

# Cambridge Transit Committee

MARCH 6, 2019





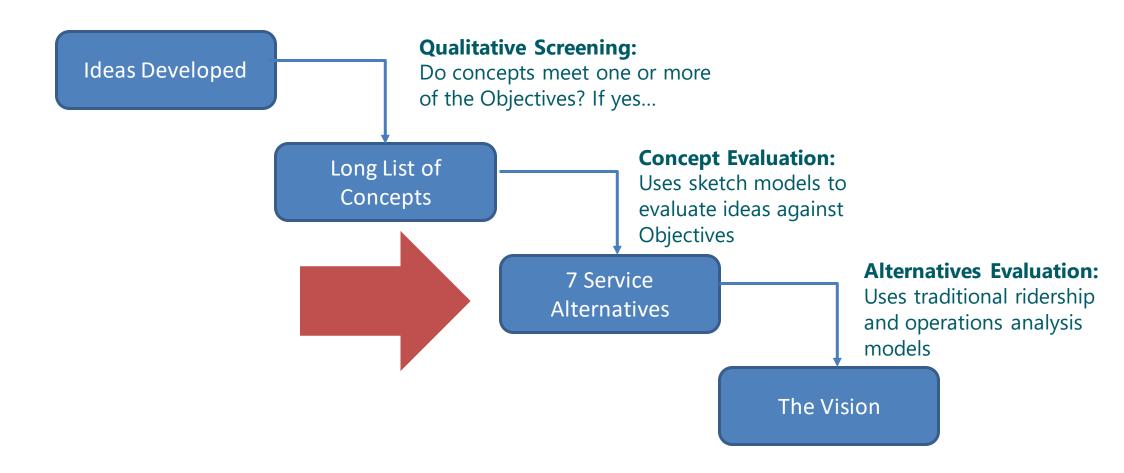
## Presentation Agenda

- Project Overview
- Seven Service Alternatives
- Next Steps





#### Where We Are Now







### **Advisory Committee**

- 22 member Advisory Committee represents diverse MBTA service area perspectives and provides informed advice to agency leadership
  - Local, state and federal elected officials, transportation and business organizations, transit and advocacy groups
- Members review information and provide advice to MassDOT and MBTA at key milestones
- Members have attended five meetings and provided comments and concerns





#### What We've Heard – Riders and Non-Riders

Keolis surveys Commuter Rail riders annually – most recently in February 2018

- 4,000 individual comments on topics ranging from wi-fi to reliability to increasing seat capacity
- Results showed that most respondents are likely to continue to use Commuter Rail in the future
- Fare promotions and special ticket deals were well rated

Rail Vision developed a survey for non-riders to ask what factors affect their decision to drive versus switch to rail

- 2,500 non-riders completed the survey as of March 4
- Lack of convenience was a bigger barrier to using Commuter Rail than cost





#### Elements Covered in Rail Vision Service Alternatives

Alternatives aim to reduce travel time, increase service frequency, and improve system connectivity based on results from the first phase

Alternatives to consider mix of service and investment elements:

<ul> <li>New vehicle technology</li> </ul>	- Station locations
- System electrification	- More express service
- High level platforms	- Span of service
- Station typology and frequency	- Transfer hubs
- Double and triple tracking	- Operational feasibility
- Facility needs and expansions	- Order of magnitude operating and capital costs





### Station Typologies

Alternatives will consider a mix of service and investment elements to provide higher levels of service to:

- Key stations, due to their density, regional access, and transit connectivity
- Inner core stations, in and around Boston
- Outer stations, outside the Inner Core

#### **Typical Characteristics of Key Stations**



#### Density

Stations in Gateway
Cities, downtown areas,
town centers, and highdensity locations can
support frequent service.



#### **Regional Access**

Proximity to the roadway network with sufficient parking allows stations to draw passengers from across the region.



#### **Ridership**

Currently one of the 5 highest ridership stations on the line or branch.



#### **Transit Connections**

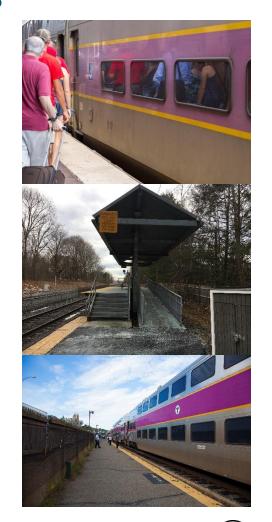
Stations improve transfers to/from public transportation, increasing connectivity to and within the MBTA system.





## High Level Platforms / Accessibility Upgrades

- Existing system has a mixture of platform types:
  - High-level, with a level boarding surface
  - Mini-high, with a portion of the platform at a high-level to provide a level boarding surface
  - Low-level, requiring use of stairs or ramp
- High-level boarding and powered doors on trains could reduce dwell times at stations
- The project will assume different levels of platform upgrades across the alternatives to test a range of capital improvements.







## Electrification and Vehicle Technology

- Some alternatives will consider full or partial system electrification
- Vehicle options include locomotives paired with coaches or multiple units (multiple self-propelled vehicles) – either can be diesel, electric, or dual mode
- Vehicle powered by electricity produce lower emissions
- Multiple unit trains can provide travel time savings
- Procurement and O&M costs vary across the range of vehicle types

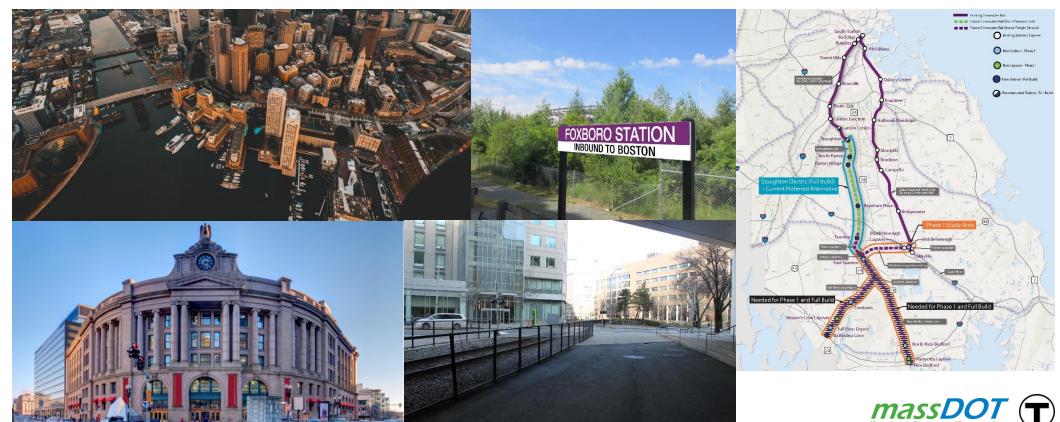






### Terminal Capacity and System Expansions

Examples include North South Rail Link, South Station Expansion, South Coast Rail (Phase 1 and Full Build), Foxborough, Grand Junction





# The System of Today is...

Today's system is largely local service geared towards serving work trips into downtown Boston. Some Express and Zonal Express service

operates on longer lines.

What Exists Todayor in the Very Near Future	
Typical Frequency	30/75 peak direction
Electrification	None (Amtrak only)
Rolling Stock	Diesel locomotives
Terminals	Existing (North Station, South Station), with North Station capacity upgrades
System Expansions	N/A
Committed New or Upgraded Stations	Blue Hill Ave. (Fairmount) Pawtucket (Providence) SCR Phase 1 stations Other station upgrades
Interlining	Haverhill/Lowell (2 trips/day)
Station Accessibility	Mixed



LOWELL

Wilmington

Anderson/Woburn

Winchester Center

HAVERHILL Bradford

Ballardvale

Wakefield

Greenwood

Melrose Highlands

NEWBURYPORT

W. Gloucester

Rowley

Ipswich

Hamilton

Wenham

N. Beverly

ROCKPORT (

Glouceste

rides Crossing



#### Seven Rail Vision Service Alternatives

Handouts provide more detail on alternatives:

Alternative 1: Optimize Existing System

Alternative 2: Regional Rail to Key Stations (Diesel)

Alternative 3: Urban Rail (Diesel)

Alternative 4: Urban Rail (Electric)

Alternative 5: Regional Rail to Key Stations (Electric)

Alternative 6: Full Transformation

Alternative 7: Hybrid System





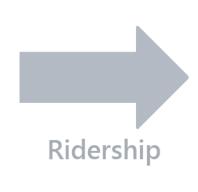
### Next Steps: Alternatives Evaluation

- Develop robust ridership estimates for all 7 Alternatives using the CTPS Travel Demand Model
- Model operations, infrastructure and capital costs with Rail Traffic Controller (RTC) modeling tools
- Identify potential land-use and demographic effects of one or more Alternatives using the Regional Dynamic Model (RDM)
- Develop capital and operating cost estimates
- Share results with Advisory Committee and public





## What the Alternatives Analysis Will Tell Us





















## Integrating Parking and Fare Policy

#### **Parking Constraints**

 Test the effects of un-constraining parking supply at some stations, in some alternatives

#### **Fare Policy Analysis**

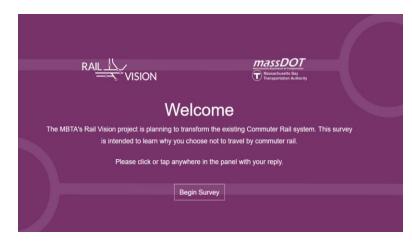
- Work with the MBTA team conducting a network-wide analysis of fare policy, which will identify and evaluate potential alternative fare structures
- Test the effects of implementing a different fare structure in at least one alternative





#### How You Can Spread the Word

- Attend future meetings of the Advisory Committee and/or Open Houses
- Send comments to us on the Alternatives at <u>https://www.mbta.com/projects/rail-vision</u>
- Encourage non-rider family and friends to take the quick Rail Vision survey







### Project Contacts & Website

Scott Hamwey
Manager of Transit Planning

<u>Scott.Hamwey@state.ma.us</u>

<u>857-368-9800</u>

Project Website www.MBTA.com/rail-vision

