slope no greater than 1:20 (5\%), or a curb cut shall be installed in compliance with 521 CMR 21.00: CURB CUTS.

