City of Cambridge Community Development Department

Retail Land Use Zoning Recommendations

July 2020







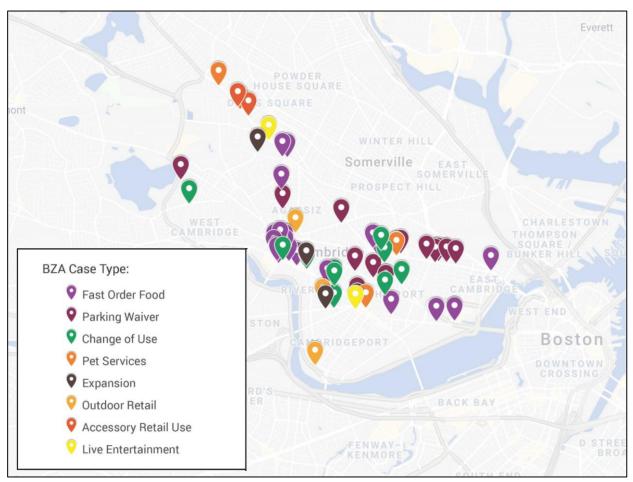


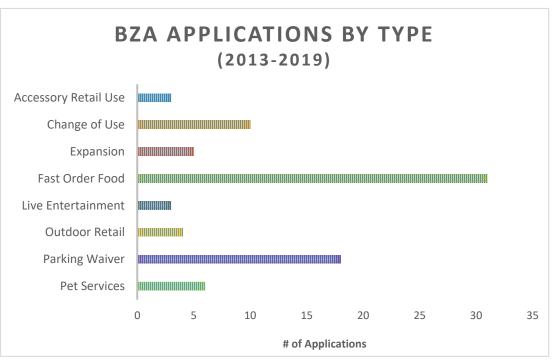


Project Background

- 2015: CDD engaged with planning consulting firm Community Opportunity Group, Inc. to develop the Commercial Land Use Classification Study, providing recommendations to the City on ways to update, consolidate, and clarify commercial classifications in the Zoning Ordinance
- 2017: In the Retail Strategy Plan, the City's consultants recommended that the City incorporate recommendations from the 2015 study to allow for more flexible and new retail uses
- 2019: In *Envision Cambridge* a near term action item is to revise the commercial land use classification to allow for more flexible retail formats and business models

Retail Business Permitting (2013-2019)





Map by Community Opportunities Group, Inc. Data Source: City of Cambridge, CDD. Basemap & Encoding: Google Maps. Last Updated: 6/28/2019.

Examples

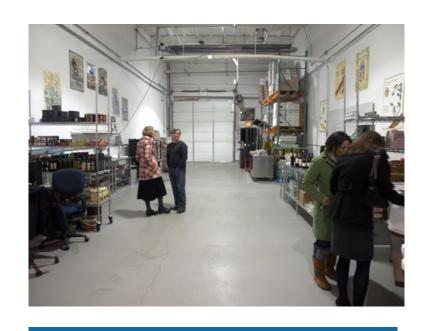






Honeycomb Creamery (1702 Mass. Ave.) Classified as Fast Food Required Variance Curio Spice Co. (2254 Mass. Ave.) Required a SP for Light Manufacturing/Assembly Lamplighter Brewing Co.
284 Broadway
No classification
Required Variance

Examples







Formaggio Kitchen Annex (67 Smith Place) Required SP to make a portion of the space a classroom Loyal Nine (660 Cambridge St.) Required a Parking Waiver for Additional Seats Black Sheep Bagel (56 JFK St.) Classified Fast Food Required SP

Impact on Business

Most Common BZA requests:

- Parking Waivers (SP and Variances)
- Fast Order Food Permits
- Variances for non-defined uses or mixed of uses
- Current uses are not clearly defined

Time and Costs:

- Average legal costs for SP/Variances: \$3,000
- Average delay in opening due to SP/Variances: 3-6 months

Feedback from Business Outreach

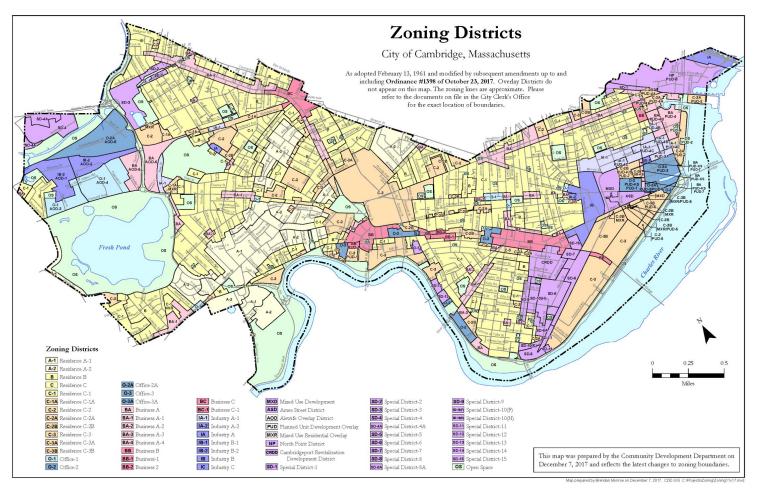
- Use table complicated to read too many footnotes, too many categories, definitions not up-to-date
- Food entrepreneurs face difficulties e.g., commercial kitchens, fast order food requirements
- Too much time to resolve zoning issues and obtain variances, costly for small businesses having to carry rent
- Parking requirements
- Non-conforming uses
- Allowing mixed uses in one space, different revenue streams

Objectives of Retail Zoning Initiative

- 1. Consistently define all retail use types
- 2. Add use types that are not listed
- 3. Regulate "hybrid" activities
- 4. Plan for unforeseen use types
- Consider relaxing some requirements (parking, change of use, & etc.)
- 6. Home-based businesses

Zoning for Retail – Overview

How does zoning affect retail?



- How are different types of retail categorized?
- Where are different types of retail allowed?
- What standards must be met (e.g., parking, signage)
- What review process might be required?

Past – How did we get to where are now?

- Most retail use zoning dates back to 1961
- Retail was mostly in concentrated shopping centers, car-oriented
- Parking, trash, and noise were major concerns



Today – Where are we?

 Retail and other amenities are a part of an active street life

Builds a sense of community

 Active ground floor uses are key to a mixed use neighborhood



Future – Where are we going?

- How we purchase items and services is changing – in unpredictable ways
- Desire for items made local is increasing (especially pre-packaged food/beverage)
- Businesses are making creative use of unconventional spaces
- Experiences are an increasing part of retail (travel, shows, classes)





Recommendations Overview

Part	Approach	Objective
1	Revise retail use definitions for clarity and consistency	Business owners, residents, and the City can readily determine where a particular business fits in zoning
2	Revise regulations for what retail uses are allowed where	Regulation follows a logical pattern aligned with current City goals
3	Relax especially onerous requirements (parking)	New businesses are not routinely forced to seek relief from the BZA

Part 1: Retail Land Use Definitions

Retail Use Types – Current Zoning

4.35 Retail Business and Consumer Service Establishments

- a. Store for retail sale of merchandise ²³
- 1. Establishment providing convenience goods such as drug stores, food stores, tobacco, newspaper and magazine stores, variety stores, and liquor stores 24
- 2. Other retail establishments
- b. Place for the manufacturing, assembly or packaging of consumer goods ²⁵
- c. Barber shop, beauty shop, laundry and dry cleaning pickup agency, shoe repair, self-service laundry or other similar establishment
- d. Hand laundry, dry cleaning or tailoring shop ²⁶
- e. Lunchroom, restaurant, cafeteria ²⁷
- f. Establishments where alcoholic beverages are sold and consumed and where no dancing or entertainment is provided:
- 1. Lunchroom, restaurant, cafeteria
- 2. Bar, saloon, or other establishment serving alcoholic beverages but which is not licensed to prepare or serve food
- g. Bar or other establishment where alcoholic beverages are sold and consumed and where dancing and entertainment is provided. Dance hall or similar place of entertainment
- h. Theatre or hall for public gatherings
- i. Commercial recreation
- j. Mortuary, undertaking or funeral establishment
- k. Printing shop, photographer's studio
- I. Veterinary establishment, kennel, pet shop or similar establishment ²⁹
- m. Sales place for new and used car, rental agency for autos, trailers and motorcycles 30
- n. Office including display or sales space of a wholesale, jobbing or similar establishment ³¹
- o. Fast Order Food Establishment
- p. Deleted
- q. Art/Craft Studio
- r. Bakery, Retail
- s. Cannabis Retail Store

4.36 Open Air or Drive In Retail & Service

- a. Sales place for flowers, garden supplies agricultural produce conducted partly or wholly outdoors; commercial greenhouse or garden
- b. Automobile oriented fast order food service establishment
- c. Drive in bank and other retail or consumer service establishment where motorist does not have to leave his or her car
- d. Outdoor amusement park, outdoor sports facility conducted for profit
- e. Open air or drive in theatre or other open air place of entertainment
- f. Sale of new or used cars conducted partly or wholly on open lots, or rental agency for automobiles, trailer, motorcycles, conducted partly or wholly outdoors
- g. Automobile service station where no major repairs are made 32
- h. Car washing establishment using mechanical equipment for the purpose of cleaning automobiles and other vehicles
- i. Place for exhibition, lettering or sale of gravestones

Overall Objectives

- Each use has a clear, consistent definition (reduce footnotes)
- System for categorizing establishments that combine different use types
- "Other" designation for new retail types that do not fit an existing category

Retail Use Types – At a Glance

4.35 Retail Business and Consumer Service Establishments

Retail Stores

Personal Services

Food and Beverage Service

Entertainment and Recreation

Art Studios

Special Retail and Service

4.36 Open Air or Drive In Retail & Service

Retail Stores

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.35-a1	Convenience Store	Add/refine definition. Currently limited to 2,500 SF – change?
4.35-a2	General Merchandise ("Other")	Add definition
4.35-b	Retail Store with Assembly/Manufacturing	Remove limitation that ≥50% of merchandise is sold on premises
4.35-r	Retail Bakery (for use at home)	Keep as-is, or combine with more general definition
new	Grocery Store	Create as new use

Personal Services

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.35-c	Barber shop, beauty shop, dry cleaning pickup, shoe repair, self-service laundry, "other similar"	Consolidate into "Personal Service,"
4.35-d	Hand laundry, dry cleaning, tailoring	encompass other modern services (e.g., electronics repair, bicycle repair, copying)
4.35-k	Printing shop, photographer's studio	- repair, copying)

Food and Beverage Service

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.35-e	Restaurant – no alcohol	Add definition or consolidate?
4.35-f1	Restaurant – with alcohol	Add definition or consolidate?
4.35-f2	Bar – without food	Add definition or consolidate?
4.35- o	Fast Order Food Establishment	Revise definition – remove strict standards re: table seating, amount of dine in vs. takeout
new	Food Stand/Kiosk	Define as new use
new	Food Hall	Define as new use
new	Craft Beverage Establishment	Define as new use

Retail Use Types: Fast Order Food

"Fast Order Food" is:

- primarily intended for immediate consumption rather than for use as an ingredient in or component of meals;
- available upon a short waiting time; and
- packaged or presented in such a manner that it can be readily eaten outside the premises where it is sold.

Considered a Fast Order Food Establishment if <u>any</u> of the following are true:

- 1. no non-disposable plates, cups and utensils to all patrons
- 2. no printed individual menus for all patrons
- 3. less than 75% percent of seating is free standing tables rather than counters
- 4. less than 80% of revenue is food consumed on premises

Entertainment and Recreation

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.35-g	"Dance Hall"	Add/revise definition – currently includes anything with "alcohol" and "entertainment"
4.35-h	Theater	Add definition
4.35-i	Commercial Recreation	Refine definition
new	Fitness Center	Define as new use

Art Studios

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.35-q	Art/Craft Studio	No change
New	Performing Arts Studio	Define as new use

Special Retail and Service

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.35-j	Funeral Home/Mortuary	Needs definition
4.35-l	Pet Service (vet, kennel, pet shop)	Needs definition
4.35-m	Auto Sales (indoor)	Needs definition
4.35-n	Office with wholesale sales/display, "jobbing"	Recommend deleting
4.35-s	Cannabis Retail Store	No change

Open Air/Drive In Retail and Service

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
4.36-a	Agricultural/Greenhouse	To be part of Urban Agriculture
4.36-b	Auto-oriented Fast Order Food	Needs definition – specify "drive-in"
4.36-с	Drive-in bank or retail	Needs definition
4.36-d	Amusement park, sports facility	Needs definition
4.35-e	Open-air/drive-in theater	Needs definition – specify "drive-in"
4.35-f	Auto Sales (open lot)	Needs definition
4.35-g	Auto Service Station	Needs definition
4.35-h	Auto Wash	Needs definition
4.35-i	Gravestone exhibition	Recommend deleting

Open Air/Drive In Retail and Service

	Current Use Type (summarized)	Issues/Recommendations
new	Outdoor Entertainment/Recreation	Define as new use – distinct from "drive-in"
new	Temporary Outdoor Retail	Define as new use

Defining "Other"

"Retail or Consumer Service Establishment (not otherwise defined)"

"Outdoor Retail or Consumer Service Establishment (not otherwise defined)"

Add General Definition Include: retail stores, personal services, entertainment, recreation

Add General Definition

Alternative Approaches

Consolidation

 e.g., "Food and Beverage Establishment" in place of separate uses

Define by size/intensity

e.g., Small (<2,500 SF),
 Medium (2,500-10,000 SF),
 Large (>10,000 SF) Establishments

Example: Berkeley, CA – 2018 Amendment

Previous Uses	New Use
Carry Out Food Store	
Quick Service Restaurant	Food Service Establishment
Full Service Restaurant	

Defining "Accessory Retail" Uses

Accessory uses are subordinate and incidental to the principal use. (Section 4.21 defines limitations.)

Potential Accessory Uses	Examples
Programming	Classes/workshops on items sold at a Retail Store
Food Service	Bar/concession at a Theater
Entertainment	Performances up to 2 nights/week at a Restaurant
Recreation	Game tables at a restaurant
Outdoor Activities	Outdoor sales area, restaurant seating

Part 2: Retail Use Regulation

Ways to Regulate Use Types

Zoning District 1

Yes

"permitted"

"as-of-right"

Zoning District 2

Use Type 1

"special permit"
"conditional"

SP

Yes¹

"permitted, with limitations" "as-of-right, with limitations"

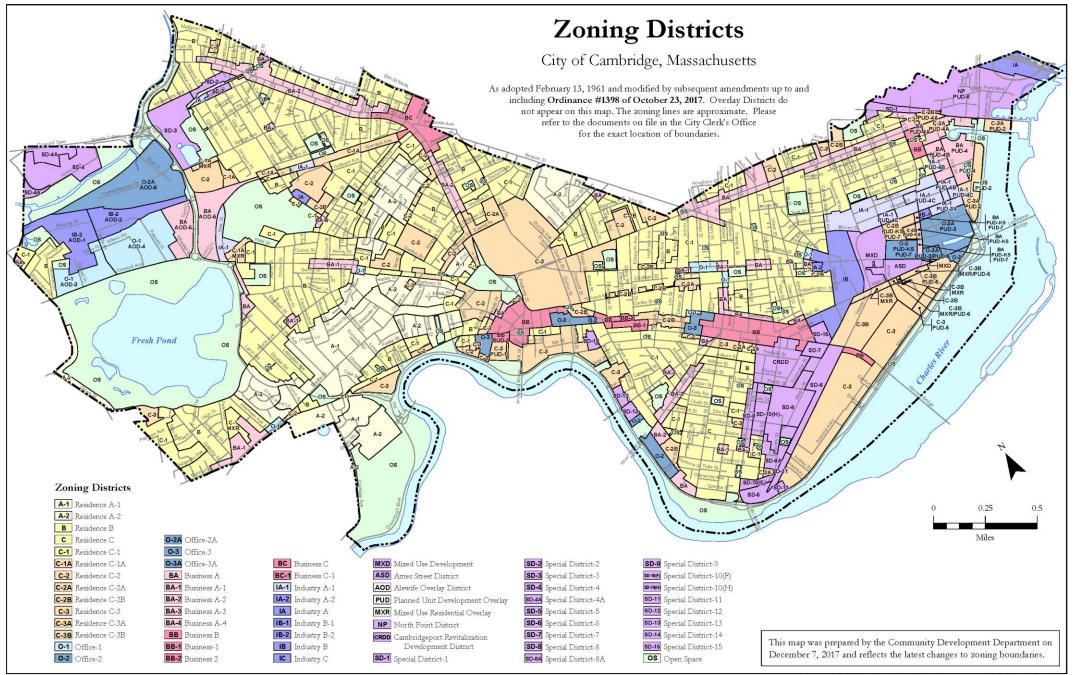
No

"not permitted"

"prohibited"

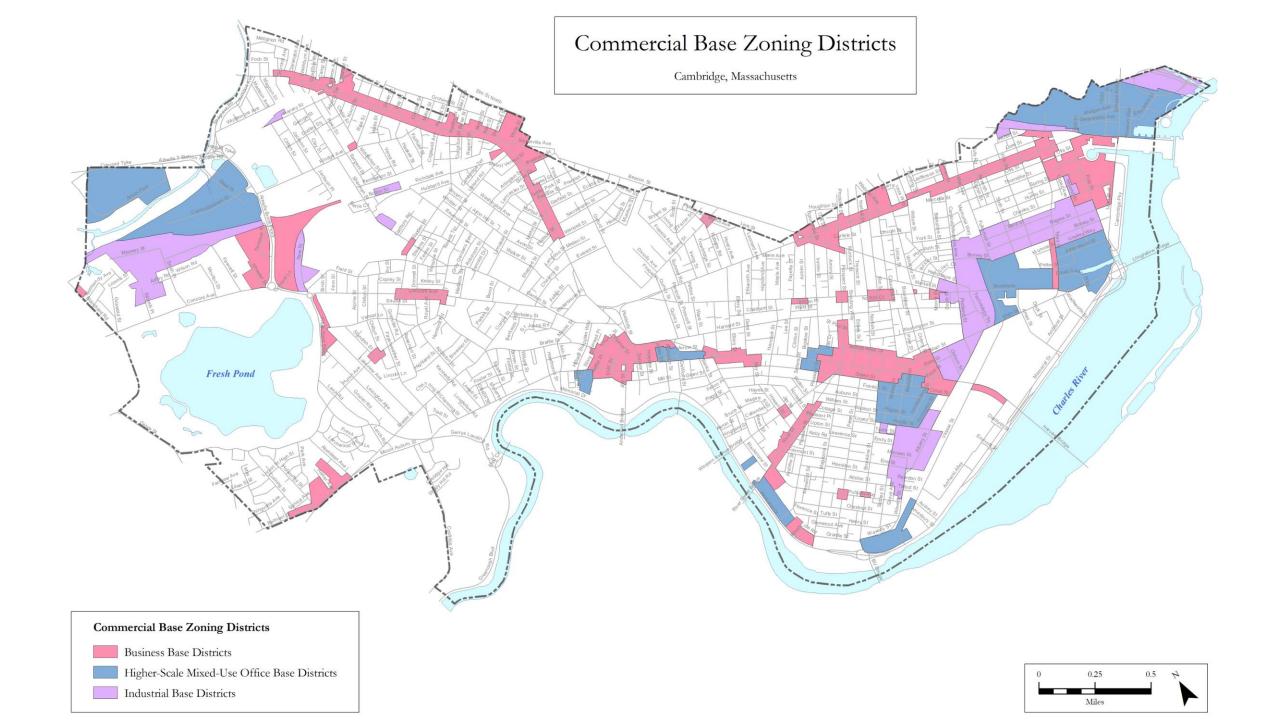
"variance"*

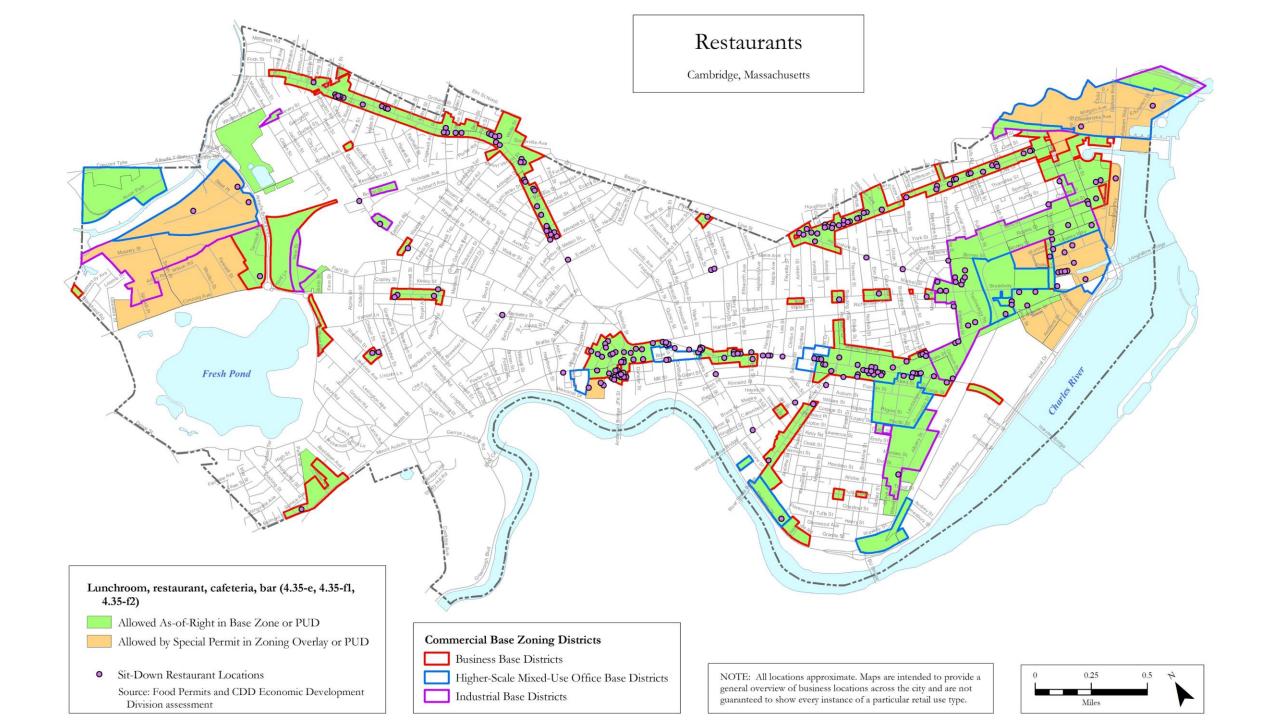
Use Type 2

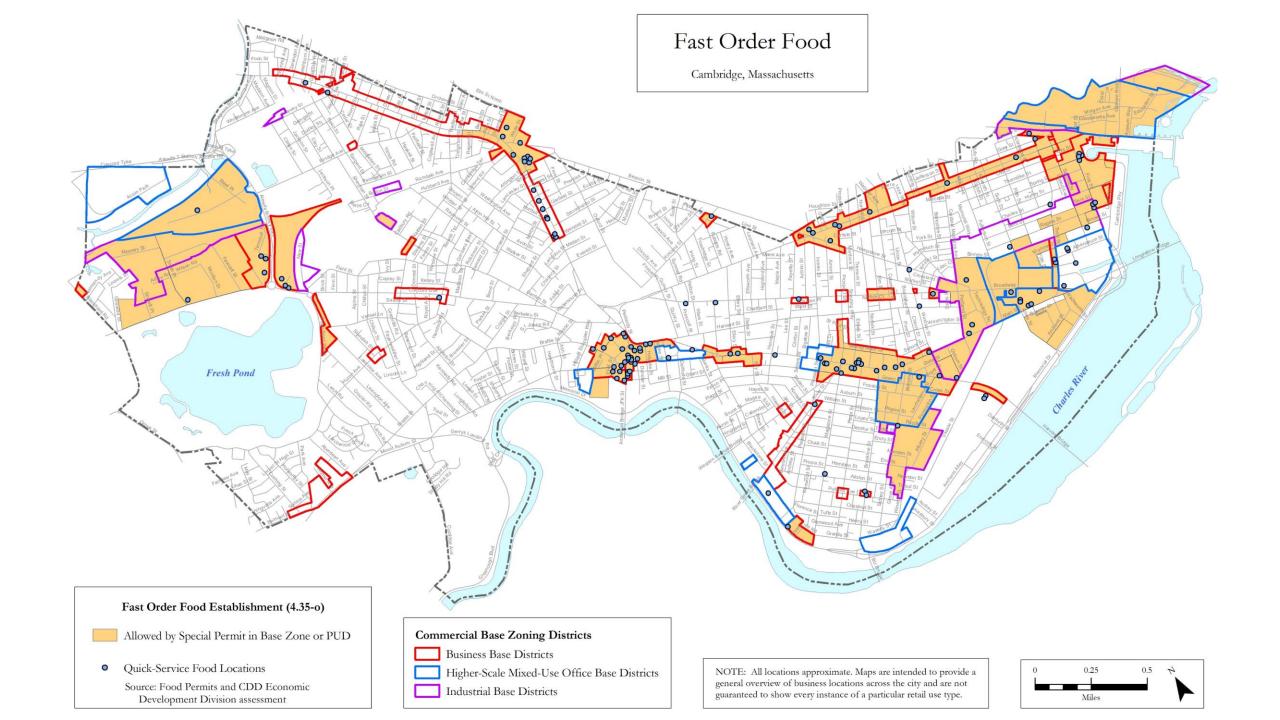


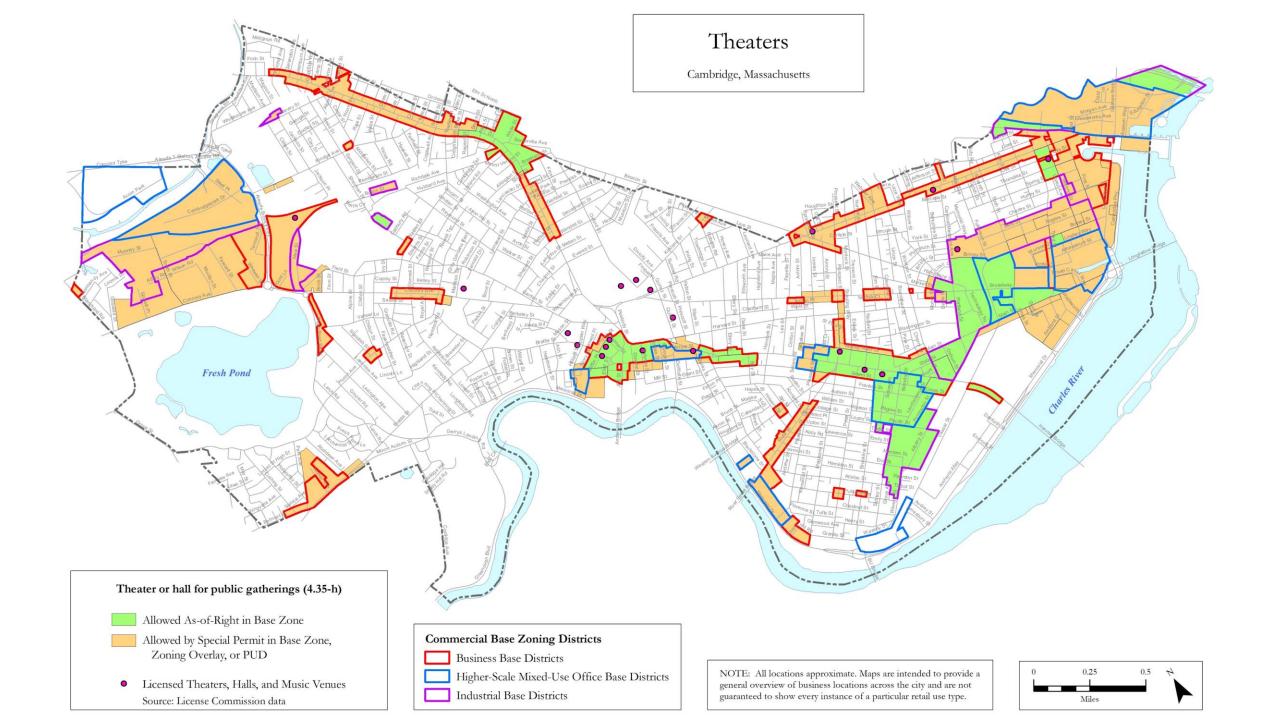
District Types

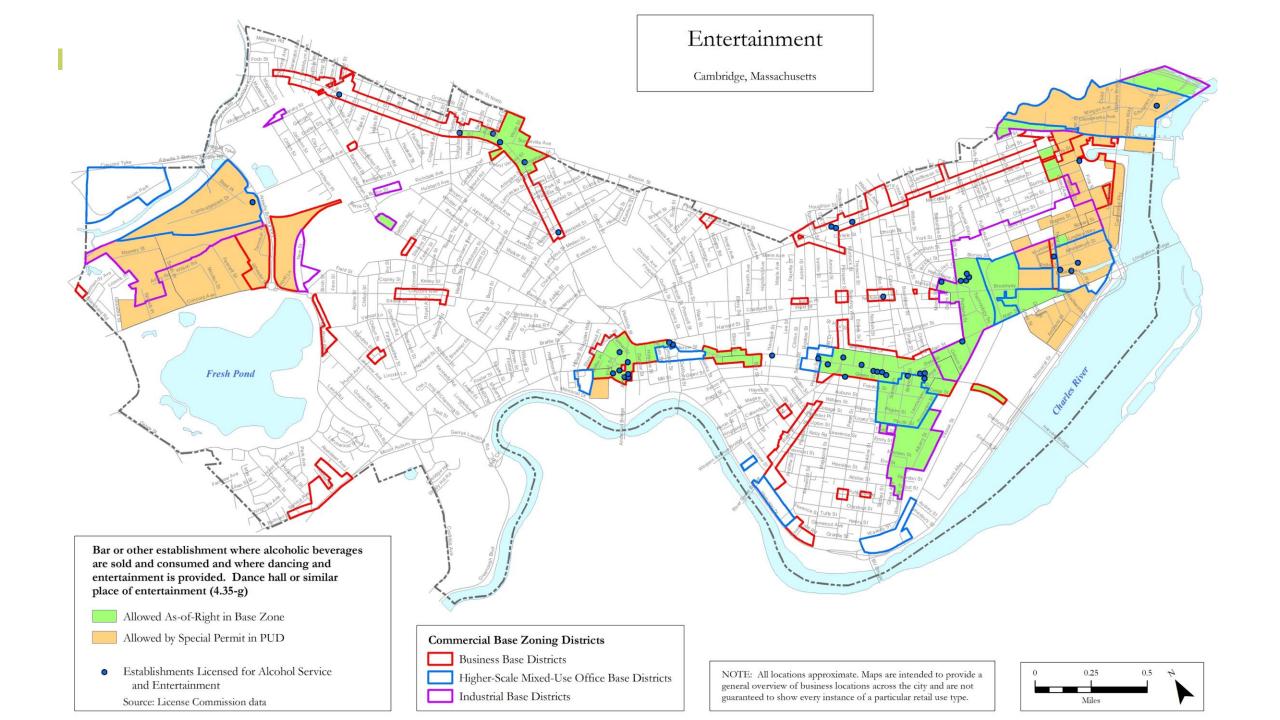
District Types	Retail Uses (Generally)
Central Business	More permissive
Neighborhood Business	\
Industry	\
High-Intensity Office	\
Low-Intensity Office	\
Residential (multifamily/institutional)	\
Residential (single/two-family)	More restrictive

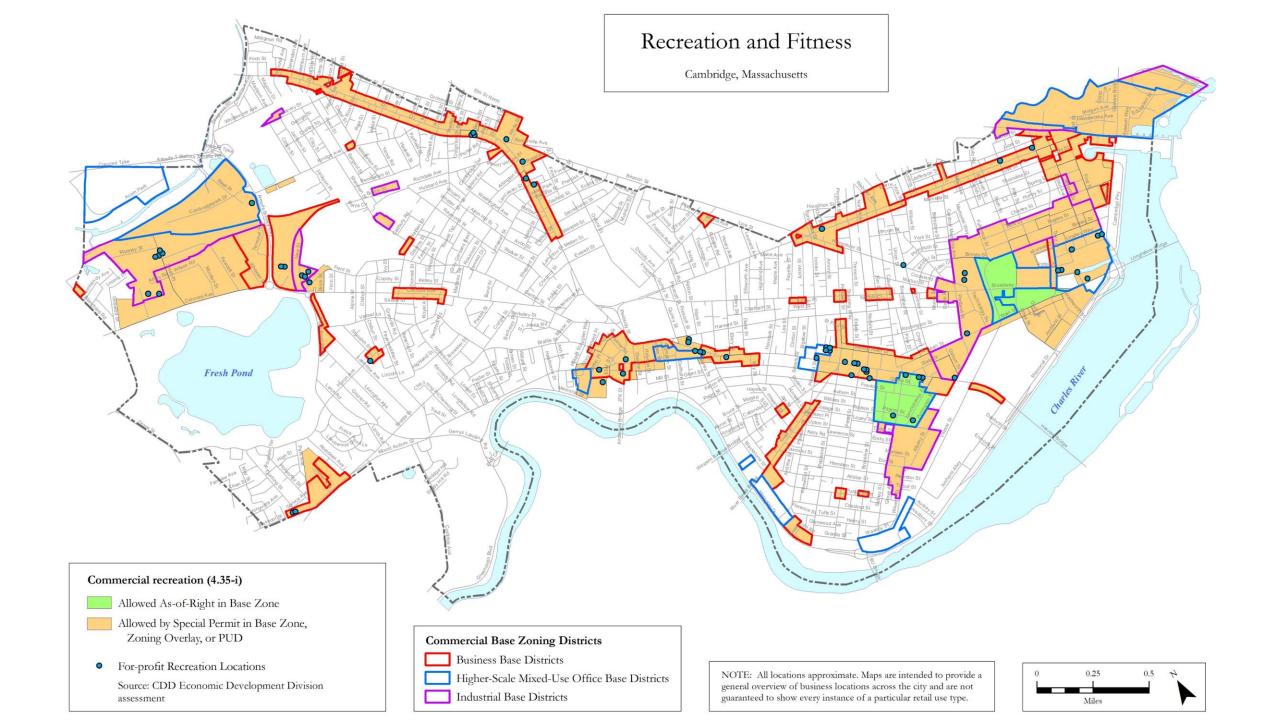


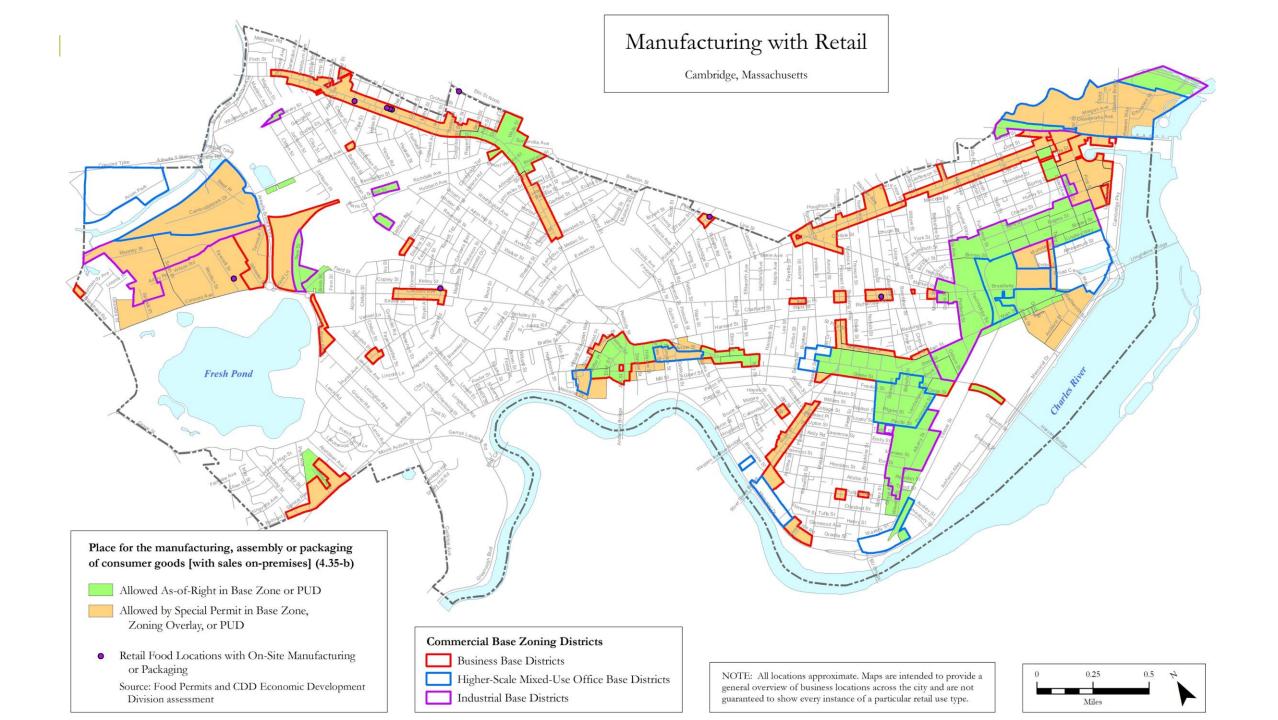












Overall Issues

Some **uses** are more **restricted** than others:

- Entertainment (limited areas)
- Commercial recreation (always requires a special permit)
- Fast order food (limited areas and always requires special permit)

Some **districts are** more **restrictive** than others:

- BA-1, BA-2, BA-3 (North Mass Ave, Western Ave, Observatory Hill, Huron Village)
- High-intensity office districts little to no retail allowed (exception: art/craft studios)

Overall Issues

Non-conforming retail in **residential districts**:

 Changes of use are not allowed – relies on variance process

Zoning Principles

- Regulate "like" uses (e.g., food service, entertainment, recreation)
 in a more consistent way throughout City
- Fill "gaps" where retail is present or desired but is more restricted in zoning
- Recognize that retail has moved beyond "shops" where activation is desired, it will require a broader range of uses

Potential Changes to Regulations

Example Areas	Approach	Example Uses
Central Business (Central, Harvard, Porter)	Some "SP" → "Yes"	Fast Order Food, Commercial Recreation
Neighborhood Business (North Mass Ave, Western Ave, Observatory Hill, Huron Village)	Some "No" → "SP" or "Yes"	Fast Order Food, Commercial Recreation, Entertainment
High-Intensity Office (Kendall, Alewife, Memorial Drive)		All types, potentially ground floor only
Residential, Institutional	Change of use: "SP"	Limited types, only in non-residential space

Key Considerations

- More permissive regulations create opportunities for more businesses (easier to open)
- More restrictive regulations give the City and residents more control (hurdles to open)

Special Permits

Special permits will **normally be granted** where specific provisions of this Ordinance are met, **except** when **particulars of the location or use, not generally true of the district or of the uses permitted in it**, would cause granting of such permit to be to the **detriment of the public interest** because:

General SP Considerations (current)	Retail Considerations (proposed)	
Zoning requirements		
Congestion, hazard, or change in neighborhood character due to traffic	Delivery and loading operations	
Adverse effect on adjacent uses	Environmental nuisance to neighbors –	
Nuisance or hazard to occupants or citizens	dust, odors, smoke, noise, light	
Integrity of district, intent of zoning	Compatibility of façade with visual	
Urban Design Objectives	character of the area	

Part 3: Regulatory Burdens (Parking)

Parking Min/Max Varies by Use

Retail Use Types	Current Parking Requirements
General Retail, Personal Services	Low min/max
Specialty Retail and Services	\
Restaurants, Theaters, Recreation	High min/max

Simple Recommendation – Expand Relief

Small business exemption provides relief from parking requirements in many cases (Section 6.32.1).

Current Zoning

Parking requirement waived for any non-residential use in office, business, or industrial district requiring up to 4 spaces, in a building with up to 10,000 square feet total non-residential use.

Recommended Change

Additionally, do not require new parking for any non-residential use occupying space in an existing building.

Recommendations Summary

Summary of Recommendations Category 1. Retail Land Use • Define all uses consistently (eliminate footnotes) **Definitions** Remove definitional limits on: Retail with assembly/manufacturing (% sales) Alcohol and entertainment Fast order food (seating, % takeout) New uses: Grocery Store, Food Stand/Kiosk, Food Hall, Craft Beverage, Fitness, Performing Arts Studio, Outdoor Entertainment/Recreation, Temporary Outdoor Retail Define "Other Retail and Consumer Service" Allow certain accessory uses Programming, Food Service, Entertainment, Recreation, Outdoor Activity

Category	Summary of Recommendations
2. Retail Use Regulations	 Regulate more consistently by district type Ease restrictions on some uses (e.g., fast order food, entertainment, recreation) Ease restrictions in some districts (e.g., neighborhood business, high-intensity office)
3. Regulatory Burdens (Parking)	 Expand current exemption to waive new parking for any new use in an existing building

Next Steps

- Feedback from Economic Development Committee
- Continued interdepartment review of draft zoning language
- Continued work on home-based businesses