For Discussion - Land Use/Development Objectives to Mitigate Flooding and Heat Impacts

Prepared for July 31, 2019 Climate Resilience Zoning Task Force Meeting

	Land Use/Development Objectives	Heat-Related Benefits	Flooding-Related Benefits	Issues/
	What are the types of outcomes that we would like	How do these outcomes help to mitigate heat	How do these outcomes help to mitigate flooding	What practical issu
	property owners to achieve through redevelopment of	island effects, and to what extent will they	impacts, and to what extent will they benefit the	desired outcomes?
	sites? Which are the most important to achieve?	benefit the city?	city?	tradeoffs with othe
				objectives?
1	Protect flood-sensitive uses such as residential units and		Ensure health and safety during current and future	Affects other deve
	critical building systems by elevating above future		flood events on a particular site	as building heights
	design flood elevations or dry floodproofing where			
	below future design flood elevations			
2	Design buildings to withstand or recover from projected		Reduce impacts due to future flooding (e.g., health	Performance-base
	flooding (e.g. wet floodproofing, temporary barriers,		and economic impacts), foster faster recovery	solutions with diffe
	water-resistant or replaceable materials)			but need more hol
3	Use green infrastructure (e.g., swales, wetlands, green	Green infrastructure can have co-benefits for	Manage flooding and minimize impact on the	Green infrastructu
	roofs) in addition to gray infrastructure (e.g. storage	heat mitigation (see below)	public stormwater system; improve water quality	space on a lot, bala
	tanks) to manage stormwater on-site			occupy site area
4	Preserve existing vegetation (e.g. trees, ground cover,	Provide shade and planted surfaces to reduce	Help manage stormwater on-site, reduce peak	Difficult to ensure
	planted roofs)	heat absorption	runoff, improve water quality	zoning
5	Create new vegetated areas (e.g. trees, ground cover,	Provide shade and planted surfaces to reduce	Help manage stormwater on-site, reduce peak	Balance with other
	planted roofs) and design so that plantings can thrive	heat absorption; improve air quality	runoff, improve water quality	area, including req
	over time			
6	Limit amount of paved area, increase permeable area	Reduce heat absorption	Help manage stormwater on-site, reduce peak	Balance with requi
			runoff, improve water quality	paving (e.g., parkir
7	Provide shade with trees or structural shading where	Decrease air temperature, including in public		Structures can imp
	trees are infeasible, especially over paved areas	realm (streets & sidewalks); trees can also		limitations
		improve air quality		
8	Use solar-reflective surface materials for roofs,	Decrease air temperature, including public		Balance with other
	buildings, and paved surfaces to the extent possible	realm (streets & sidewalks)		PV; materials diffic
				zoning
9	Incorporate "passive resilience" features including	Sustain occupant comfort and health during	Ensure that occupants are able to safely stay inside	May need a more
	including high performance building envelope, shading,	heat events with minimal energy use	during a flood event that involves loss of power	
	natural ventilation, and limit air leakage			
10	Provide spaces for sheltering and services during	Provide refuge during extreme weather events	Ensure that occupants of the building are able to	More practical for
	extreme events	to occupants of the building; could be part of	safely stay in the building during a flood event;	
		an area-wide strategy	could be part of an area-wide strategy	
11	Create emergency plans with protocols to implement	Ensure health and safety during extreme heat	Ensures health and safety during flood events for	Programmatic stra
	during an extreme weather event	events for occupants of the building; could be	occupants of the building; could be part of an area-	without a holistic r
		part of an area-wide strategy	wide strategy	
12	Achieve the above results across larger areas (e.g.,	Provide cooling benefits at a larger scale than	Provide flood protection at a larger scale than an	May be practical fo
	protective berms, elevated infrastructure, larger-scale	an individual building or site	individual building site	large scales or whe
	green infrastructure, neighborhood preparedness plans)			

Considerations

ues are raised by these ? What are the potential er City development

lopment outcomes such , use of basements

ed options allow for ferent cost implications, plistic review

ure may occupy more ance with other uses that

maintenance through

er uses that take up site quired uses such as parking

ired functions that need ng, accessible walkways) pact floor area and setback

r functions such as solar cult to regulate through

holistic review process

r larger developments

ategies difficult to regulate review process

for development at very en costs can be shared